

# (libess Cife 

## What's The Best Move? <br> Conducted by RUSSELL CHAUVENET END solutions to Position No. 149 to Russell Chauvenet, 721 Gist Ave., Silver Spring, Maryland, by December 20, 1954. <br> Position No. 149 <br> With your solution, please send analysis or reasons supporting your choice as "Best Move" or moves. Solution to Position No. 149 will appear in the January 5 issue. <br> NOTE: Do not place solutions to two positions on one card; be sure to indicate correct number of position being solved, and give the full name and address of the solver to assist in proper crediting of <br> $S$solution. <br> Position No. 149 <br> 

Ohio Players Sweep Tri-State Honors Placing 1st and 2nd In All Classes

Ohio State Champion Frank Ferryman tallied $41 / 2-1 / 2$ to win the Tri-State title at Wheeling, W. Va. while James L. Harkins, Jr. of Ohio placed second with $31 / 2-11 / 2$. Tied for third place with $2-3$ each were D. H. McClellan of Pennsylvania, and Charles Morgan and Dr. Siegfried Werthammer of West Virginia in a round robin contest between the State title-holders and runners-up of Ohio, Pennsylvania and West Virginia.

The Tri-State Junior title went to Jud Webb of Ohio with $51 / 2-1 / 2$, while Phil Rothman of Ohio placed second with $41 / 2-11 / 2$, losing and drawing with his fellow Ohioan. Howard Cartee of West Virginia was third with 2-4.

The Open Championship section saw the $41 / 2-1 / 2$ victory of James Schroeder of Ohio, while second and third on S-B with 4-1 each were Tim Anderson and A. Nasvytis of Ohio. Fourth to sixth on S-B with equal $31 / 2-11 / 2$ scores were Ross Owens of Ohio, Rudd T. Neel of West Virginia, and D. Stauvers of Ohio in the 20-player Swiss.

## MIAMI CLUB HOST TO CAPABLANCA

The Greater Miami Chess Club at the Hotel Miami Colonial acted as host to the Capablanca Chess Club of Havana in a double round team match on November 13th and 14th. The Cuban team won the match by a $10-6$ score.

Members of the Greater Miami Chess Club who participated in the match were Arne Pederson who won both games; Richard Murphy and Major N. B. Church who won one game and lost one each; Carlton Hurst, Charles Shaw, and Charles Wisch with a draw and a loss apiece. Gerardo Budowski, Jose R. Florido, Rafael Bagudano, Luis de Almagro, Leon Shapiro and Dr. Recio represented Cuba.

## CINTRON REGAINS IN PUERTO RICO

In a title match with defending Puerto Rico Champion Francisco Benitez, Rafael Cintron regained the Championship of Puerto Rico which he has held almost continuously for some twenty-five years. The ten game match began with two draws, followed by four successive victories for Cintron. Then Benitez won two games, the ninth was drawn, and with a score of 51/2-31/2 Cintron became champion again. Benitez had previously defended the title successfully in a title-match with Arturo Colon. In a short time the title will be again up for contest when the Puerto Rican Chess Federation holds its Championship Tournament. Cintron is the USCF Director for Puerto Rico and a frequent participant in the U.S. Open Championship Tournaments, last appearing at Milwaukee in 1953.

## RIVISE TOPS <br> SO CALIF MEET

Irving Rivise won the 50 -player Southern California Qualifying event with 10 points. Second and third on S-B with $9^{1 / 2}$ were Raymond Martin and Robert Cross. Sven Almgren placed fourth with 9. These four players thus qualify for participation in the California State Championship finals in San Francisco.

## Marshall Chess Club Challenges

## London National Chess Center

An International Correspondence Chess Match is in progress on 26 boards between the Marshall Chess Club of New York and the National Chess Center of London. Each player will conduct two games simul taneously, one with White and one with Black. All moves will be transmitted by Air Mail, and a time limit of 48 hours per reply will be observed.

The match is under the direction of Mrs. Caroline D. Marshall, secretary, and John W. Collins, team captain, for the Marshall Chess Club; and H.W.R. Keeble, manager, and Edgar Brown, team captain, for the National Chess Center.

The Marshall Club line-up is headed by U.S. Champion Arthur B. Bisguier, assisted by many distinguished American players, in cluding Marshall Chess Club Champion John W. Collins, former champions Eliot Hearst, Carl Pilnick, and Milton Hanauer, U.S. Women's Champion Gisela K. Gresser, for mer U.S. Women's Champion Mary Bain, and the "Dean of American Chess" Hermann Helms. J. A. Ful ler heads the distinguished British line-up.

The announced pairings are:

Marshall C.C

1. A. Bisguier
2. E. Hearst
3. J. Collins
4. C. Pilnick
5. M. Hanauer
6. W. Lombardy
7. F. Campomanes
8. A. Kaufman
9. N. Halper
10. N. Grossman
11. H. Helms
12. A. Kaminsky
13. T. Dunst
14. G. Gresser
15. M. Bain
16. P. Miller
17. M. DeLieto
18. M. Fleischer
19. D. Sibbett
20. K. Slater
21. J. Battel
22. J. Battel
${ }_{23}{ }^{23}$.
23. H. Eckstrom
24. W. Slater
25. H. Ruckert National c.c.
J. A. Fuller
M. Franklin
P. Clarke
F. Parr
A. Green
W. Veitch
G. Wheatdroft D. Mackay
E. Brown
M. Blaine
R. Noel-Johnson
H. Woolverton
M. Slot
H. Felce
R. Stevenson
J. Gilchrist
E. Isles
T. Casswel
E. Coad-Pryor
T. Pruchnicki
J. Doulton
J. Doulton
M. Wnnis

Mr. Wylie
Dr. A. Thorley A. Stammwitz L. Elliot-Fletcher

## LAKE ERIE OPEN ENDS IN TIE

Dr. Erich W. Marchand of Rochester and Canadian Master Povilas Vaitonis tied for first place at $41 / 2-1 / 2$ in the 19 -player Lake Erie Open at Buffalo, having identical tie-breaking scores. Marchand and Vaitonis drew their individual game.
Third place went to George Mauer with 4-1, while fourth to eighth with 3-2 each were R. Mekus, C. Diesen, B. Schmidt, A. Vossler and H. Daly.

Dr. S. Frucella, 1953 Lake Erie winner, was 13 th with $2-3$, while Alex Suchobeck, winner of the Paul Morgan Trophy in the New York State event, scored $21 / 2-21 / 2$ for 11th place. The tournament was staged by the Queen City Chess Club of Buffalo.

## INTERCOLLEGIATE PLANS ANNOUNCED

The biennial Intercollegiate Team Championship at John Jay Hall, Columbia University, at Amsterdam Ave. and 114th St., New York City will be held on December $26-30,1954$. The event is open to teams of undergraduate players from all accredited colleges in North America. Entry fee is $\$ 15.00$ per team, which must represent a college chess club affiliated with the USCF (Affiliation dues $\$ 10.00$ per annum).

Prizes will be awarded to the individual players on the top three teams, as well as for the best score, most brilliant game, best-played game. The winning team will have custody of the Harold M. Phillips Trophy for a two-year period.

## U. S. INTERCOLLEGIATE TEAM CHAMPIONSHIP December 26-30, 1954 New York City

Location: John Jay Hall, Columbia University.
Eligible: Four-man teams from accredited colleges with unlimited number of substitutes possible.
Entry Fee: $\$ 15.00$ per team, representing USCF Affiliated chess clubs (Affiliation fee $\$ 10.00$ per year).
Prize: Harold M. Phillips Trophy (held by Columbia for past four years).
Registration: At John Jay Hall, closing at 10:00 a.m., December 26, 1954.
Tourney: Seven round Swiss team tournament; 50 moves in $21 / 2$ hours.
Accomodations: Write Thomas Hennessy, 2463 Valentine Ave. Bronx 58, N.Y.
Advance Entries: Address all advance entries to:
U.S. Chess Federation

93 Barrow Street
New York 14, N.Y.

# ALL'S WELL THAT ENDS WELL 

Mastering the End Game
By W ALTER KORN, Editor of MCO

## "THE REST IS MERELY ROUTINE

ON page 68 of BCE* we find a remark to diagram 87 which indicates a seemingly self-evident solution, yet it is rather difficult to find the nelusive follow-up.

The position, which we show reproduced in our diagram no. 13, is won for White after.


1. K-KK+4, K-K+3; 2. K-R4.
"After Black's 2.
P-QR3
comes 3. K-Kt4, K-B3; 4. K-B4, KKt3; 5. K-Q5, K-Kt2; 6. K-Q6, K-B1; 7. K-B6, K any; 8. K-Kt6; or 5. P-QR4; 6. K-Q6, P-R5; 7. P-K6, and both pawns promote, but White

## captures Black's Queen by finally 11. Q-Kt8 ch and 12. Q-R8 ch." (Fine).

But after 2. $\quad$, K-B3, White's win is more involved than BCE admits in its scanty comment "if 2 . K-B3; 3. K-R5". White must proceed: 2. ..... K-B3; 3. K-R5, $\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{K}+2$; 4. $\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{K}+5$, $\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{B} 2$; 5. K-R6, K-K+1; 6. P-R5, P×P; 7 .P-K6, K-B2; 8. K×P, K-Q3; 9. $\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{K}+6, \mathrm{~K} \times \mathrm{P}$; 10. K-B6, P-R3; (If 10. $\qquad$ K-B3; 11.
K-Q5. If 10 . $\qquad$ 11. PxP, K-B3; 12. K-Q6, K-Kt3; 13. K-K3, K-R4; 14. KxP-wins.); 11. K-B5, K-K2; 12. K-Q5, K-B3; 13. K-Q6, K-B2; 14. K-K5, K-K+3; 15. K-K6, K-K+2; 16. K×P, K-B2; 17. K-K5, $\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{K} 2$; 18. P-B5, K-B2; 19. P-B6, K-B1; 20. K-K6, K-K1; 21. P-B7ch, K-B1; 22. K-B6 wins.
Well, it was a long and winding road!
Footnote: *BCE-Fine's "Basic Chess Endings".

The enterprising tournament book publisher Jack Spence has set a new record for speed in compilation of an American Tournament Book by issuing a book on the recent U.S. Open Championship at New Orleans. The book is mimeographed (as are previous titles in the series) with a plastic ring binder , and limited to 135 copies at $\$ 2.00$ each. It contains 187 selected games oy 80 of the 109 players who participated in the event. Those who are interested may obtain further details by writing Jack Spence, 208 So. 25th Ave., Omaha 2, Nebr.

> HAVE YOUR TOURNAMENTS OFFICIALLY RATEDI Club Tournaments of USCF Club Chapters are rated without charge; other events by Club Chapters are rated on collection of $\$ 1.00$ USCF rat. ing fee from players not USCF members. Tournaments held by USCF State Organizations are rated if all the participants are USCF members. Tounaments conducted by unaffili. ated groups are eligible for rating if all participants who are not USCF members pay a \$1.00 USCF rating fee. Team matches between USCF Club Chapters are rated without charge. Official rating forms should be secured in advance from:Montgomery Maior Avenue 123 No. Humphrey Avenve Oak Park, Illinois Do not write to other USCF officials for these rating forms.

## EDITORIAL PAGE ADDS NEW WRITER

Since the Editor of CHESS LIFE remains firm in the intention of penning no editorials, his spot upon the editorial page has been yielded to a new author who prefers to be known solely as Hipponax. The hazards of writing comment in a chess paper are such that Mr. Hipponax has demanded that his identity be concealed from friend and foe alike. For that reason all that can be said about him is that although he sometimes plays chess, he is not a chess player and will not be found where chess players gather, being a friend of the Editor in the world outside of chess. Mr. Hipponax will contribute as the mood permits and discuss whatever interests or amuses him in chess.

## MORE FIDE NOTES

From the viewpoint of the USA an important decision was reached in the Assembly's ratification of a Central Committee recommendation that under certain conditions players not yet naturalized in the country of a zone be permitted to play in zonal tournaments. Each separate case must be submitted to the Congress or to the FIDE President before the holding of the tourney and, save in exceptional cases, no player must be admitted to a zonal event who has not lived in the country of the event for at least two years. This loosening of regulations in regard to zonal participation would permit Grandmaster Rossolimo to play in the next U.S. Zonal and would also qualify other recent arrivals from Europe of master strength.
The Assembly also recommended strongly that all FIDE International Judges and others having experience in the organization of tournaments and matches be encouraged to exchange views regularly so that the Laws of Chess and Laws of Competition could be applied uniformly in all cases of dispute. Each member Federation of FIDE was requested to urge its own International Judges to participate in this exchange of ideas. In the USA this recommendation applies to International Masters I. A. Horowitz and Hans Kmoch, and Master Emeritus Hermann Helms, our three FIDE International Judges. Results of such exchanges of opinion are to be reported to the FDDE Bureau and included in its report to the next FIDE General Assembly. ington Juniors participated in the event which was organized by Oliver LaFreniere of Yakima. A two game play-off for the Junior title is scheduled between Pupols and McCormick.

## 管

Ted Warner, who came to the fore in his excellent performance at the U.S. Open in Milwaukee in 1954, won the recent Washington State Open Championship $61 / 2-1 / 2$, drawing with Dan Wade in the opening round of the 12 -player Swiss. R. Vellias was second with $5-2$, losing games to Warner and W. Gillette. Third to seventh on Solkoff points with $4-3$ seores were A. Clark, D. Wade, R. Edberg, J. MeCormick, and Max Bader.

ALTHOUGH the reader of this column is likely to associate Chess Life in New York with the Marshall and Manhattan Clubs, chess activity in this city is by no means limited to these two groups. It is true that nearly every well known chessmaster in this area is associated with one of these two clubs, yet there are many other places where chessplayers, from tyro to master, gather and play.

Throughout the five boroughs of this city are spread dozens of smaller clubs, some meeting daily, others weekly, ranging from well-organized dues-paying groups, like the Brenx C.C., the London Terrace C.C., the Sunset Park C.C., the Jamaica C.C., the Staten Island C.C., and the Brooklyn C.C., to less formal clubs in schools and colleges. Many business organizations in the metropolitan area also have chess clubs. Each winter about twenty industrial clubs combine to form the Commercial Chess League, and an exciting tournament of fourman teams ensues.

Most every large park in New York City has an area devoted to chess and checker players. There are six or eight stone tables and many wooden benches, where on a sunny weekend, as many as a hundred chessplayers gather to skittle and kibitz away an afternoon.
Perhaps most colorful of all are New York's "chess emporiums". Instead of dues, the standard rate is fifteen cents an hour per player. The atmosphere is much less formal than at most chess clubs (in fact, it is less formal than almost anywhere!); it is not uncommon to walk into such an establishment (generally located between a shooting gallery and a penny arcade) and see dozens of players engaged in a rather physical form of the game, banging pieces and shouting at each other in ten languages.

All in all, it has been estimated that over twenty-five thousand chessplayers regularly gather at hundreds of places in New York City to play the Royal Game.
IN BRIEF: Leading in the finals of the Marshall Championship is Bill Lombardy, $3-0$, Morris High School student and present New York State Champion . . . Reshevsky gave an exhibition at the Manhattan C.C. against strong opposition, including Charles Saxon, Bill Lombardy, Walter Shipman, Eben Rudy, and Arthur Feuerstein. Sammy lost three games. . . . Abe Turner, New York master, recently underwent a serious operation. Speedy recovery, Abe!

North Jersey Chess League: Second round results saw Chess Club of the Oranges and Northern Valley share the lead with two victories apiece. In the second round matches Chess Club of the Oranges swamped Irvington 7-1; Northern Valley downed Montclair 6-2; Irvington-Polish defeated Elizabeth $51 / 2-$ 21/2; Plainfleld drew Philidor 4-4; and Jersey City Y drew Maroczy 3-3. The adjourned Ist round game in the Ma-roczy-Irvington-Polish mateh resulted in a drew, conflrming the Maroczy victory at $41 / 2-31 / 2$. A. USCF League Affilate.


WE WERE THERE
Visual Education Display for the Harrisburg Chapter of Hadassah, in conjunction with the 300 th anniversary of the first Jewish settlers in the United States. "We Were There" indicates the role the Jews played in the Revolutionary $W_{a r}$.

## Role Played by Jewish Settlers Visualized by Chess Display

This is the year of the American Jewish Tercentenary, celebrating the 300 year participation of Jews in the history of the United States since the first Jewish settlers arrived in 1654. Appropriately, the Harrisburg Chapter of Hadassah created a visual educational display for this event, based on chess, on the theme "We Were There" to make more vivid the realization of the creative role played by many patriotic Jews in the Revolutionary War. Chess seems particularly appropriate as the medium of this visual educational display, since it is to chess that the descendants of these early American patriots have so greatly contributed their talents and ability; and American Chess owes so much in prestige and growth to their participation.

In the illustration above, the various pieces on the board are made symbolic of the following facts and individuals:

Chess Board-Field of battle
during the Revolutionary War.
Black Men-Tories
White Men-Loyalists
Black King and Queen-English Crown
White Knights-Jewish mersign the non-importation pact White Pawns-Jews aiding cause in furnishing supplies and in furnishing supplies and men, spacifically, David Salis Beniamin Nones, and Solomon Beni
Black Knight-David Franks, the black sheep who aided Britain
White King-Haym Solomon, financier
White Bishops-Rabbi Seixas, flanked by Protestant and Catholic prelates. First time in history that three clergy walked arm in arm in a parade celebratinn the signing of the Constitution.
The following represents the events that led to the writing of the first amendment which separates Church and State:
White Castle-Diversified religions in Colonies forced separation of Church and State
Black Bishop-Loyalty Oath-to believe in Protestantism as a prerequisite for holding civil office
Wašhington Lefter-A copy of the letter written by President Washington sent to the Touro synagogue "sanctioning no bigotry"

## BOOST AMERICAN CHESS!

Join the USCF and get unity in American chess.

Victory in the Quebec Provincial Championship at Montreal went to H. Matthai with $5-1$, losing his opening round battle to $R$. Lebel. Sec ond and third on S-B with $41 / 2-11 / 2$ were J. N. Williams and Lionel Joy ner; Williams lost a game to I. Zalys, while Joyner was undefeated but had three draws. Fourth to sixth on S-B with $4-2$ each were M. Szczerbak, C. Podlone, and A. Shilov.

Mess life
Saturday, Page 3 November 20, 1954
The November issue of "The Rotarian", the international magazine of Rotary International, contained an article entitled "Check, Mate" by Jay Worthington. This humorous story, which does little beyond proving that all the great chess experts are men, should delight all lovers of chess who read it.

ATASCADERO CHESS CLUB CHAMPIONSHIP Atascadero, 1954
100\% USCF Rated Event
 9. Tom Gallt 6y-7; 10 Patrick Stanton 51-81; 11. Mary Horton 5-7; 12. Derek Mllis 31-102; 13. Robert Wilkerson 3-11; 14, Dantel Roosenberg 2-12; 15. Nate Schuster 1-13.

Tournament director: R. E. Russell.
CLEVELAND OPEN CHAMPIONSHIP

## Cleveland, 1954

 23. Steve Toth $3 \frac{1}{2}-43$ ( 36.50 ); 24. George Krmpotich $3 \frac{1}{2}-43$ (36.50); 25. Marion Antuno-
 Aladar Burgyan $35-4 \frac{1}{3}(22.00)$; 29. Prof. Roman Mitchiniak $2-4$ (31.00); 30 . Thomas 33. Albert Plack 3-5 (26.00); 34. Norda Troy $2 \frac{1}{2}-5 \frac{1}{2}$ ( 23.00 ); 35. William N. Troy 23-5i (22.00); 36. Raymond Kramer 2-3 (15.00); 37. Yoroslow Kapustij 2-5 (25.00); 38. Adam Zachlin 2-6 (35.50); 39. John Blakesley $2-6$ (23.50); 40. Sandor Lelkes $1-1$ (10.00); 41.

Zachlin $2-6$ (35.50); 39. John Blakesley $2-6$ ( 23.50 ); 40. Sandor Lelkes $1-1$ ( 10.00 ); 41.
George Terpylak 1-1 (3.00); 42. Joseph Farkas 1-5 (15.50); 43. Raymond Prochaska George Terpylak 1-1 (3.00); 42. Joseph Fark
$0-2$ (13.00); 44. Bernard Yarcusko $0-3$ (10.50).

Michniak forfeited to Bartkus; Kramer to Kapustij, Kapustij to Antunovich and Kramer, Zachlin to Krumins and Norda Troy, Yarcusko to Willa Owens. Lelkes, Terpylak, and Prochaska withdrew after 2 rounds; Yarcusko after 3 rds; Kramer after 5 rds; Farkas after 6 rds; Michniak and Kapustij after 6 rds. Solkoff points used. Tournament director: A. C. Froberg.

## MILWAUKEE CHESS CLUB CHAMPIONSHIP <br> Milwaukee, 1954

1. Nicholas Kampars .......... $100 \%$ USCF Rated Event
2. Arpad E. Elo ...
3. Averill Powers
4. Frank Inbusch, Jr.
5. John B. Grkavac
$\begin{array}{llllll}\frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{3}{3} & 1 & 1 & 1\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllll}1 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{3} & 1 \\ 1 & \frac{1}{2} & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0\end{array}$
Fresno (Calif.) Chess Club: Michael Hailparn won the Club Team Training Tourney and right to play first board with a $7-1$ score in the 21 player 5 with E. Achterberg was third with $51 / 2-21 / 2$. Fries handed Hailparn his only loss in the event.
Golden Gate (San Francisco) Chess Club: The Club Round Robin ended in a $12-1$ victory for Dr. A Ab rams, who lost no games but drew w E. J. Simanis and G Ramirez Sima placed second with $111 / 21 / 2$, losing game to C. Music. Ramirez and Music tied for third at 11-2 each with Ramirez losing a game to Simanis and drawing with Abrams and B. Wong, while Music lost to Abrams and Ramirez.

## DEAN TROPHY <br> TO FINE CLUB

The General Dean Trophy, donated by Mr. H. A. Whitehead, was presented to the youthful members of the Reuben Fine Chess Club for their victory in making the best team showing in the Sonoma Valley Chess Festival, directed by George Koltanowski. The trophy is named after General Dean, who learned to play chess while a prisoner of war in Korea, according to Mr. Koltanowski. The Fine Club is a member of the San Francisco League, Chess Friends of Northern California, and its members are ardent chess fans. Three of them competed in the last U.S. Junior Championship - Gilbert Ramirez, David Peizer, and Ted Eisenstadteach of whom compiled a respectable $51 / 2-41 / 2$ score in the 44 -player event.
6. Mark Surgies
7. Alfred Wehrley

8. Leonids Gaigals 5-6; 9. Marshall Rohland $4 \frac{1}{2}-6 \frac{1}{2} ; 10$. Ralph B. Abrams $3 \frac{1}{2}-7 \frac{1}{2} ; 11$. Orville Francisco $3 \frac{1}{2}-7 \frac{1}{2}$; 12. Dr. O. M. J. Wehrley 13 -91
Ernest Olfe, tournament director.


REUBEN FINE CHESS CLUB
Presentation of the General Dean Trophy to members of the Reuben Fine Chess Club of San Francisco. Left to right: George Koltanowrski, Mrs. H. A. Whitehead, Phillip Chang, Ben Zeiler, team captain Dave Peizer, Mr. H. A. Whitehead, Gilbert Ramirez, Herbert Holden, Ted Eisenstadt, Ed Logan.

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## Editor: MONTGOMERY MAJOR

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## A Statement to the USCF Membership

I N the October 20th issue of CHESS LIFE, Editor Montgomery Major committee "in the interests of harmony".

In the light of certain actions taken at the Annual Meeting at New Orleans, and certain criticisms directed against current policies and procedure of the Federation, the Ways and Means Committee, as representatives of the entire membership, met at Pittsburgh on November 6th with Mr. Major and Business Manager Kenneth Harkness, in order to consider not only present controversies, but also future policy and program of the USCF.

After detailed and careful consideration of all issues and principles involved, it was unanimously decided by all present:

1) That the best interests of the Federation would be served by having Mr. Major continue as Editor of CHESS LIFE; and
2) That a complete study of all current controversies and criticisms of USCF procedures be undertaken by the committee, in order that such controversies can be both clarified and avoided in the future, the results of this study, together with the committee's recommendations, to be submitted to the Board of Directors as soon as feasible.
Forthcoming program and policies were given serious consideration at the meeting, but the Committee feels that the membership is entitled to judge these by future deeds, rather than present words.

USCF WAYS AND MEANS COMMITTEE FRANK R. GRAVES
A. WYATT JONES
W. M. BYLAND
$M_{\text {inor }} J_{\text {opics }}$
$B y$
IIipponax

## The Theory of Esoteric Pairing

## (A Scacchic Dialogue)

KLEINERTEUFEL wagged his ponderous head dubiously as I slid my adventurous Rook away from the threatened fork. With his brown eyes soft and liquid and his mouth drooping at the corners, he looked for all the world like a misanthropic St. Bernard, even to the shaggy hair.
"Another lost opportunity," he sighed.
"Blonde or brunette?" I queried.
"We were speaking of lost opportunities; not opportunities for losses."

With the deftness of long practice (I have been playing chess with him for years), I caught my Queen Rook from the folds of his ragged sleeve as he edged it gently from the board, and replaced it on its proper file.
"That was a lost opportunity, too" I told him. "You did it much neater yesterday. I didn't miss the piece until you mated me."

Kleinerteufel frowned; and when he frowns it has the shadow of the thunder of the Catskills in it, as when Rip Van Winkle bowls in the stormy twilight.
"We were speaking of lost opportunities; not accidents of unexpected alertness."

His gesturing hand was magnificent. Like a storm cloud against the sun, it covered the board momentarily with such effectiveness that I could not tell just how he moved his Bishop. But it seemed to me that it had changed color and was commanding now a different diagonal.
"Have you ever thought," said Kleinerteufel, doubtless to drown any feeble protest with the basso profundo of his voice, "of the insipid frivolity of Swiss Pairings as inefficiently manipulated by unimaginative tournament directors? Have you indeed shed (as I confess I have) ineffectual tears of mental anguish, close to physical agony, at the gross stupidity of pairings systems that insist with monotonous reiteration upon the perfecting of some futile mathematical pattern of wins and draws and losses in the vain and humorous assumption that who wins any tournament is a matter of primary importance? Have you indeed thought at all?"
"Not recently," I confessed in some embarrassment. "But don't let that fact deter you."

Kleinerteufel lurched forward across the board, wagging a fat, dirty, but minatory finger in my face. (I think it was at this moment that my King's Knight disappeared from the board.)
"You direct tournaments! You pair Swiss events! You can chatter with hideous clarity and verbosity about such inane rigmaroles as Harkness pairings, Rating System pairings and the quaint theory of top-half vs. bottom-half pairings; you are a useless compedium of data on all the futile impedimenta and nonsense that obsess every tournament director. But did you ever hear about the one perfect system, the one undisputed logical method, the one superlative creation of man's imagination and ingenuity-the System of Esoteric Pairings?"

I shook my head, while automatically I slipped my hand into his coat pocket, retrieved my King's Knight, and restored it to the board.
"Then, I will tell you!"
His sweeping gesture abolished gracefully my advanced passed pawn and, inadvertently, his own Rook pawn-this being almost even, I did not remonstrate.
"Esoteric Pairings are the only pairing that are completely gratifying to the ear, the eye, and the intellect. They ignore such childish considerations as to whether the players being paired are of equal strength; they do not condescend to probe the infantile question of whether both players have won the same number of games or have had the White pieces in the previous round.
"It was Pliny the Younger who proclaimed: 'I have said everything when I have named the man'. For names are all that matter, being the labels placed on individuals to mark them out as distinct entities in an otherwise confusion of existence. Therefore, all pairings should be made by names alone, to create in each separate instance a logical, alliterative, or homophonous meaning that alone makes sense.
"Think of the graphic pairings that could have been made at the U.S. Open Championship at New Orleans, for example, if an imaginative tournament director had been permitted to ignore the soul-shackling regulations of a numerical pattern based on the ill-considered theory that tournaments were intended to produce champions. With the plethora of material, you could have created such astounding matings of names as BillsPayne (and how they do!), Wills-Harrow (the forgotten relatives, of course), Gross-Chinn (a venture into description), Lockett-Faust (in deference to opera lovers), DeVine-Noel (a reminder of a joyous season), Brown-Vines (an autumn touch), Crew-Laucks (a tribute to the haircut), Potter-Palmer (to please the hotel industry), and Alexander-Hamilton (in memory of the U.S. Treasury).
"The U.S. Junior Championship at Long Beach was no less suggestive of lost opportunities for the forgotten art of esoteric meanings. There could have been Chappell-Cross (the religious touch), Berry-Stone (for students of horticulture), Siemms-Greene (probably not correctly descriptive of our U.S. Junior Champion), and Yarmak-Bloomer (which could be aptly said to most chess players).
"Other recent tournaments reek also with neglected opportunities, for only the ingenuity of the tournament director limits the infinite possibilities for high art. Esoteric pairings can be merely pleasingly alliterative as Sessa-Pflumm; they can be simply descriptive as FerrymanFisher, Hewes-Chalk, Moulden-Wright, Hand-Mills, Sharp-Daly, WilderRusch, Black-Gable, Spinner-Banner, Self-Fielding, Butcher-Mink; or they can trip off a suggestive sentence to the informed as in Gutmanis-Young, Eckenrode-Cantor; or reiterate a famous name as Rubin-Stein. Even a mild pun in an alien tongue like Gartenhaus-Sweig is possible for the student of languages.
"Naturally, not all names will possess the same esoteric quality for combination. Not every tournament entry list will provide such a soul inspiring description as available in Godbold-Bishop, nor such a pregnant warning to the ladies as Armstrong-Wolf. Not always can one pair CallisPupols (to gratify long-suffering teachers), nor suggest that the timid suitor become bold and Woo-Rozsa. Only infrequently can the astronomer be told Marque-Morningstar; and equally infrequently can the toper be reminded of Walker-Bond. We cannot tell the florist Wilt-Underwood at every event, nor trick the ear of the unalert with a sentence of pregnant meaning like Tiers-Venesaar (for the unsuccessful lover) or KamparsInbusch (although I prefer to pitch my tent in a clearing).
"Of course," ruminated Kleinerteufel sadly, "one must be very careful, even with esoteric pairings. All mortals do not have the same appreciation of art. One must, therefore, avoid the pairings that might be interpreted as a personal criticism, like Alexander-Popoff, particularly if there is any danger of it being accepted as apt characterization."

My eyes strayed to the board, which seemed strangely barren now of White pieces.
"Mate!" said Kleinerteufel.
He rose hastily to his feet, and my two White Rooks and a Bishop cascaded from his lap. But with unimpaired dignity he had shambled through the door before I could retrieve the pieces and demand a recount.

## CHESS AS WE SEE IT

Contributions from the Pens Of Outstanding Chess Analysts and Writers

## Seventh-Rank Pawns in the Middle Game

By E. W. GOODWIN

TO overcome an opponent by queening a pawn in the middle game or by that threat obtaining decisive material advantage, has for many players an extraordinary attraction, partly because pawn promotions belong rightly to endgame positions, but also because to adequately support a pawn on one's seventh rank when many pieces are still on the board allows excellent counter-attacking chances. These may turn the tables on the pawn promoter, as in Goodwin-Rothamel and Nightingale-Goodwin below.

The complicated position which arise belong more to correspondence than over-the-board chess play, as in the latter both players usually sidetrack great complications. A great feature of the theme of this article is, of course, the opposing attacks on opposite wings, with defence a background and secondary consideration.

Glancing recently through my game notes, I found eight of this type of game, all played by correspondence since 1946-four Ruy Lopez, two French Defence, one Queen's Pawn, one Queen's Gambit. Of these, four ended in favor of the pawn promoter, two against him, and two are unfinished. Because of the sacrifices made or threatened and the opposing threats, these games are extremely interesting. The writer would be glad to hear from other players with similar games.

## RUY LOPEZ (Friess Attack)

MCO: page 241, column 63 British County Correspondence Championship, 1948

$\begin{array}{lcc}\text { 35. } \mathrm{Kt} \text {-Q1 } \\ \text { 36. } \mathrm{R}(1)-\mathrm{B2} & \mathrm{Q} & \mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{Q} 6 \\ \mathrm{P}-\mathrm{KR} 3\end{array}$ 37. P-QKt4 36. $\mathrm{R}(1)$-B2 P-KR3 $\quad$ In Progress $\begin{array}{rlrl}\text { RUY LOPEZ } \\ \text { MCO: pages } & \text { 242-245 } \\ \text { (Tarrasch Defense) }\end{array}$
RUY LOPEZ (Friess Attack)
MCO: page 241, Column 63
BCCA vs. Nairobi Chess Club Match, 1948

| White |  |  | Black |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| E. W. GOODWIN |  |  | D. KATIC |  |
|  |  |  | (Nairobi, | Kenya) |
| 1. | P.K4 |  | P-K4 | 15. $\mathrm{C} \cdot \mathrm{B} 2$ | P-B5 |
| 2. | Kt-KB3 | Kt-QB3 | 16. P-B5 | Q-B2 |
| 3. | B-K+5 | P-QR3 | 17. $\mathrm{P} \times \mathrm{P}$ | PxP |
| 4. | B-R4 | Kt-B3 | 18. P-QR4 | B-B4 |
| 5. | -0 | K | 19. Q-K2 | P-K5 |
| 6. | P-Q4 | P-QK+4 | 20. Kt -Q4 | P-Q4 |
| 7. | P-Q5 | PxB | 21. B-Q2 | Q-K+3 |
| 8. | PxKt | P.Q3 | 22. $\mathrm{K}+\mathrm{xB}$ | R×Kt |
| 9. | R-K1 | $\mathbf{K t - B 3}$ | 23. QR-QB1 | P-B6 |
| 10. | P-B4 | B-K2 | 24. Q-B1 | B-Q3 |
| 11. | QxRP | 0.0 | 25. P-B7 | R.QB1 |
| 12. | QKt-Q2 | Q-K1 | 26. R-B6 | R-B3 |
| 13. | Kt-K+3 | $\mathbf{K t - R 4}$ | 27. $\mathrm{R}(\mathrm{KI})$ |  |
| 14. | Kt-R5 | P-B4 |  |  |
| (Diagram top of next column) |  |  |  |  |
| 27. |  | BxPch | 31. $\mathbf{Q \times P}$ | R×Q |
| 28. | KxB | Kt-K+6 | 32. KxR | P-Q5 |
| 29. | $\mathrm{P} \times \mathrm{K}+$ | Q-R4ch | 33. $\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{B} 4$ | Q-Q4 |
|  |  |  |  |  |

## A LOST CONTRIBUTOR

Some years ago we received the manuscript of this article from Mr Goodwin and have "held it ever since, awaiting an opportunity to publish it. Recently, wè attempted to contact Mr. Goodwin in order that be could complete the scores of several unfinished games quoted in the text. But we have been unable to locate him. Therefore, we publish the article as originally written, trusting that the various cited games will be interesting enough in their novel situations that the failure of several to reach a final conclusion will be regarded as unimportant-The Editor.

RUY LOPEZ (Tarrasch Defense) MCO: pages 236 -239
BCCA Knockout Tourney Correspondence, 1947

\section*{| D. |
| :--- |
| D. |
| 1. |
| 2. |
| 3. |
| 4. |
| 5. |
| 6. |
| 7. |
| 8. |
| 9. |
| 10. |
| 11. |
| 12. |
|  |
|  |
|  |}

White

| 1. | P-K4 | P-K4 | 14. Q-KKi4 | Q-K13 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2. | Kt-KB3 | Kt-QB3 | 15. B-K3 | P-KR4 |
| 3. | B-K+5 | P.QR3 | 16. Q-KB4 | O-0.0 |
| 4. | B-R4 | Kt -83 | 17. QKt-Q2 | P-KK14 |
| 5. | 0.0 | KtxP | 18. KtxP | BxKt |
| 6. | P-Q4 | P-QK+4 | 19. Q-B5ch | B-K3 |
| 7. | B-K+3 | P-Q4 | 20. QxKB | P-R5 |
| 8. | PxP | B-K3 | 21. Kt-K4 | Q-B3 |
| 9. | P.B3 | Kt-R4 | 22. BxP | QR-K+1 |
|  | B-B2 | P-QB4 | 23. Q-K3 | Kt-B5 |
| 11. | Q-K2 | B-K2 | 24. Q-Q4 | B-R6 |
| 12. | - BxKt | PxB | 25. P-KK†3 | P-KB4 |
|  | QXKP | B-Q4 | 26. $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{K}+3$ |  |



FRENCH DEFENSE
MCO: page 56, column 57 (e)
BCCA Overseas Tourney
Correspondence, 1948 White
E. W. GOODWIN (Somerset) H. A. $\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { SCHMID } \\ \text { (Vienna) }\end{array}\right)$ $\begin{array}{lllllr}\text { 1. } & \text { P-K4 } & \text { P-K3 } & \text { 9. } & \text { B-Q2 } & \text { P-B5 } \\ \text { 2. } & \text { P-Q4 } & \text { P-Q4 } & \text { 10. } & \text { P-K }+3 & \text { Kt-K }+3\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllll}\text { 2. } & \text { P-Q4 } & \text { P-Q4 } & \text { 10. } & \text { P-Kt3 } \\ \text { 3. } & \text { Kt-QB3 } & \text { B-Kt5 } & \text { 11. } & \text { B-R3 } \\ \text { 4. } & \text { P-K5 } & \text { P-QB4 } & \text { P-KR3 } \\ \text { 12. } & \text { P-O } & \text { Kt-B3 }\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llrlr}\text { 4. } & \text { P.K5 } & \text { P-QB4 } & \text { 12. O.O } & \text { Kt-B3 } \\ \text { 5. } & \text { P-QR3 } & \text { BXKtch } & \text { 13. Kt-K1 } & \text { QKt-K2 } \\ \text { 6. } & \text { P } \times \text { K } & \text { Kt-K2 } & \text { 14. P-B4 } & \text { P-R4 }\end{array}$




Qhess Life
Saturday, Page 5
November 20, 1954

| 17. P-B5 | $\mathbf{P \times P}$ | 23. R-KB1 | R-KB1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 18. K $\dagger \mathrm{xP}$ | KtxKt | 24. P-K6 | Qxp |
| 19. $\mathrm{BxK} \dagger$ | BxB | 25. PxPch | K-Q1 |
| 20. $\mathrm{R} \times \mathrm{B}$ | P-R5 | 26. $\mathrm{R} \times \mathrm{Pch}$ | R-Q2 |
| 21. Q-B3 | $\mathbf{P \times P}$ | 27. B-Kt5 ch | Kt-K2 |
| 22. $\mathbf{P \times P}$ | R-B2 | 28. R-K1 R | Resigns |

FRENCH DEFENSE
MCO: page 62, column 90 BCCA Tourney
Correspondence, 1946
White EHTINGALE E, W, Black
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { C. A. NIGHTINGALE } & \text { E. W. GOODWIN } \\ \text { (Reading) }\end{array}$



QUEEN'S GAMBIT DECLINED
MCO: page 162-163
Blumich Memorial Tourney
Correspondence, 1948 Black
White
Black
(Somersel)
W. ROTHAMEL
 $\begin{array}{lllll}\text { 2. } & \text { P-QB4 } & \text { P-K3 } & \text { 12. } & \text { O-O } \\ \text { 3. } & \mathrm{Kt} \mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{QB} 3 & \mathrm{P}+\mathrm{QK}+\mathrm{KB} 3 & \text { 13. } \mathrm{P}-\mathrm{K} 4 & \mathrm{~B}-\mathrm{K}+2\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllll}\text { 3. } & \mathrm{K}+\mathrm{QB} 3 & \mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{KB3} 3 & \text { 13. } \mathrm{P}-\mathrm{K} 4 & \mathrm{~B}-\mathrm{K}+2 \\ \text { 4. } & \mathrm{B}-\mathrm{K}+5 & \mathrm{~B}-\mathrm{K} 2 & \text { 14. } \mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{B} 2 & \mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{B3} \\ \text { 5 } & \mathrm{P}-\mathrm{K} 3 & \mathrm{P}-\mathrm{KR} & \text { 15. }\end{array}$





| 20. PxP | QxKt | 28. R-K2 | B-B3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 21. PxP ch | K-B1 | 29. P-B4 | Pxp |
| 22. P-B3 | R-Q2 | 30. PxP | Q-R4 |
| 23. QR-Q1 | QR-Q1 | 31. Q-K1 | Q-K+5 ch |
| 24. RxR | R×R | 32. Q-K+3 | R-Q8 ch |
| 25. R-Q1 | K-K2 | 33. K-Kı2 | BxP ch |
| 26. R-K1 | P-KK+4 | 34. K-B2 | Q ch |
| 27. Q-B1 | K-B1 | Resigns |  |

(Please turn to page 8, col. 1)
BOOST AMERICAN CHESSI By Joining the U.S.C.F.

Are You A Member? Is Your Friend A Member?

# GAMES BY USCF MEMBERS 

USCF MEMBERS: Submut your best games for this department to JOHN W. COLLINS, 91 Lenox Road, Brooklyn 26, N.Y. Space being limited, Mr. Collins will select the most interesting and instructive for publication. Unless otherwise stated notes to games are by Mr. Collins.

This game illustrates the dangers arising from a cramped position. One inaccuracy by the defender and he is overwhelmed by an unstoppable attack.

## FRENCH DEFENSE

MCO: page 54, column 46

## U.S. Open Championship

New Orleans, 1954
Notes by U. S. Expert Edmar Mednis White E, MEDNIS

R-K3 BRIEGER | P.K4 4 | P-K3 | 6. $\mathrm{Kt} \times \mathrm{Ktch} \mathrm{KtxKt}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

 Black has played the Rubinstein VariaBlack has played the Rubinstein Varia-
tion of the French Defense, which gives him a solid, though cramped game, Mco now continues with 10 . B-Kt5 after which Black obtains equality. P-QB4 in connection with KR-Q1 seems much stronger, because it not only builds a strong center, but also gives White many immediate chances on the K -side. 10. P-B4

This move doesn't look good as it weakens the K -side, but it would have been forced sooner or later anyway.
12. $\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{K} 5 \quad \mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{Q} 2$ ?

This is bad because White gets the necessary time for a strong K -side attack.
13. Q-R5
Already there is. a threat at BxP.
13. Kt Kt is Kt -B3

KtxKt is even worse
14. Q-R3 Kt-K5?
Black now loses just about by force, but a good plan seems to be non-exist-
15. P-Q5! B-Q3 16. BxK+

If PxP , then BxKt wins a piece.
16. .......
BXKt
PX

Forced.
19. PxP
QxP ch, followed by QxB also is a good move, but White prefers to play for the attack.
19.
20. $R \times Q \quad \underset{K R \times R}{B \times R} \quad$ 21. Q-K 16 ch B-K+2 If 21 . ......., $\quad \mathrm{KR}-\mathrm{R1}$, then 22. P-K7, R-K1; 23. Q-R6 ch, K-Kt1; 24. Q-K6 ch wins a $\begin{array}{llll}\text { 22. Q-B7 ch } & \text { K-R1 } & \text { 23. P-K7 } & \text { R-K1 }\end{array}$

24. P-QR4!

The quickest way to get the R in the game. The threat is R-R3 and the ${ }_{24 .}^{\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{R} 3} \mathrm{ch}$. $\quad \mathrm{BXQK}+\mathrm{P}$
24. ........ $\begin{gathered}\text { BXQKYP } \\ \text { There is nothing better. }\end{gathered}$

## PERSONAL SERVICE

The Editor of this Department will play you a game by mail, comment on every move, and give you a thorough postgame analysis. Fee \$10.
Mr. Collins will also annotate any one of your games for a fee of $\$ 5$.

Saturday, Page 6
November 20, 1954
25. R-R2 B-B8 27. R-R1!
26. Q-B6 ch! K-R2
Thanks to this interesting maneuver, Thanks to this interesting maneuver, White either gets in R-R3 or wins a
piece. ${ }_{27}{ }^{\text {piece. }}$
Black prefers to ${ }^{\text {B-R3 }}$
Q-87 chers to allow R-R3.
 29. R-R3
Not K-R1???

Not K-R1???
31. ....... R-Kt8 ch
32. K×R R-KK +1 ch

Ben Greenwald, a student at Brigham Young University, and formerly of Brooklyne N.Y., showed determination and accuracy in this one: JWC.

## SLAV DEFENSE

MCO: page 197, column 26 (b) Nevada State Championship Carson City, 1954
Notes by J. Norman Cotter White Black $\begin{array}{llll}\text { M. HAILPERN } & \text { B. GREENWALD } \\ \text { 1. } & \text { P-Q4 } & \text { P-Q4 } & \text { 3. PXP } \\ \text { PxP }\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lll}\text { 1. } & \text { P-Q } & \text { P-QB4 } \\ \text { P-QB3 }\end{array}$
The Exchange Variation of the Slav, one of the strongest at White's disposal.
$\begin{array}{llllll}\text { 4. } & \mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{KB} 3 & \mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{QB} 3 & \text { 8. } & \mathrm{B}-\mathrm{Q3} & \mathrm{~B}-\mathrm{Kts} \\ \text { 5. } & \mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{B} 3 & \mathrm{Kt} \mathrm{Kt} 3 & \text { 9. } & \mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{K}+3 & \mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{KS}\end{array}$
 7. P-K3 Cl Q-R4
In slightly different order the game is the same as Botvinnik-Denker, USSRUSA match, 1945. At this point Botvinnik suggests 10. ........, P-B3 as Black's best try. The game actually continued 10. ......., KtxKt; 11. PxKt, B-R6; 12. R-QKt1, P-QKt3; 13. P-K4! with a dis-
tinct edge for White.
11. 0.0
More pithy is 12. KR-Q1 so as to continue with 13. Kt-K5 and 14. P-B3.
12. ....... $\quad$ B-K2 ${ }^{\text {13. Kt-QKt5 }}$

$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { 13. ........ B-Q2 } & \text { 15. Kt-B3 Q-Q11 }\end{array}$ QR-B1
Setting an interesting trap as well as getting the Queen out from its $Q$-side limb. 16. QxKtP might be followed by ......, P-Kt4; 17. B-K5 (B-Kt3 would leave the B trapped after ......, P-B5), P-Kt5; 18. Kt-K1 (or Q2), KtxB; 19. PxKt, Kt-B4 winning the Q after 20. QxRP, R-R1 or material-after 20 . K-Kt4, KtxB, etc. In this variation, if White tries to escape on his 19th turn with 20 . BxKt, B-B3; 21. Q-Kt3 (21. QxRP3/8, R-R1), Kt-B5; 22. B-Q3, R-Kt1 and Black recovers the pawn with the better game.
16. KłxQP?

An unsound combination.
 Naturally not 19. QxP?, B-KB4. 19. ....... B-KK+5?

Forcing the Queens off

| . QxQ | KRxQ | 26. | B-K+3 | B-K+4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 21. P-B3 | $\mathbf{P \times P}$ | 27. | K-B2 | R-KB1 |
| 22. P | B-R4 | 28. | R-B5 | Kt-Q4 |
| 23. K-B2 | B-R5 ch | 29. | P-K4 | BxKt |
| 24. K-K+2 | Kt-K2 |  |  | Kt-B3 |

With obvious threats.
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { 31. K-K3 } & \text { P-QK }+3 & \text { 36. B-K5 } & \text { P-K+3 }\end{array}$

$\begin{array}{lrlll}\text { 34. P-Q6 } & \begin{array}{rlll}\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{B} 2 & & & \\ \text { 35. } & \mathrm{K}-\mathrm{Q} 4 & \mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{R} 4 & \text { 39. K-K3 }\end{array} & \mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{K}+2\end{array}$
39. R×R and 40. R-B8 ch leads to nothing after 40........., Kt-K1. Hailparn can do no better than hope for a blunder. 39. $\begin{array}{llll}\text { 40.... } & \text { B-K+6 } & \text { 41. R-B7 } & \text { B-R }\end{array}$ 40. RxR RxR
Black need not fear 42. P-Kt3, RxR and $42 . . ., \mathrm{B}-\mathrm{Q} 2$.
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { 42. } & \begin{array}{llll}\text { 43. } & \text { K-K }+3 & \text { K-B2 } & \text { 45. K-K4 }\end{array} & \begin{array}{r}\text { R-KB2 } \\ \text { K-K3 }\end{array} & \text { 46, P-B4 } \\ \text { P-KK } 14!\end{array}$ 44. P-K5 Kt-B4 ch

To weaken the pawns. If 47. PxP, KtxB; 48.. PxKt, R-B4, ete.
$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { 47. R-B3 } & \text { P×P } & \text { 49. } & \text { B-Kt3 } & \text { Kt-K+3 } \\ \text { 48, B×P } & \text { Kt-R5 } & \text { 50, } & \text { R-B8 } & \end{array}$


The game is won for Black, but further progress is extremely difficult in view of the fact that Black must keep his R on the 2nd rank to preserve his re; maining pawns. A slow maneuver is necessary, the first step of which is to drive the Whlte King from its sentralized post. The Black King can then be posted on KB4 and the Kt transferred to K3 followed by a gradual King Invasion. Fortunately. White cooperates in his demise thus permitting 5 a shortening of the process.

| 50 | B-K+4 | 55. K-Q4 | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 51. P-K+3 | B-R3 | 56. K-B4 |  |
| 52. R-K8 ch | K-Q2 | 57. K-Q4 | 34 |
| 53. R-QK+8 | B-K+4 | 58. K-B4 | Kt-Q2 |
| 54. R-Kı8 B | B-B3 ch | 59. R-K8 |  |
| White's last | $t$ is an | ror. 59. K-Q | would |
| have prolong | nged res | tance. In | y |
| the Kt sho | hould ha | e been | vent |
| from reachi | ing QB4 | by a tim | P-Kt4. |
| Resistance n | now coll | pses. |  |
| 60. R-QB8? |  |  |  |
| A tactic | ror. | other | lare is |
|  |  |  |  |
| $60 .$ | B-Q2 | 66. R-K7 | R×R |
| 61. R-KK+8 B | B-K3 ch | 67. PxR | $\mathbf{K t - 8 3}$ |
| 62. K-K+5 | BxP | 68. $\mathrm{K} \cdot \mathrm{K} \dagger 7$ | B-R5 |
| 63. K-B6 | Kt-Q2 | 69. KxP |  |
| 64. P.K6 | $\mathbf{K x P}$ | Resigns |  |
| 65. R-K8ch | K-B |  |  |

蹱
All is well that ends well. A Queen's Pawn Opening which "drifts" into a sideline of the King's Indian Defense. Minor inaccuracies and omissions on both sides result in a see-san battle. Finally Black seizes the initiative and leads his attack to a pretty finish.

KING'S INDIAN DEFENSE

## MCO: page 91, column 59

## Metropolitan Chess League

New York, 1954
 should lead to a bad game for Black. Correct is-after the necessary preparation with either QKt-B3 or QKt-Q2-to push the KP to K4.
Instead, White should exploit Black's inaccuracy with 7. PxP, $\mathrm{PxP} ; 8$. QxQ, RxQ; 9. B-K3, Kt-R3; 10. Kt-QR4, Kt-Q2; 11 . O-O-O and Black is helpless.
7. Kt -B3

Now Black is safe against the above out lined attack, 1.e., 8. PxP, PxP; 9. QxQ RxQ; 10. B-K3, Kt-Q5; 11. BxKt, PxB; 12. KR-Q1, B-K3, etc.

## 8. P-K4 B-K+5

9. PxP PxP 10. B-K3

Exchange of Queens does not change matters any more. In any case Black has the initiative.
$\begin{array}{lrrr}\text { 10. } & \text { Q-R4 } & \text { 12. KR-Q1 } & \text { Kt-Q2 }\end{array}$ 11. Q-K+3 QR-K+1

Somewhat risky; safer was 12. Kt-K1. If then 13. P-KR3, then BxKKt; 14. BxB, Kt-Q5; 15. BxKt, PxB; 16, Kt-Q5, Q-Q1 13. P-KR3 BXKł?

Necessary was 13 . ......., B-K3; 14. KtKKt5, Kt-Q5; 15. BxKt, PxB; 16. KtxB, PxKt; 17. Kt-K2, P-K4 with a good game for Black.
14. BxB?

White passes his opportunity up with closed eyes. RxKt with a R on the 7th was a powerful move.
was a powerful move
14. $\mathrm{K}+(2)-\mathrm{K} 4$
14. $\quad \mathrm{K} \ddagger(2)-\mathrm{K} 4$
Now the Black cavalry will swarm all Now the Black cavalry will swarm all
over the battlefield. over the battlefield.
15. B-K2 Kt-Q5
16. BxKt
Not 17. ExP? because of Kt -B6 ch .
17. $\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{B3} \quad$ 19. $\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{Q} 5$ ?
18. Kt-B4 Q-B2
White plays without

White plays without a plan. Indicated was QR-B1 and Kt-Q3 to stop the passed pawn.
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { 19. } & \text { Q-Q3 } & \text { 25. } K t-B 4 & \text { P-K4 } \\ \text { 20. } K-K+2 & \text { P-K3 } & \text { 26. } K t-K 6 & R-B 3 \\ \text { 21. } K t-B 4 & K-R 1 & \text { 27. } K t \times B & Q \times K t \\ \text { 22. } K t-Q 3 & \text { P-B4 } & \text { 28. } B-K+5 & K t-K 2 \\ \text { 23. P-B5 } & Q-K 2 & \text { 29. } P-Q R 4 & P-B 5\end{array}$
24. PxP KtPxP
While White is wasting moves Black prepares for the final assault on White's

QR-KB1 33. PxP
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { 31. QR-KB1 } & \text { Kt-B4 } & \text { 35. Q-Q3 } & \text { P-QR3 }\end{array}$


This simple pawn move is necessary, as will be seen after two moves.
36. B-B4

If instead 36. B-K8, R-B7 ch; 37 . K-R1, Q-Kt1; 38. B-R5, Q-Q4 ch.
$\begin{aligned} & \text { 36. ........ } \\ & \text { R-B7ch } \\ & \text { 38. P-KR4 }\end{aligned}$

## 37. K-R1 Q-R3 .

Had the $B$ remained on Kt5, it could now go to Q7 to protect the KRP. 38. ........ Q-B3 ch Resigns

Black played the final phase of the game with great ingenuity.

## 泉

WEAK SQUARES STRATEGEM
This is a glaring example of a "dark squares assault."

## QUEEN'S PAWN GAME

## MCO: page 201

"Warm-Up Tournament"
Potistown, 1954
White
Black
R. HUGHES
W. SPENCER

1. P-Q4
2. $\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{KB}$

P-Q4
P-QB3
It is too early for this move to have point. In order of preference are 2. ........, $\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{KB3} 32.2 \ldots, \mathrm{P}-\mathrm{QB} 4$; and 2 . ........, P-K3. 3. $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{K3}$ 4, $\mathrm{Kt}+\mathrm{B3}$

Now the game is a Colle System-with Black's QBP being misplaced.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { 5. } & 0-a \\
\text { 6. } & K t \cdot B 3
\end{array}
$$

Whether it be from here or Q2, it does not matter, this Knight will soon recapture on K4.
7. R-K1

If at once 7. P-K4?, then KtxP; 8. Ktx Kt, PxKt; 9. BxP, QxP.
7. P. P-K4 QKt-Q2 $\quad$ P. K K $\times$ PP $\quad$ KtxKt
 This is quite playable, but a simpler line is $10 ., \ldots, \mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{B} 3 ; 11 . \mathrm{B}-\mathrm{Q} 3, \mathrm{~B}-\mathrm{Kt} 5$. The Queen would exert Q-B2
at R4 or Kt3.
12. P-Q5
dark squares. The main threat is 21.
R/5-Q5, winning a plece.

20. ....... BxR?

A Pawn down, and under heavy attack, Black has a losing proposition in any case, but this submits too easily. Relatively best is 20 . ......., Q-Kt3. But 20 . loses a Black piece.
21. B×B

Threatening 22. QK-B6 as well as the pinned Knight.

QR-Q1
If 21. ........, KR-K1, 22. QK-B6 (22. BxKt?? QxB!; 23. RxQ, R-K8 mate is a "cheapo!' R RxB; 23. Q×R, and White has a winning position.
22. QK-B6! $\begin{aligned} & \text { Resigns } \\ & \text { Mate on the dark squares, KKt7 or } \\ & \text { KR3, comes next. }\end{aligned}$

ṄĒW JERSEY STATE OPEN CHAMPIONSHIP

## Orange; 1954



GOLDEN GATE CHESS CLUB CHAMPIONSHIP
San Francisco, 1954
100\% USCF Rated Event

12. J. C. Myers $9-10 ; 13$. R. Smook $8-11$; 14. N. Henwood $7-12$; 15. G. Lutz $7-12 ; 16$. H Rosenbaum 6ㅊ-121; 17. H. King 5-14; 18. H. Dasteel, Jr. 4-15; 19. C. Huneke 3-16; 20. Dr. M. Zeligs 0-19.

# Mate The Subtle Way! 

by Vincent L. Eaton


Problem No. 518
By L. Knotek 1st Prize, Alain White Memorial Tourney, 1952-53


## Solutions: Mate the Subtle Way!

495 (Daniel): 1. Q-Kt5
496 (Holladay): 1. Q-K6
$\begin{array}{ll}497 & \text { (Burger): 1. B-K3 } \\ 498 \\ \text { (Loshinsky): }\end{array}$

$9 \begin{gathered}\text { KRxR; 2. R-B5. If } \\ \text { (Musante): } 1 \text {. Kt-Kt5 }\end{gathered}$
500 (Anderson): 1. Q-B1, RP moves; 2. R-Kt6. If $1 . \ldots . .$. $\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{Q} 1$; 2. R-KB2. If 1. ....... $\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{Q} 3$; 2. QxP ch . If $1 . . . . . . \mathrm{P}-\mathrm{B} 7$; 2. QxRch. If $1 . . .$. P-Kt7; 2.RxKt. If $1 . . . . . . . . . \quad \mathrm{P}-\mathrm{B5}$; 2. R-Kt5ch.
501 (Gabor): 1. Kt-R4
502 (Marshall): 1. B-Q7
503 (Paparella): 1. R-Kt8
504 (Burger): 1. Q-Kt6
505 (Mansfield): 1. B-K4
(Wurzburg): 1. Kt-K3. If 1. ....... K-K4; 2. Kt-B4ch. If 1. ........ P-Kt5; 2. K-Kt3. If 1..-..... K-B5; 2. Kt-Kt4.
(Fleck): 1 . B-Kt7
508 (Gamage): 1. R-Q1
509 (Rukhlis): 1. B-Kt8
 2. PxR.

511 (Anderson): 1. Kt-Kt3
512 (Kohnlein): 1. Kt-B5
513 (Lewman): 1. B-Kt8
514 (Kipping): 1. P-Q8, becoming Rook, and White captures the Black $Q$ after each of its 12 checks. The try 1. P-Q8(Q) is defeated by 1. ........ Q-QB4; 2. BXQ? stalémate!

Pacific Gas \& Electric Chess Club (Calif.) celebrated their entry into the Bay Area Industrial League by a $31 / 2-21 / 2$ victory over Fluorescent Fixtures with L. Orloff, D. Lee, and V. Salathy scoring for PG\&E while G. Carroll and P. Van der Leest salvaged points for Flourescent. John Yale on board for PG\&E drew with E. Anders.

The Golden Gafe (San Francisco) Chess Club has moved to spacious new quarters on the top floor of the Press and Union League Club, 555 Post St. Regular meeting night is Friday at 8 p.m. and International Master Imre Konig reports that no chess club in Eurthe new Golden Gate clubroom. A USCF Affiliated Club.

Cleveland Chess Association: Cleveland begins the 1954-55 league season with 22 teams in Industrial League, 16 teams in Club League; and 9 teams in Scholastic League. This year all matches will be $100 \%$ USCF Rated, as the Cleveland Chess Association is a USCF League Affiliate.
Puget Sound (Wash.) Chess League: The season starts with a nine team grouping of West Seattle, Seattle YMCA, University of Washington, Seattle Chess Club, Olympia, Kitsap Coun ty, Tacoma, MeNeil Island Prison, and Latvian Sports Ciub.
(hbess Cife
Saturday, Page 7 November 20, 1954
(tbess Cife

## $\eta_{\text {ew }}$ USCI Affiliates

## CALIFORNIA

Salinas Chess Club
Meets at Salinas YMCA Tuesdays at 7:30 p.m. Address \% Sam M. Lowe, sec'y, 316 Nolce Drive, Salinas, Calif.

## KANSAS

Boeing Chess Club
Meets at Boeing clubhouse, Boeing Airplane Co., Wichita, Sundays 2.6 p.m. Airplane Co., Wichita, Sundays 2.6 p.m.
Address \% Bercil Martin, pres., 106 No. Address \% Bercil Martin, pr
Pershing St., Wichita, Kans.

NORTH CAROLINA
Cape Fear Chess Club
Meets at Community Bldg., Second and Orange Sts., Wilmington, Tuesdays ney, sec'y, 1115 South 5th Ave., Wilmney, sec'y, 1115
ington, No. Car.

## 7TH RANK PAWNS <br> (Continued from page 5, col. 4) <br> KING'S INDIAN DEFENSE <br> MCO: page 91, column 60 <br> Correspondence Game, 1948 <br> White



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## Journament Life

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## November 25-28

## Log Cabin Thanksgiving

## Eastern States Open

## West Orange, New Jersey

At Log Cabin Chess Club, 30 Collamore Terrace; open to all; 7 rd event Hans Kmoch referee; pairings based on USCF ratings and score; prizes; $\$ 150.00$ 1st, $\$ 125.00$ 2nd, $\$ 100.003 \mathrm{rd}, \$ 50.004$ th, etc.; entry fee $\$ 10.00$ with $\$ 7.00$ for juniors, $\$ 5.00$ returnable; USCF dues $\$ 5.00$ from non-USCF members; for de $\$ 5.00$ from non-USCF members; for details write Log Cabin Chess Club, 30 Collamore Terr., West Orange, N. J

## November 26-28

Missouri Open Tournament St. Louis, Mo.
At Downtown YMCA, 1528 Locust St.; open to all, highest placed Missouri resident wins State title; 6 or 7 rd Swiss; entry fee $\$ 7.00$ plus USCF MCA mem bership (combined dues $\$ 6.00$ ); guaran teed 1st prize $\$ 125$, 2nd prize $\$ 60$, 3rd prize $\$ 30$-total $\$ 250$, all in cash, guaran teed; TD M. W. Gilbert; for details write: M. W. Gilbert, 507 No. Central Ave., University City 5, Mo.; bring boards, sets and clock, if possible.
$100 \%$ USCF rated event.

## November 26-28

1st Annual North-Central Open Milwaukee, Wis.
Open to all; entry fee $\$ 7$ plus $\$ 1$ rating fee for non-members of USCF; at Ball Room of Wisconsin Hotel, No. Third at West Wisconsin; $\$ 125$ mini mum first prize, $\$ 75 \mathrm{~min}$. second prize guaranteed, total prizes min. $\$ 350$ guaranteed in addition to $\$ 10$ special prizes for ranking A and B class players unless already prizewinners; time limit 45 moves in first 2 hours; 7 round Swiss, starting 8:00 p.m. Friday, Nov. 26; entries close 6:00 p.m. Friday; spon26; entries close 6:00 p.m. Friday; spon-
sored by Wisconsin State Ass'n and sored by Wisconsin State Ass'n and Milwaukee Chess Foundation; for de tails, write: A. E. Elo, 3935 No. Fiebrantz Dr., Milwaukee 10, Wis. (Origlnally announced as Wisconsin State Open).
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## November 26-28 <br> Wichita Open Championship Wichita, Kans.

Open; at Central YMCA, First Ave. at Emporia; 6 rd Swiss; entry fee $\$ 5.00$ plus $\$ 1.00$ rating fee for players anteed $\$ 100$ first prize remaining guares determined by entries, trophing prizfor details, write: James H. Maguire, 717 Lexington Road, Wichita, Mans. $100 \%$ USCF rated event

## December 11-12

Oklahoma State Championship Norman, Okla.
At Student Union Bldg; overnite accomodations available; entry fee $\$ 3.00$, students $\$ 1.50$ with $\$ 1.00$ rating fee additional for non-USCF members; trophics and medals; for details, write: Dr. A. M. de la Torre, \% University of Oklahoma, Norman, Okla.
$100 \%$ USCF rated event.
December 31-January 2

## Illinois Open Championship

 Decatur, III.4th annual open to all; at Decatur YMCA, 151 West Prairie St.; 6 rd Swiss, C. Turner Nearing, t.d.; entry fee $\$ 5.00$ plus $\$ 1.00$ rating fee for non-USCF members; all entrance fees go to prizes, 1 st prize guaranteed $\$ 75$; time limit 50 moves in 2 hrs; entries close 7:45 p.m., moves in 2 hrs; entries close 7:45 p.m.,
Dec. 31st; 1st rd $8: 00$ p.m., 3 rds Jan 1st, Dec. 31st;
2 Jan. 2nd. For room reservation (at $\$ 2.50$ ) write W. H. Johnson, Decatur YMCA; for information or registration to: Dr. Max Schlosser, Standard Bldg., Decatur, III.
100\% USCF rated event.


December 31-January 2
Tennessee Open Championship Bristol, Tenn.-Va.
At Hotel Bristol, Cumberland and Moore Sts.; entries close 6:45 p.m. E.S.T., Dec. 31st.; entry fee $\$ 5$ (\$4 for USCF members); entry fees used for
prizes, trophy; Swiss tmt.; for details, prizes, trophy; Swiss tmt.; for
write: Lee Douglas, Emory, Va.
$100 \%$ USCF rated event.
February 26-27
58th Minnesota State Championship St. Paul, Minn.
Open; state title to highest state resldent; at Downtown YMCA, 9th and Cedar Sts.; 6 rd Swiss, 45 moves in 2 hrs.; $\$ 50$ first prize guaranteed with other cash prizes and special class prizes in cash; Entry fee $\$ 8$ ( $\$ 7$ to USCF membership card holders) with $\$ 2$ refund on completion of schedule; Registration deadline 8:00 a.m. February 26; bring chess clocks and sets; for details or entry write: Dane Smith, 1283 Wat-
son Ave., St. Paul 5, Minn. son Ave., St. Paul 5, Minn.
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$100 \%$ USCF Rated event.

Lansing (Mich.) Chess Club continued in winning ways by besting the Hollway Chess Club of Grand Rapids $51 / 2-41 / 2$ to retain lead in the Central Michigan Chess League of which it is defending champion. Scoring for Lansing ly,-W. Steinfatt, and E. Johnson, whlle ly, W. Steinfatt, and E. Johnson, while
R . Uhlmann, A. Medendorp, E. Mintzer, and O. Jungwirth tallied for Grand Rapids. W. Morris (Lansing) drew with E. Van Sweden.

Pennsylvania State University Chess Club elected Frederick H. Kerr president, Bill Friedman Vice-president, Bob Dejaiffe secretary, and Art Gramps corresponding secretary. The club hopes to take greater part in college chess activities this season, and college clubs may contact Frederick Kerr, Box 908, Jordan Hall, Pennsylvania State University, State College, Pa.

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