# Ohess Cife 

## America's Chess Newspaper <br> Copyright 1953 by United States Chess Federation

## Larry Evans $O_{n}$ Chess



FOR a long while it has been generally conceded that the Algebraic System of notation is far superior to ours. For ours is complicated by ambiguities and the fact that Black and White count files in different directions, e. g., QB4 square is QB5 from Black's side of the board.
In my opinion, a new notation has come along which renders both previous systems archaic. It results in a considerable saving of space and time; and it is visual inasmuch as it utilizes both the white and black squares in the recording of moves.

Without championing the cause of the Szold Notation (invented by Dr. Eugene Szold of New York

City), I should like to commend it to your studied consideration. A comparison of the first six moves in the open defense to the Ruy Lopez follows.


The key to the notation is that a piece is assumed to move to a white colored square unless the move is followed by an apostrophe. Thus the color of the square is substituted for the number of the rank. The hypen indicating "to" also is omitted. 1. "PK" is read "Pawn to King white." Since K4 is the only white square to which the Pawn may move, there is no reason to indicate the rank number, in this case "4."

There are, however, instances in which numbers must be used to clarify ambiguities in the Szold Notation. I will elaborate further on these fine points in my next article.


JUNIORS TRIUMPHANT
Left to right, U. S. Junior Champion Satul N. Yarmak of Passaic with his individual trophy as champion and the travelling Milwaukee Journal Trophy, Tournament Director and Organizer Charles W. Graham of Kansas City, 11year old Larry Remlinger of Long Beach with the traveling Dittmann Trophy for ramking player 15 or under, and Herman Steiner who served as assistant director and game adjudicator.

## Byrne Wins U. S. Open Title

## Defeating Pavey in Final Round

By virtue of a final round victory over runner-up Max Pavey, the lesser known of the Byrne brothers, Donald Byrnc, won the U.S. Open Championship at Milwaukee by $101 / 2-21 / 2$ in a struggle which remained undecided until the last moments of play. Top contenders for the title during the 13 round contest were Byrne, Pavey, Rossolimo, Sherwin, Evans, Anderson, and Brasket. But Evans dropped from the contention in the final rounds and the competition proved a little too rugged for former U.S. Junior Champion Brasket who, however, managed to cling to the top group-the only Expert in a strong group of Masters.

Slightly disappointing were the final standings of Bisguier and Berliner among others with it evident that the long sojourn in the army had served to take the keen edge off their chess skill-but nothing that a little practice will not restore.

After a bad start, Editor Horowitz rallied strongly to finish high among the winners, while Frank Anderson of Toronto made a showing that should be gratifying to our Canadian neighbors. Eliot Hearst, CHESS LIFE columnist, and Jim Cross, another former U.S. Junior Champion, also turned in excellent performances to justify their ranking as masters.

By defeating Mrs. Willa White Owens in the final round, Mrs. Eva Aronson of Chicago became the U. S. Women's Open Champion as the ranking woman player with 7-6. Mrs. Owens was runner-up with 6-7 score.
(For complete Swiss table and further details, see next issue of CHESS LIFE.)

## WASHINGTON TOPS COLUMBIA TEAM

Undiscouraged by previous defeats, the Washington State chess team sallied to the Peace Arch at Blaine, Wash., to face a team from British Columbia in the annual International Team Match of the Pacific Coast. This year Washington tallied the victory with $26-21$, winning the A Section $18-12$ and losing the B Section 8-9. Washington scored $5 \frac{1}{2}-41 / 2$ on the first ten boards and maintained relatively the same proportion down the line.

## HAYES TRIUMPHS IN SO. CAROLINA

Rea B. Hayes, former Canadian player, won the South Carolina Open title $41 / 2-1 / 2$, drawing with Dr. George Smith in final round, Second place went to Douglas Kahn with 4-1 on S-B, while Dr. Smith placed third, also with 4-1. Kahn lost to Hayes, and Smith drew with Hayes and Joseph Cababiss.

Fourth and fifth on S-B with $3^{1 / 2}-11 / 2$ were Anthony Pabon and Wm. Adickes in the 19 player Swiss at Columbia.
U. S. OPEN CHAMPIONSHIP Milwaukee, 1953

## Final Standings-Leaders

1. D. Byrne (Brooklyn) $9 \quad 1 \quad 3 \quad 101-2$ 2. M. Pavey (Brooklyn.. $\left..9 \begin{array}{llll}9 & 2 & 2 & 10\end{array}\right]$ 3. N. Rossolimo (Paris) $7 \quad 1 \quad 5 \quad 93-32$ . J. T. Sherwin (N. Y.) 7 1 $15 \quad 93-31$ 5. I. Horowitz (N. Y.) $\ldots . .8 \quad 2 \quad 3 \quad 91-31$ 6. Anderson (Toronto) $7 \quad 1 \quad 5 \quad 93-3 \frac{1}{2}$ 7. E. Hearst (N. Y.) $\quad . . . \begin{array}{rlll}8 & 2 & 3 & 91-37\end{array}$ 8. J. Cross (Glendale) .... $9 \quad 3 \quad 1 \quad 9 \lambda-32$ 9. C. Brasket (Tracy).. .8 0. M. Turiansky (Chi) 11. K. Burger (Brooklyn) ? 12. J. Shaffer (Phila.)
2. L. Evans (N. Y.) ...
3. Dr. Mengarini (N.Y.) 7 15. A. Kevitz (Bronx) ....... 7 16. D. B. Rozsa (Tulsa) .... 17. H. Berliner (Wash.) , 18. A. Santasiere (N.Y.)
4. G. Krauss (Pope AFB) 20. G. Shainswit (N.Y.) . 21. A. Dake (Portland) 22. Donovan (Brooklyn) 23. A. Bisguier (N.Y.) 24. A. Bisguier (N.Y.) ... 24. W. Lombardy (Bronx) 7 26. J. Florido (Havana)

## RUSSIA INVITES

 TEAM TO MOSCOWThe Soviet Chess Society has issued an invitation to the U.S. team to come to Moscow to play the match which was cancelled by the Soviet refusal to accept certain restrictions imposed by the United States Government. USCF President Harold M. Phillips has not indicated whether the invitation will be accepted but has suggested to the press that further efforts should be made to bring the Soviet team over here before action should be taken on the counteroffer.

> USCF CANDIDATES TOURNAMENT Philadelphia, Pa. September 11-20, 1953
> at Hotel Adelphi

White To Play And Win！


POSITION No． 223 is in a sense dedicated to William J．Couture，for its composer is a part of the chess group at Charleston，Mass．，which Couture activated into greater frenzy．The setting is a little heavy for the theme，perhaps，but the tactical lines are clear－cut and decisive．

Position No． 224 represents one of the less complex among the ideas of composer Platov．Obviously White cannot stop the queening of the Black Pawn，thus the strategy must utilize this queening as a weapon．The idea is lucid，and the demonstration no less clear－cut．

For solutions，please turn to Page ten．
Send all contributions for this column to William Rojam，\％CHESS LIFE， 23 No．Humphrey Avenue，Oak Park，Illinois．

The Cleveland－Buffalo telephone match ended in a 5－5 draw．Scor－ ing wins for Cleveland were Thomas Ellison，．Z．Pauer，Larry Lipking，Ronald Rosen；for Buf－ falo were R．T．Black，J．Barrett， Dr．S．R．Fruella，W．Heizman． Somlo of Cleveland drew with C． Fell，and Larry Friedman of Cleve－ land with A．Vossler．

In the unofficial Canada vs USA correspondence match，captained by D．M．LeDain of Montreal for Canada and D．C．Macdonald of Grand Forks for the USA，Canada now leads by a comfortable mar－ gin of $1031 / 2-691 / 2$ ，but some 80 games are unreported and may appreciably alter the final score．

## HAVE YOUR TOURNAMENTS OFFICIALLY RATED！

Ask your Club Secretary or tournament director to write for official rating forms to re－ port the results of your next tournament or match，specify－ ing the type of contest and the approximate number of players．

For team tournaments there is a rating fee of 50 cents per play－ er，for team matches a fee of 15 cents per player．All other con－ tests rated free of charge．

Official rating forms should be secured in advance from：－ Montgomery Major
123 No．Humphrey Avenue Oak Park，Illinois
Do not write to other USCF officials for these rating forms．

September 5， 1953
by William Rojam

Emerson Snider of Sorenson Playground captured the finals of the Salt Lake City Junior Champ－ ionship 5－0 in an event consisting of 20 winners from 20 public playground tournaments，in which more than 300 players competed． Second place on S－B went to Voy Nash of Elks with 4－1，while third and fourth with $4-1$ each on S－B were Marcellus Snow of Resevoir and Jergen Nilsson of Kiwanis． The 15 －year old victor is a sopho－ more at West High，and the event was staged under the new city chess promotional program di－ rected by Sam Teitelbaum．

Chess comes of age at St．Peters－ burg（Fla．）with the news that the St．Petersburg City Recreation De－ partment has established a chess and checker school for three months each year，from January 1st to March 31st，with the noted chess and checker expert Newell Banks in charge of the teaching． Always famous for its recreations as a vacation spot，St．Petersburg has now completed the curriculum in adding chess instruction and joins the progressive Milwaukee， Cleveland，Los Angeles and Salt Lake City with its city－sponsored program．

Idaho outpointed Utah $141 / 2-71 / 2$ in the third annual inter－state match at Twin Falls．G．Bucken－ dorf，A．B．Ellis and M．Wenns－ trom scored double victories for Idaho；Lloyd Kimpton，C．H．Stew－ art，and A．Harley tallied a win and a draw apiece，and LaVerl Kimpton，D．Crawford，P．Stanke， R．Parker scored single wins．For Utah Judge Leon Fonnesbeck scored the sole double victory；J． Allen，S．Teitelbaum，C．Metzlaar， and K．Larson saved single points， and F．Clark，B．Webbert，and A． Madsen salvaged draws．

Henry Gross of San Francisco won the Northern California Open Championship 7－2，losing no games but drawing with William Addi－ son，P．D．Smith，Vlademars Zemi－ tis and Ray Cuneo．William Addi－ son，a former Louisiana player now in San Francisco，was second with $61 / 2-11 / 2$ ，losing to Dmitri Poliakoff， while drawing with Gross，Mike Hailparn，and Zemitis．Third and fourth on S－B with 6－3 each were Poliakoff and Fiobert Currie，both of San Francisco，while Zemitis of Oakland was fifth with $51 / 2-31 / 2$ in the 16 player event．

The Chess Festival at Liberty
William C．Adickes，Jr．won the double－round Asheville（N．C．）Open Championship 21－3，conceding one loss each to Ray C．Ellis，L．R． Mellin，and Dr．Paul Jacobs．Phil C．Knox was second with 20－4， losing both games to Adickes and one each to Ellis and Maj．G．H．B． Terry．Ray C．Ellis was third with 19．5 in the 13 player event．
The Valley of the Moon Chess Festival at Sonoma Plaza in North－ ern California drew a record crowd of 240 participants in the various events．The Leah Koltanowski Trophy went to Louise Horne of San Francisco；the H．A．White－ head Trophy to Nancy MeLeon， San Bruno；the two Don McNay Trophies（for juniors）to Gilbert Ramirez and Bob Davis of San Francisco；the Sonoma Kiwanis Trophy（for greatest number from one club entered）went to the Capablanca Chess Club of Rich－ mond and the H．A．Whitehead Trophy（for highest percentage of one club entered）to the Paul Morphy Chess Club of San Fran－ cisco with $100 \%$ representation； the two Homer Bross Trophies （for entrants from farthest away） to Stanley Behrends，Wilmington， and Loyd J．Lund，Shandon；the C．E．MacDonald Trophy to Robert Currie，San Francisco，in A Section； and the two Lee Clereci Trophies to R．J．Allen，San Carlos，in B Section and Jack Frazier，San Fran－ cisco，in C Section．The festival was directed by George Koltanow－ ski，assisted by Leah Koltanowski． Other features included a blind－ fold exhibition，a simultaneous exhibition，both by Koltanowski， and a problem solving contest．

## 嗢

Park in Salt Lake City to celebrate the first season of directed play－ ground chess activity drew 200 young contestants for the 8 －man playground team matches．Vietory went to Sorenson Playground which was captained by Junior Champion Emerson Snider with $221 / 2-91 / 2$ score．Second place went to：Hyland with $21 \frac{1 / 2}{}-101 / 2$ ，and Fair－ mont was third with $201 / 2-111 / 2$ in the 18 team contest．

## GEORGE KRAMER SENIOR MASTER

By WILLIAM ROJAM

## Staff Writer

George Kramer，who as his photograph indicates is still in the Armed Forces which have cur－ tailed his recent tournament ac－ tivities，needs little introduction to American chess players．One of a gifted group，consisting of the Byrne brothers，Bisguier，Shipman， and Evans，which made New York chess circles lively a few years ago，Kramer in the brief period of a few years before Army service rose to the rank of Senior Master， placing fifth among U．S．Masters in the last rating list despite his －comparative inactivity in the last few years．
His list of tournament achieve－ ments include twice winning the strong Manhattan Chess Club Championship，in 1951 and 1952， and in distinguished service as a member of the U．S．team in the International Team Olympics at Dubrovnic in 1950，where his per－ formance of 5 wins， 2 losses，and 5 draws at board three was con－ sidered a remarkable showing in a first venture into international chess circles．

Ruben Cintron， 18 －year old son of Rafael Cintron，won a prelimin－ ary tournament at San Juan（P．R．） $101 / 2-11 / 2$ to qualify to play in the finals of the Puerto Rico Champ－ ionship．Second place went to Jose Berrocal with $9^{1 / 2}-2^{1 / 2}$ ．

In an international team match of universities at Brussels，the Norwegian team from Oslo Uni－ versity score $6-1$ in matches with a game score of $181 / 2-91 / 2$ for first． Great Britain was second with 5－2 and 18－10，while Finland，Iceland， Belgium，Sweden，Austria and France finished in order named．

Elmars Zemgalis won a tuning－up tourney，prior to coming to the U．S．Open at Milwaukee by 6－0． The other participants，O．W．Man－ ney，J．L．Sheets，and Chas．Ballan－ tine each scored $2-4$ ．

## 国运

＂Warden with a Heart＂is the caption of a story in the August－ September CANADIAN CHESS CHAT which deals with the chess promotion of Warden William C． Kindelan of Rhode Island State Prison．The story told is similar to the details／given in CHESS LIFE some time ago，and an excellent reproduction is given of the Kin－ delan Trophy，donated by the War－ den for the Chess Championship of Howard Prison．

Friends of William J．Couture may now write him at Box 43 ，Nor－ folk，Mass．

## America's Leading Young Masters Annotate

## Outstanding Games from Recent Chess Events

## Among Chess Rivalries

## By U. S. Senior Master GEORGE KRAMER



MONG the many rivalries in the chess world, the Reshevsky-Najdorf affair may be considered second to none. Reshevsky is certainly of world championship calibre and Najdorf is the strongest of the many South American masters.

Their first match ended in a complete victory for Reshevsky, Miguel's claims to the contrary. Their second match encounter was closely contested with Reshevsky pulling away in the final games. The opening match game in which Reshevsky goes on to win after Najdorf turns down his draw offer sets the tempo for the interesting. games which followed.

## KING'S INDIAN DEFENSE

 Buenos Aires, 1953
## White

s. RESHEVSKY
M. NAJDORF

Putting
his best foot forward.
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { 1. } & \text { Kt-KB3 } \\ \text { 2. } & \text { P-QB4 } & \mathrm{K}-\mathrm{KK} 3\end{array}$
Najdorf is prepared to play an aggressive system in his favorite defense.
3. $\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{QB} 3$

## Gru B-K12

 Both this and the Grunfeld Defense, 3. P-Q4, are frequently played in Russia and South America. The King's flanchetto leads to a struggle for control of the central squares which White's pawns occupy. Black must try to open the center with P-K4 or P-QB4 as long as White's formation remains fluid. Once the pawns are fixed with P-Q5 or PxKP, Black's compensation should be found in P-KB4 or occupation of the Q-file.4. P-K4 5. P-KKt3, O-O; 6. B-Kt2, P-K4; 7. P-
Q5 or KKt-K2 is a common method of Q5 or KKt-K2 is a common method of dealing with the Indian Defense. What.
5. $\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{B} 3$
$\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{O}$
P -K4
The prescribed challenge. White cannot win a pawn with 7. PxP, PxP; 8. KtxP, QxQ ch; 9. BxQ, KtxKP or 8. QxQ, RxQ; 9. KtxP, KtxP but 8. QxQ, RxQ; 9. BKKt5! gives Black troubles and deserves a few trials.
6. 0.0

## Kt - B 3

7. ........, Kt-B3 as a diversion from 7.

QKt-Q2 has rapidly gained favor. Its purpose is to induce White to play an early P-Q5 and thus enable Black to begin a K-side assault with Kt -K2, KtQ2, and P-KB4.
Maintaining the tension. ${ }_{8}+$ KK+5
A strong attempt to scize the initiative by threatening the Bishop, freeing the KB pawn, and exerting pressure on the long diagonal. 8. ........, PxP; 9. KtxP, Kt lon is also good.
Easing 9. B-Kts
Easing some of the pressure on his Q-pawn.
10. B-B1
10. B-R4 is not attractive.
10. .....


Going a little against the grain. After
adopting an aggressive policy Black
plans to prepare a bit more. Still, he has no reason to fear the complications at 10. ........, PxP; 11. KtxP, KtxKt; 12. at 10. ......, PxP; 11. KtxP, KtxKt; 12.
QxKt, P-B4 or from $10 . . . . . ., ~ P-B 4$ diQxkt,
White 11. Pxp
pleces docides to open lines for his pieces and fix a Black pawn at $K 4$. 11. ....., QPxP is much safer. 12. QxQ, KtxQ holds everything. With the text Black cedes a number of open lines on the $K$-side to White in return for the distant promise of compensation on the KB-file.
Black wants to reserve KB 2 for his Knight and so decides against 12 . ......... Q-K1; 13. Kt-Q5, Q-B2.
13. $\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{Q} 5$,

The knight and Q -Bishop exert a strong bind on Black's K-side. While Black goes about the business of freeing himself, Reshevsky piles up pressure on the 2 -side.

K-RI
To play Kt-KB2 without worrying about $\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{B} 6 \mathrm{ch}$. P-QR4 was also to be considered as 14. Q-Q2, Kt-KKt5; 15. P-KR3, Kt -B3 is adequate


If Black now continues passively, he must always be wary of a well timed P-B5. As Najdorf's temperament couldn't possibly allow him to enjoy such a state of affairs, he embarks on a risky plan.

First the Knight must go. The backward QP is firmly anchored with the King Knight. 18. Kt-B3
19. QR-K+1

Q-K2


Reshevsky now offered a draw. As White, in your annotator's opinion, now White, in your annotator's opinion, now enjoys a slight edge the offer should have been accepted. Najdorf, who has just achieved a measure of freedom after an uphill battle, no doubt overestimated his position and declined. He launches his dangerous attack with

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 19. } \\
& \text { 20. P-KR3 } \\
& \text { 21. R-Kł3 }
\end{aligned}
$$

P-KKł4
Q-B3
Q-B3
White-goes about his business. When playing the defensive it is a good maxim to defend threats only when they develop: Reshevsky is trying to shake up the Black Q-side

## To support a K-side push.

Indirectly defending the RP as Black gets a tremendous attack after 23. RxP, RxR; 24. BxR, BxRP or 24. ........ P-Kt5.
23. Kt -R2

A very good move which forestalls Black's attack.


Black should take time out for P-QR3. His position after 24 . P-Kt5 is then badly compromised on the $Q$-side, but he is not a pawn behind.
Accepting the gift.

## 24. ....... <br> 26. B-K3

RXR
P-R4
If 26. ........, P-Kt5; 27. PxP, PxP; 28. PKt3 followed by 29. B-B1. After the text Reshevsky stops all monkey business.

## 27. P-B3

Now P-Kt4 is stopped by 28. BPxP, PxP; 29. BxP and Black is without a good continuation.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 27. } \\
& \text { 28. P-QR4 }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { B-K3 } \\
& \text { Q-B3 }
\end{aligned}
$$

Najdorf now offered the draw but Reshevsky rightfully declined.
A little desperate but there is not much to do against White's threatened Qside advances, unless he is willing to side advances, unless he
call
call off the K-side attack.
30. $\mathrm{BP} \times \mathrm{P}$

P×P
In time presure Najdorf spies an apparent swindle but White's 34th must have been overlooked. 31. ........, BxBP is better.

32. Q-B2 KtxP ch
Continuing with his faulty plans but 32. ........, Q-B3 would be answered with Kt-K2. K-K

QxP
The fly in the ointment

## 34. $\mathrm{Q} \times \mathrm{B}$

K-R2
35. ........, $\mathrm{B} \times \mathrm{Q}$ ch; 36. K-R1 is no better.

If $\mathbf{3 6}$.
36. K-RI
is no
$\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{K} 12$
, Kt-Kt4; 37. B-B5 ch is deadly
38. Q-K8ch K-R1 40. Q-B8ch R-K+1
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { 39. QxKt R-Kt2 } & \text { 42. Q-R5ch B-R3 }\end{array}$
43. Kt-Kt4 is good enough.

Contributors to the YOUNG MASTERS' FORUM

Hans Berliner
Arthur Bisguier
Eliot Hearst
George Kramer
Carl Pilnick
James Sherwin
Walter Shipman
Saul Wachs

## INTERNATIONAL TEAM

 MATCHPeace Arch, 1953
Section A

Washington

1. O. Manney
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3. C. Ballantine
4. C. Joachim
5. Bob Neale
6. J. Nourse
7. Dan Wade
8. K. Mulford
9. J. Cerretelli
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11. J. Almond 12. R. M. Collins 13. Magerkurth 14. Coubrough 15. Brandstrom 16. F. Howard 17. V. Hultman 18. Sid Nourse 19. T. Davidsen 20. B. Edberg
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13. O. Traynor 23. LaFreniere
14. H. Locom
15. Weissenborn
16. MeCormick
17. W. Hoge
18. J. A. Naas
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13. H. Sanden
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15. S. Falk
16. G. Langdon
17. W. Raleigh

Washington

## BOOST AMERICAN CHESS!



# Thess Cife 

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$\square$
$M_{\text {ajor }} \mathcal{J}_{\text {opics }}$

By<br>Montgomery Major

## An Acre In Middlesex

An acre in Middlesex is better than a principality in Utopia MACAULEY-Essay on Lord Bacon

MUCH was phenominal about the U.S. Chess Federation Congress at Milwaukee. Not the least of the achievements was the tournament itself-the largest and undoubtedly the strongest U.S. Open Championship in American history, staged in adequate and dignified quarters in the beautiful "million dollar" Eagle Club, and efficiently organized by the Milwaukee Tournament Committee.

No less unique was the general feeling of friendship and relief which pervaded the annual Membership Meeting and bore its peaceful harmony into the two meetings of the Board of Directors. After the last few years of stress and storm, of accusation and doubt, the calm of faith prevailed. For no one present felt that he was "attending the funeral of the Federation"-a bitter jest that was coined (but not prophetically) at Tampa.

The concise, yet detailed report of USCF Business Manager Kenneth Harkness made it clear to all listeners that in its seven months of actual operation, the "Harkness Plan" adopted at Tampa had proved its worth, and copies of the financial statement were circulated to the membership to show that this was not an idle boast. While it is admitted that the Federation has a long trek ahead of it to reach its destiny, no one present longer doubted that the trip had begun in the right direction and that the distant goal was clearly in sight and in reach.

The Membership Meeting expressed its complete confidence in the management and plans of the Federation, elected the Board of Directors and paused in its deliberations to appoint a committee to express its concern and sympathy to our ailing President, Harold M. Phillips, to whom this committee was instructed to send a token of the appreciation of the Members from a fund collected at the meeting for this purpose.

In similar harmony the Board of Directors met on Thursday and Friday in a constructive mood of cooperation and in the space of the two meetings transacted more actual business than has normally been possible in previous years. Details of the actions of the Board will be made public through the publication of the Minutes; in the meanwhile it is sufficient to summarize a few salient features.

First, the Board amended the By-Laws to create as directors-at-large the two professional experts of the Federation, the Business Manager and the Editor of CHESS LIFE, so the Board could benefit from their professional knowledge and experience in discussing its plans for the future.

The tellers reported on the balloting for four Vice-Presidents to succeed William M. Byland, Milton Finkelstein, J. B. Gee, and Edward I. Treend whose terms expired at this date. Elected were Frank Rt. Graves of Texas, A. Wyatt Jones of Louisiana, Alfred Ludwig of Omaha, and Rhys Hays of New York.

The Promotional Plan Committee tendered its report and asked to be discharged as having completed its duties in implementing the Harkness Plan, in signing contracts with Kenneth Harkness as Membership Secretary and Business Manager, and with Montgomery Major as Editor of CHESS LIFE.

Thereupon the Board created a "Ways and Means" Committee to
as trustee for the Federation in implementing further the Harkness act as trustee for the Federation in implementing further the Harkness
Plan and other promotional activities. A. Wyatt Jones was named chairman, with Frank R. Graves and William M. Byland rounding out the committee.

Editor Major was entrusted with the chairmanship of two com. mittees: "Tournament Plans" and "Tournament Rules." on the planning committee Kenneth Harkness and Jeremiah F. Donovan are the members, and the committee is charged with developing a long-time unified program with standardized regulations and requirements for all USCF Tournament events. The other committee, to which other members have not yet been named, will provide subsidiary rules and regulations to amplify and define the new FIDE Laws of Chess.

Recognizing the need for a complete overhauling of the By-Laws (of which the last printed version lacks a number of amendments passed more recently), the Board selected William R. Hamilton as chairman of a committee with Frank R. Graves and Jack Spence as members, to recodify the By-Laws and present a completely revised version to the Directors for approval. Upon approval, the Board directed that such new version should be made available to all USCF members.

Lastly, the Board appointed William M. Byland as chairman of an "International Affairs" committee with other members to be named later to oversee all future negotiations with FIDE and all committments to foreign team-matches, etc.

Then, recognizing the justice of expressed dissatisfaction with the announced U.S. Championship plan, the Board after some deliberation and discussion amended its previous action to make the U.S. Championship in 1954 depend upon winning a 14-player round-robin tournament (rather than a match), developing the final tournament by seeding the top three players in the 1951 Championship, the six ranking players in the U.S. Candidates event at Philadelphia, and the five ranking players in the U.S. Open at Milwaukee.

Thus a beginning was made. It may fall short of the magnificent dreams that some have held, though it promises much for the future. But for the present it is adequate and sufficient. Even that romantic materialist Macauley knew than "an acre in Middlesex is better than a principality in Utopia."

UNITED STATES CHESS FEDERATION
REPORT BY KENNETH HARKNESS, Business Manager
Statement of Income and Expenses for the Year Ended June 30th, 1953 income



ASSETS

| ash in Bank-New Yor | 73.76 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Petty Cash Fund-New York ...................................................... | 50.00 |
| Cash in Bank-Pittsburgh .......................................................... | 508.11 |
| Petty Cash Fund-Oak Park | 50.00 |
| Inventory-Merchandise | 888.62 |
| Inventory-Direct Mail \& Stationery Supplies | 300.00 |


Surplus Deficit-Back Years .......................................................................... $\mathbf{9 8 0 . 3 2}$
Less Net Income for Current Year ...............

## LIABILITIES


Total Liabilities ................................................................................ $\mathbf{\$ 5 8 9 . 3 4}$

## GUSTAVUS A. PFEIFFER

WITH regret we learn of the passing of Gustavus A. Pfeiffer on Saturday, August 22, in his 81st year, at Norwalk, Conn. Born in Cedar Falls, Iowa, Mr. Pfeiffer became world famous for his magnificent collection of chessmen, which was presented a few years ago to the Metropolitan Museum of Art. Together with Donald M. Liddell, Mr. Pfeiffer issued a book "Chessmen," published in 1938 by Harcourt, Brace \& Co. which has now become a collector's item. Mr. Pfeiffer was a member of the Board of Governors of the Marshall Chess Club and a generous patron of chess whose counsel will be missed in the future.

## 1954 U.S. CHAMPIONSHIP

TEXT of the resolution. passed by the USCF Board of Directors, whereby the plans for the 1954 U. S. Championship were broadened and more general participation encouraged, follows:

Recognizing that the proposed plan of having a candidates tournament in 1953, the winner of which is to play a match in 1954 with the United States champion for the title, is unpopular with a majority of the prominent chess play1954 tournament-match play they approved by ballot.

1) The candidates tournament shall be held in 1953 as approved. This is to be in Philadelphia September 11th through September 20th. It is to be a ten round Swiss. Eligible to play is any permanent resident of the United States having a rating of expert or higher in the USCF rating scale.
2) Instead of a match in 1954 between the United States Champion and the winner of the 1953 Candidates' tournament, a United States Championship tournafourteen players.
3) The players to be seeded into the 1954 United States Championship Tournament shall be:
a) The three players who placed highest in the 1951 Championship. These are L. Evans, S. Reshevsky, and M. Pavey.
b) The six players who placed highest in the 1953 Candidates' Tournament. If any of the players already are seeded, the next highest players in the tournament shall be seeded to make a total of six.
c) The five eligible players who place highest in the 1953 USCF Open Tournament. If any of the top players are not eligible, or are already seeded, the highest eligible player shall be seeded to make a total of five.
d) If any of the above eligible players, once seeded, elect not to play in the 1954 Championship Tournament the USCF Tournament Commitfee shall seed into the Chandidates' Tournament to make a total of fourteen playing in the 1954 Championship Tournament,
e) If ties occur among players in either the 1953 USCF Open Tournament or the 1953 Candidates' Tournament, the manner of breaking the ties to determine who shall be seeded into the 1954 Championship Tournament shall be determined by the committee in charge of each of these tournaments.
4). The time, place and arrangements for the 1954 Championship Tournament shall be handled by the USCF Tournament Committee with the understanding that all players are to be treated equally by the Federation.
4) The directors recognize that these changes may cause embarrassment to some of the plans and publicity of the 1953 Candidiates' Tournament, but by these changes, it is hoped that the popularity for this tournament will be in creased and more prominent players will enter.

## The Reader's Road Jo Chess

By Kester Svendsen

THE COMPLETE CHESSPLAYER. By Fred Reinfeld. New York: Prentice Hall, $\mathrm{x}, 292 \mathrm{pp}$., 300 diags. $\$ 4.95$.

WHAT can one say except that Reinfeld has done it again? Everything the man touches turns to exeellence. His latest book characteristically introduces originality into even the elements of play. He takes up the fundamentals, simple winning methods, tactics, basic endgames, and strategy in the middle game before dealing formally with the openings, of which last he gives forty-three examples. The publisher must have given him a free hand, for he uses boldface and italic type and plenty of white space to admirable effect. Thirteen fully annotated games and the 1931 Laws of Chess with comments and two indexes complete the volume.

The systematizing of chess study in the past twenty-five years has led to such emphasis on ideas that the ordinary club players of our time must be greatly superior to their opposite numbers of the nineteenth century. Duffers are duffers in any gneration, but surely we of today do not lack for textbooks which would have made masters out of earlier experts. One has only to compare the welter of columns in PCO with Reinfeld's simplification into double and single KP and QP and eccentric openings to perceive the underlying emphasis on reasoning throughout his text. Each chapter concludes with a summary of the main ideas; and the player who works just a little on his game cannot fail to become stronger-and happier.

The possibilities in chess literature, like those in the game itself, are practically inexhaustible. And if Reinfeld does not have a manuscript on the subject already, perhaps he will now turn his attention to treatises on the pieces. Who would not wish to read Reinfeld on pawnplay, openings, middle-games, endings?

## Opening Game

By E. J. Marchisotti

## NIHIL NOVUM SUB SOL!

After 1. P-K4, P-K4; 2. Kt-KB3, Kt-QB3; 3. B-Kt5, P-QR3; 4. B-R4, Kt-B3; 5. O-O, B-K2; 6. R-K1, PQKt4; 7. B-Kt3, P-Q3; 8. P-B3, KtQR4; 9. B-B2, P-B4; 10. P-Q4, Q-B2; 11. P-KR3, O-O; 12. QKt-Q2, BPxP; 13. PxP, the system of play now 13. P-Q4, attributed to the Soviet master Panov, really belongs to the

Swiss master Paul Johner, and was used in the following games:



THE RICHARD E. BOYER MEMORIAL TROPHY
Created in rare woods by craftsman Herman A. Dittmann, and held in memory of 1952 Co-Champion of Buffalo, Richard E. Boyer, whose untimely end curtailed the career of a great fightgr and a well-remembered friend.

## TROPHY MADE IN RARE WOODS

The new Richard E. Boyer Memorial Trophy, created by Herman A. Dittmann of Salt Lake City for the Queen Chess Club of Buffalo, is indeed a symphony in rare woods. The base is Prima Vera Broken Roe Figure (Central America) with Olive Green strip at bottom, Greenheart (British Guiana). The column is Vermillion Wood (Andaman Island); the base under the King is Thuya Burl (Algeriadtlas Mts of No. Africa). The King is Brazilian Rose Wood; the half-Queen, Bishops, Rooks and Pawns are East India Satin Wood, while the Knight is Cocobolo from Central America. The pedestals under the Queens are Spanish Cedar (Central America) and the mounting under the Bishops of Amaranth (British Guiana), while the front oval is Ceylon Satinwood, the border Black Ebony (Philipines). The Bishop pendants are African Blackwood (or Mazambique Ebony) and the column coping Satinwood. The next two offsets are African Blackwood topped by Black Ebony, and the whole is lacquered with clear lacquer to which a touch of pearl lacquered has been added.

Suchting-Paul Johner, Dusseldorf, 1908: 13. ........, B-Kt2; 14. KtB1, QR-B1; 15. B-Q3, P-Q4; 16. PxQP, PxP (The real innovation of Panov was 16. ........, P-K5!); 17. KtxP, BxP; 18. B-Kt5!, -Kt3; 19. R-B1, Q-Kt2; 20. Kt-K3, RxR; 21. QxR, BxQRP; 22. Kt(K3)-Kt4, RB1; 23. Q-KB4, Kt-Q4; 24. Kt-R6 ch, K-R1; 25. KtxP ch, K-Kt1; 26. KtR6 ch, K-R1; 27. RxB! and Black resigned. This game was published in "The Year Book of Chess 1909" by Michell, pages 154-155.

Cohn-Johner, Vienna, 1908: 13. B-Kt2; 14. Kt-B1, QR-B1; 15. B-Kt1 (played by Geller against Keres, Moscow 1951!), P-Q4; 16. KtxP (Geller played 16. KPxP),

Obess Sife
Saturday, Page 5 September 5, 1953

DONATIONS TO THE USCF PROMOTIONAL FUND
For the Year ending June 30, 1953
Lovisiana Chess Ass'n ....................... $\$ 200.00$ Texas Chess Ass'n ........................ 200.00 Grand Rapids Chess Club ............ 100.00 j. M. Moulden
M. Moulden
H. Lockhart, Jr.
M. J. Joslyn
C. B. Ames,

Robert W. Holloway ….................... 25.00
Anonymous ...............t......................... 25.00
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Ernest Mehwaid } \\ \text { Rev, George L. Paine } & \\ 20.0 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~ & 21\end{array}$
Hugh MacLean

| ohn J. Robinson | $\mathbf{2 0 . 0 . 1 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 16.00 |  |

Contributions in the amount of $\$ 10.00$ each were received from the following:
G. Van Dyke Tiers, W. G. Alexewicz, Carel J. Mall, N. C. Hayward, Arthur B, Foye, Milton M. Hyman, Gerald M. Crowley, Charles McLaughlin, Elliott E. Stearns, Robert Brieger, T. A. Jenkins, Donald J. Sibbett, D. A. Giangiulio, L. J Isaacs, Clarence Kalenian, Donald D Dann, and two anonymous donators.

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Paul H. Horend ..................................... $\$ 4.00$ D. J. Gray ............................................... 3.05

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J. B. Blayton, Jr. ................................ 2.77
 M. Turiansky
A. E. Santasier 2.25
$\mathbf{2 . 1 7}$

Contributions in the amount of $\$ 2.00$ each were received from the following:

Ronald $\mathbf{O}^{\prime}$ Neili, J. L. Harirngton, Dr W. F. Wooley, L. L. Foster, W. A. L. Willard, Sr., Leonids Dreibergs, Dr. I. E.
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Noonan.
Paul Barton
R. Chauvenet 1.50 Charles E. Welch ........................................ 1.31 K. Venesaar . 1.31

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Year's Total .............................. $\$ 1,185.03$
Additional Donations received up to July 24, 1953:
Frank W. Burke
$\$ 32.25$ William Wilcock $\qquad$
PxP; 17. B-B4, B-Q3; 18. Kt-K3 $\mathrm{KR}-\mathrm{K} 1$; 19. Kt-B5, Kt-B5; 20. KtxB, KtxKt; 21. Kt-Kt4, KtxKt; 22. QxKt, P-B4; 23. Q-Kt3, Q-R4; 24. R-Q1, Kt-B2; 25. P-R3, B-Q4; 26. B-R2, Q-Q1; 27. B-Kt3, Q-Q2; 28. R(1)-B1, $\mathrm{R} \times R$; 29. $\mathrm{BxR}, \mathrm{QR}-\mathrm{B} 1$; 30. B-KB4, Q-K3; 31. BxB, QxB; 32. Q-K3, PKt3; 33. P-KR4, K-Kt2; 34. P-R5, R-B7; 35. P-R6 ch, K-B3; 36. B-K5 ch, K-K3; 37. R-QB1, Q-B5; 38. RxR, QxR; 39. B-Kt7, P-KKt4! and Black finally won. This game was published in the book "Teoria e Practica (1914) by Salviolli, page 160.

More Subscribers Mean More Pages in Each Issue Get Your Friends to. Subscribe to CHESS LIFE too!

Kansas City, 1953

| 1. Saul N. Yarmak (Passaic, N. J.) | ........................... | D2 | W15 | W18 | W8 | W9 | W4 | W6 | W5 | L3 | W10 | Pi. 13 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2. Martin Harrow (Jamaica, N. Y. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

WISCONSIN STATE CHAMPIONSHIP

## Fond Du Lac, 1953


8. Maj. G. H. B. Terry $103-13 \frac{1}{2}$; 9. E. E. Shaffer $101-131$; 10. Raymond C. Davis $71-16 \frac{1}{2}$; . Dr. F. D. Snyder 6-18; 12. Henry MacFadyen 2-22; 13. S. L. Trumbull $2-23 \frac{1}{2}$
MacFadyen forfeited to Mellin, Ellis, Zichy and Davis, due to illness; Trum bull played Adickes and Kanner and then withdrew.
(Continued from July 5 Issue)
III. State Association Publications California Chess Reporter Dr. H. J. Ralston 184 Edgewood Ave.
San Francisco 17, Calif. (Monthly-California State Chess
Federation) Federation)

## Chessnuts Monthly 43 Russell Park

 Quincy, Mass.(Monthly - Massachusetts State Chess Association)
. Kastles
F. H. Stoppel, Jr.

5214 So. 24th St
(Sporadic-Illinois State Chess Association)
L.C.A. News Lette
A. L. McAuley

4225 So. Liberty
New Orleans, La,
New Orleans, La,
(Monthly-Louisiana State Chess Association)
5. Michigan Chess Bulletin
V. E. Vandenburg

Lansing, Mich.
(Sporadic-Michigan State Chess Association)
6. Nebraska Chess Bulletin

Jack Spence
208 So. 25th Ave.
Omaha 2, Nebr.
(Monthly-Nebraaska Chess Association)
7. Ohio Chess Bulletin

Earl H. Benjamin
4268 West 30th St.
(Quarterly-Ohio Chess Assoclation)
8. South Dakota Chess Bulletin M. F. Anderson
P.O. Box 1466

Rapid City, So. Dak. (Monthly-South Dakota Chess Association)
9. Washington Chess Letfer

## Dan Wade

1102325 th N.E.
Seattle 55, Wash.
(Monthly-Washington Chess Federation)
10. West Virginia Chess Bulletin

Dr. Vincent S. Hayward
1128 Ninth Ave.
Huntington, W. Va.
(Monthly-West Virginia Chess Associafion)
(To be continued in next issue)

## NORTH CALIFORNIA OPEN CHAMPIONSHIP

## San Francisco, 1953



## MILWAUKEE COUNTY CHAMPIONSHIP



# THE ELEMENTS OF CHESS 

By International Master HERMAN STEINER

## Hypothetical Game

Illustrating Principles, Rules, and Objectives<br>(Continued from issue of August 20)

2) Allowing the fork: P-Q5 in this position, allowing the fork, is disasterous, since there are no counter-threats to win Forces which have a higher value.

3) Removing the Force which threatens the fork: To accomplish this, three moves are possible:

Of the three possible moves a) BxP is the poorest and should be discarded.


As long as you do not know which of the Forces you must exchange, it is safe to capture with a Force which has the least value. The same logicapplies to b) KtxP.


Thus deduction designates c) PxP as the best move.

Grandmaster Samuel Reshevsky has decided to play in the FIDE World Championship Candidates Tournament at Neuhausen, Switzerland, which begins on August 31st, and left New York by plane on Wednesday, August 26th, accompanied by his wife and two children.


It nullifies the threat of fork (PQ5), and accomplishes the Fourth Objective with safety (exchanges even or better). We have outlined black's best move, 9. ........PxP.

White's answer is now governed by three possible choices: QxP, BxP , and KtxP.

QxP is discarded at once for the reason that the value of the exchange is not eyen. Always try to capture Forces of greater value with those of less, unless they cannot be recaptured, and question whether the capture should be made with the Bishop or Knight.

Before the completion of his final capture the player should make sure it is accomplished by means of a Force which constitutes a gain of one or more of the Elements. The move BxP is undesirable because after 10 . ......, KtxB; 11. KtxKt


White has no threat. 10. KtxP is the best move. It controls the maximum number of squares, etci, and is in itself the Fourth Objective with safety.

[^0]

After White plays: 10. KtxP Fourth Objective achieved (exchange even)
Controls greatest number of opponent's squares
Black now tries to decide which Knight has the greater value, his own or that of his opponent. He decides that his Knight controls two of his opponent's squares while the White Knight controls four of his, and that the exchange of Knights will be preferable, so he plays 10. ......, KtxKt


After Black plays: 10. ......, KtxKt Fourth Objective
which is answered by 11. BxKt.


After White plays: 11. BxKt
Fourth Objective (exchange even) Controls greatest number of opponent's squares
Threat of Third Objective
Now again is the time to consider another capture and its results. Black asks: "What does my opponent threaten?" He mentally reviews the rules relative to captures and finds that no capture is possible with the Queen or the Rooks. Upon reviewing the rest of the pieces he finds the White Bishops are his only resources. At this point Black should review the section on "Blunders And How To Prevent Them:"
(To be continued)

# Cheses dife In $\eta_{\text {aw }} Y_{\text {ork }}$ 

By Eliot Hearst

YOUR reporter has just arrived home from Milwaukee and, since he has had no chance as yet to get briefed on Chess Life in New York during his absence, this column will have to be devoted to New York Chess Life in Mil-waukee-a few random notes on how New Yorkers fared in the recently completed U.S. Open.

Don Byrne almost didn't compete in this year's Open, his decision to play coming only three days before he had to leave for Wisconsin. At that moment carpool accomodations were almost all filled, but the inimitable Forry Laucks came through with a space in his auto and Don was able to make the tourney and win it!!. . . . Max Pavey lost only in the first and last rounds (to Whitaker and Byrne), taking ten out of a possible eleven points in the intervening rounds. This titlewinning pace was only stopped by Byrne's crucial final round victory . . . The Manhattan Chess Club placed three players in the top ten (Byrne, Pavey, and Horowitz) to two for the Marshall C.C. (Sherwin and Hearst), although many other players for both clubs finished as prize-winners (in the top forty) . . . Rossolimo, the only real chess professional among the contestants, was under extra strain as a result and his play appeared too cautious; the fact that a Swiss System loss can drop a player 15 to 20 places in the standings helps to explain his timidity, although he did play for a win against Pavey in the only game he lost! Rumor has it that he will accept a position with the United Nations on his return to New York and no longer rely solely on chess for his livelihood

The eight contestants who have already qualified for next year's U.S. Championship are all New Yorkers: Evans, Reshevsky, Pavey, Byrne, Rossolimo, Sherwin, Horowitz, and Hearst. Let's hope the six other qualifiers from the Philadelphia tourney will include players from other parts of the country so that the longawaited championship will have true nationwide representation Columbia University's national champion Chess team placed its top three boards within the first twelve at Milwaukee, with Burger scoring 9-4 and Hearst and Sherwin $91 / 2-31 / 2$

Evans, and Bisguier, the top pre-tourney favorites, were certainly not in top form, the former not displaying as much ingenuity in difficult positions as he had in the past, and the latter getting too many inferior games out of the openings

Despite the fact that the relation of Curt Brasket's showing to "Chess Life in NY" is quite difficult to discover, mention must be made here of the Minnesota youth's masterful play and excellent standing; he played almost (Please turn to page 9, col. 3)

## GAMES BY USCF MEMBERS

Annotated by Chess Master JOHN W. COLLINS, New York State Champion, 1953

USCF MEMBERS: Submit your best games for this department to JOHN W. COLLINS, 91 Lenox Road, Brooklyn 26, N.Y. Space being limited, Mr. Collins will select the most interesting and instructive for publication. Unless otherwise stated notes to games are by Mr. Collins.

## QUEEN NETTED

White sacrifices pieces and pawns for a king-side attack. And the attack finally nets the enemy Queen.

## VIENNA GAME

MCO: page 308, column 1 (b)
Pittsburgh Metropolitan Tourney
Pittsburgh, 1953
White BYLAND
B. BERGER
$\begin{array}{llr}\text { 1. } & \text { P-K4 } & \text { P-K4 } \\ \text { 2. } & \mathrm{Kt} \text {-QB3 } & \mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{KB} 3\end{array}$
The alternatives are 3. ........, B-B4; 3. 4. $\quad$ P-B4

Acording to the books, this is premature. Correct is 4. P-Q3.

An improvement? Book is 6. B-Kt3, PK5; 7. Kt-KKt5, P-KR3; 8. KKtxKP, KtxKt; 9. Q-K2, Kt-Q5; 10. QxKtch, QK2; giving Black a slightly more comfortable position. The text prevents 6. , ......, P-K5.
6.
Not 7..... PXP $\quad$ 7. P-Q4 B-K2 threatens 9. R-K1, strongly. And 9 . ........ P-KKt4; is too neglectful of development
$\begin{array}{lllll}8 . & \text { BXP } & 0.0 & 9 . & 0.0 \\ \text { P-QR3? }\end{array}$ This does not have a point, Best is 9 . bolster the King-side, then the appropriate advance of the QP and the development of the queen-side forces. Now this is wrong because KB3 is no Now this is wrong because KB3 is no
longer availabie. The most logical is 11. longer available. The most logical is 11. ed, White is left with enough wood for a big fire.

## 12. P-B3 Kt-K2

Black has ceded too much time and space and no longer has a saving continuation. The best chance, but not a good one, is 12. ........, P-Q3; returning the Pawn for a bit more development. After the text, the win for White can be demonstrated.

13. KtxBP!

A sound, active, winning "sacrifice."
13. $\ldots \ldots \ldots \mathrm{RxKt} \quad$ 15. $\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{Kt5ch} \mathrm{~K}-\mathrm{Kt1}$ If 15 . ......., $\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{Kt} 3$; 16. Q-Q3 ch, Kt-B4; 17. P-KKt4, P-Q4; (if 17. ......., BxKt; 18. QxKt ch, K-R3; 19. P-KR4. wins) 18. PKR4, wins. And if 15 . ......., BxKt; 16 KR4, wins. And ins the Queen.
BxP ch,
16. $Q-R 5$
Threatening 17. Q-B7 ch, K-R1; 18. Q-

## PERSONAL SERVICE

The Editor of this Department will play you a game by mail, comment on every move, and give you a thorough postgame analysis. Fee \$10.

Mr. Collins will also annotate any one of your games for a fee of $\$ 5$.

## Tbess cife

Saturday, Page 8
September 5, 1953

If 27
If 27. ........, KtxB; White can win with 28. PxKt, and the passed-pawn, or with 28. RxB, R-QB1; 29. P-K5, Kt-Q4; 30. P-R-K3; 33. P-B6, K-K2; 34. BxR, KxB; 35 . K-B2. And there are other winning ways. 28. P-Kt4 P-Kt4

Otherwise 29. P-Kt5.
29. $\mathbf{P x P}$
P×P
 Or 31. ......., KtxB; 32. BxP ch, KxB; 33 . R×Ktch, RxR; 34. KPxR, and wins. 32. R-B1ch K-K3
32. ........, K-Kt2; would prolong the game, not save it.
33. R-B6ch K-Q2 34. P-K6ch Resigns

Or 34. ........, K-K1; 35. R-B8 mate.


## PAUL ROTH

"Paul Roth is our new Club Champion. Though Paul has been with us only a short time, he has made his presence felt in our chess community, He is both Metropolitan and Club Champion. He has not yet lost a single game in any tournaments we have had here. Indeed, Paul has a reputation for saving games in which be is a piece down-a feat he has performed twice since be came here." From "EN PASSANT," the monthly publication of the Downtown "Y" Chess Club, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

## PHILIDOR'S DEFENSE <br> MCO: page 132, column 3 ( $\mathrm{i}: \mathrm{c}$ ) <br> Downtown "Y" C. C. Championship Pittsburgh, 1953


4. B-QB4 P-QB3

Necessary. 4. ......., KKt-B3; is refuted becessary. 4. ......, KKt-B3; is refuted by 5. Kt-Kt5, and 4. ....... B-K2; by 5
PxP, KtxP; 6. KtxKt, PxKt; 7. Q-R5. PxP, Ktx
Or first 5. P-QR4.
6. PxP. PxP; 7. Kt-KKt5, BxKt; 8. ${ }^{\text {B....... }}$ R5, Q-B3; 9. BxB, Q-Kt3; 10. Q-R4, PKR3; 11. B-K3, KKt-B3; 12. O-O-O, is very forceful.
6. $\begin{aligned} & \text { KKt-B3 } \\ & \text { W. P-KR3 }\end{aligned}$
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { 7. } & \\ \text { 7....... } & \text { O.O } & \text { 10. P-R3 } & \text { P-QR4 }\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llll}\text { 8. } & \text { B-K3 } & \text { Q.B2 } & \text { 11. Kt-Q2 }\end{array}$
Black threatened 11. ........., P-Kt5; 12. RPxP, B-R3; 13. R-K1, RPXP; 14, Kt QR2, P-B4; with the better prospects. Therefore, White protects the KP again and prepares the P-KB4 break at the and prepa.
same time.
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { 11. ....... } & \text { B-R3 } & \text { 12. PxP }\end{array}$
Perhaps featuring the immediate 12 . $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{B} 4$, would run into 12 . ....., PxQP 13. BxP, P-B4; 14. B-K3, P-B5. But the text, which enlivens Black's KB and opens the Q-file, has its drawbacks too.
12.
 is annoying to White.
 It is a good idea to tempo on the Queen, but it should be done with the KR, leaving the Bishop twice protected. 18. Q-B1 KtxB 19. PxKt P-Kł5 Threatening 20. ........, BxR; as well as 20. ......., PxKt.

## 20. R-B2 Kt-Q2?

This leads directly to a very inferior, and probably lost, ending. With 20. …...., PxKt; 21. PxKt, BPxP; 22. QxKtP, (22. RxP, R-Q3) KR-K1; Black has at least even chances.
least even chances
21. $\mathbf{P X P}$
PXP
If 21 . ......., KtxP; 22. RxP, wins a piece.


##  <br> Or 25 . For if 26 . wins. 26 . R-B8, and

RxR; 28. Q-B7, and one of the QKtPs will tip the scale.
26. QXQ R×Q
27. ....... R-Q8ch 29. P-QKt4 P-R4? 28. K-B2 $\quad$ P-Kł3
Better is 29.
2....., R-QKt4.
30. $R(6)-B 5 \quad R(4)-K 8$
Black is trying to envelop the White

Black is trying to envelop the White
King, but it cannot be done.
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { 31. P-K+5 P-R5 } & \text { 33. K-K3 }\end{array}$
32. P-K +6 R-B8ch 34. $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{K}+7$

Creating a passed-pawn and then pushing it on to queen is one of the oldest and most effective winning motifs in chess.
34.
34. ......... $\mathbf{R}(\mathrm{B} 8)-\mathrm{K} 8 \mathrm{ch} \quad$ 35. R-K2 P-B5ch If 35 , ......, RxR ch; 36. KxR, R-Q1; 37. ${ }_{36}^{\text {R-B8, }} \mathbf{K \times P}$ wins.
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { 36. KxP } \\ \text { If } 36 . & \text { R-Q5ch } \\ \text { RxR; 37. P-Kt8-Qch, and wins. }\end{array}$ 37. K-K3 Resigns

## DECISION AT DAVENPORT

Final Round. The two leaders, Tautraisas and Eastman, tied at $51 / 2$, are paired. Decisive game!

RUY LOPEZ
MCO: page 251, column 110 Trans-Mississippi Championship Davenport, 1953
Notes by Povilas Tautvaisas

4. B-R4 Kt -B3 The book answer to Black's slightly premature 5. ....., P-QKt4 is
The text is at least as good.
7. the text is at least

Other lines are in white's favor too. E.g., 7. ......., KtxQP; 8. BxP ch. Or 7 . B...., PxP; B. P-K5, Kt-K5; 9. B-Q5, Kt-
 PxP, Kt-B4; 9. Kt-B3! and then if 9.
$\ldots . . .$. KtxB; 10. RPxB, B-Kt2; 11. Kt-Q5; O-O; 12. B-B4.
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { 8. P-B3 } \\ \text { If } & 8 & 0-0\end{array}$
If 8. ........, B-Kt5; 9. P-KR3, BxKt; 10. QxB, plus for White.
9. QKt-Q2 Kt-Q2

Relatively best is 9 . ........., B-Kt5; transposing to more or less known lines.
10. Q-K2 Kt-R4

Or 10. ......., B-B3; 11. PxP, PxP; 12. R-Q1, with a plus for White.
11. B-B2 P-QB3

If 11. ........, P-QB4; 12. R-Q1, Q-B2; 13. Kt-B1, and because of the unlucky posiKt -B1, and because of the unlucky posi-
tion of the KKt, Black lacks the equaltion of the KKt, Black lacks the equal-
izing line connected with and ......., BPxP. The text protects Q4, yet submits to a somewhat cramped position.
12. R-Q1 Q-B2 13, Kt-B1 Kt-B3 Branding his 9th move a lost tempo. $\begin{array}{llll}\text { 14. } \mathrm{B}-\mathrm{Kt5} & \mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{B5} & \text { 16. } \mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{K3} & \mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{R} 4\end{array}$ 15. P-QKł3 Kt-Kł3

Black is anxious to get a little counterplay. But the exchange of Bishops which follows eases White's breakthrough on the $Q$-file.
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { 17. BXB } & \mathrm{KKt}-\mathrm{B5} & \text { 20. Q-Q6 } & \text { Q×Q }\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { 18. Q-Q2 } & \text { Q×B } & \text { 21. } R \times Q & B-K+2 \\ \text { 19. } \mathbf{P \times P} & P \times P & & \end{array}$
Obviously not 21. ........, Kt-K7ch?; 22. KB1,KtxP; 23. RxP, and Black loses a piece.
22. K+xP

A good alternative is 22. P-B4! The
 ${ }_{23}^{22 .} \begin{array}{cc}\text { K-B1 } & \begin{array}{c}\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{K7ch} \\ \mathrm{~K}+\mathrm{xP}\end{array}\end{array}$
If 24 . ......, KR-Q1; 25. P-QR4, and the threat of 26. P-R5 is hard to meet. E.g. 25. ......., P-Kt3; 26. Kt-R6ch, K-Kt2; 27. Kt(6)xP. Or 25. ........, PxP; 26. PxP, fol lowed by 27. P-R5 or 27. B-Kt3.
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { 25. KtXQBP } & \text { Kt-B1 } & \text { 26. R-Q3 }\end{array}$
(See diagram next column.)

## 26. KłxKP

A complicated situation. 26. ........, KtxRP would be met nicely by 27 . Kt(5)-Q4! woupping the Black Knight. Other variatrapping the Black Knight. Other varia
tions are likewise unsatisfactory for tions



Beginning with the 27th, all Black's moves were forced. Now White could have won a Pawn with 31. KtxKt, PxKt; 32. RxP, RxR; 33. R-Q8 ch, K-Kt2; 34. BxR, Kt-Q3; yet the price was the activity of the Black men.
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { 31. } . . . . . . & \text { Kt-B3 } & \text { 34, BxP } \\ \text { K-Kt2 }\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llll}\text { 32. RxRch } & \text { KtxR } & \text { 35. B-Q3 } & \text { R-B3 } \\ \text { 33. R-Q8 } & \mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{Q3} & \text { 36. P-QK }+4 & \text { P-QR4! }\end{array}$ 33. R-Q8
Black takes his best chance by liquidating the Q-side Pawns-see the 39th move.
37. P-QR3 PxP 40. B-K4! KtxB
 The losing move. After 42 . ......., Kt-Q6; 43. R-Kt5 ch, R-Kt3; 44. R-KB5, followed by 45 . K-K2 and Kt-Kt3-R5, White would have good practical winning chances because of his better placed pieces and the dispersed Black Pawns. Yet adjudication was close and it would have been hard to show a clear cut forced win. Theoretically, the ending may not be a win, and the jury might have adjudicated the game a draw.
43. $\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{B} 2 \mathrm{~K}_{\mathrm{K}+\mathrm{B} 3}$

An unlucky location for the Black Knight: see note to 44th move. Yet it is difficult to find a better one. 43. ......., Kt-Q6 ch; 44. K-K3, or 43. ......., R-B5; 44. $\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{Kt7}$, and Black loses another Pawn. R-Kt7, and Black loses another Pawn.
44. R-K+5ch K-R3 Black is afraid to lose his RP after 44. $K-\mathrm{B} 1$; and with good reason: 44. K...., K-B1; 45. Kt-B6, P-R3; 46. R-Kt8ch, K-K2;
B4; 49 . R-KR8, Kt -R B4; 49. R-KR8, P-R4; 50. R-R6 ch, K-K2; as it so often happens-trying to get away from a wolf, one jumps on a bear. 45. P-R4!

Here the game was submitted for adjudication. The judges quickly decided: a win for White.
White threatens 46 . Kt-B6 and a Knight mate at KKt4 or KKt8, or 46 . Kt-Q6 and a Knight mate at KB5 or KB7. Black cannot defend against both threats. If 45. ........, $\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{K} 2$; 46. Kt -Q6 wins. or 45 . ..... R-B5; 46. Kt-Q6, R-B5; 47. Kt-B5ch, RxKt; 48. RxR wins. A final, nice trap must be avoided: 45. ........, B-B7 ch; 46. K-Kt1? (46. K-Kt3 wins) Kt-Q5!; 47. KtB6, KtxP ch!; 48. PxKt, R-Kt7 ch!; and Black draws by stalemate or perpetual check.
(And so Tautvaisas became the new Champion with a score of $61 / 2-1 / 2$, Turiansky jumped to second with $6-1$, and sky jumped to second with $6-1$, and
Eastman dropped to third with $51 / 2-11 / 2$. Mr. Tautvaisas' fine, original notes have been somewhat condensed and revised been somewhat condensed and revised LIFE" specificiations: JWC)

## 罂

## RUY LOPEZ

MCO: page 236, column 39 (i) Correspondence Game 1950-1953
White
C. ISENBERG DR. B. BOZK
ROZSA 1. C. ISENBERG $\quad$ P-K4 $\quad \begin{aligned} & \text { DR. } \\ & \text { B-K }+5\end{aligned}$ B. ROZSA 2. $\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{KB} 3 \mathrm{Kt}$-QB3

The Classical Defense, 3. ........, B-B4, once said to be demolished, has had at least a temporary revival. Then if 4 P-B3, Kt-B3; 5. P-Q4, B-Kt3; 6. P-Q5, $\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{K} 2$; 7. Q-K2, Kt-Kt3. Or if 4 . P-B3, $\mathrm{Kt-B3} ; 5 . \mathrm{Q} . \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{O}-\mathrm{O}: 6 . \mathrm{O} . \mathrm{O4}, \mathrm{~B}-\mathrm{Kt} 3!$; 7 ,

 PxP; ${ }^{\text {KtxP! }}$ 12. RxQ, RxKt, R-Qsch; 13. B-B1, BKtxP! KB4!
This is $\mathrm{Kt-B3} \quad 5.0-0 \quad \mathrm{KtxP}$ This is the Tarrasch or Open Defense.
More solid and simple is 5 . ......., B-K2,
6. P-Q4 P-QK +4 strong Point Defense. $\begin{array}{lllll}\text { 7. B-Kt3 P-Q4 } & \text { 9. P-B3 } & \text { B-K2 }\end{array}$ Great complications, difficult to assess, ensue from 9. ........, B-QB4. More than likely, White comes out on top with best play.
$\begin{array}{lrrr}\text { 10. B-K3 } & \text { O-O } & \text { 12. QxKt } & \text { Kt-R4 }\end{array}$ 11. QKt-Q2 KtxKt
Better is 12. ........, Q-Q2; 13. Q-Q3, KtBetter is 12. ......., Q-Q2; 13. Q-Q3, Kt-
R 4 ; 14. B-B2, P-Kt3; 15. B-R6, B-KB4; 16. Q-K2, R-K1; 17. Kt-Q4, BxB; 18. KtxB, $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{Q} 3 ;$ 19. P-KB4, P-KB3.
13. Kt-Q4
13. B-B2! Kt-B5; 14. Q-Q3, P-Kt3; 15. B-R6, KtxKtP; 16. Q-K3! R-K1; 17. Kt-Q4, gives White slightly better chances.
13. …… Q-Q2

Equalizing is 13 . ........., Kt-B5!; 14. Bx Kt, QPxB; 15. P-B4, B-Q2! And 13. ........ $\begin{array}{llll}\text { KtxB; is good too. } & \\ \text { 14. B-B2 } & \text { P.QB4 } & \text { 16. KtxB } & \text { PxKł }\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lcl}\text { 14. B-B2 } & \text { P-QB4 } & \text { 16. } \text { KtxB } \\ \text { 15. Q-Q3 } & \text { P-Kt3 } & \text { 17. } \\ \text { P-KB4 }\end{array}$ Inferior to the usual 17. B-R6. 17. ......... QR-Q1

And this is inferior to 17. ........, Kt-B5. 18. QR-Q1 R-B2 19. Q-K2 Kt-B3
Or, again, 19 18. QR-Q1 19. ........, Kt-B5.
20. P-QR4

White might be expected to play fo the pawn-break at KB5. Thus 20. $P$. KKt4 at once, or after preparation. 20. ........ QR-KBI

There is no future for the Black Rooks on the KB-file. More in accord with the general pattern would be 20 . ........ Q-Kt2; followed by 21. ........, B-B1; 22 Q-Kt2; KR-Q2; and a timely ........., P-Q5.
If. $22 . \mathrm{QxP}, \mathrm{KtxP}$.

23. ........ Q-Kł2?

Time saving and combinatively possible is 23. ........, P-Kt5. E.g., 24. QxP? KtxP (24. ........., PxQ?; 25. RxQ wins) 25. PxKt? RxR ch! wins.
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { 24. Q-Kt4 } & \text { Kt-Q1 } & \text { 26. P-R4 } & \text { P-Kt6? }\end{array}$ 25. B-Q4! P-K+5

Even though this stalemates the White KB , Black should not lock the queen side. Consequently, 26. ........, R-Kt2; and 26. ....., PxP; are much better.
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { 27. } \mathbf{3}-\mathrm{K}+1 & \text { R-K } 12 & \text { 28. P-R5 }\end{array}$ Foreed, for if 28 . ........, P-Kt4?; 29. PB5, PxP; 30. BxP, wins.
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { 29. QxP } & \text { KY-B3 } & \text { 30. R-B3 } & \text { B-Q1 }\end{array}$ A better defense is 30. ........., R(B1)-B2; and the deployment of the Bishop at B1 31. Q-R6 KixB 32. PxKt Q-Q2 Inferior to 32 . ........, Q-K2.
33. R-R3

White is hitting hard at K6, KB5, and KR7.
33. ........ R(B1)-B2?

This loses. 33 .
Thied.
34. P-B5!

Threatening 35. PxP or 35. P-B6.

35. PxP!

A little "combino."
If 35 . ........, Q-K2; 36. Q-R5, and White still has a winning position, although Black can prolong the game. (If 36 . $\ldots . . ., \mathrm{QxP} ; 37 . \mathrm{BxP}$ ch and mate in two moves.
36. PXQ

And the attack on the Bishop gives White the time to preserve the extra, advanced QP.
36. …... B-K44 37. P-K6 R-B1 If 37 . ......., R-K2: 38. B-B5, followed by 39. R-QR1 and 40 . R-R8 ch, wins.
38. BxPch! Resigns

After 38. ........., RxB; 39. R-Kt3, R-Kt2; 40. RxB! RxR; 41. P-K7, and the QP or KP queens.

BOOST AMERICAN CHESS! By Joining the U.S.C.F. Are You A Member?
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# Mate The Subtle Way! 

by Vincent L. Eaton

## Address all communications to thls column to Vincent L. Eaton, 612 McNellI Road, Silver Spring, Maryland.

CHARLES S. Jacobs, Grand Old Man of problem chess and Master Emeritus in the U.S.C.F. players' ratings, will celebrate his eightieth birthday next January 14. To insure its being a bang-up affair he is sponsoring a special problem composing tourney, with generous prizes. Composers all over the world are invited to compete. Here are the conditions:

1. It is open to direct-mate three-movers only, each composer being limited to no more than two entries.
2. Problems featuring model mates are not excluded, but those with-
out interesting strategy are not likely to figure in the award.
3. Special attention will be paid to problems showing a blending of two themes, such as Bristol, Nowotny, en passant, efc.
4. Special attention will be given to problems containing one or more variations of great strategy and difficulty.
5. Each problem should be diagrammed in triplicate, with full solution on the back of each diagram, but with the name and address of the composer on only one of them. Send entries to Charles Sumner Jacobs, 22 Fletcher Street, Winchester, Mass., before January 14, 1954.
There will be three prizes, of $\$ 25.00, \$ 15.00$, and $\$ 10.00$. The judges will be the noted problemists C. S. Kipping and A. F. Arguelles. We urge every able composer to join in honoring a distinguished American player, composer, and chess enthusiast.


## N. Y. CHESS LIFE

## (Continued from page 7, col. 4)

every topnotcher in the tourney and was in first place up until the final two rounds. He certainly deserves a place in the U.S. Championship finals and should gain one if he is able to compete at Philadelphia; only the inequities of the Swiss System prevented his qualification at Milwaukee Back to New York chess news in the next issue.

USCF CANDIDATES
September 11-20
Philadelphia, Pa.

## What's The Best Moue?

By Guilherme Groesser


Black to play
Send solutions to Position No. 124 to the Editer, CHESS LIFE, 123 No. Humphrey Ave., Oak Park, III., by October 5, 1953.

## Solution to No. 121

This brilliant ending of Bogoljubort lead many solvers astray, for it appears that 1. RxP is a startling sacrifictal win; but actually it gives White at best a draw. The slightly lesser sacrifice of 1. BxP is the key to the position as in Bogoljuboff-Mieses, Baden-Baden 1925 which continued: 1. BxP, P×B (practically forced); 2. RxP ch!, KxR; (practically forced); 2. RXP ch!, JxR; 3. Q-KB6 ch (the meaning of the line-
clearance sacrifice of the $B$ ), K-Kt1; clearance sacrifice of the B), K-Kt1;
4. R-Kt1 ch, Q-Kt5; 5. RxQ ch, PxR; 6 . 4. R-Kt1 ch, Q-Kt5; 5. RxQ ch, PxR; 6.
P-B5, KR-QB1; 7. P-K6, B-B3; 8. Q-B7 ch, P-B5, KR-QB1; 7. P-K6, B-B3; 8. Q-B7 ch,
$\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{R1}$; 9. P-B6, R-KKt1; $10 . \mathrm{Q}$ QB7, QR-
 QB1; 11,
Resigns.
Resigns.
Note that 1. RxP, PxR; 2. BxP ch. KR1; 3. BxR, RxB; 4. Q-Kt7, Q-K1! leaves Black with the dangerous threat of 5 . Wh...., B-B3 ch, winning the $Q$ or halting White attack completely and leaving White a piece down for two pawns. Equally the suggested 1. RxP, PxR; 2. BxP ch, K-Kt1; 3. RxP leads to catastrophy after 3. ........, Q-Q8 ch; 4. R-Kt1, QxB ch; 5. R-Kt2, B-B3! An interesting pjosition in the fact that two sacrifices tempt the solver and only one of them is sound.

Correct solutions are acknowledged received from: G. F. Chase (Buffalu), J. E. Comstock (Duluth), E. Gault (New Brighton), D. Hamburger (Pittsburgh), J. Kaufman (Los Angeles), J. Mrinick (Portland), E. Nash (Washington), G. W, Payne (Webster Groves), E. Roman New Britain), B. A, Shaeffer (San Bernardino), M. Schlosser (Decatur), D. Silver (Bronx), I. Schwartz (Durand), D. A. Walsdorf, Jr. (New Orleans), W. B. Wilson (Amherstburg), R. W. Wittemann (Brooklyn), N. P. Witting (Salem),
N. Zemke (Detroit). N. Zemke (Detroit).

For a good try, one-half points for 1. R×P solutions are awarded to: W.J. Couture (Charleston), J. D. Define (Florissant), E. K. Dille (Norfolk), H. E. Flaherty (New York), N. Reider (San Francisco), W. E. Stevens (Laramie), H. C. Underwocd (Washington),

Our congratulations to Edmund Nash of Washington who has completed another ascent of the Ladder with $501 / 2$ points.

## Solutions:

White to Play and Win
Position No. 223: 1. B-B6 ch, KxR; 2. Q-B4 ch, K-R4; 3. Q-R4 ch, K-Kt3; 4. Q-Q-B4 ch, K-R4; $3 . \mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{R} 4 \mathrm{ch}, \mathrm{K}$
$\mathrm{K} t 5 \mathrm{ch}, \mathrm{K}-\mathrm{R} 2 ;$
5.
Q-R5 mate.
Position No. 224: 1. P-Q3!, BxP; 2. KtB4, BxKt; 3. K-R3!, P-Kt8(Q); 4. R-Kt5 ch, QxR (or BXR) stalemate.

## Chess Players Wanted

United passed pawns are a lot stronger than a lone passed pawn. Join the USCF and get unity in American chess.

## Journament Life

October 10-11
Lake Erie Open Championship Buffalo, N.Y.
Open, sponsored by Queen City Chess Club; 5 round Swiss ( 50 moves, 2 hrs.); entry fee $\$ 4.00$ ( 50 c refund to USCF members); cash prize for 1st place, trophies for 1st, 2nd, and 3rd, name of winner engraved on Richard E. Boyer Trophy; for location and details write: Robert Mekus, 100 Norwood, Buffalo, N.Y.
100\% USCF Rated Event.

## October 30-November 1

North Carolina Open Championship Wilmington, No. Car.
At Community Center; starts 7:30 p.m.; 5 or 6 rd Swiss; entry fee $\$ 3.00$ plus membership in NCCA or USCF; prizes; all welcome; rated; write: Dr. N. M. Hornstein, Southport, N. C. for further details.

## November 28

## Ashville 30-30 Tournament

Asheville, N.' C.
Open to all; at Langren Hotel starting 1:30 p.m. Saturday; 6 or 7 rd Swiss, entry fee $\$ 2.00$; cash prizes; played at $30-30$ rate; please bring clocks; write: Bill Adickes, 66 Linden Ave., Asheville, N. C.
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No. 435 (Gamage): 1. R-KR4.
No. 436 (Gamage): 1. Q-Kt1.
No. 437 (Gamage): 1. Q-R1.
No. 438 (Gamage): This was erroniously captioned a two-mover; it is actually a three-mover. We are withholding the solution untll the next issue to enable solvers who did not fathom this error to send in their solutions.

## SOLVERS' LADDER

(Two points for two-movers; four points for threc-movers; extra credit for correct claims of "cooks," i.e., solutions not intended by the composers. The following tally covers solutions received up to the time we went to press, on August 23. Solutions received after that date will be credited on the next Ladder.)

## G. Murtaugh

 J. Kaufman Steve Myzel Rev. Chidley Kenneth Lay J. H. France W. J. Couture E. J. Korpanty E. J. Korpanty J. B. Mulligan Heino Kurruk W. J. Lourle F. A. Mollway C. J. Koch 226 R. G. MeSorleyDr. I. Schwartz 188 Ronald $O^{\prime} N e i l l$
$\begin{array}{rll}172 & \text { R. M. Collins } & 52 \\ 128 & \text { H. R. Meifert } & 42 \\ 124 & \text { J. Hallburton, Jr. } 38 \\ 112 & \text { Tom Herrmann } & 36 \\ 108 & \text { E. T. Dana } & 32 \\ 98 & \text { T. Seidel } & 30 \\ 90 & \text { Ben Shaeffer } & 30 \\ 80 & \text { Paul J. Smith } & 30 \\ 80 & \text { Louis R. Stein } & 26 \\ 78 & \text { L. Frankenstein } & 22 \\ 74 & \text { E. H. Benjamin } & 20 \\ 72 & \text { R. E. Burry } & 20 \\ 68 & \text { K. A. Forssmark } & 20 \\ 62 & \text { M. Herzberger } & 20\end{array}$
2 P . Hunsicker Louis T. Ward A. F. Distefano E, F, Lawrence H. A. Trenchard David Silver W. A. Greenfield 14 E. Roethler 6 E. Weatherford 10 R. W. Wittemann 10 R. O. Mauldin 0 D. L. Rumberger R. L. Beaulieu 0 A. G. Lubowe 20 Mena Schwartz

Earl Weatherford, who wins the bi-monthly Ladder competition, receives our hearty congratulations. The following new solvers are welcomed: Rheo L. Beaulieu, Melvin Cohen, Willim A. Greenfield, Anthony G. Lubowe, R. O. Mauldin, Emil Roethler, David Silver, and Herbert A. Trenchard.

## U. S. LIGHTNING CHESS CHAMPIONSHIP

Milwaukee, 1953
Championship Finals

| 1. Larry Evans .................................................... x | $\frac{3}{4}$ | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | $5-1$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2. James Sherwin ............................................ ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | x | 0 | 1 | $\frac{1}{4}$ | 1 | 1 | 4.2 |
| 3. Hans Berliner ............................................ ${ }^{4}$ | 1 | x | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 312-21 |
| 4. Max Pavey ................................................... 0 | 0 | 1 | x | 2 | 1 | 1 | 33-2 |
| 5. Arthur Dake ............................................... 0 | 4 | 0 | $\frac{1}{2}$ | x | $\pm$ | 1 | 23, $3 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| 6. Arthur Bisguier .......................................... 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | x | 1 | $1 \frac{13}{2}-4 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| 7. Jose Florido ............................................... 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | x | $1 \cdot 5$ |
| Consolation Finals |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Abe Turner ................................................x | $\frac{2}{2}$ | $\frac{2}{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 5-1 |
| 2. Vladimir Pafnutieff ................................... | x | $\frac{3}{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 1 | $\frac{1}{2}$ | 41.12 |
| 3. Geo. Shainswit ......................................... $\frac{2}{2}$ | 3 | x . | $\frac{3}{2}$ | 1 | 1 | 雩 | 4-2 |
| 4. Leon Stolzenberg ...................................... 0 | 0 | ${ }^{3}$ | X | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3-3 |
| 5. Geo. Eastman ............................................. 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | x | 1 | 1 | 23-32 |
| 6. Harold Leef ............................................... 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | x | 1 | $1-5$ |
| 7. James Lombardy ....................................... 0 | $\frac{3}{4}$ | $\frac{3}{2}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | x | $1 \cdot 5$ |



## Windsor Castle Chessmen

Made of solid plastic. Big lead weights molded into bases. Felts cemented permanently with plastic glue. $3^{7 / 9^{\prime \prime}}$ King. Complete set in leatherette-covered case, as illustrated: No. 21-Black and Maple.............Retail No. 22-Red and Ivory ............... $\$ 20.00$
Less $21 \%$ discount to USC members

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Complete set in leatherette-covered de luxe case with individual felt-lined divisions for all pieces:
No. 23-Black and Maple.............Retail
No. 24-Red and Ivory.............. $\$ 25.00$
No. 24 - Red and $21 \%$ discount to USCF members
$\$ 19.75$
Cornplete set of Black \& Ivory men, felted but NOT weighted, in shipping carton:
No. 27: $\$ 10$ less $15 \%$ to USCF members.
$\$ 8.50$
Mail your order now to
UNITED STATES CHESS FEDERATION
93 Barrow Street
New York 14, N. Y.


[^0]:    London Terrace (New York) Chess Club: Marcel Duchamp with $71 / 2-1 / 2$ won the club title, drawing with William Slater. Second place resulted in a tie between Morris Fish, David Hoffmann, and William Slater with 5-3 each. Fish lost games to Duchamp, Hoffmann and G. Jacobson; Iioffmann to Duchamp and Katheryn Slater while drawing with W. Slater and Harold M. Phillips; and Slater to Fish while drawing with Duchamp, Hoffmann, Katheryn Slater and Jacobson, USCF President Harold, M. Phillips forfeited two games, due to illness, to mar his final score.

