# (lhess Cije America's Chess Mewspaper 



$S$

# Steinmeyer Wins Missouri Open Ahead of Nedved, Anderson, Ragan 

By JACK SPENCE
Robert Steinmeyer, U.S. Master, won the Missouri Open which included the state championship from a field of twenty entrants in a six round Swiss System tournament at the Downtown YMCA in St. Louis over the Thanksgiving weekend. His main opposition was furnished by Kimball Nedved, former Illinois champion and recent winner of the Trans-Mississippi Open at Davenport, Ia. in June, and John Ragan, St. Louis, victor in the last two Heant of America championships in Kansas City and defending state champion.

Nedved forged an early $3-0$ lead while Steinmeyer and Ragan battled to a draw in the second round. The crucial Steinmeyer-Nedved meeting in round four. The game ended in a draw in 30 moves with Nedved a pawn ahead with good chances for a possible win had he desired to play on. Opposite-colored bishops no doubt influenced his decision to accept a draw. At this point Ragan earned a tie at $31 / 2-1 / 2$ with Nedved. The fifth round saw Nedved dissolve this tie in convincing fashion as he defeated Ragan rather easily after the latter failed to attain equality in a Sicilian Defense. In the meantime Steinmeyer kept his chances alive by besting Jack Spence, Omaha, in another Sicilian Defense.

As the last round opened, Nedved faced F. S. Anderson needing only a draw to win the title as his Solkoff points (the method used to break any existing ties) were far superior to those of Steinmeyer. The latter scored handily against a King's Indian essayed by D. B. Wade, Georgia champion, to complete his schedule with 5-1. Anderson, a prominent St. Louis player, played cautiously against Nedved's Pirc Defense to emerge with a superior position. Eventually he won a pawn on the king-side and used it to force a favorable exchange of rooks and ultimate concession in 52 moves!

Thus Steinmeyer finished first with a $5-1$ aggregate, Nedved was second ahead of John Ragan and
F. S. Anderson, all $4 \frac{1}{2}-1 \frac{1}{2}$, on Solkoff points, being respectively 25, 181/4, 18. Bruno Fajfar, St. Louis, earned 4-2 for fifth spot, Jack Spence and D. B. Wade finished ahead of a group of players with $31 / 2-21 / 2$.

A total of $\$ 250$ in prizes was distributed among the players. Spence received a special prize as ranking Class A player and Fajfar a special prize as ranking Class B player. The tournament was dedicated to the memory of the late Charles Graham of Kansas City, president of the Missouri Chess Association, and was direoted by M. W. Gilbert and Charles Burton.

## UNDERWOOD WINS CENTRAL OHIO

Ervin Underwood, former Massachusetts champion, won the Central Ohio Championship at Columbus by scoring in a play-off match 2-0 against Walter Mann. Underwood and Mann tallied equal $41 / 2$ $1 / 2$ scores in the regular tournament, drawing their individual encounter. Third to sixth with 3-2 scores were Rex Naylor, Tim Anderson, Kurt Loening, and William Rebold in the 2-player Swiss. James A. Schroeder directed the event which was held at the Columbus YMCA.

## Bisguier Tops Eastern States Open In Fifty Player Log Cabin Event

U.S. Champion Arthur B. Bisguier swept to victory in the Thanksgiving Eastern States Open at the Log Cabin Chess Club, West Orange, scoring $61 / 2-1 / 2$ with a 16 move draw against James Sherwin in the final round. After two comparatively easy rounds, the champion faced in succession Herbert Avram, Anthony Santasiere, Weaver Adams, Eliot Hearst and James Sherwin, scoring $41 / 2-1 / 2$ against this formidable quintet.

Herbert Avram, Eliot Hearst, Robert Sobel, and James Sherwin each scored $51 / 2-1^{1 / 2}$ in a tie for second place. Avram drew with N. T. Whitaker, and Hearst with Santasiere, while Sherwin lost no games but drew with Whitaker and William Lombardy. Tied with 5-2 each were Weaver W. Adams, Charles Kalme, William Lombardy, Anthony Saidy, and Norman T. Whitaker. Anthony E. Santasiere placed eleventh with $41 / 2-21 / 2$, followed by nine players with $4-3$; Theodore Bullockus, Stanley B. Winters, Robert Dobley, William Jones, Gustav Krauhs, Nicholas Cafarelli, Boris Siff, Attilio DiCamillo, and Hans Berliner. The event was directed by International Judge Hans Kinoch and promoted by the tireless Forry Laucks of the Log Cabin Chess Club.
The strength of the field was indicated by the fact that there were 10 masters and 8 experts in the group of 50 players. Geographically, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, Connecticut, Maryland, Virginia, and the District of Columbia were represented, with 22 from New Jersey, 12 from New York, and 6 from Pennsylvania.
The event was a four-day battle held over the Thanksgiving weekend.

## DOMSKY TAKES RACINE COUNTY

Arthur Domsky tallied $51 / 2-11 / 2$ to win the Racine (Wis.) County Championship in a 24 -player Swiss event held at the Douglas. Park Community Center in . Racine. Domsky lost no games but drew with Andy Mike, Rudy Kunz, and R. E. Rigg. Second and third on S-B with 5-2 each were Jim Weidner and Andy Mike, while fourth to sixth with $41 / 2-21 / 2$ were H. C. Zierke, John Weamter and Walt Teubner. H. C. Zierke directed the tournament.

## U. S. INTERCOLLEGIATE TEAM CHAMPIONSHIP December 26-30, 1954 New York City

Location: John Jay Hall, Columbia University.
Eligible: Four-man teams from accredited colleges with unlimited number of substitutes possible.
Entry Fee: $\$ 15.00$ per team, representing USCF Affiliated chess clubs (Affiliation fee $\$ 10.00$ per year).
Prize: Harold M. Phillips Trophy (held by Columbia for past four years).
Registration: At John Jay Hall, closing at 10:00 a.m., December 26, 1954.
Tourney: Seven round Swiss team tournament; 50 moves in $21 / 2$ hours.
Accomodations: Write Thomas Hennessy, 2463 Valentine Ave. Bronx 58, N.Y.
Advance Entries: Address all advance entries to:
U.S. Chess Federation

93 Barrow Street
New York 14, N.Y.

Finish It The Clever Way! by Edmund Naib

Position No. 141
Foltys vs. Gligoric Europe, 1948

Position No. 142
By G. Kasparian
Shakhmaty, Sept., 1954


White to play and win

## BISGUIER PENS NEW FEATURE

Beginning with the issue of December 20, 1954, CHESS LIFE will present a monthly feature article by U.S. Champion Arthur B. Bisguier on "Behind the Scenes" in which the U.S. Champion will discuss chess, chess personalities, game and incidents in tournament and match play.
Beginning modestly with third place in the Bronx-Empire Chess Club Championship of 1944, Bisguier rose rapidly into chess prominence. In 1948 he won the U.S. Junior Championship at Oak Ridge, in 1949 the Manhattan Chess Club Championship and the U.S. Juntor Championship at Fort Worth, in 1950 the U.S. Open Championship at Detroit. In 1954 he gained the coveted U.S. Championship in Now York and as a hors d'oeuvre to the title won the PanAmerican in Hollywood.

## MARCHARD WRITES BEGINNER COLUMN

Returning to the staff of CHESS LIFE after a vacation of some twenty months, Dr. Erich W. Marchand will conduct a feature page for beginners entitled "Chess Tactics for Beginners". The feature will be inaugurated in the December 20th issue, and will appear once a month thereafter, alternating with "Evans on the Openings".

Many readers will remember Dr. Marchand as conductor of "Tournament Life"-the page of annotated games in CHESS LIFE, of which the was the original editor and of which he remained in charge continuously from the birth of CHESS LIFE until the feature was discontinued with the issue of February 20, 1953 to make room for "Games by USCF Members". Because of the strenuous nature of his work as annotator and editor of the games department for seven years and six months, it was felt Dr. Marchand was entitled to a brief respite before undertaking new tasks for CHESS LIFE.
Completely rested from his ardors as games editor, Dr. Marchand will now undertake the task of explaining the tactics and strategy of the game of chess to those who have just begun to realize its infinite possibilities. For such a task Dr. Marchand is unusually well-qualified, being not only a player of great skill and an annotator of deep perception, but also gifted with the ability of explaining the difficult in terms that may be understood readily by all-a talent less common than might be supposed. Mr. Marchand will also answer in his feature questions submitted by beginners and amateurs on specific points in the game.

Boeing Chess Club (Kans.): The first club tournament in this newly organized club in the Boeing Airplane Works at. Wichita resulted in a 3-0 victory for Bercil Martin, with Floyd Frazier and Robert Ebright tied for second with 2-1, the tie being solved by a playoff game won by Frazier. As the new club is growing rapidly another tournament Club Affiliate.

## Chess dife $y_{n} \eta_{\text {aw }} Y_{\text {ork }}$

By Allen Kaufman

SITUATED a dozen stories above the street, and furnished attractively in a modern manner, is the London Terrace Chess Club, the only chess club in the world that meets in a penthouse. For many years this group has participated in New York's Metropolitan Chess League, competing against other local teams, including the powerful Marshall and Hanhattan clubs. Among its members are Harold M. Phillips, past president of the USCF and former New York State Champion; Marcel Duchamp, well-known artist; Louis Persinger, the famous violinist; Milton Finkelstein, the first author of this column; and Mr . and Mrs . Matthew DeLieto, he the present club co-champion (along with Phillips and Duchamp) and she the designer of a modern set of chessmen now becoming popular in this city. Fourteen of the London Terrace's members are engaged in a tournament for the club championship.

IN BRIEF City College and Columbia College played a match, which ended in a 3-3 tie. On first board Harrow and Dale drew... Apparently headed for victory in the Interscholastic Championship of New York's high schools is Edmar Mednis, whose 7-0 score leads the field. Lombardy, with 6-1, follows...The Women's Chess Club of New York, which meets weekly at the York Club, started its champship tourney this week...A glance at the preliminaries of the Manhattan C.C. tournament finds Benedicto, $4-0$, leading in Group I, Klugman ahead with 3-1 in Group II, and Einhorn setting the pace in Group III with $4-0 \ldots$ The Marshall C.C. Championship is six rounds old, and is being led by Lombardy, 5-1, with Howard breathing down his neck at $41 / 2-1 / 2$ ...The Marshall "B" team defeated a visiting Queens aggregation in a practice match...The Manhat$\tan$ C.C. is starting its own chess magazine; the title is still in doubt...The Marshall C.C. is playing a double-round correspondence match with London. Heading the New York team is captain Jack Collins, with U.S. Champ. Arthur Bisguier playing first board.

Racine Chess Club (Wis.): Newly elected club officers are Frank Buttenhoff, president; Chris Beck, vice-president; Arthur Domsky, secretary-treasurer; H. Arthur Domsky, secretary-treasurce, the club defeated the visiting Beloit Chess Club 6-2 in a recent match. A USCF Club Affiliate.

Corpus Christi (Tex.) Chess Club: Victory in the club "Class B" tournament went to Jack Moore with 5-0. Second and third on S-B with $31 / 2-11 / 2$ each were David Kight and E. Folk Weaver, while John Berry tallied 3-2 for fourth in the 8-player event. A USCF Club Affiliate.

Central California Chess League: Second round results saw Pittsburg best Stockton $71 / 2-1 / 2$, Fresno defeated Oakdale 7-1, and Sacramento down Modesto with $2-0$ in matches and $12-4$ in lead with $2-0$ in matches and $12-4$ in games, $41 / 2$, while Fresno is third with $1-1$ and


## A FABULOUS SET IN IVORY

This ancient Indian chess set, valued at $\$ 3,000.00$, is well over one hundred years old, with each piece hand-carved from ivory. Left to right, the pieces displayed are King, Queen, Bishop, Knight and Rook. The Pawns are shown in front. Equally handsome is the teakwood box for the set on which the pieces stand with its intricate design formed by inlaid ivory.

## Beautiful Indian Ivory Chess Set

## Becomes Show Piece in Utah Chess

A hand-carved set, purchased by a U. S. airforce pilot during the war at Calcutta, India for $\$ 3,000.00$ has become the proud possession of Ramon Child, Salt Lake City attorney, and will be on display at the Utah State Championship Tournament.

The set consists of 33 pounds of carved ivory, delicately carved to represent the Indian scene, with howdahs, elephants and turbaned soldiers. Since all the pieces are white ivory, the "white" and "black" pieces are distinguished by the pink edging around the bases, while the pawns are distinguished by different head-gear-turbans for one group, flat hats for the other, similar to the cleric's mortor-board.

Reference to the monumental "History of Chess" by Murray reveals on page 88 photographs of an ivory set identical to the one purchased by Mr. Child. Murray identifies the set he reproduces as being "Indian Chessmen, 18th Century, From Mr. Charles Platt of Harrow (England) collection." So it is safe to assume that this set was made sometime during the 1700 s . The family from whom the airforce pilot purchased it originally stated that it had been in the family for more than one hundred years.

The delicate intricacy of the carving cannot be reproduced in a photograph. The King is $51 / 2$ inches high, about four inches in length and $2^{1 / 2}$ inches across. Other pieces are proportional in size. The teakwood box is also a work of art with its handsome ivory inlay. Each piece fits into a separate satinlined slot to protect the delicate carving of the pieces from damage.

## BOOST AMERICAN CHESS

Join the USCF and get unity in American chess.

Andrew Efron, well-known player of New Haven, will consider bids for matches, exhibitions and lectures. Address: 200 York Road.

Obess Sife
Sunday, Page 3 December 5, 1954

## UNITED STATES

 CHESS FEDERATION
## officers

President

Treasurer

Secretary
Membership
Secretary

Frank R, Graves 202 Farm \& Home BIdg., Ft. Worth, Tex. William M. Byland 3244 Latonia Ave Pittsburgh 16, Pa. Major J. B. Holt long Beach via Long Beach via Karasoth Hark 93 Barrow Street New York 14, N.

## Vice-Presidents

Rhys W. Hays Max Pavey New York, N.Y. New York, N.Y. A. Wyatt Jones Willa White Owens Shreveport, la. Avon Lake, 0. E. T. MeCormici Dr. H. J. Ralston E. Orange, N.J. San Francisco, Cal. Phil J. Mary Dr. Bela Rozsa Cincinnati, O. Tulsa, Okla,

Past Presidents
Paul G. Giers E. A. Wagner, Jr. Fayetteville, N.Y. Chicago, lit.

Harold M. Phillips
New York, N. Y


The beautifut Lessing J. Rosenwald Trophy, which will be the revard of the victor in the six-master double round invitational tournamnet to be held at the Manhattan and Marshall Chess Clubs, beginning December 19th, 1954. Joining with Mr. Rosenvald in promotion of the event are Alexander Bisno, Maurice Kasper, and Jose M. Calderon. Participants in the tourney are Samuel Reshersky, Arthur B. Bisguier, Larry Eyans, George Kramer, and Donald and Robert Byme.

## Excursions In Correspondence Chess

Dr. M. G. Sturm of Trinidad, perennial champion of the British West Indies until he deserted tournament play for correspondence chess, is one of the notable exponents of mail chess, being particularly known for his exploitation of new and novel ideas in the openings and his devotion to complicated mid-game positions, such as are usually and wisely avoided in over-board play because of limited time for analysis.

## QUEEN'S GAMBIT DECLINED MCO: Page 163, column 49 <br> ICCF World Individual Championship, Correspondence, 1946 Notes by Dr. M. G. Sturm <br> White <br> DR. M. G. STURM <br> Black <br> $\begin{array}{lll}\text { (Trinidad) } & \\ \text { 1. P-Q4 } & \text { Kt-KB3 }\end{array}$ <br> $\begin{array}{llr}\text { 1. } & \text { P-Q4 } & \text { Kt-KB3 } \\ \text { 2. } & \text { P-QB4 } & \text { P-K3 } \\ \text { 3. } & \text { Kt-QB3 } & \text { P-Q4 } \\ \text { 4. } & \text { B-Kt5 } & \text { B-K2 } \\ \text { 5. } & \text { P-K3 } & \text { QKt-Q2 } \\ \text { 6. } & \text { Kt-KB3 } & \text { O-O }\end{array}$

Vol. IX, Number 7 Sunday, December 5, 1954

## Published twice a monch on the 5th and 20th by <br> THE UNITED STATES CHESS FEDERATION

Entered as second class matter September 5, 1946, at the post office at Dusuque, Iowa, under the act of March 9, 1879.
POSTMASTER:- Please return Undeliverable copies with Form 3579 to Kenneth Harkness, USCF Business Manager, 93 Barrow Street, New York 14, N. Y.

## Editor: MONTGOMERY MAJOR

USCF Membership Ducs, including subscription to Chess Life, semi-annual publieation of national chess rating, and all other privileges;
ONE YEAR: $\$ 5.00$ TWO YEARS: $\$ 9.50$ THREE YEARS: $\$ 13.50$ LIFE: $\$ 100.00$ A new membership starts on 21 st day of month of enrollment, expires at the end of the period for which dues are paid. Family Dues for two or more members of one family living at same address, including only one subscription to Chess Life, are at regular rates (see above) for first membership, at the followIng rates for each additional membership; One year $\$ 2.50$; two years $\$ 4.75$; three years $\$ 6.75$. Subscription rate of Chess Life to non-members is $\$ 3.00$ per year. Single copies 15 c each.
CHANGE OF ADDRESS: Four weeks' notice required. When ordering change please furnish an address stencll impression from recent issue or exact reprofuction, including numbers and dates on top line.
Send membership dues (or subscriptions) and changes of address to KENNETH HARKNESS, Business Manager, 93 Barrow Street, New York 14, N.Y.
Send tournament rating reports (with fees, if any) and all communications re-
garding CHESS LIFE editorial matters to MONTGOMERY MAJOR, Editor, 123 North Humphrey Avenue, Oak Park, III.
Make all checks payable to: THE UNITED STATES CHESS FEDERATION
nomplumen

## Minor Jopics

## By

Hipponax

## On The Forgotten Art Of Courtesy

G
OOD manners in chess are reputed to have reached their highest T perfection in Japan, where players of GO traditionally observe the polite gesture of requesting opponents to retract bad moves (a safe courtesy, since the etiquette of the game demands that these opponents as politely decline the offer).

Unfortunately in the Western World more primative and brutally frank methods of discourtesy are frequently too prevalent. We have heard of players crowning their successful opponents with chess boards in the more militant medieval times. In more modern days, we have the adventurous example of Nimzovich clambering on a table and shouting: "Why must I lose to this idiot!"

It must therefore be recorded that occasional courtesy still exists in chess, for some chess players manage to remain gentlemen. And it is worthy of reporting that such courtesy sometimes pays dividends unexpectedly.

At the recent Lake Erie Open Championship at Buffalo, player George Mauer overslept one morning and arrived for his 4th round match one hour and ten minutes late. His opponent, Dr. Erich W. Marchand, declined to profit by a technical win and insisted on playing the game, winning in a thrilling time-limit finish. Fitting reward to Dr. Marchand for this courtesy came at the end of the tournament when he was tied in games won with Povilas Vaitonis of Canada. If he had accepted the forfeit, he would have been second in tie-breaking points. By playing the game, he gained the necessary points to tie Vaitonis in weighted score as well as games won, and became co-champion. Courtesy is not always the wasted indulgence of the foolish, as some chess players seem to believe.

## LAKE ERIE OPEN CHAMPIONSHIP <br> Buffalo, 1954 <br> 100\% USCF Rated Even

1. Erich Marchand (Rochester, N.Y.) 2. P. Vaitonis (Hamillon, Ont.)
Y.)
........W1 W 4
2. George Mauer (Buffalo, N.
3. R. Mekus (Buffalo, N.Y.)
4. Carl E. Diesen (Tonawanda, N.Y.)
5. Dr. Bruno Schmidt (Homer, N.Y.)
6. Albert Vossler (Buffalo, N.Y.)
7. Harlow B. Daly (Sanford, Me)
8. Charles Sharp (West Arbor, Me.)
9. Charles Sharp (West Arbor, Me.)
10. Louis Persinger (New York, N.Y.) 11. Alex Suchobeck (Albany, NY.) ..........L1 12. H. McCaughey (Checktowaga, NY) W15 D13 L3 W16 L7 23.23 12.50 12. H. McCaughey (Cheektowaga, N.Y.) ..... L6 D10 L8 W19 bye $2 \frac{21}{3}-2 \frac{1}{2} 10.00$
11. S. R. Frucella (Buffalo, N.Y.)
$2-3$ (13.00); 14. Willam Rusch 13. S. R. Frucella (Buffalo, N.Y.) $2-3(13.00) ;$ 14. William Rusch (Buffalo, N.Y.) 2-3
$(12.00) ; 15$. Henry L. Freitag (Buffalo, N.Y.) $2-3 \quad(9.50) ; 16$. Michael Hart (New
 Max Schlosser (Decatur, IIL) 12-31 (10.50); 19. Martin Billik (NNew York, N.Y.) ${ }_{13}^{13}-3 \frac{1}{2}(7.50)$.

## CORPUS CHRISTI CLASS B CLUB TOURNEY

## Corpus Christi, 1954 <br> $100 \%$ USCF Rated Event

| 1. Jack Moore .-............................................W7 | W2 | W3 | W4 | W5 | 5-0 | 13.00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2. David Klgnt .........................................W4 | L. 1 | W6 | W7 | D3 | $3 \frac{1}{2}-1 \frac{1}{12}$ | 7.75 |
| 3. E. Folk Weaver .....................................W5 | W6 | L1 | W8 | D2 | 32 2 -13 | 5.75 |
| 4. John Berry ........................................L2 | W5 | W7 | L1 | W8 | 3-2 | 3.00 |
| 5. James A. Crelghton $2-3$ (2.00); 6. Chester ( 0.00 ); 8. Jack Randolph 0-5 (0.00). | Mor | 2.3 | $(1.00)$ |  | W | 1-4 |
| Randolph forfeited to Creighton, and | e | to | org | . H | D. | bur | tournament director

$\begin{array}{ll}\text { 7. R-B1 } & \text { P-B3 } \\ \text { Not 13. Q-Kt3, K-R }\end{array}$
Not 13, Q-Kt3, K-R1, ….... a piece. $\begin{array}{llll}\text { 13. } & \text { KtwKt } & \text { 17. P-B4 } & \text { B-Q2 } \\ \text { 14. PxKt } & \text { Kt-K1 } & \text { 18. P-K4 } & \text { KtxKt }\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllr}\text { 14. PxKt } & \text { Kt-K1 } & \text { 18. P-K4 } & \text { KtxKt } \\ \text { 15. O-O } & \text { Kt-B2 } & \text { 19. RxKt } & \text { P-KKt3! } \\ \text { 16. Q-K2 } & K t-Q 4 & \text { 20. P-KR3 } & \end{array}$ 16. Q-K2 Kt-Q4 20. P-KR3 Preferable to $20 . \mathrm{PxP}, \mathrm{KtPxP}$, opening the KKt-file to Black's advantage.
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { 20. } & \text { R-B1 } & \text { 23. P-KKt4, K-R2 } \\ \text { 21. K-R2 } & \text { R-QB2 } & \text { 24, KP×P } & \text { KPXP }\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lr}\text { 22. B-KB2 } & \text { R-QB2 } \\ \text { P-K†3 }\end{array}$
Better 24, ......., KtPxP vacating KKt3 for the QB.
25. R-Q1

Threat 26. PxP.
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { 25. } & \text { Q } 26, & \text { Q-B1 } \\ \text { 26. P-K6! } & \text { B-P1 }\end{array}$
Not 26. ......., BxP; 27. B-R6 wins a piece.
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { 27. B-R6 } & \text { Q-K }+1 & \text { 29. B-K5 } & \text { BxB }\end{array}$ 28. B-Q4
Threat P-K7 and R-Q8.

Threat P-K7 and R-Q8.
30.
30. PxP 31. PxP R-Kt1?
Stronger is 31. Stronger is 31. ..... P-QQKt4; 32. BxP!, Q-Kt3; 33. R-Q2, Q-R4; 34. P-R3 with a proable win, but not 32. P-K7, R-B2; 33. R-Q8, Q-Kt3; 34. RxB, Q-B7 ch, draws. $\begin{array}{ll}\text { 32. R-KR3 P-QK14 } & \text { 33. RXP ch!! }\end{array}$


White announces mate in five with 33 . KxR; 34. R-Q3 (or K-Kt3, K-Kt2, R-KR1), P-Kt4; 35. R-R3 ch, B-R3 ch, BR4; 36. RxB ch, K-Kt3; 37. P-B5 mate (or QxP mate).

## KING'S' INDIAN DEFENSE

## MCO: page 92, column 64

 Correspondence, 1952-3Notes by Dr. M. G. Sturm

## White

WERNER VLK
(Germany)

1. P-Q4 Kt-KB3
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { 2. P.QB4 } & \text { P.KKł }- \text { PK }\end{array}$
2. P-KKł3 $\begin{array}{lll}\text { 3-QB3 }\end{array}$

DR. M. G. STURM
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { 4. } & \text { B-Kt2 } & \text { P-Q4 } \\ \text { 5. } & \text { Kt-QB3 } & \end{array}$ Better perhaps 5. Kt-KB3, B-Kt2; 6. O-O, O-O; 7. QKt-Q2 (Mathot-Sturm, Corespondence),



The "unexpected turn." Much stronger than 13. ......., B-K3; 14. P-Q5, or 13. ........,
B-B4; 14. P-K4, etc.

| 14. KxB | O-O | 18. K-B1 | P-B3 |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | ---: |
| 15. R-Q1 | Kt-K +3 | 19. B-R6 | KR-Q1 |
| 16. QxRP | BxP | 20. P-QR4 | Kt-R1! |

17. B-Kł5 Q-Q3
If 20 . ......., Kt-B1?; 21. B-Q5 ch.

Practically forced, but White has com pensation for the exchange.

| 21. | Q.i.. | QxR | 26. B-K3 |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: | Q-Q6ch

25. Q-QB6 RxP

White has one P for the exchange, but, as Tarrasch has indicated, two Bs and one $R$ may be as strong as, or even stronger than two Rs and one Kt. I agree, especially with Qs still on the board. In this case, however, the balance may be tipped in Black's favor by his R on the "seventh."

Perhaps best is 31. Q-R4, Kt-Kt4!
Regrettably the death of my opponent terminated this game, but its publication might serve as some slight temporal memorial.

## QUEEN'S GAMBIT DECLINED

MCO: page 164, column 52 (dB) CCLA Tournament Correspondence, 1951
Notes by Dr. M. G. Sturm

White
DR. M. G. STURM
(Trinidad)
Black
(Trinidad) $\begin{array}{llr}\text { 1. } & \text { P-Q4 } & \text { P-Q4 } \\ \text { 2. } & \text { P-QB4 } & \text { P-K3 } \\ \text { 3. } & \text { Kt-QB3 } & \text { Kt-KB3 }\end{array}$
4. B-K+5
5. $\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{B} 3$

With the Semi-Tarrasch Defence, or 5 . BPxP, BPxP; 6. QxP, B-K2; 7. P.K4, $\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{B} 3$; 8. B-Kt5, O-O (Stahlberg-Kottnauer, Trencanske Teplice 1949). Better is 8. Q-Q2 ("Chess Correspondent") or 8. Q-K3 (Richter-Pachman).

Forced is 5. ........... B


| 6. P-K3 | Q-K+3 | 16. $\mathrm{P} \times \mathrm{B}$ | QK+4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BxKt | $\mathrm{B} \times \mathrm{B}$ | 17. $\mathrm{K}+$-Q2 | B-Q2 |
| 8. BPXP | QxP | 18. B-K2 | P-B3 |
| 9. Kt-QK+5 | Kt-R3 | 19. O-OI | P×P |
| 10. R-QKt1 | QxRP | 20. P.B4 | P-K5 |
| Kt-Q6ch | K-K2 | 21. P-B5! | PxP |
| 12. Kt-B4! | Kt-K45 | 22. KtxP | Q-K+3 |
| 13. R-K $\dagger 2$ | Q-R3 | 23. RxKt! | P×R |
| 14. P-Q6ch | K-B1 | 24. Q-Q5! | Pch |
| 15. Kt(3)-K5 | BxK $\dagger$ | 25. K-R1 |  |


(Please turn to page 8, col. 3)

# LARRY EVANS ON THE OPENINGS 

By International Master LARRY EVANS
U. S. OPEN CHAMPION, 1954

## Spotlight on the Philidor: Hanham Variation

WHAT is the best defense to 1 P-K4? We know that we do not know, We have seen Bronstein reflect fifteen minutes before replying. We have seen Botvinnik champion the French and the Sicilian, only to abandon and adopt (and abondon?) them again. We have seen Najdorf swear by the Sicilian, only to take dreadful punishment from his peers. We have seen Reshevsky and Smyslov, after all else, submitting to the Ruy Lopez, We have seen Kevitz vouch for the Nimzovitch Defense. We have seen Flohr exhaust the Caro-Kann. We have seen Mikenas adhere loyally to his beloved Alekhine's. And finally we have seen Pirc invent a defense of his own (P-Q3). But does this reflect truth, or temperament? So the search continues.

After all, what does the master desire in an ideal defense? Soundness, yes. Resiliency, yes. Aggressiveness, yes. Surprise, yes. But by what miracle can a defense combine all of these diverse elements? He must sacrifice one or the other, whichever his style deems the lesser evil. Thus the French, though sound, is cramped, and requires infinite patience. The Sicilian, though sharp, is risky. The Ruy Lopez, though rock-bound, is uneventful. The Nimzovitch, though tricky, is inferior. The Caro-Kann, though safe, is stodgy. And both Alekhine's and Pirc's Defense resign the initiative. And so on.

But hold on! What of the Philidor? Can it have disappeared?. Why does MCO" list is as an "irregular" defense, relegating only two precious columns to the vital Hanham (also known as the Nimzovitch) Variation? Has it been refuted? If not, is it indeed so unpalatable that no modern master will "brave" it?

Closer examination yields the striking conclusion that the reverse is true. Not only has it not been refuted, but it has never been demonstrated even to be inferior! Alekhine wrote: " for both players." Why has this defense (which may be considered the KP counterpart of the K's Indian-Black! Pawns on QB3, K4, Q3) disappeared from the repertory of the modern master? Superficially, it is true, Black is cramped; but in reality his pieces are poised behind the lines await-


Improved model of the Tempo Chess Set, designed for maximum clarity and ease of play. Walnut and Maple, beautiful natural finish, in felt-lined mahogany box. $\$ 34.50$. Discount to chess club members. Descriptive folder sent on request. "Living pieces for a live game are a
necessity. I shall continue to use the necessity. I shall continue to use the Tempo Set for all my analyses."

Larry Evans
TEMPO CHESS SET
9.5 Edgehill Terrace Troy, N.Y.
ing the least provocation. So gnash your teeth! What in the H... is wrong with this defense!?

The answer is, so far: nothing. Then why do mastens shun it like a leper? Alas! The poor Philidor has suffered an historical fate known as "out of fashion." Fashion-that serpent of the times- is responsible for its untimely demise. It has only to be pointed out that a "new look" at the Philidor is in order

And watch that ole serpent crawl!
The characteristic moves are: 1 P-K4, P-K4; 2 N-KB3, P-Q3.


Black's major theoretical weaknesses are the imprisonment of his KB and the vulnerability of his KB2. His cramped position is compensated by his solid Pawn Phalanx. For was it not Philidor himself who said that "the Pawn is the soul of the game"?

This constitutes the Hanham Variation. A good alternative is 3 .

N -KB3; and if $4 \mathrm{PxP}, \mathrm{NxP}$; 5 B-QB4 (QN-Q2 is Sokolsky's move, but it leads to nothing), P-QB3! = 3. ...... PxP; 4. NxP, N-KB3; 5. NQB3, P-KN3 is a possibility which
deserves testing, although it weakens Black on the dark colored squares. White, however, can vary with an alternative which $\mathrm{MCO}^{8}$ gives as leading to a plus: 4. QxP, N-QB3; 5. B-N5, B-Q2; 6. BxN, BxB; 7. N-B3, N-B3; 8. B-K3, P-KN3 (The ? is mine); 9. N-Q5, B-N2; 10. B-N5, $\mathrm{BxN} ; 11$. PxB, $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{O} ; 12$. O-0. This is, 'for your information Mlotovsky's analysis. The editor of MCO has a habit of retaining obsolescent variations, in which the analysis assigns ridiculous moves to the defense. Here it is obvious that 6 .

PxB! (instead of BxB ?) gives Black a beautiful game with two Bishops free and clear. Hence, 6. BxN must be wrong.

Many of Morphy's brilliancies stemmed from the Philidor Counter Gambit: 3. $\qquad$ P-KB4!? A simple, but strong reply is 4 . N-B3, N-KB3; 5. PxKP, NxKP; 6. NxN, PxN; 7. N-N5, P-Q4; 8. P-K6, B-B4; 9. NxKP + Sozin recommends 4. QPxP (instead of N-B3), BPxP; 5 . N-N5, P-Q4; 6. P-K6, N-KR3; 7. N-QB3, P-B3; 8. KNxP, N-B4 (8.
PxN; 9. Q-R5ch, P-N3; 10. Q-K5, R-KN1; 11. NxP, B-N2; 12. N-Q6ch, $\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{B} 1$; 13. $\mathrm{BxN}, \mathrm{BxB}$; 14. B-B4 or $\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{Q} 1++) ; 9$. N-KN5, Q-B3; 10. BQ3, P-KR3; 11. Q-B3, P-KN3; 12. P-KN4++

> Forced, sooner or later. $\substack{\text { 4. P-QR4 }}$

No cause for alarm on 5. PxP PxP; 6. BxPch!?, KxB; 7. NxPch, K-K1!; 8. Q-R5ch, P-N3; 9. NxNP, KN-B3; 10. Q-R4, R-KN1++
5 N -B3 is a strong alternative to the text, while 5 . N-N5, N-R3; 6. O-O, P-QN4; 7. B-N3, B-K2; 8 $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{B} 3, \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{N} 5 ; 9$. $\mathrm{PxP} \pm$ (GoldwaterEvans, Marshall Club, 1947) needs more tests.

> B-K2

After 5 .
KN-B3; 6. N-N5,
P-Q4; 7. PxP, N-N3, the prospects are unclear, though in White's favor.
6. 0.0

If White had played $5 . \mathrm{N}$-B3 (instead of P-QR4) as in a game Schlechter-Alekhine, then 7. N-N5!, $\mathrm{BxN} ; 8$. Q-R5, winning the two Bishops would be strong. In this position it fails because of 8 . R4ch!
6. .......
Pot
only
a precaution, but in many cases also a preliminary to the expansion P-QN4, Q-B2, P-KN4, N-B1, N-N3, R-Q1, etc., which is the classic model from YatesMarco, Hague, 1921. Most often this advance is premature (see TylorTartakower, Nottingham, 1936). 6.

KN-B3 is playable, but Black must be on guard against the BxPch combination, followed by $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{N} 5 \mathrm{ch}$ and $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{K} 6$. With reasonable care, however, Black can avoid these pitfalls -in this and similar positions. Possibly one of the reasons for the philidor's unpopu-
(1)OSS life Sunday, Page 5 December 5, 1954
larity were the defeats administered to players temperamentally unsuited to defend it. Nimzoviteh's games with this variation, on the contrary, are a joy to behold
Not to mention Alekhine.
Diagram 2


This may be considered the normal position. Here White must get an idea, and here consequently his trouble begins. 7. PxP, PxP (NxP is more drawish); 8. N-KR4, P-KN3 is plausible, as in Siemms-Evans, US Junior Chmp., 1947. 8. PxP (the compulsion to exchange is overwhelming), PxP; 9. P-R5, B-N5; 10. N-KR4, O-O; 11. N-B5, P-QN4; 12. PxP ep., NxP; 13. B-N3, QxQ; 14. $\mathrm{NxQ}, \mathrm{NxP}+$ (Horowitz-Evans, simultaneous exhibition, NY, 1947) illustrates Black's dynamic potentialities against an over-anxious opponent. 8. Q-K2, O-O; 9. P-KR3, K-R1; 10. PxP, QNxP; 11. NxN, PxN; 12. B-K3, B-QN5; 13. B-KN5, $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{K} 1=$ is Evans-Whitaker, US Open, 1948.

Another idea is $8 \mathrm{P}-\mathrm{QN} 3, \mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{B} 2$; 9. B-N2, O-O; 10. Q-Q2 (Kmoch), but this is inocuous.

This position is difficult to evaluate. Black is cramped, but not seriously. White has a slight attack, but what can he do with it? For those who are interested in pursuing this variation further, the following bibliography may prove helpful:

1. Napier vs, Pillsbury, Cambridge Springs, 1904.
2. Evenssohn vs. Alekhine, "My Best Games of Chess" (Pt. 1) (game 47. 3. Blumenfeld vs. Alekhine "My Best Game of Chess" (Pt. 1) (game 36.) Game of Chess s. Borovsky, St. Pe Spielmann VS.
tersburg, 1909.
3. Schlechter vs. S. Borovsky, St. Petersburg, 1909.
4. Kieninger vs. Stoltz, Munich, 1941.
5. Kupchik vs. D. Byrne, U.S. Open 1946.
6. Sibbett vs. D. Byrne, U.S. Open, 1946 (3. ........ N-QB3)
7. Aleman vs. R. Byrne, U.S. Open, 1946.
8. Fajans vs. Ulvestad U.S. Open, 1946.

Seidman vs. Ulvestad U.S. Open, 1946.
12. Yerhof vs. Ulvestad, U.S. Open, 1946
13. Alekhine vs. Marco, My Best Games of Chess (Pt. 1) (game 9.)
14. Yates vs. Marco, Hague, 1921.
15. Ed. Lasker vs. Bogoljubow, NY, 1924. 16. Bird vs. Morphy, Golden Treasury of Chess (3. ........ P.KB4)
17. Barnes vs. Morphy, Golden Treasury of Chess ( 3 ........ P-KB4)
18. Kashdan vs. Asgiersson, Folkstone, 1933 (3. ........ PXP)
19. Schlechter vs. Delmar, Cambridge Springs, 1904 (3. ........ PXP)
20. Napier vs, Delmar, Cambridge Springs, 1904 (3. ........ PxP).
(Where reference is given to a tmt., the game may be found in the tournament book.)
Conclusion: Playable

## GAMES BY USCF MEMBERS

Annotated by Chess Master JOHN W. COLLINS, Marshall Chess Club Champion, 1954

USCF MEMBERS: Submit your best games for this department to JOHN W. COLLINS, 91 Lenox Road, Brooklyn 26, N.Y. Space being limited, Mr. Collins will select the most interesting and instructive for publication. Unless otherwise stated notes to games are by Mr. Collins.

## TWO FIRSTS

This was Richard Baker's first win in his first tournament.

## DUTCH DEFENSE <br> MCO: page 27, column 18 <br> New Jersey Open

 Orange, 1954White
Black
R. A. BAKER
H. DODKEWITZ
1.
2. P.Q4
3.

Kt-KB3
P-K3
3. $\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{KB} 3 \quad \mathrm{~B}-\mathrm{K}+5 \mathrm{ch}$

The Bogoljubov Variation.
This transposes into the Nimzo-Indian Defense or the Dutch Defense. 4. B-Q2 continues the Bogoljubov Variation.



The strongest, and thematic, move is 1. ......., P-K4!
12. KR-Q1 PxP?

Thls gives White too much play on the queen-file. Either 12. ........, 0.0 should be played.

13. K+xQP!
$\mathbf{K} \mathbf{+ x K}+$
Forced, because White threatened both 14. KtxKt and 14. Kt4-Kt5.
14. QxKt
$\underset{\mathrm{BXK}}{\mathrm{Q}+\mathrm{Q}} \mathrm{P}$
15. RxQ BxKt?
oses a Pawn by force. A

This loses a Pawn by force. After 15. but it is still a game. but it is still a game.
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { 16. PXB } & \text { K-K2 } & \text { 18. P-B5 } & \text { P-Q4 } \\ \text { 17. QR-Q1 } & \text { R-Q1 } & \text { 19. P-QB4! } & \end{array}$
17. QR-Q1 R-Q1 19. P-QB4!
Doubled Pawns are not so bad-if they can be undoubled.

$$
\begin{array}{lc}
\text { undoubled. } & \text { P-K4 } \\
\text { 12. } \mathbf{R \times P} & \mathbf{R \times R} \\
\text { 21. } P \times R & \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

With a pawn-plus, one passed, and more mobility, White now has a winning end-game.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 21. } \\
& \text { 22. } \mathrm{B}-\mathrm{B} 1
\end{aligned}
$$

P-K5
B-Q2
If 22. B-Kt5 ch and 25. P-B6 wins.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 23. P.Q6 ch } \\
& \text { 24. R-K } 19
\end{aligned}
$$

$\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{B} 3$
$\mathrm{~B}-\mathrm{B} 3$
If 24. ${ }^{24 .} \mathrm{R}-\mathrm{K}+1 \mathrm{R}-\mathrm{QKt1} ; 25 . \mathrm{B}-\mathrm{K} t 5$, is still 25. B-Kts

R-QB1
$\begin{array}{lll}\begin{array}{ll}\text { Better is } \\ \text { 26. } \mathrm{B} \times \mathrm{B}\end{array} & 25 . & \mathrm{R} \times \mathrm{B} \\ & \text { B-Q4. } & \text { 28. } \mathrm{RXP}\end{array}$
$\mathbf{R \times P}$
$\begin{array}{lcl}\text { 26. BxB } & \begin{array}{c}\text { RXB } \\ \text { 27. P.Q7 }\end{array} & \text { K-K2 } \\ \text { 29. } & \text { RXP } \\ \text { 29. }\end{array}$
........

## PERSONAL SERVICE

The Editor of this Department will play you a game by mail, comment on every move, and give you a thorough postgame analysis. Fee \$10.

Mr. Collins will also annotate any one of vour games for a fee of $\$ 5$.

Sunday, Page 6 December 5, 1954
 P-R7, R-R5; 51 R-K81 R8 ch!, KxP, Fins. And 46 , R-R8; 47 . R-R8 ch!, KxP; 48. P-R7, followed by R-R8, is another way for White to win.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 47. } R-K+7 \\
& \text { 48. } P-R 7
\end{aligned}
$$

R-R8
R-K8 ch
As soon as the checks run out it will be all over.
 $\begin{array}{lrlr}\text { 50. K-Kł3 } & \text { R-K+8ch } & \text { 54. RxR } & \text { K-K3 } \\ \text { 51. K-R2 } & \text { R-R8 } & \text { 55. R-R5 } & \text { Resigns }\end{array}$ 52. R-Ki8ch White had only thirty seconds left on his clock after making his last move. Congratulations on the "first" and may there be many more!

## VERSATILE TONY

Anthony E. Santasiere is not only a champion chess player, but an accomplished artist and poct as well. He mixes these talents to produce the following beautiful game.

## KING'S GAMBIT ACCEPTED

## MCO: page 138, column 10

U. S. Open Championship New Orleans, 1954
Notes by U. S. Expert Edmar Mednis White
$\begin{aligned} & \text { Black } \\ & \text { A. SANTASIERE }\end{aligned}$ E. McCORMICK A. SANTASIERE E. MCCORMICK 1. P-K4 P-K4 2. P-KB4 The King's Gambit, though rarely seen nowadays, is one of the favorites of of theotretical importance is the result of theotretical importance is the result of this meeting.
Black decides to accept the pawn. 2 . $\ldots . ., \mathrm{P} \cdot \mathrm{Q4}$ and 2. ......., B-B4 are good alternatives.
3. Kt KB 3
3. Kt-KB3 B-K2 4. B-K2
An interesting deviation from the customary B-B4. he Bishop here is not exnosed to attack hy an eventual P-Q4. $\begin{array}{llllll}\text { 4. } & & \mathrm{Kt-KB3} & \text { 6. } & \text { P-K5 } & \text { Kt-Kt5 } \\ \text { 5. } & \text { P-Q3 } & \text { P-Q4 } & \text { 7. } & \text { BxP } & \text { P-KB3! }\end{array}$ 5. P-Q3 P-Q4 7. BxP $\quad$ P-KB3!
Black correctly attacks the White center.
8.
$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { 8. } & \mathbf{0 - 0} & \mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{B3} & \text { 9. PxP } \\ \text { 9. P-Q4 is bad because of PxP!: } & 10,\end{array}$ KtxP. OKtxN and Black has at least an equal game.
The simple KtxBP would have given Black an equal game. The attempted combination misfires.
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { combination } & \text { misfires. } \\ \text { 10. } \mathrm{P} \text {-Q4 } & \text { QxP } & \text { 12. } \mathrm{Kt} \text {-B3 }\end{array}$

Development is more important than saving the exchange. Black should now castle.
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { 12. } \ldots . . . & \text { B-K3 } & \text { 14. QxB } \\ \text { Q-K6ch }\end{array}$ 13. KtxP BxKt
Black, at least, now gets the exchange. Bla
15. K-Ri Kt-B7ch 17. B-Kt5!
16. R×Kt $Q \times R$
suddenly his King is exposed in the middle of the board with no help in sight.
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { 17. } & \text { Q-K6ch } & \begin{array}{l}\text { R-Q1 } \\ \text { K-B1 }\end{array} & \text { 19. B-B4 }\end{array}$ 18. Q-K6ch K-B1
Immediate mate or disastrous loss of material cannot be prevented.
material

## 箵

## COMPOUND INTEREST

U. S. Champion Arthur Bisguier invests two pawns in a shrewd venture which not only nets him the original capital, but also some accumulated interest.

## RETI OPENING

MCO: page 216
Pan-American Tournament Hollywood, 1954 Notes by J. Norman Cotter

## White Black

 5. YARMAK A. BISGUIER $\begin{array}{lllll}\text { 1. Kt-KB3 } & \text { P.Q4 } & \text { 3. P-QK } 13 & \text { P-Q5 }\end{array}$ Lissitin-Smyslov,Lissitin-Smyslov, Moscow 1944, continued 3. $\quad$ Kt-KB3. As played the game turns into a Benonl Counter Gambit in which Black takes one extra move in getting his $P$ to $K 4$ and White an extra one getting his P to QKt4. $\begin{array}{llll}\text { 4. } & \mathrm{B}-\mathrm{K} 12 & \mathrm{P}-\mathrm{QB4} & \text { 7. K K P PP } \\ \text { 5. P }\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllll}\text { 5. P-QKt4 } & \text { P-KK }+3 & \text { 8. } & \mathrm{Kt} \text {-R3? }\end{array}$ 6. P-K3 $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{K}+2$

As with MacBeth, ambition is Yarmak's undoing. 8. PxP, PxP (8. ......., P-K5; 9. $\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{K} 5)$; 9. P-Q3, .... ; 10. B-K2 and 11 . 0 -O is prudent. The question mark is perhaps a bit harsh as it takes subtle play to refute White's plan.
8. $\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{KR3!} \quad 10$. $\mathrm{P} \times \mathrm{P}$
9. Kt-QKts 0.0

10. ...... P-K5!

Revealing the first hidden point of his 8th move. Now if 11. Kt-K5?, P-B3! and the Kt is lost. (KKt4 is attacked twice.) 11, $\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{K}+1 \quad \mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{B} 3 \quad 12 . \mathrm{Q} \cdot \mathrm{K}+3$

If instead 12. Kt-K2, then ......., Kt-B4 recovering the pawns favorably. Not 13 . Kt-Kt3, KKtxP; 14. KtxP?, R-K1, etc.
 $\begin{array}{lll}\text { 14. } \mathrm{BxKt} & \mathrm{BxB} & \text { 18. } \mathrm{K} 7 \times \mathrm{B}\end{array}$
Here or on the preceding moves, Ktx KtP would have been positional suicide in view of the opening of the QKt-file.
 QQKt4. Yarmak's game is beyond redemption.
20. B-B2 P-QKt4 21, Kt-K5

Instead 21. P.Q4, PxP; 22. QQ-R4 would hold out a bit longer.
The consequenees of 22 . KtxQBP ? 23. QxKt, B.R6 ch, etc. are obviously not 23. QxKt, B-R6 ch, etc. are obviously not inviting.
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { 23. QR-B1 } & \begin{array}{ll}\text { Q-R4 } \\ \text { OXP } & \text { 24. K-Q1 }\end{array}\end{array}$
Black threatencd $\qquad$ Q-R8 ch; 25. BKt1, QR-Kt1, etc.
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { 24, } & \text { KR-K1 } & \text { 25, P-Q4 } \\ \text { This time }\end{array}$
This time ......, Q-R8 ch and ......., QxKt was the menace.
25. 1..... PXP e.p. 26. $\mathrm{KtxQP} \quad \mathrm{Kt}$-K5
27. $\mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{B7} \mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{B} 6 \mathrm{ch}!$ Resigns
or 28 . K-Q2, If 28. K-B1, B-K6 mate or 28. K-Q2,
R-K7 ch; 29 , KxKt , RxB mate, Sparkling R-K7 ch; 29. KxKt, RxB mate. Sparkling chess by our new champion.

## DOUBLY VALUABLE

In retrospect, Evans' victory over Pomar was perhaps the most significant encounter of the New Orleans Open. It enabled Larry to tie his rival ultimately for first place-but it also gave him the coveted title of Open Champion when the tie was broken by Sonneborn-Berger! ....
QUEEN'S GAMBIT DECLINED (LASKER DEFENSE)
MCO: page 163 , column
U. S. Open Championship

New Orleans, 1954
Notes by U. S. Master
Sidney Bernstein
White
EVANS
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { L. EVANS } & & \text { A. } \\ \text { 1. P-Q4 } & \text { 4. B4 } \\ \text { B-Kt5 }\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { 1. } & \text { P-Q4 } & \text { P-Q4 } & \text { 4. } & \text { B-Kt5 } \\ \text { 2. } & \text { P-QB4 } & \text { P-K3 } & \text { 5. } & \text { P-K3 }\end{array}$
3. $\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{QB} 3 \quad \mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{KB} 3 \quad$ 6. $\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{B} 3 \quad \mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{Ks}$ Slightly preferable is the interpolation 6. ...... P-KR3; 7. B-R4 affording the Black monarch a safety hatch in certain contingencies (See not to Black's 11th).
$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { 7. } & \mathrm{BXB} & \mathrm{Q} \times \mathrm{B} & \text { B. } \mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{B} 2 \quad \mathrm{Kt} \times \mathrm{Kt}\end{array}$ Or he could transpose into the Dutch with 8........, P-KB4.
9. $\mathbf{Q \times K t} \quad \mathbf{P \times P} \quad$ 11. R-QB1 B-Kt2 10. BxP P-QKł3

Not 11. ....... B-R3?; 12. BxB, KtxB; 13. P-QR3, P-QB4; 14. O-O and the Black Kt is miserably placed: For example, 14. ....., PxP; 15. PxP. Or 14. ......., QR-B1; 15. P-QKt4 and 15. ......., PxKtP? loses to 16. QxR. Note that this last line would be playable for Black if the escape hatch had been prepared with 6. ......., P-KB3 (16. Q xR, R×Q; 17. R×R ch, K-R2,
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { etc.). } \\ \text { 12. B-K2 } & \text { R-B1 } & \text { 13. O-O } & \text { Kt-Q2 }\end{array}$ Here the thematic freeing move 13 . not fear either 14. Q-R3, Kt-Q2; 15. B-R6, $\mathrm{BxB} ; 16 . \mathrm{Q} \times \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{Q} 1$ or 14. P-QKt4, Kt-R3; 15. QPxP, PxP; 16. P-Kt5, Kt-Kt5; 17. that arrived at after White's 18th in the B-B4, P-QR3 (Compare this position with
 $\begin{array}{lll}\text { 14. P-QK14 } & \mathrm{Kt} \text {-B3 } & \text { 17. QPXP } \\ \text { 15. P-QR3 } & \mathrm{Kt} \text {-K5 } & \text { 18. P-K }+5\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{ll}\text { 15. P-QR3 } & \text { Kt-KS } \\ \text { 16. Q-Kt2 } & \text { P-QB4 }\end{array}$
Preparing for the end-game, he estabPreparing for the end-game, he establishes a preponderance on the extreme flank. He confidently expects to "neutralize" Black's OBP
Not only helps along White's plan, but also weakens his own K-side pawns. His best plan was to try to get his Q to QKt3 and then to "break" with ......., P-QR3. Thus 18. P . Q -B2!; 19. Kt-K5, Kt-Q3; 20. P-QR4, Q-Kt3 menacing 21. -..., P-QR3. If 21. R-R1 (threatening 22. P-R5) then $21, \ldots$, ......, P-B5. If then 22 .

GUEST ANNOTATORS
Sidney Bernstein

## J. Norman Cotter

Edmar Mednis

P-R5?, QxKtP or if 22 , KR-Kt1, P-QR3; $\begin{array}{lll}\text { 23. P-R5?, QxKtP, etc. } \\ \text { 19. } \mathbf{Q \times Q} & \text { PXQ } & \text { 21. P-QR4 }\end{array}$

## 19. QxQ

## 20. KR-Q1 K-B1

There is nothing to be gained by 21. R-Q7, B-Q4; 22. B-B4; BxB; 23, RxR, R Q-; 24. RxR ch, RxR; 25. K-B1, P-B4; 26. $\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{K} 2, \mathrm{~K}-\mathrm{K} 2$; $27 . \mathrm{R}-\mathrm{B} 2, \mathrm{R}-\mathrm{Q} 4$; 28. Kt-Q2, KtxKt; 29. RxKt, K-Q3 threatening 30. ,
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { K-K2 } & \text { 22. Kt-Q2 } & \text { KtxKt }\end{array}$ The White Kt must-not be permitted to reach QB4.
23. RxKt R-B2 27. B-B4 R-Q1 24. $\mathrm{R}(2)-82$ QR-QB1 28. $\mathrm{B} \times \mathrm{B} \quad \mathrm{R} \times \mathrm{B}$ $\begin{array}{llll}\text { 25. P.B3 } & \text { P-B4 } & \text { 29. K-K2 } & \text { R(2)-Q2 }\end{array}$ Not $30 . \mathrm{RxP}, \mathrm{R}-\mathrm{Q} 7 \mathrm{ch}$; 31 . K-B1, R-R7; winning back the $P$ by the threat of doubling Rs on the 7th rank.
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { 30. } & \text { K-..... } & \text { K-Q3 } & \text { 33. } \\ \text { 31. } & \text { R-B4 } 4 & \text { K-B2 } & \text { R-B2 } \\ \text { 34. } & \text { K-B2 } & \text { R-...... }\end{array}$ 32, P-R5 K-Kł2
Not 34. R-KR4, P-QB5!


Drirting. 34. ........, P-K4 is reruted by 35 . P.Kt4 and White's K penetrates via K4. The only way to combat the growing 35. P-Kt6, R-B1 it is not clear how White can win. If 36 . R-KR4, P.QB5; 37, R(4)x can win. 38 . P×R R×P. 39, R.B7 ch BP, RxR; 38. RxR, RxP; 39. R-B7 ch, KxP; 40. RxP, R.R7 cn; 41, K-Kt3, R-K7 draws. Or 36. K-Kt3, K-B3; 37. K-B4, P. B3. Black will maneuver his $\mathbf{R}$ to QKt2 via QKt1 and White's Rs will be pretty wel Itied to the $Q$-side by the possibilities ........, K-Kt4 and/or ........, P-QB5.
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { 35. } \mathrm{K}-\mathrm{K}+3 & \text { P-B3 } & \text { 38. PXP } & \text { R-R4 } \\ \text { 36. K-B4 } & \text { K-Q2 } & \text { 39. P-K }+4 & \text { R-K4 }\end{array}$ 36. K-B4 K-Q2

He had probably intended 39. ......., R-R6 menacing mate in 2 by ......., P-K4 followed by …..... R-B6. Now he realizes that 39. ........, R-R6 would be met by 40. P-K5, PxP ch; 41. KxP, R-K6 ch; 42. K-B6, R-QR6; 43. P-Kt6, PxP; 44. PxP, R-Kt2; 45. RxP, RxP; 46. R-B7 ch, K-Q3; 47 . RxP, R-B6 ch; 48. K-Kt6 and wins.
40, P-R4 K-Q3
Loses a vital tempo. He fears 41. P-Kt5. but 40. ........, P-KR3 was playable: 41 . P-Kt6, PxP; 42. PxP, R-Kt2; 43. RxP, R×R; 44, R×R, RxP; ${ }^{45}$, R-KR5, R-Kt6; 46. RxP, P-K4 ch; 47 . K-B5, R-B6 ch; 48 . K-Kt6, R-B5 and draws (49. K-R5, KKt2!).

## 41. R-Q2ch K-K2 4 43. R-QKt2

42. P-R6 P-R3

Missing the winning line beginning with 43. R-R4 which his opponent obligingly permits a few moves later.
43. .......

K-Q2 44. R-Q2ch K-K2?
It was necessary to bring the $K$ to the menaced Q-side. Correct was 44 . ........, K-B1 and if 45 . R-Q6, R-Q2; 46. R-B6 ch, R-B2.
45. R-R4 R-B1

Or 45. ........., P-B5; 46. P-Kt6, P-B6; . 47. R-QB2, R-B1; 48. P-Kt7, etc. $\begin{array}{lll}\text { 46. P-Kł6 PxP } & \text { 48. R-QK+2 }\end{array}$

White has very cleverly exploited the absence of the Black monarch. If 48. ......., K-Q3; 49. RxP ch, K-B2; 50. R-Kt5 zugzwang (50. ........, P-R4?; 51. P-Kt5). Black should now resign.

| 49. RxKiP | P-B6 | 52. K-K3 | P-B7 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 50. R-Kt7ch | K-Q3 | 53. K-Q2 | P-B4 |

$\begin{array}{llll}\text { 51. R-R6ch } & \text { K-B4 } & \text { 53. K-Q2 } & \text { KtPxP } \\ \text { 54.B4 } \\ \text { PxP }\end{array}$

$\underset{\text { PxP }}{ }$ 57. KxP P-K6ch 58. R-R5
59. $R \times R$

## Collegians Note

USCF Vice-President Rhys Hays, formerly custodian of collegiate chess information, has sailed for London and an extended stay in England.
All information regarding collegiate chess activities or requests for information on the Intercollegiate Ohess League program should therefore be addressed either to Mr. Eliot Hearst, president of the Intercollegiate Ohess League, 300 West 108th St., New York City, N.Y. or to Thomas Hennessy, secretary, 2463 Valentine Ave., Bronx 58, N.Y.

> Puget Sound League: First round re sults were Olympia over McNeil Island $71 / 2-21 / 2$; Seattle YMCA over Kitsap 71/2. $21 / 2$; Latvian over Tacoma 7-3; and University of Washington over Seattle 6-3. Highlight of 1st round encounters was the double draw of T. Warner against O. Ulvestad on bd one of the Washing. ton encounter.

> BOOST AMERICAN CHESSI By Joining the U.S.C.F.
> Are You A Member?

Is Your Friend A Member?

## BILLS TRIUMPHS IN WASHINGTON

William A. Bills, formerly of Houston, won the Washington State Championship at Seattle $41 / 2-1 / 2$, drawing with Ted Warner. Bills, who distinguished himself in the U.S. Open by besting U.S. Champion Arthur Bisguier, recently won the Southwestern Open title.
Second place with $3-2$ went to Olaf Ulvestad, now returned from Italy, who lost a game to Bills and forfeited the opening round to Robert Edburg. Russell Vellias, Viktors Pupols, and Robert Edberg shared third with 2.3 each, while Ted Warner scored $11 / 2-31 / 2$.

The consolation event was won by Alan Clark with $41 / 2-11 / 2$, while George Bishop placed second with $31 / 2-21 / 2$, and Jim Amidon was third with 3-3.

In the qualifying preliminaries Ulvestar scored 5.0 in Section A, followed by Bills and Pupols 3-2; Ted Warner was first in B with $31 / 2-1 \frac{1}{2}$, with Vellias 3-2, and Edberg $21 / 2-21 / 2$.

RACINE COUNTY CHAMPIONSHIP Racine, 1954

12. Frank Buttenhoff $3-4$ (27.00); 13. Erwin Poetschke 3-4 (24.00); 14. Louis Larsen $3-4$ (20.00); 15. Ronald Greene 3-4 (18.50); 16. Sam Miakes 3-4 (17.00); 17. Roger Falberg 3-4 (6.50); 18. John Fought 23-43; 19. Chris Beck 2-5 (21.50); 20. Rod Schrader 2-5 (19.00); 21. R. E. Rigg $2-5$ (15.00); 22. Charles Brehm 1-6; 23. John Baird 0-7 ( 13.00 ); 24. Bill Nelson $0-7$ (9.50).

Schulz forfeited to Mike; Nelson to Larsen; Nelson to Beck; Beck to Greene; Schrader to Miakes. Rigg and Nelson withdrew after 3rd round, Baird after 4th round; Beck withdrew after 6th round account of accident. Solkoff points used. H. C. Zierke tournament director.

## CENTRAL OHIO CHAMPIONSHIP

Columbus, 1954

At last! A thoroughly dependable chess clock with famous Swiss mechanical movements-at a price you can afford to pay! Light, compact, easy to carry around to tournaments. Overall size: $55 / 16^{\prime \prime} \times 4$ " $\times 21 / 4^{\prime \prime}$. Dial diameter: $13 / 4^{\prime \prime}$. Tilted at slight angle for easier reading of time during play. Equipped with red flags to indicate expiration of each hour. Big red "tickers" to show which clock is running. Push-buttons on top start one clock, stop the other. Nickelled winders and timesetters permanently attached at back; no separate keys needed. Beautifully constructed by expert Swiss clockmakers. Imported for USCF exclusively by RFD Distributors. Satisfaction guaranteed or your money back! Note that price of only $\$ 17.95$ includes $10 \%$ Federal tax. No discounts.

## Mail your order to

UNITED STATES CHESS FEDERATION

## Solution Io

What's The Buat Mowe?

## Solution to No. 147

Gotti v Carlos, Munich, 1936, continued 1. Q-NB ch, K-N2; 2. B-R6 cht, KxB ; 3. Q-B8 ch, K-R4; 4. P-N4 ch, Kx RP; 5. Q-R6 mate. Of course, 1. Q-B8 ch is an equally good first move, while the interposition of the Black queen is naturally useless.
Correct solutions are acknowledged from: Dr. J. Abramson,* David Ames, Prof. A. Bruce Anthony, David Arganian,* Joseiah A. Baker, R. A. Baker,* Gerald M. Banker,* K. Blumberg, Mil ton D. Blumenthal, Abel Bomberault, Vance Bricher,* L. V. Brittain,* Ted Bullockus,* Murray Burn, R. E. Burry, J. E. Byrd,* Jerrell D. Carpenter, M. H. Cha, George F. Chase, Clarence A. Cleere, J. E. Coachman,* John A. Curdo,* Walter Daum, homas Davis, J. Donald Define,* S. J. Einhorn,* Dr. H. B. Gaba, George W. Gilbert Jr., Edmund Godbold, H. W. Gould,* John Haliburton Jr.*, E. B. Hallman, ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Rhea B. Hayes, Edgar Holladay,* Robert G. Hocker,* Alfred W. Hulmes,* L. Hyder, C. Joachim, J. Kaufman, Harry Kaye,* Harrison Kindig,* F. S. Klein,* Fred D. Knuppel, Joseph Lee, Eugene T. Leininger, ${ }^{*}$ Scott B. Lilly, ${ }^{*}$ Paul Maker, Max Milstein, Robert A. Monroe, Charles Mörgañ, Mãx F. Muêller', Howard Mür ray,* Philip Murtha, C. Musgrove, Edmund Nash, Dr. Robert A. Northrup,* mund Nash, Dr. Robert A. Northrup,
Ronald O'Neil, George W. Payne, HerRonald O'Neil, George W. Payne, Her-
bert C. Pierson, Jan Pinney, ${ }^{*}$ George bert C. Pierson, Jan Pinney,* George
V. Putnam,* Sheldon Rein, Ray F. V. Putnam,* Sheldon Rein, Ray F.
Reithel, E. Roman, Dr. Max Schlosser, Reithel, ${ }^{*}$ E. Roman, Dr. Max Schlosser,
Dr. I. Sehwartz, James J. Seifert,* John Dr. I. Schwartz, James J. Seifert,* John
Shadle, Walter Shugert Jr., Bruce J. Shadle, Walter Shugert Jr., Bruce J.
Sidey, Irwin Sigmond, David Sliver, Sidey, Irwin Sigmond, David Silver, Clem Simmer, Paul H. Smith, Paul J. Rae F. Stiening, Donald Sullivan,' George V. Tiers, A. Trucis, H. Underwood, F. J. Valvo, David A. Walsdorf Jr., L. A. Ware, J. L. Weininger, Harley D. Wilbur, William B. Wilson, N. P. Witting, M. M. Woodson,* Phil Work, and Norm Zemke. $1 / 2$ points for essentially correct solutions with "slip of the pen" illegal muves go
and W. A. Chisholm.*

* Solvers not on previous ladder; if you do have a ladder score please mention it if you were not on Oct. 5, 1954 Ladder.

As we went to press CL solvers had defeated No. 147 by $94-5$. Congratulations! Late solutions, postmarked before Dec. 5, will be credited on the Ladder but not separately acknowledged. My thanks to the many who sent me encouraging words, and to the shade of the lamented Guilherme Groesser, whose "Last Position" No. 147 really was. A particularly enjoyable comment on No. 147 came from Dr. H. B. Gaba, who wrote, "The type of game where I'm generally Black! A familiar pattern."

Join the USCF! it is always a sound opening move.

Subscriptions Accepted for
THE BRITISH CHESS MAGAZINE Founded in 1881 and now the oldest ches periodical extant. Games Editor:
H. Golombele-Problem World: §. Sedgwick
$-\$ 3.00$ per year ( 12 lssues)pecial tillin-paver edition, Alrmail $\$ 4.70$ per year by
CANADIAN CHESS CHAT Official Organ of the Chess Faderation of Canada Oniy pubioust artigles and personerage Events, Games, Articles and personalities Annual Subscriptlon: $\$ 2.75$

```
CHESS WORLD Comprehensive Australian chens maya xine edited by C. J. S. Purdy. Articles
\(\$ 3.00\) per year- 12 issues Semple copy 20 c Order From
```

Chess life, 123 No, Humphrey Ave,

## Journament Life

Send to CHESS LIFE, 123 No. Humphrey Ave., Oak Park, III, for application form for announcing tournament in this column.

## December 11-12 <br> Oklahoma State Championship Norman, Okla.

At Student Union Bldg; overnite accomodations available; entry fee $\$ 3.00$, comodations
students $\$ 1.50$ with $\$ 1.00$ rating fee adstudents $\$ 1.50$ with $\$ 1.00$ rating fee ad-
ditional for non-USCF members; troditional for non-USCF members; tro phies and medals; for details, write: Dr. A. M. de la Torre, \% University of Oklahoma, Norman, Okla.
$100 \%$ USCF rated event.

## December 31-January 2

## Illinois Open Championship

 Decatur, III.4th annual open to all; at Decatur YMCA, 151 West Prairie St.; 6 rd Swiss, C. Turner Nearing, t.d.; entry fee $\$ 5.00$ plus $\$ 1.00$ rating fee for non-USCF members; all entrance fees go to prizes, 1st prize guaranteed $\$ 75$; time limit 50 moves in 2 hrs ; entries close 7:45 p.m., mec. 31st; 1st rd $3: 00 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m} ., 3$ ras Jan 1st, Dec. 31st; 1st rd 3:00 p.m., 3 rds Jan ist,
2 Jan. 2nd. For room reservation (at 2
$\$ 2.50$ ) $\$ 2.50)$ write W. H. Johnson, Decatur
YMCA; for information or registration YMCA; for information or registration
to: Dr. Max Schlosser, Standard Blag., Decatur, III.
$100 \%$ USCF rated event.

## February 26-27

58th Minnesota State Championship St. Paul, Minn.
Open; state title to highest state resident; at Downtown YMCA, 9th and Cedar Sts.; 6 rd Swiss, 45 moves in 2 hrs.; $\$ 50$ first prize guaranteed with other cash prizes and special class prizes in cash; Entry fee $\$ 8$ ( $\$ 7$ to USCF membership card holders) with $\$ 2$ refund on completion of schedule; Registration deadline 8:00 a.m. February 26; bring chess clocks and sets; for details or entry write: Dane Smith, 1283 Wator entry write: Dane Mmith,
son Ave., St. Paul 5, Minn.
$100 \%$ USCF Rated event.

## NEW BOOKS

JUDGMENT AND PLANNING IN CHESS by Dr. Max Euwe, former World Champion. Excellent tuition $\mathrm{in}_{200}$ mp 170 diagrams stratics. E-15: $\$ 3.50$ diagrams.
$\$ 2.98$ CHESS TRAPS, PITFALLS AND SWINDLES by I. A. Horowitz and Fred Reinfeld. Entertaining instruc tion in the fine art of swindling. How to set traps and how to avoid them. 246 pp., 223 diagrams.
THE MIDDLE GAME IN CHESS by $E$. A. Znosko-Borovsky. New reprint
of this famous classic on mid-game of this famous classic on mid-game strategy and tactics. Mlustrative positions fully explained. 230 pp ., 80 z-18: $\$ 3.50$
z-18: $\$ 3.50$ less $15 \%$..................... $\$ 2.98$ THE WORLD CHESS CHAMPIONSHIP, 1951, by Wm. Winter and R. G. Wade. All 24 games of the Botvin.
nik-Bronstein match for the world title, fully annotated. Also history
of world championships. $144 \mathrm{pp} ., 47$ of world championships. $144 \mathrm{pp} ., 47$
diagrams.
$\mathrm{W}-20: \$ 2.50$ less $41 \%$............... $\$ 1.48$
$\qquad$
500 MASTER GAMES OF CHESS by Dr. S. Tartakower and J. DuMont.
Greatest and best compendium of Greatest and best compendium of
masterpleces ever produced. Classi fied under openings, all games are fully annotated. Complete chess library in one big volume. 728 pp ., W-15: \$10.00
.. $\$ 7.50$
CHESS THE HARD WAY by D. A. Yanofsky. Autobiography and annotated games of brillant young Can-
adian master who beat Botvinnik. adian master who beat Botvinnik. 150 pp ., 154 diagrams.
Y-10: $\$ 4.00$ less $10 \%$........................ $\$ 3.60$
KINGS OF CHESS by William Winter.
Vivid account of world title matches by Lasker, Capa, Alekhine, Euwe, Botvinnik. Annotated games. 272 pp., 61 diagrams.
W-15: $\$ 5.75$ less $14 \%$ . $\$ 4.95$
Discounts to USCF members only. Mall your order to:
UNITED STATES CHESS
FEDERATION
93 Barrow St

## December 31-January 2

## Tennessee Open Championship Bristol, Tenn.-Va.

At Hotel Bristol, Cumberland and Moore Sts.; entries close $6: 45$ p.m.
E.S.T., Dec. 31st.; entry fee $\$ 5$ ( $\$ 4$ for E.S.T., Dec. 31st.; entry fee $\$ 5$ ( $\$ 4$ for
USCF members); entry fees used for USCF members); entry fees used for
prizes, trophy; Swiss tmt.; for details, prizes, trophy; Swiss tmt.; for
write: Lee Douglas, Emory, Va.
$100 \%$ USCF rated event.

## CORRESPONDENCE

(Continued from page 4, col. 4)
Losing. Correct is 25 . ........, QxB and White must take a certain or probable draw, e.g. 26. RxP ch! (not 26. QxR ch K-B2!), BxR; 27. QxB ch, K-K1; 28. Q-K6 ch, K-B1; 29. Q-K7 ch, K-Kt1; 30. Kt-B6 ch, PxKt; 27. QxQ.
26. R×P ch! K-Kı

For 26 ........., BxR , see previous note.
27. Q-B7ch K-Q1 31, Q-B6ch R-K+2
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { 28. Q-K7ch } & \begin{array}{llll}\text { K-B1 } & \text { 32. RxP } & \text { R-QKt1 } \\ \text { 29. R-B5ch } & \text { K-K }+2 & \text { 33. P-Q71 }\end{array} & \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lll}\text { 29. R-B5ch } \\ \text { 30. } & \text { KxBch } & \text { K-K2 } \\ \text { K-R1 }\end{array}$, 33. P-Q71 30. QxBch K-R1

Threatening mate in three by 34 . QxR ch, etc.
33. ........
Q.Q5 34. P-Q8(Q)!

For if 34. ........, $\mathrm{Q} \times \mathrm{Q} ; 35 . \mathrm{RxR}, \mathrm{RxR} ; 36$. Kt-Q6, Q-Q2; 37. B-B3, etc.
O. C. Dupree won the Shreveport Championship $101 / 2-31 / 2$ in an 8player double round event. James S. Noel placed second with $10-4$, A. Wyatt Jones was third with 8-6, and Woodrow W. Crew fourth with 7-7. Dupree received an inlaid chessboard.

## Solutions:

Finish It the Clever Way
Position No. 141: 1. RxKt(KKt6), PxR; 2. B-B4 ch, K-R1; 3. BxR, KtxB; 4. Q-K5, and Black resigned.
Position No. 142: 1. P-R4 ch, KxP; 2. R-R6 ch, K-Kt4; 3. R-R5 ch!, KxR; 4. BQ1, K-Kt5; 5. K-Kt2, B-B3; 6. B-K2 draws.

Baton Rouge (La.) Chess Club scored a 10-10 draw with the New Orleans Club in a double round event with each round ending in a tie. The match was held at the Jung Hotel in New Orleans on Thanksgiving week-end.

## Chess

## Bookends

Keep your favorites in sight. Rooks or Knights, Polished Cast Metal, mounted on Hardwood to match your furniture. When ordering, specify Walnut, Mahogany or Blonde. $\$ 5.50$ a pair; $\$ 3.00$ a single. Send check or money order to:

# E \& M <br> Manufacturing Co. 

Springtown Road
Tillson,
N. Y.


## Windsor Castle Chessmen

Solid plastic. Authentic Staunton design. King height about 4". Felts cemented permanently with plastic glue. Loaded sets have big lead weights moulded into bases. Unloaded sets much heavier than

No. 27 (Black \& Ivory) or No. 28 (Red \& Ivory): Felted but unloaded set in leatherette-covered case, as illustrated.
Special bargain! $\$ 15.00$ less $30 \%$ to USCF members... $\$ 10.50$
(In dozen lots, without cases, $\$ 7.95$ per set)
(In dozen lots, without cases, $\$ 7.95$ per set)
No. 21 (Black \& Ivory) or No. 22 (Red \& Ivory): Felted and heavily loaded set in leatherette-covered case, as shown.
$\$ 20.00$ less $\mathbf{1 5 \%}$ to USCF members
$\$ 16.95$
(In dozen lots, without cases, $\$ 12.75$ per set)
No. 23 (Black \& Ivory) or No. 24 (Red \& Ivory): Felted and heavily loaded set in leatherette-covered de luxe case with individuat felflined divisions for all pieces (not shown).
$\$ 25.00$ less $21 \%$ to USCF members.
$\$ 19.75$

## Mail your order now to

UNITED STATES CHESS FEDERATION

