# America's Chess Neuspaper <br> Copyright 1953 by United States Chess Federation 

# Larry Evans <br> $O_{n}$ Chess 



By<br>International Master<br>LARRY EVANS<br>U. S. Chess<br>Champion<br>U. S. Open<br>Champion, 1951.52<br>U. S. Team<br>Member, 1950, 1952

THE next several articles which I intend to inflict upon you will be devoted to how to improve. Furthermore, what is more startling, I mean it. The thousand and one pot-boilers on the subject have as their end the making of money for their authors. My end is to raise the level of American chess. Although at times I will be unspairingly critical, I hope to be constructive.

## introspection

The first thing every player who is serionsly isterested in tournament chess must do is to analyze nesses. obvious recaptures.

Regiment yourself. vs. Rook?
Study! combinations? out moving the pieces. confidence.
his limitations and probe his weak-
Are you impatient? Erratic?
If so, slow down. Force yourself to take a minute, even on the most

Do you get in time-pressure?
Are you weak in a particular Rook and Pawn ending? Can you defend the weaker side of theoretical draws such as Rook and Bishop

Can you visualize continuations,
Play blindfold chess. Replay games in your mind. Analyze with-

To improve, you must be unflinching in your self-criticism. The above questions are only an outline of the most common shortcomings. Each player should make his own list and answer with honesty. Selfdeception is a tumor for which there is no room. Ask me how to improve? I tell you: 1) introspection; 2) study of master games; 3) praction with better players; 4) self

## SCHMITT TAKES WASHINGTON OPEN

## PHILLIPS VICTOR IN NEW MEXICO

Scoring $61 / 2-1 / 2$ in a 28 -player Swiss, James Phillips won the New Mexico State Championship at Albuquerque, drawing with John Holladay in the final round of play. Jack Shaw was second with $51 / 2-11 / 2$, losing a game to Phillips and drawing with Holladay. Third to fifth with 5-2 each on Solkoff points were John Holladay, Dr. R. S. Underwood, and A. B. Innis.

Holladay lost to F. T. Coleman and drew with Phillips and Shaw; Underwood lost to Shaw and Holladay; and Innis lost to Underwood and Fred Rawlins.
Tied at $41 / 2-21 / 2$ but sixth and seventh on Solkoff were F. T. Coleman and Albert Harle.

## ALBUQUERQUE TOP IN WIRE MATCH

The Albuquerque Chess Club won 12-5 a telegraphic match with the Encanto Chess Club of Phoenix in an eight hour struggie from 8:00 p.m. to $4: 00$ a.m. where the wire lease terminated leaving three games undecided.

This will be the first match between USCF affiliated clubs to be rated without charge under the new regulations covering the chess activities of affiliated clubs.

Both clubs are USCF chapters. The match was contested on twenty boards.

## Smyslov Wins Candidates Event;

## Reshevsky Ties Keres, Bronstein

The right to play a match for the World Championship against Mikhail Botvinnik was won by Vasilly Smyslov who scored $18-10$ in the World Candidates Tournament in Switzerland for first place. The 32 -year old Russian Grandmaster practically clinched the title in the twenty-fifth round by besting Samuel Reshevsky.

Pivotal games in preventing Grandmaster Reshevsky from making a successful challenge were his thirteenth round loss to Bronstein which knocked him out of a first place tie for the lead and the twentythird round loss to Alexander Kotov in a Knight ending which might easily have been drawn if the American master had not been so grimly determined to play for a win. The final blow to Reshevsky's hopes, of course, was the twenty-fifth round loss to Smyslov.
Tied with Reshevsky for second place with $16-12$ scores were Paul Keres and David Bronstein. The followed Tigram Petrosian with 15-13, fully fulfilling the expectations of many that he would show well in this event. In seventh were Ewfim Geller and Mendel Najdorf with $14^{1 / 2}-13^{1 / 2}$ apiece.
Alexander Kotov, who bested both Reshevsky and Smyslov, shared ninth place with Mark Taimanov at 14-14 each.

| NIMZO-INDIAN DEFENSE <br> World Championship Candidates Switzerland, 1953 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| V. SMite |  | S. RES | Black HEVSKY |
| P-QB4 | Kt-KB3 | 29. B-B1 | Q-B2 |
| 2. $\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{QB} 3$ | P-K3 | 30. R-Q1 | K-R2 |
| 3. $\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{B} 3$ | B-K+5 | 31. Q-B2 | Kt-B3 |
| 4. P-KK $\dagger 3$ | P-QK+3 | 32. B-K3 | Kt-R4 |
| 5. B-K $\dagger 2$ | B-K+2 | 33. R-B2 | P-B4 |
| 6. 0.0 | 0.0 | 34. P×P | P×P |
| 7. Q-K+3 | BxKt | 35. P-KK+4 | Kt-B5 |
| 8. $Q \times B$ | P-Q3 | 36. BxKt | P×B |
| 9. P-K+3 | Q-K2 | 37. Q-R4ch | K-Kı1 |
| 10. $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{K}+2$ | P-B4 | 38. PXP | P.Q4 |
| 11. P-Q4 | QKt-Q2 | 39. $\mathbf{P \times P}$ | Q-K4 |
| 12. QR-Q1 | B-K5 | 40. $\mathrm{R}(2)-\mathrm{Q} 2$ | R-Q3 |
| 13. $P \times P$ | KtxP | 41. R-Q4 | Q-K6ch |
| 14. Q-K3 | P-K4 | 42. K-R1 | R-K4 |
| 15. B-KR3 | P-QR4 | 43. QXP | Q $\times$ Q |
| 16. Kt-R4 | KR-K1 | 44. $R \times Q$ | R-K7 |
| 17. P-B3 | B-K+3 | 45. R-KKt4 | K-B1 |
| 18. R-Q2 | QR-Q1 | 46. R-K+6 | Kt-Kı2 |
| 19. KR-Q1 | Q-B2 | 47. R-K6 | $\mathbf{R \times R P}$ |
| 20. KtxB | RPxKt | 48. P-B4 | R-Kı7 |
| 21. $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{K}+2$ | Kt-R4 | 49. QR-K1 | $\mathbf{R \times R}$ |
| 22. Q-B3 | Kt -B3 | 50. QP×R | Kt-Q3 |
| 23. P-K4 | Kt-R4 | 51. P-K7ch | K-B2 |
| 24. Q-K3 | Kt-B3 | 52. B-Q5ch | K-K1 |
| 25. B-KR3 | Kt-R2 | 53. B-B6ch | K-B2 |
| 26. R-K2 | Kt-B3 | 54. P-K8(Q) | KtxQ |
| 27. R-KB1 | Kt-R4 | 55. BxKtch | K-B3 |
| 28. B-K†2 | Q-K2 | 56. B-K $\dagger 6$ | Resigns |

KING'S INDIAN DEFENSE World Championship Candidates Switzerland, 1953

| White <br> A. KOTOV |  |  |  | Black MYSLOV |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. P-QB4 | P-QB3 | 21. | R×Kt | R×R |
| 2. Kt -KB3 | P-Q4 | 22. | $\mathrm{B} \times \mathrm{B}$ | B-Q4 |
| 3. P-K3 | Kt-B3 | 23. | Kt-B5 | R-Q3 |
| 4. P-QKt3 | P-KKt3 | 24. | B-K+2 | P-B3 |
| 5. B-K+2 | B-K¢2 | 25. | B-Q4 | Q-KB2 |
| 6. P-Q4 | 0.0 | 26. | P-R3 | R-K1 |
| 7. B-Q3 | P-B4 | 27. | R-QB1 | P-KR4 |
| 8. 0.0 | BPXP | 28. | P-QR4 | P-B4 |
| 9. KtxP | P.K4 | 29. | B-K+2 | K-R2 |
| 10. Kt-K+5 | P-QR3 | 30. | Q-B3 | B-B5 |
| 11. KK+-B3 | $\mathbf{P \times P}$ | 31. | $\mathrm{B} \times \mathrm{B}$ | P×B |
| 12. BXBP | P-QK+4 | 32. | QxP | R-Q6ch |
| 13. B-K2 | B-K+2 | 33. | K-R2 | QxQ |
| 14. Kt-Q2 | P.K5 | 34. | RXQ | R-Q7 |
| 15. P-QK+4 | Q-K2 | 35. | B-B6 | R×P |
| 16. P-QR3 | R-Q1 | 36. | R-Q4 | P-B5 |
| 17. Q-B2 | QKt-Q2 | 37. | R-Q7ch | K-R3 |
| 18. Kt-K+3 | QR-B1 | 38. | P-R4 | P-K+4 |
| 19. KR-Q1 | Kt-Q4 | 39. | $\mathrm{B} \times \mathrm{Pch}$ | K-K+3 |
| 20. RxK+ | BxKt | 40. | $\mathbf{B x P}$ | Resigns |


| FINAL STANDINGS |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Smyslov | 18-10 | Taimanov | 14-14 |
| Bronstein | 16-12 | Auerbach | 13x-143 |
| Keres | 16-12 | Bo'lavsky |  |
| Reshevsky | 16-12 | Szabo | 13-15 |
| Petrosian | 15-13 | Gligoric | 123-153 |
| Geller | 143-133 | Euwe | 113-163 |
| Najdorf | 142, $13 \frac{1}{2}$ | Stahlberg | 8-20 |
| Kotov | 14-14 |  |  |

QUEEN'S INDIAN DEFENSE World Championship Candidates Switzerland, 1953

## White

Black

| White |  |  | Black EVSKY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A. KOTOV |  | S. RESH |  |
| 1. P-Q4 | Kt-KB3 | 35. P-B4 | Kt-K+5 |
| 2. P-QB4 | P-K3 | 36. Kt - B 3 | $\mathbf{R \times R}$ |
| 3. $\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{KB} 3$ | P-QK+3 | 37. KtxR | R-C? 1 |
| 4. P-K3 | B-K+2 | 38. R-Q3 | R×R |
| 5. B-Q3 | B-K2 | 39. $\mathbf{Q} \times \mathrm{R}$ | Q-K+2 |
| 6. 0.0 | 0.0 | 40. Q-K4 | Q-Q2 |
| 7. Kt-B3 | P-Q4 | 41. Kt-B3 | B-B4 |
| 8. Q-K2 | QKt-Q2 | 42. B-Q4 | BxB |
| 9. P-QKt3 | P-QR3 | 43. KtxB | K-B2 |
| 10. B-K+2 | B-Q3 | 44. P-R3 | P-B4 |
| 11. P-K4 | PXKP | 45. Q-Q3 | Kt-B3 |
| 12. KtxP | KtxK+ | 46. Kt - B 3 | Q XQ |
| 13. BxKt | B $\times$ B | 47. Kt-K5ch | K-K2 |
| 14. Q×B | Q-K2 | 48. KtxQ | Kt-K5 |
| 15. QR-K1 | KR-K1 | 49. P-QKt4 | K-Q3 |
| 16. R-K2 | P-QR4 | 50. Kt-K5 | P-R5 |
| 17. KR-K1 | B-K+5 | 51. K-B3 | P-KKi4 |
| 18. R-Q1 | QR-Q1 | 52, K-K3 | P-Kt5 |
| 19. R-K3 | P-KB3 | 53. PxP | RPxP |
| 20. R-K2 | Q-B2 | 54. KtxP | $\mathbf{K t - B 6}$ |
| 21. P-K+3 | B-Q3 | 55. Kt-K5 | Kt-Kt8 |
| 22. Q-B6 | Kt-K+1 | 56. K-Q3 | KtxP |
| 23. Q-K+5 | Kt-Q2 | 57. P-Kı5 | KtxKtP |
| 24. K-K+2 | B-B1 | 58. PxKt | K-B4 |
| 25. P-QR3 | R-B1 | 59. Kt - B 3 | K×P |
| 26. Q-B6 | K+-K+1 | 60. Kt-Q4ch | K-Kı5 |
| 27. Q-K+7 | Q-Q2 | 61. K-B2 | P-K4 |
| 28. Q-K4 | Q-B2 | 62. PXP | K-B4 |
| 29. Q-K+4 | P-R4 | 63. P-K6 | K-Q3 |
| 30. Q-K2 | P-QB4 | 64. K-B3 | P-Kt4 |
| 31. R-Q3 | Kt -B3 | 65. K-Kt4 | K-K2 |
| 32. $R(2)-Q 2$ | $\mathrm{P} \times \mathrm{P}$ | 66. K-B5 | P-R6 |
| 33. KtxP | Kt-K4 | 67. K-25 | Resigns |
| 34. R-QB3 | QR-Q1 |  |  |

## KORN ON ENDINGS

Beginning with the November 20th issue, Walter Korn, noted editor of Modern Chess Openings, will discuss endgame technique and modern endgame compositions in CHESS LIFE.

## U. S. WOMEN'S CHAMPIONSHIP New York

December 5-19, 1953
Site to be announced later

White To Play And Win! by william Rojam

Position No. 225
By J. Moravec
Casopis Cesk. Sachistu, 1908


Position No. 226
2nd Prize, "64," 1933


OUR selection this time is drawn from a collection in L'Echiqier de Paris entitled "A Dozen Humorous Studies." While essentially humorous in the nature of their tactical approach, both studies illustrate principles that may become useful in modified form in actual play.

For solutions, please turn to Page seven.
Send all contributions for this column to William Rojam, \% CHESS LIFE, 123 No. Humphrey Avenue, Oak Park, Illinois.

Puget Sound League probably chalks up a first in U. S. chess league history by including the McNeil Island Prison chess team in its league schedule. For obvious reasons, all the McNeil Island matches will be played at home. Teams in the Puget Sound League are: West Seattle, Seattle YMCA, University of Washington, Seattle Chess Club, Olympia, Kitsap County, Tacoma, and McNeil Island Prison.

## STALICK TAKES WYOMING TITLE

Victory in the Wyoming State event went to Vic Stalick of Douglas with $5-1$ in a 24 -player Swiss at Douglas. Defending Champion Chester Ingle of Thermopolis was second with $41 / 2-11 / 2$.

The four-man team championship was won by the University of Wyoming foursome.

## HAVE YOUR TOURNAMENTS OFFICIALLY RATED!

Ask your Club Secretary or tournament director to write for official rating forms to report the results of your next tournament or match, specifying the type of contest and the approximate number of players.

Official rating forms should
be secured in advance from:Montgomery Major
123 No. Humphrey Avenue Oak Park, Illinois
Do not write to other USGF officials for these rating forms.

[^0]Chess stamps as a topical collection for philatelists again gains notice in the Stamp World as "Topical Time" for Sept.-Oct. features an article by Mrs. Turner Nearing on "Chess Stamps" reminding readers that the first Postmaster General of the USA, Benjamin Franklin, was also a chess enthusiast, writing a treatise on "The Moral of Chess." In addition "Mekeel's Weekly" for August 28th features on its front page an article by Theodora Kock on "Chess On Stamps" with illustrations of a number of examples and a catalogue of available issues similar to the listing in Mrs. Nearing's article.

## 요용

Chess continues to thrive at Massachusetts State Prison at Charleston despite the departure of William J. Couture according to Paul H. Smith, Couture's successor as guardian of chess at Charleston. Boards are plentiful, but there is a scarcity of sets and many players have to be content with home-made makeshifts. The prison library also is very limited in its selection of chess literature. So any reader with a spare set gathering dust or a few discarded chess books could put them to excellent use by sending them to Charleston where they would be most welcome. Interested readers should contact Paul H. Smith, Box 100, Charleston, Mass.

New Zealand's R. G. Wade scored a victory at the Paignton Congress of the Devon County Chess Ass'n with 5-2, drawing four games. T. H. Taylor was second with $41 / 2-21 / 2$, while P. S. Milner-Barry placed third with $4-3$ in the eight player event.

Lansing (Mich.) Chess Club inaugurated the Central Michigan League
season successfully with a $51 / 2-41 / 2$ victory over Kalamazoo Valley-first Lansing victory over Kalamazoo since the Ling victory over Kalam

PENNSYLVANIA STATE CHAMPIONSHIP

## York, 1953

1. R. D. Sobel (Philadelphia) ...........W19 W26 W31 W25 D4 2. A. DiCamillo (Philadelphia) ..........W43 W13 W5 D3 W10 W4 | 3. V. Bomanov (Philadelphia) | ...........W59 W27 W12 D2 |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4. S. Wachs (Philadelphia) | W57 W37 W20 | D1 | W11 | $51-13$ | 23.50 | $\begin{array}{lllllllll}\text { 4. S. Wachs (Philadelphia) } & . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . W 57 ~ W 37 ~ W 20 ~ W 11 ~ & \text { D1 } & \text { L2 } & \text { W12 } & 51-13 & 22.50 \\ \text { 5. W. Byland (Pittsburgh) } & \text {.............W46 W35 } & \text { L2 } & \text { W33 } & \text { D20 } & \text { W23 } & \text { W13 } & 5 \mathrm{~d}-11 & 20.75\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllll}\text { 5. W. Byland (Pittsburgh) } \\ \text { 6. D. Schrader (Philadelphi.......W46 } & \text { W35 } \\ \text { 7. }\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllll}\text { 6. D. Schrader (Philadelphia) } \\ \text { 7. W........W51 } & \text { W18 } & \text { W22 W28 } & \text { D23 } & \text { W20 } & \text { D8 } \\ \text { 7. }\end{array}$ 8. N. Coleburn (Washington, D.C.) W66 W39 D11 W9 D3 D10 D6 9. E. N. Spector (Philadelphia) ........D21 W58 W18 L8 D7 W35 D16 $\begin{array}{lllllll}\text { 10. P. Sherr (Allentown) } & \text { …..................W42 W36 A21 } & \text { W7 } & \text { L2 } & \text { D8 } & \text { D14 } \\ \text { 11. P. Roth (Pittsburgh) }\end{array}$ 12. Dr. A. L. Bolden (Philadelphia) ..W49 W17 L3 D15 W30 W37 L4 13. E. Dreher (Willow Grove) ...........W61 L2 W40 W16 D25 W24 L5 14. H. H. Chu (Philadelphia) .............W65 L34 W44 D35 W15 D21 D10 15. T. B. Eekenrode (Laneaster) ........L60 W54 W47 D12 L14 W22 W31 17. S. Sklaroff (Philadelphia) ..............W62 L12 W38 L21 D39 W43 W30

 19. M. F. Cleaver (Allentown) .............W33 W28 L4 21. N. Hurttlen (Union, N. J.)
22. Ho.........D9
22. H6 W60 D10 $\begin{array}{llllll}\text { Wottstein (York) } & \text { W..............W48 } & \text { D7 } & \text { L6 } & \text { D26 } & \text { W42 } \\ \text { D14 } & \text { L15 } & \text { W46 }\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllll}\text { 23. Charles Kalme (Philadelphia) .........W45 W11 } & \text { L11 } & \text { W48 } & \text { W26 } & \text { W42 } & \text { L15 } & \text { W46 } \\ \text { 23. }\end{array}$ 24. L. Brickman (Philadelphia) ..........D52 W47 L7 W55 W29 L13 D23 25. T. C. Gutekunst (Allentown) .......... W55 W30 W34 L1
26. R. P. Kemble (Lancaster) 26. R. P. Kemble (Lancaster)
27. P. B. ...........W50 Driver (Ridley Park) ..........W36 L3 $\begin{array}{lllllll}\text { L33 } & \text { D22 } & \text { W54 } & \text { D29 } & \text { W42 } \\ \text { 27 }\end{array}$ 28. W. L. Arkless (Lansdowne) ..........W56 L20 W49 L6 W52 L30 W45 29. D. Spiro (Pittsburgh) …............................. W43 W19 D30 L24 D26 D39 30. C. Sovel (Philadelphia) ...............W41 L25 W46 D29 L12 W28 L17 31. D. Schatanoff (New Freedom) ....W29 D16 L1 L27 W58 W33 L15 $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllll}\text { 32. J. C. Bortner (York) } & \text {....................L36 } & \text { W41 } & \text { D35 } & \text { L39 } & \text { W49 W52 } & \text { L18 } \\ \text { 33. D. Burg (Philadelphia) } & \text {.............L20 } & \text { W57 } & \text { W26 } & \text { L5 } & \text { W62 } & \text { L31 } & \text { D35 }\end{array}$ 34. M. Bender (Mechanicsburg) ............D54 W14 L25 L23 W40 D18 D38 35. B. Berger (Pittsburgh) ..................W64 L5 D32 D14 W47 L9 D33 $\begin{array}{llllllll}\text { 36. E. A. Coons (Sewickley) } & \text {................W32 } & \text { L10 W51 } & \text { W37 } & \text { D21 } & \text { L7 } & \text { L20 } \\ \text { 37. J. G. Waltz (Pittsburgh) }\end{array}$ 37. J. G. Waltz (Pittsburgh)
hia) .................. 8. D. Sherman (Philadelphia) L11 W63 L17 W49 L37 W60 D34 39. W. Hall (Philadelphia) $\begin{array}{llllllllllll}\text { W67 } & \text { L8 } & \text { D54 } & \text { W32 } & \text { D17 } & \text { L16 } & \text { D29 }\end{array}$ 40. Leroy Guthridge (York) $\qquad$ $\begin{array}{lllllll}7 & \text { W56 } & \text { L13 D55 L34 W63 D37 }\end{array}$ 42. Leonard Divac (Philadelphia) 3.4 (8.50); 43. E. F. Laucks (West Orange, N.J.) 3.4 (7.50): 44. Dimitro Grenda (York) $3-4$ 6.50); 45. S. S. Bird (Allentown) 3-4 (5.50); 46. Janls Sube (Lancaster) 3-4 (5.50); 47. Hudson Cattell (Lancaster) 3-4 (5.50); 48. Dave Waight (Carlisle) $3-4$ (5.00); 49. Rae Stiening Pittsburgh) $3-4$ ( 4.00 ); 50. C. A. Miller (Yoe) 3-4 (2.00); 51. J. Schatanoff (New Freedom) $21-43$ (7.50); 52. E. Moskowitz (Mt. Carmel) $2 \frac{3}{2}-4 \frac{1}{2}$ (7.00); 53. P. Freedman (Harrlsburg) $2 \frac{1}{2}-43$ ( 5.75 ); 54. J. Miltenberger (Johnstown) 21-41 (5.75); 55 . Wm. J. Kiraly (Harisburg) $21-43$ (4.25); 56. Herman Bottstein (York) $2 \frac{1}{2}-4 \frac{1}{2}$ (4.00); 57. H. W. Shields (Mt. Joy) $21-41$ ( 4.00 ); 58. H. E. Ericson (Fullerton) $2 \frac{1}{2}-4 \frac{1}{2}$ (3.75); 59. Ed. J. Kish (Bradford) 21-43 (1.75); 60. F. R. Dearborff (York) 2.5 ( 5.50 ); 61. N. L. Stuver Johnstown) 2.5 ( 5.00 ); 62. M. Sauder (Manheim) $2-5$ (3.50); 63. R. Mumma (Mechanicsburg) 2-5 (2.00); 64. Mrs. Naomi Culbertson (York) $2-5$ ( 0.00 ); 65. A. Logan (Harrisburg) 11-5늘 (1.75); 66. R. Houghton (Reading) 1-6 (0.00); 67. D. W. Waight, Jr. (Carlisle) 1-6 (0.00).

Shields forfeited to Bird, and Deardorff to Laucks.
7th SWENSON MEMORIAL TOURNAMENT Omaha, 1953

| 1. A. C. Ludwig .......................................... D2 | W4 | W3 | D5 | W6 | 4-1 | 11.00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2. R. Vincent ............................................... ${ }^{\text {D }}$ | W6 | W7 | L3 | W5 | 31-12 | 8.00 |
| 3. J. Spence ..............................................W6 | W5 | L1 | W2 | L4 | 3-2 | 8.00 |
| 4. D. Sheffer ............................................W8 | L1 | L5 | W7 | W3 | 3 -2 | 5.00 |
| 5. E. Ireland ..............................................W7 | L3 | W4 | D1 | L2 | 21-22 | 6.50 |
| 6. B. Laison $2-3$; 7. E. Bishop $13-3 \frac{3}{2}$; 8. T. | hea | -43. |  |  |  |  |

CITY OF MIAMI CHAMPIONSHIP

## Miami, 1953

1. August Swarz (Miami) ........................W12 D3 $\begin{aligned} & \text { W6 } \\ & \text { W4 } \\ & \text { W10 } \\ & \text { W2 }\end{aligned}$
2. Charles Wisch (Miami) ..........................W6 W4

Otten (Miami)
4. Aaron Goldman (Miami Beach)
5. Murray G Cohen (Miami)
6. Charles Shaw (Miami) $\qquad$ $\begin{array}{ll}\text { L7 } 7 & \text { W } \\ \text { L2 } & \text { L8 }\end{array}$
7. N. B. Church (Miami) 2-3 (14.00); 8. Carlton Hurst W9 W11 3-2 7. N. B. Church (Miami) $2-3(14.00) ;$ 8. Carlton Hurst (Coral Gables) $2-3$ (13.50); 9 .
R. L. Washburn (Miami) $2-3(12.50) ; 10$. A. Chinn (Miami) $2-3 ~ 11.00) ; 11$. Wm. Rathbone (Miaml) 1-4; 12. Anthony Pabon, Jr. (Miami) 0-5.

Pabon forfelted to Rathbone and Chinn.

## SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA QUALIFYING TOURNAMENT

## Los Angeles, 1953



Due to the transfer of Jim Schmitt of Portland, Ore. to San Francisco, the proposed Oregon Chess Bulletin never got beyond the planning stage.

Again at Cleveland Public Library the Treasure Room is open on Saturday afternoons from 2:00 p.m. to $5: 30$ p.m. for chess playing juniors.

Smyslov Holds Lead Once Again

## In Seesaw World Candidates Event

## By Staff Writer WILLIAM ROJAM

AS we view the first twenty-two rounds of the thirty round World Championship Candidates Tournament which will produce a challenger to play a match in 1954 with World Champion Mikhail Botvinnik for the world title, it has been an event of ups and downs with first Reshevsky and then Smyslov holding the lead by a narrow margin always.

Smyslov, who outpointed Reshevsky by one-half point in the World Championship Tournament of 1948, was considered by many to be slipping and his more recent performances indicated to critics that the hope of the USSR might lie elsewhere. Now it becomes apparent that the Soviet Grandmaster might have been resting on his laurels for a time but in no way was suffering from any impairment of his skill.
Bronstein continues as a lurking menace, very much in the contention as was expected, and in a surprise recovery that began last year Keres is also among the contenders, playing with some of the old verve that distinguished him in the past. As prophesied by many, Kotov, Najdorf, Gligoric, Petrosian and Boleslavsky are also among the upper ranks of contenders (in which surprisingly Auerbach is also to be found), while among the more lagging scorers are found Taimanov and Geller and Szabo for whom some predicted great things.

In the present standings, the primary factors were the loss suffered by keshevsky in attempting to win a difficult Knight ending from Kotov while Smyslov was fattening his score with a victory over Geller. In this tournament Kotov seems the giant-killer, as he also served Smyslov with his only defeat. STANDINGS

| Twenty-Two Rounds |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Smyslov | 141.7d | Auerbach | 108-11d |
| Reshevsky | 131.83 | Boleslavsky | 108-11 |
| Bronstein | 13 2 -9 | Taimanov | 10-11 |
| Keres | 13 -10 | Euwe | 9) -12」 |
| Kotov | 12-10 | Szabo | 915-125 |
| Najdorf | 11-10 | Geller | 9-12 |
| Gligoric | 11-11 | Stahlberg | 6-16 |
| Petrosian | 103.10s |  |  |


| KING'S INDIAN DEFENSE <br> World Championship Candidates Switzerland, 1953 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| White |  |  |  | Black |
|  | RESHE | SKY | A. | кот |
|  | P-Q4 | Kt-KB3 | 22. KtxP | Q-R4 |
|  | P-QB4 | P.Q3 | 23. $\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{K}+3$ | ax |
|  | Kt-QB3 | QKt-Q2 | 24. RXB | t-k2 |
|  | Kt - B 3 | P-KKł3 | 25. Rx | QxRP |
|  | P-K4 | P.K4 | 26. B-K+5 | KR.Q1 |
|  | B-K2 | B-K+2 | 27. Q-B3 | B-B1 |
|  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 28. B-B4 | Q-K+7 |
|  | R-K1 | P-B3 | 29. QxPc | K.R1 |
|  | B-B1 | Kt-K1 | 30. P-K5 | Q-86 |
|  | R-K+1 | Kt-B2 | 31. K-B1 | R-K+1 |
|  | P-QK+4 | P-QB4 | 32. P-B6 | QR-B1 |
|  | QPxBP | PxP | 33. B-K6 | -Q6ch |
|  | B-R3 | Kt -K3 | 34. K-K+1 | Q-K7 |
|  | PxP | R-K1 | 35. Qx | RXQ |
|  | Kt-QK | QK+xP | 36. RxQ | RXQBP |
|  | Q-Q5 | Kt-R5 | 37. RxKt | P-QR4 |
|  | R-K+3 | Kt.K+3 | 38. P-R4 | P-R5 |
|  | Q-Q1 | B-Q2 | 39. Kt -Q | -B8ch |
|  | P-B5 | Kt-B1 | 40. K-R2 | R.Q8 |
|  | R-Q3 | Kt-Q5 | 41. Kt-K+5 | R-QKt8 |
|  | . $\mathrm{Kt}(5) \times \mathrm{Kt}$ | PxKt | 42. K | s |
| KING'S INDIAN DEFENSE <br> World Championship Candidates Switzerland, 1953 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Dr. EUWE M, NAJDOR |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. | P-Q4 | Kt-KB3 | 20. KtxP | B-86ch |
| 2. | P-QB4 | P-KK+3 | 21. K-B1 | QxBP |
|  | P-KK+3 | B-K+2 | 22. Kt -B4 | K-R1 |
| 4. | B-K+2 | 0.0 | 23. K+xB | ( |
|  | Kt -QB | P-84 | 24. $\mathrm{Kt}(3)-\mathrm{K} 2$ |  |
|  | P-Q5 | P-K4 |  | KR-R+1 |
| 7. | B-K+5 | P-KR3 | 25. P-R5 | R-K+4 |
|  | BxKt | QxB | 26. Kt -Kt | RxKt |
|  | P-Q6 | Kt-B3 | 27. PxR | Rxp |
|  | P-K3 | P-K+3 | 28. K-B2 | R-K1 |
|  | B-Q5 | K-R1 | 29. R-K1 | R×R |
|  | . $\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{K} 4$ | Q-Q1 | 30. QxR | K-K+2 |
|  | P-KR4 | P-B4 | 31. Q-K8 | Q-B7ch |
|  | Kt-K+5 | B-Kt2 | 32. K-K+1 | Q-Q8ch |
|  | P-KKt4 | P-K5 | 33. K-R2 | Q-B7ch |
|  | Kt-K2 | BxP | 34. $\mathrm{K}+\mathrm{K} \dagger 2$ | Q-B4 |
|  | Kt-B4 | Q-B3 | 35. Q-K+8ch | K-B3 |
|  | PxP | BxR | 36. Q-R8ch | K-Kı4 |
|  | KtxPch | K-K+2 | 37. Q-Kt7ch |  |

## KING'S INDIAN DEFENSE World Championship Candidates Switzerland, 1953



THE Clubs listed below are affiliated with the U. S. Chess Federation. All tournaments conducted by these clubs are rated. If your club is not getting the benefits of affiliation, write for details and application blank to Kenneth Harkness, USCF Business Manager, 93 Barrow Street, New York 14, N. Y.

## ARIZONA

Encanto Chess Club, Phoenix
Meets at 2700 North 15 th ave. Wednesdays, $7: 30$ p.m. to midnight, Saturdays 1:30 p.m. to 5:30 p.m. Secy: G. E. Thompson, 4613 N. 11th Pl. Phoenix, Ariz.

## CALIFORNIA

Lincoln Park Chess \& Checker Club, Lincoln Park, Long Beach, Calif.
Meets at Lincoln Park daily, 10 a.m. to 10 p.m. Sec'y: John P. Looney, 132 W. First St. Long Beach, Calif.

Capital City Chess Club, Sacramento
Meets Sacramento Turn Verein, 3349 J. st. Wednesdays 7:30 p.m. Sec'y: J. B. Gee, 5318 Callister ave., Sacramento, 19, Calif.

## FLORIDA

Greater Miami Chess Club, Miami

- Meets Recreation Center, Flamingo Park, Miami Beach. N. B. Church, 38 N.W. 79 st., Miami, Fla,

St. Petersburg Chess Club, St. Petersburg

Meets daily at Chess Divan, 540 Fourth ave. North, St. Petersburg. President: David Hughes, 540 Fourth ave. North, St. Petersburg, Fla.
ILLINOIS
Ottawa Chess Club, Ottawa
Sec'y: Frank Langley, 620 Hardin st. Ottawa, Ill.

## KANSAS

Wichita YMCA Chess Club, Wichita
Meets YMCA, 424 East 1st st., Fridays 7:30 p.m. K. R. MacDonald, \% YMCA, Wichita, Kansas.

## KENTUCKY

Lexington Chess Club, Lexington
Meets YMCA, East High st. Thursdays 7 p.m., Saturdays 1 p.m. Sec'y: James A. Roark, 455 Clifton ave., Lexington, Kentucky.

## LOUISIANA

New Orleans Chess Club, New Orleans
Meets at New Orleans YMCA, 936 St. Charles Ave., Fridays at 8 p.m. Sec'y: Alfred 13. Wills, 5825 Music st., New Orleans, La.

## MASSACHUSETTS

Amherst College Chess Club
Amherst College, Amherst, Mass. Lithuanian Chess Club, So. Boston, Mass.
Meets at South Boston Lithuanian Citizen's Club, So. Boston. Sec'y: Andrius Keturakis, 842 E. 5th st., So. Bosdrius Keturak
ton 27 , Mass.
Newburyport Chess Club, Newburyport
Meets at YMCA, Newburyport, Wednesdays, 8 p.m. Sec'y: Margaret Gould 15 Walnut st., Newburyport, Mass.
The South Shore Chess Players, Quincy
Meets YMCA, Quincy, Wednesdays and Saturdays. Secsy: F. E. Benner, 116 Quincy Shore Drive, North Quincy, Mass Holy Cross Chess Club
Holy Cross University, Worcester, Mass.
MICHIGAN
Detroit Chess, Checker Be Bridge Club 2467 Grand River Ave., Detroit 1.
Meets at above address every day noon to midnight. See'y: Harry Schech noon to midnight. See'y: Harry Schech ter, 2467 Grand River ave., Detroit.
Jewish Community Center Chess Club Detroit
Meets at D. W. Simons Center, 4000
Meets at D. W. Simons Center, 4000
Tuxedo, Detroit 4 and at 12 th st. CounTuxedo, Detroit 4 and at 12 th st. Coun-
cil Center, 8687 12th st., 6 days a week. cil Center, 868712 th st., 6 days a week. Sec'y: Sam Bolker.
King's Men Chess Club, Highland Park
Meets at 39 Massachusetts ave., High land Park 3, every other Wednesday at 8 p.m. Sec'y: Carl Haessler, 39 Mass. ave., Highland Park 3, Mich.
MINNESOTA
Minneapolis Chess \& Checkers Club, Minneapolis
Meets at 32 Glenwood ave., Minneapolis Wednesday evenings and Saturday all day. Sec'y: E. J. Miller, 515 Huron st., S.E., Minneapolis, Minn. Huron st.,
MISSOURI
Kansas City YMCA Chess Club, Kansas Kansas Cit
City, Mo.
Meets at YMCA, 404 East 10th st. Sec'y: Charles W. Graham, 404 E. 10th
©ess Life
Thursday, Page 3 November 5, 1953

Downtown YMCA Chess Club, St. Louis Meets at 1528 Locust st., St. Louis 3, Thursdays and Saturdays, 7:30 p.m. and Sundays, 2:30 p.m. Sec'y: Miss Helen Staudinger, 4026 Utah st., St. Louis 16, Mo.
16, Mo.
Stevens Institute of Technology Chess Club

Stevens Institute, Hoboken, N. J.
Jersey City YMCA Chess Club, Jersey City
Meets Friday evenings Sept. through May at YMCA, 654 Bergen ave., Jersey City 4, Sec'y: William Walbrecht, 6 Webster ave., Jersey City, N. J.
NEW MEXICO
Albuquerque Chess Club, Albuquerque
Meets YMCA Fridays at 7 p.m. Sec'y: Warren Miller, 822 Gold ave., SW., Albuquerque, N.M.

## buquerque, NEW YORK <br> \section*{NEW YORK}

ooklyn College Chess Club
Bedford ave. \& Ave. H, Brooklyn, N.Y. Queen City Chess Club, Buffalo

Meets at 410 Elmwood ave., Buffalo 22. Daily, 1 p.m. to 1 a.m.

IBM Chess Club, Johnson City
Meets IBM Country Club, RD 2, Watson blvd., Fridays at $8 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. Sec'y: W. W. White, 42 Fenton ave., Binghamton, N. Y.

South Shore Chess Club, Massapequa, L. I.
J. C. Simendinger, Sec'y, 8 Harvard
st,, Massapequa, I. I., N.Y.
Churchilt Chess \& Bridge Club, Inc., New York

Meets at 252 West 76th st. Daily, 2 p.m. to 1 a.m. Siegmund Birnbaum, 252 W. 76th st., New York 23, N. Y.

City College Chess Club
Convent ave. \& 137 th st., New York,
Nolumbia Chess Club
407 John Jay Hall, Columbia Univer. sity, New York 27, N. Y.
Fordham University Chess Club
Fordham University, Bronx, N. Y.
Manhattan Chess Club
100 Central Park South, New York 19 , N.Y. Meets daily from Noon to Midnight. Sec'y: Hans Kmoch, 100 Central Park So.

## Marshall Chess Club

23 West 10th st., New York 11, N. Y. Meets daily Noon to Midnight. Sec'y: Mrs. Caroline Marshall, 23 West 10th st., New York 11, N. Y
New York University Chess Club
University Heights, Bronx, N. Y.
New York Academy of Chess \& Check-
ers 212 West 42nd st. Daily.
OHIO
Cleveland Twist Drill Chess Club
Meets Fridays, 7:30 p.m. at 1242 East 49th st., Cleveland 14, Ohio. Sec'y: Willis A. Van Sickle.

Western Reserve University Chess Club
Sec'y: Lawrence Lipking, 3444 Superior Park Drive, Cleveland Hgts. 18, Ohio. Columbus $Y$ Chess Club
Meets Central YMCA, Columbus Thursdays 7:30 p.m. Sec'y: Tim Anderson, 1549 Weber Rd., Columbus, Ohio.
(Please turn to page 8 , col. 4)

| UNITED STATES CHESS FEDERATION |  |
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## Concerning Forfeits

## Pardon one offence and you encourage the commission of many.

## PUBLILIUS SYRUS-Maxims

$T \begin{aligned} & \text { HE report in the Washington Chess Letter on the Washington State } \\ & \text { Open Championship laments the large portion of forfeited games }\end{aligned}$ in this 24 -player event-for there were no less 18 forfeits. And in particular the report comments upon the discourtesy attendant on most the forfeits by the player simply failing to show up without notice or communication, leaving the tournament directôr unable to discern if the forfeit was from an unavoidable mischance or merely poor sportsmanship, and equally unable to make next round pairings with accuracy for lack of knowledge as to whether the missing player, like a bad penny, will turn up for the next round.

While the U. S. Open Chamiponship this year was remarkably clean in the matter of forfeits and the only player to withdraw from the U. S. Candidates had a very legitimate excuse of serious illness, other tournaments on state and regional level have been badly plagued with such forfeitures. It is time that tournament promoters take serious thought on how to quell the nuisance.

There are apparently only two methods of dealing with the forfeiture. Both methods recognize that deliberate forfeiture without serious reason is a crime against the other players in the tournament in upsetting the tournament schedule, causing unnecessary byes, and sometimes making a hard-working player lose out on a tie-breaking because he did not win the point by force but gained it by gift.

We suggest that tournament promoters seriously consider both methods of punishment for deliberate forfeiture which we will outline, and go beyond consideration to the point of enforcing one of the two penalties suggested, unless they can create some ingenious method of their own for maintaining discipline.

First, there is the method of fining the delinquent player-in other words, hitting his pocket since he is deficient in sportsmanship (otherwise he would not withdraw because he got off to a bad start) and cannot be touched by appealing to his honor. This is effected by adding a $\$ 5.00$ returnable pledge to the entry fee of the tournament. Those players who complete their schedules without forfeiture gain a refund of their $\$ 5.00$ pledge; those who forfeit games, forfeit the $\$ 5.00$ pledge to the tournament fund, swelling the prize awards of those players who have suffered in one form or another by their delinquency. This is an effective method, for it is notable that forfeitures are infrequent in tournaments like the U. S. Open which have a rather large entry fee. The tournaments with the modest entry fees are the ones most plagued by forfeitures.

Second, there is the method of ostracism for the delinquent player -in other words, accepting his own valuation of himself as being unworthy of competing in an association of chess players. When a player has deliberately forfeited games without warning or for insufficient cause, his entry could be refused the next time he proposed to play in an event. And wary tournament promoters will not confine this form of ostracism to players who have been delinquent in their own events of the past, but will be wise to keep tab on other tournaments of a similar nature and refuse to accept entries from those players who have failed in their obligation to play through the event elsewhere.

But care must be taken in enforcing such penalties (which, of course, should be announced well in advance of the tournament) that
no player is penalized who has a legitimate reason for withdrawing, provided the tournament management is promptly informed of the withdrawal and the reason for it. Sickness of the player or a member of his family, unexpected and unforeseen business demands which cannot be ignored are among those reasons to be labelled legitimate excuses.

However, all reasons for withdrawal from an event in progress should be scrutinized carefully, for not only do forfeitures and withdawals upset the tournament schedule, cause wearisome byes for other players, and work injustices in tie-breaking, such delinquincies also may serve to deprive players of some part of the credit due to them in their USCF Ratings, if they are unfortunate enough to be the recipient of forfeits or byes created by withdrawals, for the USCF Rating System cannot credit the unearned points due to byes and forfeits.

It is indeed time that we recognized that the player who deserts a tournament after a round or two because his score is below the point his egotism demands, is not only devoid of sportsmanship but is also to be considered a chess criminal-a character to penalized rather than pampered and condoned.

## ALFRED L. LUDWIG

$I^{T}$is with a profound sense of shock that we report the passing of USCF Vice-President Alfred L. Ludwig from a cerebrial hemmorage on October 6, 1953. For those who in August enjoyed his bouyant companionship at the U. S. Open at Milwaukee this news may seem unbelievable. On October 19th, Al Ludwig would have been 41 years old, and seemed the picture of good health; that he was a victim of a diabetic condition was a fact he never knew nor suspected.

Many-sided in his interests, Al Ludwig was a golfer of repute whose dream of a hole-in-one was fulfilled only last September on the 100 yard 9th hole at Spring Lake Park; and while he never made the "Hit Parade" he was author of a number of popular songs which achieved considerable measure of success. For fifteen years he was a golf professional at the Omaha Field Club before becoming a salesman for a machinery company and many years ago he was for a time a professional boxer.

More recently he has been "Mr. Chess" in the Mid-West. playing in more tournaments a year than any other player, yet finding time in addition to act as tournament director and organizer of other chess events. In correspondence chess he was equally well known, winning the CCLA Grand National Championship in 1945. In September of this year he won the Swenson Memorial Tournament in Omaha for the fourth successive time. He was associate editor of the Nebraska Chess Bulletin, and had served for many years as USCF Director from Nebraska before being elevated to a Vice-Presidency at Milwaukee this year.

Al Ludwig is survived by his widow, Josephine, and two fine youngsters, Alfred Jr. and Fred, whose interests in football, golf and wrestling he actively encouraged. To these, his parents, brothers and sister the most sincere sympathy of all chess players who knew Al Ludwig is extended, for he was uniquely without enemies, and filled a place in the affection of many which will hereafter always remain empty.

## STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS <br> 54th ANNUAL USCF CONGRESS AND OPEN CHAMPIONSHIP <br> MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN, AUGUST 10-21, 1953

RECEIPTS:


## Hypothetical Game

Illustrating Principles, Rules, and Objectives
(Continued from issue of October 20)


After Black plays: 11. ........, Q-K2 Nullifies threat of Third Objective Threat of Third Objective
Continuing with the game: White is on the move and must find out what his opponent threatens. Again he considers the possible blunders, and realizes that Black does threaten to win the King-Pawn with a series of captures, beginning with $\mathrm{BxB}(\mathrm{K} t 6)$. This threat is only a threat because the White King is opposing the Black Queen after the captures are completed Suppose White makes an irrelevant move such as: 12. P-KR3, Black immediately answers with BxB; 13


RPxB, KtxP; 14. KtxKt, QxKt ch. Black has won a Pawn without compensating White.

Another picture would show that if the White King were not on K1 this winning of the Pawn would be impossible. Under these conditions could Black take the KingPawn? No, for a quick reference to the principles of blunders (CHESS LIFE, March 20, 1953) would prove that Black certainly cannot do it with safety.

Example: Can I pin? With what results? It is immediately clear that here Black has made a blund-

[^1]
cr. He has overlooked that White can win his Queen by playing one of his Rooks to K1, thus pinning the Queen and thereby winning it for a Rook, and eventually winning the game. This final picture gives the student an idea as to what White's move should be.


After White plays: 12 , O-O-O Nullifies threat of Third Objective Developing move

Of course, it is Castling; but which side should be eastled since he can castle on either side? Referring to the position, White must decide which move will give more Time or Space. For example, in the case of this particular position, we know that the Rooks are best posted on their King and Queen squares, therefore we want to accomplish this position with the least number of moves (Time). Castling on the Queen-side, followed by KR-K1 takes two moves; castling on the King-side takes three moves to arrive at the same position.-1) Castling, 2) QR-Q1, 3) KR-K1.

Another important principle applies here. Say that all major Forces have been exchanged; according to the rules for the endgame, the King should march toward the center of the board. The following is a hypothetical position and the student must understand the above rules clearly in order that later he may use them automatically. The mastery of these principles is what will win the game, and ignoring any one of them may cause blunders.

The aim is to get the White King to K3. Castling on the Queen-
side will take two moves: 1) K-Q2, 2) K-K3. Castling on the King-side will take three moves: 1) $\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{B} 1$, 2) K-B2, 3) K-K3. By castling on the King-side another move has been lost for the endgame, where control of Space and the advantage in Time are especially important. Of course, there are exceptions to all rules. You would not deliberately castle to a side where the opponent has an open file nor where the opponent has advanced his Pawns for attack. You should castle on the side where your opponent eastles, for in that way the chances of being attacked are fewer. You should castle to the opposite side only if his development is superior (ahead in Time and Space). You should not castle on the side where you have a weakness, for it may be attacked by your opponent even if he is ahead in Space, for the Time element (counter-attack) will give your opponent the advantage. I believe you have now been given enough musts and must-nots, and enough dos and do-nots to understand why one way of castling is better than another. Once you have mastered the principles and make a decision you must follow it strictly unless the situation calls for sudden changes in plans.

Now that the student knows why the King-Pawn cannot be captured, Black will have to make a move which will be a developing one and one which will continue the threat of $\mathrm{BxB}(\mathrm{Kt6})$, followed by KtxP. This developing move is 12. O-O-O, castling on the Queen-side.


After Black plays: 12. ........, O-O-O Threat of Third Objective ( $\mathrm{B} \times \mathrm{B}$ at $\mathrm{K}+6$, followed by KtxP)
Developing move
This develops the Qucen-Rook and still retains the initial threat of BxB (Kt6) and KtxP.
(To be continued)
Cleveland Chess Ass'n at its annual meeting reelected the complete slate of 1952-53 officers, with Ernest Mehwald as president, Herbert Weise first vice-president, Juan L. Pujol second vice-president, Norda Troy secretary, and Harald Miller treasurer. Guest speaker at the annual meeting was Elliott $\mathbf{E}$. Stearns, one of the founders of the Ass'n, who traced the origins of chess and gave reminiscences of John G. White, whose famous chess collection now reposes in the Cleveland Public Library.

## Chess Life In Vew York

By Eliot Hearst

oUT to avenge a close 7-5 defeat at the hands of the Mar shall Chess Club in New York last spring, the Franklin C. C. of Phil adelphia played host to its friendly rivals in a return match recently. Sad to relate, however, the Mar shallites appeared most unappre ciative guests on this occasion, for they romped off with a decisive $91 / 2-21 / 2$ triumph, dropping only a single game in the process. With all due respect to the Marshall victors it must be admitted that the Franklin Club was playing without the services of several of its most powerful experts-Wachs, DiCamillo, Morris, and Ruth, to name but four-and such an initial disadvantage was much too much to overcome.
The top game of the match resulted from the pairing of Arthur Bisguier, who was playing his first match game for the Marshall C. C. (he's a regular Manhattan C.C. contestant), and Dr. Paul Schmidt, recent immigrant from Estonia who had years ago been Paul Keres' chief rival in his native country and who still retains an international reputation. Outside of a sparkling victory over Jack Collins in the previous Marshall match, Dr. Schmidt had played little serious chess since his arrival in the U. S.; even so, Franklin members were predicting another win for him against the victor in the recent U. S. Candidates Tourney. Their enthusiasm was soon dimmed, however, for Bisguier quickly wrested an opening advantage for his formidable opponent and was the first to score for the visitors. Santasiere, Sherwin, Hearst, Mednis, Saidy, Donovan, and Fajans eventually followed suit for the Marshallites, while Gutekunst scored the sole victory for the home forces. After the match had been completed, the Franklin Club led by its president, Bill Ruth, treated the Marshall team to a fine meal at a leading Philadelphia restaurant; all agreed the contest had been a great success and plans are already being made for a rematch in New York this coming spring!
IN BRIEF: Finalists in this year's Marshall C. C. Championship include present co-champion Tony Santasiere, Jack Collins, Edmar Mednis, and Jim Sherwin as the (Please turn to page 7, col 2)


# GAMES BY USCF MEMBERS 

Annotated by Chess Master JOHN W. COLLINS, New York State Champion, 1952

USCF MEMBERS: Submit your best games for this department to JOHN W. COLLINS, 91 Lenox Road, Brooklyn 26, N.Y. Space being limited, Mr. Collins will select the most interesting and instructive for publication. Unless otherwise stated notes to games are by Mr. Collins.

## YARMAK DEFEATS BURGER

Saul N. Yarmak of Passaic, New Jersey, the new U.S. Junior Champion, defeated Karl Burger of Brooklyn, New York, in a scrappy, slippery game in the Junior event. And defeating "Drawing Master Karl (shades of the original Drawing Master, Karl Schlechter) is news these days. He did not lose a game in the New York State Championship at Cazenovia nor in the $U$. S. Candidates Tournament at Philadelphia, All the more credit to the new Champion!

## SICILIAN DEFENSE

MCO: page 286, column 107
U. S. Junior Championship Kansas City, 1953
White

## 22. Q-K+4

Believing he has the superior Pawn structure, White seeks an exchange of Queens, and the end-gam which would result from it. 23. KR-QKt1, R-QKt1; 24. P-QR4, winning the QKtP, is part of the text too
22. ........ Kt-K6 23. $\mathbf{Q} \times \mathrm{Q} \quad \mathrm{R} \times \mathrm{Q}$
 Favorable to white is 23.
KR-QKt1, R-QKt1; 25. PxQ; 24.
P-QR4, P-Kt5; 26. PxP, PxP; 27. R-Kt3.
Now an ending results in which the White Knight is superior to the Black Bishop. Black might try 24 . ........, Kt-B5; and if $25 . \mathrm{P}-\mathrm{QR4}, \mathrm{PxP}$; 26. R×P, B-K2; 27. $\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{R} 8 \mathrm{ch}, \mathrm{B}-\mathrm{Q1}$; followed by ........, O-O. $\begin{array}{llll}\text { 25. K×Kt } & \text { R-BS } & \text { 26. } \mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{Kt} 3 & \text { K-Q2 }\end{array}$ Other possibilities are 26. ......., P-B3; 27. PxP, PxP; 28. R-QKt1, R-B4; 29. P-QR4!? PxP; 30. R-Kt8 ch, K-B2. Or 26. ......., B-K2; 27. P-B6, PxP; 28. PxP, B-Q1. 27. R-QK+1 K-B3 28. R-K 44

In order to exchange a pair of Rooks and accentuate the superiority of the Knight over the Bishop in this ending.
28. ........ B-K2

At last!
29. P-B6
PxP 30. Kt -B5
An in-between move. 30. RxR ch, would negate the possibility of $30 . \ldots . . .$. , RxR. 30. ........ B-B1

A case when home is not so sweet. Black apparently figures he must keep control of the KB1-QR6 diagonal. And that he can get the Bishop back in the game via KR3 later on. But 30. ........, ExR; 31. RPxR (or 31. KtxB ch, K-Q2; 32. RPxR, KxKt; 33. RxP, R-R1; 34. RR6, RxP; 35. RxRP, K-B1; with a probR6, RxP; 35. RxRP, K-Bx; with a prob-
able draw) K-Q2; 32. PxP, R-Kt1 ch; 33 . K-B1, B-Q1; 34. R-Q3, B-B2; and Black is still in business. Or 30. ......, B-Q1; 31. R-Q3, B-B2; 32. Kt-K7 ch, K-Q2; 33. PxP, R -R1; and again Black has counterchances.
31. RxRch

PXR $\quad$ 32. Kt-K3!


Attacking two BPs and much stronger than 32. PxP. The two White pieces and the newborn passed-QRP now begin to coordinate very effectively
32. ....... R-K+1 33. R×P B-K2 If 33. ........, RxPch; 34. K-B2, R-Kt2; 35. Kt-B5, wins.
34. RxP BxP 35. $\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{Q} 5$ !

With the threats of 35. P-QR4 and 37 . R-B7 mate, and 36. RxP.
35. ......... B-R3ch

Perhaps thinking to protect the RP with 36. ........, R-Kt2.
36. K-B3 R-QR1

Black now sees that after 36. ........, RKt2; 37. RxR, BxR; 38. P-QR4, P-R4; (else 39 . K-Kt4, 40. K-B5, and 41. K-K6, wins) 39 . K-Kt3, White wins the RP and the game.
37. R-B7ch K-Kt4
Double threat: $\quad 38$. KxRP
Kt-B7 ch and 39. Double threat: $38 . \mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{B7} \mathrm{ch}$ and 39 .
KtxR, and $38 . \mathrm{RxB}$. KtxR, and
38.
38. R1ch.
R-B. 40. R-R7 Resigns 39. K-Kt4 B-B8
White threatens 41. P-R4 ch, K-B3; 42. R-B7 mate. (King-safety is important in the end-game too!). If 40. ......, R-B1; 41. P-R4 ch, K-B4; (41. ....., K-B3; 42. Kt-K7 ch, K-Kt3; 43 . KtxR ch, wins) 42.

Thursday, Page 6
November 5, 1953

R-Kt5 ch, K-B2; 45. KtxR, KxKt; 46. PR5, and White wins by queening one of his RPs. A difficult game for the players and annotator!

## 3. P-KB3 TO DISAPPEAR!?

It could be that the powerful new Brasket-Berliner twelfth move will make

## 3. $P-K B 3$ extinct.

## KING'S INDIAN DEFENSE

MCO: page 92, column 62 (f)
U. S. Candidates Tournament

## Philadelphia, 1953

Notes by U. S. Master Hans Berliner White Black
H. AVRAM $\quad$ H. BERINER
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { 1. } & \text { P.Q4 } & \text { Kt-KB33 } \\ \text { 2. } & \text { P.QB4 } & \text { P-KKH3 }\end{array}$
3. P-KB3

A seldom played variation which may as a result of this game completely disappear from master play. The object of the text is to avoid the Gruenfeld Defense.
$\begin{array}{lrrrlc}\text { 3. } & \ldots . . . & \text { P-Q4 } & \text { 6. } & \text { Kt-B3 } & \text { B-Kt2 } \\ \text { 4. } & \text { P } & \text { KtxP } & \text { 7. } & \text { B-K3 } & \text { O-O } \\ \text { 5. } & \text { P-K4 } & \mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{Kt3} & \text { 8. } & \mathbf{P}-\mathrm{B} 4 & \ldots . . .\end{array}$
This move which is given an exclama-
tion mark by PCO is best and gives White a strong center which Black must hurriedly att.ack.
8. ........ Kt-B3! 9. P-Q5 Kt-QKt1 Black has spent two moves in orcler to provoke a target at Q5.
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { 10. P-QR4 } & \text { P-QB3 } & \text { 12, } \mathrm{Kt} \text {-B3 }\end{array}$
At this point PCO
At this point' PCO leaves off with a slight plus for White. Neither my opponent nor myself was aware of this. In stark actuality White is as good as lost.
12. ........ BxKtch


A bomb-shell. Black exchanges his good defensive $B$, one of two developed pieces, and then moves the other one, which has already been moved four times, again.
This maneouver was played for the first time, I believe, against me in a first time, I believe, against me similar position by Curt Brasket very similar position ilwaukee. He proceeded to beat me handily but as is seen here the point was not completely lost.
13. PxB Kt-B3!

White must now either give up
pawn or take an inferior endgame. 14. $P \times P$

To be prefered was 14. B-Q3, PxP; 15. P-K5 with some attacking chances for the pawn, but since Black can develop easily it is doubtful if White can work up anything.
14. ........ QxQch 15, RxQ?

Gives up a pawn without a struggle. 15. KxQ, KtxKP; 16. PxP, BxP; 17. P-R6, B-Q4 and White has good practical B-Q4 and White has good
chances of saving the game.
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { 15. ....... K K KxBP } & \text { 17. R-R1 }\end{array}$

If instead 17. B-Q4, then KtxRP; 18. B-Q3, P-B4; 19. O-O, P-Kt3; 20. BxKt, PxB; 21. Kt-Kt5, B-Kt2 and Black should win.
$\begin{array}{lrr}\text { 17. } & \text { Kta.... } & \text { KtxBP } \\ \text { 18. } & \text { B-B4 } & \text { R-Q1 }\end{array} \quad$ Kt-K+5
A time wasting excursion. Better was 0.0.
19.

## Hans Berliner

A standard variation continues: 10. QKt3, Kt-B3; 11. P-Q5, Kt-K4; 12. B-K2, KtxKt ch; 13. PxKt.
Too quiet, although the idea of restraining the QP is a natural one. With 10. ........, Kt-B3; looking to 11.........., P-K4; Black achieves the tactical chances which are characteristic of the Grunfeld. 11. B-K2 Kt-R3 12. O-O Q-Q2 A mistake, as it crowds the QB. Better is $12 . . . . . . . ., \mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{B} 2$; for if then 13. P-KR3, B-K3; 14. P-QKt3, QR-Q1; 15. Kt-KKt5, $B-B 1$; and the QB is preserved.
13. P-KR3 B-K3 14. P-QK+3 KR-Q1 Black should play for control of K4 and KKt4 with 14. ....... P-B3.
15. $\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{KK}+5$ !


By this incursion, white wins the minor exchange and develops a king-side initiative.

Another mistake. Comparatively best is 15. $-\ldots \ldots, \mathrm{Kt}$-B2

## 6. K+xB PxKt

Forced, unfortunately, for if 16 . ........, QxKt?; 17. B-Kt4, wins the exchange (17. ........, P-KB4; 18. PxP, Q-B3; 19, Kt K4, Q-B1; 20. P-B6).
17. B-Kt4 P-R4 18, P-K5I

With all but one of the Black pieces cut off from the king-side, White sacrifices a plece for two or three Pawns and a mating attack.
Perhaps having read that Steinitz said The way to refute a sacrifice is to ac cept it."
But if 18 .
; 19. QxP, threat if 10 . B-R6 or 20. BxP ch, wins. And I. ......, K-B2; (18. ........, K-R2; 19 BxRP, wins) 19. Kt-K4, PxB; 20. Kt Kt5 ch, K-Kt1; 21. QxP, Q-K1; 22, Q R7 ch, K-B1; 23. Kt-K6 ch, K-B2; 24. KtxB, wins. Or if 18. ......., BxP; 19. QxP ch, KR1; 20. BxKP, wins.
19. $\mathbf{Q \times P}$

Threatening 20 . B-R6 and 21. QxB mate. 19.

## Solutions:

White to Play and Win Position No. 225: 1. K-Kt1, R moves on 2nd rank; 2. R-B4!, R-KR7; 3. P-R4, R moves on 2nd rank; 4. R-B5, R-KR2; 5 . P-R5, R moves on 2nd rank; 6. R-B6, R-KR2; 7. P-R6, R moves on 2nd rank; 8. P-R7!, R-KR2; 9. R-QR6!, KxP; 10 R-R8, RxP; 11. R-R7 ch and wins.

Position No. 226: 1. B-B7, K-B8; 2. BKt6, B-B7; 3. K-R2, K-K7; 4. K-Kt2, BK6; 5. K-Kt3, K-Q6; 6. K-B3, B-Q4; 7 . K-B4, K-B4; 8. K-K4, B-B4; 9. K-K5 K-Kt5; 10. K-Q , B-Kt8; 11. K-B6 and wins, Note that 11. BxB, $\mathrm{KxP}^{2}(\mathrm{R} 4)$ only draws, while throughout the ending if Black plays PxB or BxB, White wins

## Let's Make It A Date

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> LeRoy Thompson
> Box 676, Benj. Franklin Station, Washington 4, D. C.

If 19. ......, Kt-B2; 20. B-R6, Kt-K1; 21. 19. ........, K-B1; 20. B-R6, BxB; 21. QxB ch, K-Kt1; 22. R-Q3, gives White a winning game. While if 19 . ........, $\mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{K} 1$; (the best Black has) 20. QxP ch, Q-B2. 21 Qx best Black has) 20 . QxP ch, Q-B2; 21 . Qx KtP, and White should finally win with a direct attack (R-Q3, B-R6, and R-KKt3)
or by advancing his king-side Pawns. or by advancing his king-side Pawns.
20. B-R6 R-KB2 21. Kt-K4 PXP 22. Kt-Kt5 also elinches it against 21. ........, Q-K1; 21. ........, QR-B1; and King moves.
22. Kt-Kt5 Resigns
For if 22 . ......., Q-K1; 23. Q-R7 ch, K-B1; 24. Q-R8 mates.

## KING'S INDIAN DEFENSE

## U. S. Open Championship

 Milwaukee, 1953| Milwaukee, 1953 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A. DAKE |  | K. B | URGER |
| 1. P-QB4 | Kt-KB3 | 19. BxB | KxB |
| 2. P-Q4 | P-KK+3 | 20. P-B4 | P-B3 |
| 3. $\mathrm{Kt} \uparrow \mathrm{KB} 3$ | B-K+2 | 21. Kt-Q5 | Q-Q1 |
| 4. P-KK+3 | O-0 | 22. Kt -K3 | B-B2 |
| 5. B-K†2 | P-Q3 | 23. P-KR4 | P-QR4 |
| 6. $0-0$ | P-QB4 | 24. P-K5 | PxP |
| 7. $\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{B} 3$ | Kt-B3 | 25. BxP | PxP |
| 8. P-KR3 | B-Q2 | 26. PxP | Kt -B4 |
| 9. B-K3 | PxP | 27. Q-KK+2 | R-KKt1 |
| 10. KtxP | Q-B1 | 28. Kt -B5ch | K-B1 |
| 11. K†xK† | - PxKt | 29. Kt-R6 | R-K+2 |
| 12. K-R2 | Q-R3 | 30. QR-Q1 | Q-B2 |
| 13. R-B1 | QR-K+1 | 31. KtxB | KxB |
| 14. P-K+3 | R-K1 | 32. Q-Q5ch | K-B1 |
| 15. Q-Q2 | Q-R4 | 33. QxKt | R-B1 |
| 16. B-K+5 | Q-B2 | 34. R-Q5 | P-R5 |
| 17. P-K4 | B-K3 | 35. P-K+4 | QxB |
| 18. B-R6 | $\mathbf{K t - Q 2}$ | 36. R-Q8ch | Resigns |

QUEEN'S GAMBIT DECLINED
U. S. Open Championship Milwaukee, 1953

| Milwaukee, 1953 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| L. EVANS |  |  | J. $\mathrm{O}^{\prime}$ | 'KEEFE |
| 1. P-Q4 | P-K3 | 22. | Kt-Q3 | R(4)-B2 |
| 2. P-QB4 | Kt-KB3 | 23. | P-KK+3 | Kt-B3 |
| 3. Kt -QB3 | P-Q4 | 24. | P-QR3 | R-B5 |
| 4. B-Kt5 | B-K2 | 25. | Kt-K5 | R-K5 |
| 5. P-K3 | O-O | 26. | Q-Q3 | RxRch |
| 6. PxP | KtxP |  | R×R | K-Kt1 |
| 7. $\mathrm{B} \times \mathrm{B}$ | QxB | 28. | R-Q1 | Q-B2 |
| B. B-Q3 | Kt-KB3 |  | Kt -B3 | Q-B7 |
| 9. $\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{B} 3$ | QKt-Q2 | 30. | P-QK+4 | Kt-K5 |
| 10. Q-B2 | P-B4 |  | QxQ | R×Q |
| 11. 0.0 | PxP | 32. | R-Q8ch | K-R2 |
| 12. $\mathrm{P} \times \mathrm{P}$ | P-QK+3 | 33. | R-Q7 | K-Kı3 |
| 13. KR-K1 | B-K†2 |  | R×RP | RxP |
| 14. P-Q5 | KtxP | 35. | Kt-K5ch | K-B4 |
| 15. BxPch | K-R1 | 36. | $\mathbf{R \times P c h}$ | K×K $\dagger$ |
| 16. B-K4 | QKt-B3 |  | R×R | Ktx |
| 17. KtxKt | BxKt |  | K×Kt | K-Q5 |
| 18. $\mathrm{B} \times \mathrm{B}$ | $\mathrm{K}+\times \mathrm{B}$ |  | P.QR4 | K-B5 |
| 19. QR-Q1 | QR-B1 | 40. | P-R5 | Pxp |
| 20. Q-K2 | R-B4 | 41. | $\mathbf{P \times P}$ | K-Kı4 |
| 21. Kt-K5 | KR-B1 |  | K-K3 | Resigns |

## N. Y. CHESS LIFE

(Continued from page 5, col. 4) seeded players, with J. Donovan, R. Einhorn, T. Dunst, A. Saidy, P. Brandts, N. Bakos, G. Eastman, J. Pamiljens, and H. Fajans as the qualifiers from preliminary sections. Carl Pilnick, co-champion with Santasiere, is unable to compete this year, while Art Bisguier, who was expected to play, chose to remain loyal to the Manhattan C. C. and play in its championship tourney . . . Columbia University's national champion chess team, which graduated 6 of its top 7 men last June, dropped its first match in over FOUR years when it succumbed to a powerful NYU aggregation $31 / 2-11 / 2$. The Lions still have a year left for rebuilding purposes before their title must be defended in December 1954
One of Chessbook dealer A. Buschke's lesser known sidelights is the sale of chess pictures and prints. An appreciable amount of his time is spent searching for unusual chess pictures or supplying chess clubs with decorative paintings relevant to the Royal Game. Barren chess clubs take notice!

# Mate The Subtle Way! 

by Vincent L. Eaton

Address all communications to this column to Vincent L. Eaton, $\mathbf{6 1 2} \mathbf{M c N e I I}$ Road, Silver Spring, Maryland.

## Problem No. 459 <br> By O. Stocchi <br> 1st Prize, Melbourne Chess Club Tourney, 1953 <br> Problem No, 460 By Lorine Bata 1st Prize, "Sahovski Vjesnik" 1952



White mates in two moves
Problem N.o. 461
By G. W. Chandler
2nd Prize, British Chess Federation, 1953


## Solutions: Mate the Subtle Way!

No. 443 (Challenger): 1. Kt-K3. In this artistic setting the Black Queen has 15 moves, none of which produces a dual mate.

No. 444 (Anderson): 1. B-Kt4, a remarkable key which pins a White Knight and gives the Black King a flight square.

No. 445 (Schiffmann): 1. Q-Q2, changing all the set mates
No. 446 (Traxler): 1. B-R6!, threat; 2. BxP or 2. QxB ch. If 1. ........, PxB; 2. KtxB ch. If 1. ......., PxKt; 2. B-B8 ch. If 1 ........, BxKt; 2. BxP. The try 1. K-R5 is defeated by 1 . ........, B-K8, and if 2. BxB, PxKt or 2 . Q-R3 ch, K-Q5 ch.

No. 447 (Beale): 1. Q-R8, with echoing self-blocks by the Black Knights.
No. 448 (Beale): 1. R-K2, featuring interferences by the Black Bishop at K4.
No. 449 (Anderson): 1. B-Kt3!, another amazing key and puzzling setting by the master English composer.

No. 450 (Nemcov): The author's intention is $1 . \mathrm{Kt}$-Q7. If 1 ........, K-B5; 2. B-K6ch, If 1. ........, K-K5; 2. Kt-B6 ch. If 1........, B-K4; 2. KtxB ch. If 1. ........, Kt-B7; 2. B-K2 ch. Solvers found a cook by 1. B-K2 ch, K-K5; 2. Q-Q2.

## SOLVERS' LADDER

(Two points for two-movers; four points for three-movers; extra credit for correct claims of "cooks"" i.e., solutions not intended by the composers. The following tally covers solutions received up to the time we went to press, on October 18. Solutions received after that date will be credited on the next Ladder.)
G. Murtaugh 358 Nicholas Yoe 156 W . A. Greenfield 40 A. F. Distefano 16 Kenneth Lay 340 Robert Grande 124 B. Shaeffer, Jr. 38 E. F. Lawrence 16 Rev. Chidley 336 N . Reider Steve Myzel $\quad 334 \mathrm{~K}$. Blumberg Ronald O'Neil 308 O. C. Dupree J. H. France 298 R. M. Collins $\begin{array}{ll}\text { J. H. France } & 298 \\ \text { W. J. M. Couture } & 292 \mathrm{M} \text {. A. Michaels }\end{array}$ J. B. Mulligan 286 R. G. Mchaels F. J. Korpanty 284 W . H. James Heino Kurruk $246 \mathrm{H} . \mathrm{R}$. Meifert $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Heino Kurruk } & 234 \text { Tom Heermann } \\ \text { C. J. Koch } & 234\end{array}$ C. J. Koch 234 Tom Heermann W. I. Lourie 234 Paul J. Smith $\begin{array}{lll}\text { Dr. I. Schwartz } & 214 & \mathrm{~J} . ~ H a l i b u r t o n ~ \\ \text { Y. V. Oganesov } & 174 & \mathrm{E} . \\ \text { T. Dana }\end{array}$ $34 \mathrm{H} . \mathrm{A}$. Trenchard 1 106 Louis R. Stein 34 G. W. Payne
104 R. E. Burry 32 D. L. Rumberge 94 E. Roethler 32 J. Kaufman
86 T. Seidel 30 R. L. Beaulieu 82 Louis T. Ward 24 Dr . J. W. Britain 68 E. H. Benjamin 22 John M. Lally 52 L. Frankenstein 22 Philip George 52 L K. Frankenstein 22 Philip George 50 K . A. Forssmark 20 R . O. Mauldin
50 E . Weatherford 20 Robert Bonwell $\begin{array}{lll}50 & \text { E. Weatherford } & 20 \text { Robert Bonwell } \\ 48 & \text { R. Wittemann } & 20 \text { A. G. Lubowe }\end{array}$ 42 W . Czarnecki 20 A
18

A hearty welcome to the following new solvers: Robert Bonwell, of Pittsburgh, Pa.; Dr. J. W. Britain, Binghamton, N. Y.; John M. Lally, Utica, N. Y.; and G. W. Payne, of Webster Groves, Mo

Palmetto Chess Club (Columbia, S.C.):
A. Edelsburg won the club title 6.0 in a combination Swiss prelim and round robin final. Dr. G. Smith was second with $51 / 2-11 / 2$, Prof. L. L. Foster was third with $4-3$, and M. Gergel was fourth with $31 / 2-31 / 2$.

BOOST AMERICAN CHESS!
By Joining the U.S.C.F.


Send solutions to Position No. 128 to the Editor, CHESS LIFE, 123 No. Humphrey Ave., Oak Park, III., by December 5, 1953.

## Solution to Position No. 125

 Our solvers were divided into three groups this time, each group favoring one of the three possible lines of play open to White. Unfortunately for many of our solvers, only one line brings victory while the other two merely draw. For those who selected as solution the line 1. P-R7 ch, K-R1; 2. P-B7, KtxKtP! and draws, for 3 . KxKt is stalemate, there is the consolation that in the game Riley-Russ, Felixstowe 1949 this was the actual continuation. Note that 1. P-R7 ch, K-R1; 2. K-Kt5, KtxKtP still draws, for if 3 . K-R6, Kt-B1 gobbles eventual the White RP while preventeventual the White RP while prevent-ing the White BP from queening. Of ing the White BP from queening.
course 3. KxKt results in stalemate.
course 3 . KxKt results in stalemate.
The proper procedure is 1. P-B7 ch! KtxBP (if 1 ......., K-B1; 2. P-R7, K-Kt2; 3. P-R8(Q) ch and wins); 2. P-R7 chl, K-Kt2; 3. PxKt, KxRP!; 4. P-B8(R) and wins (if 4. P-B8(Q) stalemate)!
Our hearty congratulations to successful solvers: F. E. Armstrong (Dearborn), D. Arganian (Racine), R. A. Baker (State College), J. E. Barry (Ann Arbor), R. Chauvenet (Silver Spring), W. J. Couture (Norfolk), G. S. Cunningham (New Rochelle), J. D. R. Grande (Lowry AFB), D. Hamburger
(Pittsburgh), W. James (Fox Lake), E. Nash (Washington), J. Petriceks (Palo Nash (Washington), J. Perriceks (Paio
Alto), E. Roman (New Britain), I. SigAlto), E. Romick), W. E. Stevens (Colwamond (Colwick), W. E. Steverghs D. A. Walsdorf (New Orleans), F. Trask (Plymouth), H. C. Underwood (Washington), R. W. Wittemann (Brooklyn), and one solver who unfortunately did not give his name and cannot be credited.
Solvers with the 1. K-Kt5, Kt-B6; 2. K-Kt4! solution (also accepted): A. Bomberault (Pittsburgh), G. F. Chase (Buffalo), E. Gault (New Brighton), J. Kaufman (Los Angeles), J. Melnick (Portland), N. Zemke (Detroit), W. B. Wilson (Amherstburg), N. P. Witting (Salem), I. Schwartz (Durand), J. E. (Salem), I. Schwartz
Comstock
(Duluth), C. Diesen Comstock
wanda).
The more persuasive 1. K-Kt5 is answered by 1. ......., Kt-B6 ch; 2. K-B5 (or B4), Kt-R5 ch! and White never gets away from defending the KtP. But there is a winning loophole which a few solvers found and which is accepted as correct, namely: 1. K-Kt5, Kt-B6 ch; 2. K-Kt4! and whatever Black does, he is eventually cornered and must concede defeat.

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October 30 -November 1
North Carolina Open Championship Wilmington, No. Car.
At Community Center; starts 7:30 p.m.; 5 or 6 rd Swiss; entry fee $\$ 3.00$ plus membership in NCCA or USCF; prizes; all welcome; rated; write: Dr. N. M. Hornstein, Southport, N. C.

## November 12-14

## Utah State Championship

Salt Lake City, Utah
Open to all Utah residents and invited players from neighboring states; at Salt Lake City YMCA; 6 rd Swiss, games beginning at 11:00 a.m. and 6:30 p.m.; entry fee $\$ 5.00$ (plus $\$ 1.00$ rating fee from non-members of USCF), victory banquet included for details, write Gaston Chappuis, YMCA, Salt Lake City, Utah.
$\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ USCF rated event.

## November 27-29 <br> East Tennessee Open Championship <br> Bristol, Tenn.

Open; at YMCA in Bristol; entry fee $\$ 2.00$ (non-USCF members pay $\$ 1.00$ rating fee in addition); 5 rd Swiss; trophy and cash prizes; registration at 7:00 p.m. at YMCA, 1st rd at 7:30 p.m.; for details and hotel reservations write: Bill Rucker, Bristol Chess Club, 128 Holborn St., Bristol, Tenn.
$100 \%$ USCF rated event.
November 27-29
Wichita Open Tournament Wichita, Kansas
Open, at YMCA; 6 round Swiss; $\$ 2.00$ entry fee; trophies; for details write: K. R. MacDonald, YMCA, Wichita, Kans.

November 27-29
Central States Open
Championship
Louisville, Ky.
NOTICE!
We have been notified that the above tournament has been cancelled and will not be held.
 work on the sister games, by two top-notch masters, is the only one
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[^1]:    International Master Herman Steiner continues in this installment with an exposition of the hypothetical game which illustrates the basic principles of his teaching theory-The Editor.

