# (Thess Cife America's Chess Newspaper <br> Copyright 1956 by United States chess Federation 

Vol. X, No. 21
Thursday, July 5, 1956

## Conducted by RUSSELL CHAUVENET

What's The Best Move?

SEND solutions to Position No. 187 to reach Russell Chauvenet, 721 Gist Ave., Silver Spring, Md., by August 5,1956 . With your solution, please send analysis or reasons supporting your choice of "Best Move" or moves.

Solution to Position No. 187 will appear in the August 20, 1956 issue.

NOTE: Do not place solutions to two positions on one card; be sure to indicate correct number of position being solved, and give the full name and address of the solver to assist in proper credising of solution.

## CRITTENDEN TOPS IN NO. CAROLINA

Kit Crittenden, 1953 North Carolina Champion, won the North Carolina Open Championship at Wilmington with $5^{1 / 2}-1 / 2$, drawing in the final round with Pete Henderson. Don Burdick of Huntington, W. Va. was second with $41 / 2-$ $11 / 2$, losing to Crittenden and drawing with Henderson. Third to ninth in the 30 -player Swiss with 4-2 each were Pete Henderson of Chapel Hill, Edgar T. McCormick of East Orange, N.J., James Roark of Lexington, Ky., Clarence Kalenian of Miami, Fla., Robert Ennis of Fort Bragg, Dr. George Harwell of Durham, and E. Forry Laucks of West Orange, N. J. Dr. A. H. Bond of Norton, Va. was tenth with $31 / 2$ $21 / 2$.

## USCF APPOINTS '56 NOMINATIONS

The USCF Nominating Committee, which will recommend candidates to the USCF Board of Directors to succeed USCF Vice-Presidents A. Wyatt Jones and Rhys W. Hays, whose terms expire this year, will consist of James Bolton, 49 Highland St., New Haven, Conn.; Henry Gross, 1657 No. Point St., San Francisco 23, Calif.; Herman Zierke, 3320 17th St., Racine, Wis.; William Slater, 116 Pinehurst Ave., New York 33, N. Y.; and Major J. B. Holt, Long Beach via Sarasota, Fla.

## U. S. OPEN CHAMPIONSHIP

July 16-28, 1956 Oklahoma City, Okla.


## KRASZEWSKI TOPS WISCONSIN STATE

Jerome Kraszewski of Milwaukee tallied 7.0 to win the annual Wisconsin Championship at Sheboygan. The new champion was one of the most promising young Milwaukee players of the 30 s , then disappeared from chess, and has recently returned with talents unimpaired. Second place went to Henry Meifert of Racine with $51 / 2-11 / 2$, while third was Dr. L. C. Young of Madison, also with $51 / 2-11 / 2$. Meifert lost a game to James Mangan and drew with Dr. Scott Kittsley, while Young lost no games but drew with Alfred Wehrley, Curtis Gardner, and Hans Huse. Fourth to twelfth with equal $5-2$ scores in the 64 player event were Richard Kujoth, Charles Weldon, Arpad E. Elo, Kenneth Runkel, James Mangan, Fred Cramer, Marshall Rohland, William Banerdt, and John A. Carroll. 13th to 16 ths with $41 / 2$. $21 / 2$ were Dr. Scott Kittsley, Curtis Gardner, Alfred Wherley, and Russell Kime.

## U.S. OPEN DATE DRAWS CLOSER

As the date of the U.S. Open at Oklahoma City draws closer each day, it behooves the wavering chess player to determine before too late whether he will enjoy the fun and excitement or let it slip by neg. lected. Time is short for the decision.

Advance registrations, headed by defending Open Champion Nicholas Rossolimo, already assure a strong field of players, and a most exciting contest.

While players can register, commencing Sunday, July 15th, at 2 P. M., at the Civic Room, advance registration by mail is advisable.

## What's Wrong With David?

## By international Master GEORGE KOLTANOWSKI

INN 1950 David Bronstein of the USSR won the Candidates' Tournament in Budapest. In 1951 he played a match with Mikhael Botvinnik, champion of the world, for the title, in Moscow. The match ended in a tie $12-12$. Many are the players, who saw the games, who are convinced that Botvinnik should have lost this match and with it the title. David had considerable success since then. His style is on the bizarre, he has no set rules of opening plays. One can almost say his ideas are fantastic, and seldom can one play over a game of his, and say it was dull.

In the Candidates' Tournament in Zurich, 1953, he beat Reshevsky twice, so that his forthcoming match with Reshevsky (if no snag develops) should prove of great interest to chess fans all over the world. Bronstein is a born fighter, and in Zurich he told me that he preferred to play chess rather than eat, so much so he will play for a doubtful win than for a sure draw.

For a while it looked like he would walk away with first place in the Candidates' Tournament at Amsterdam, but then he overreached himself. In the 12 th round, for example, Bronstein, in one of the greatest tournaments ever, schemed up a plan of sacrificing his queen for two minor officers and two pawns right in the opening. Unheard of in the history of chess! (One cannot become champion of the world that way.) His young opponent, Spassky, opened the King's file with heavy artillery, and won. No notes to this game. The student will be impressed anyway.

KING'S INDIAN DEFENSE
World Candidates' Tournament Amsterdam, 1956

## White

|  | 5. KR-KKt1 | 0.0 | 32. | R×Rch | KxR |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 6. K-K+2 | B-Q2 |  | K-R1 | R-B4 |
|  | 7. P-R4 | B. K 33 |  | Q-R4 | Kt-B3 |
|  | Q-K+3 | Kt-K¢5 |  | Q-B2 | Kt-K+4 |
|  | 9. P-R5 | Kt-81 |  | Q-K2 | Kt-Q4 |
|  | 2. $\mathrm{P} \times \mathrm{P}$ | BxP | 37. | P-R6 | PxP |
|  | 1. R-R4 | Kt-Q6 | 38. | Q-K8ch | K-K+2 |
|  | . R-QB4 | Kt-B4 |  | QxP | K-R3 |
|  | 3. $\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{K} 4$ | Ki-R3 | 40. | QxRP | KtxP |
|  | 4. KtxBch | R×K $\dagger$ |  | -Kı7 | t-Q6 |
|  | 5. P-B4 | P-K5 | 42. | R-K7 | KtxP |
|  | 6. Kt - B 3 | Kt-K2 | 43. | xPch | K-K+4 |
|  | 7. R-K1 | QR-KBI |  | -K7ch | K-Kı5 |
|  | 2. P-K\$4 | P.B3 | 45. | -K3 | K-Kt4 |
|  | 9. KtxP | BxKt | 46. | P-R4ch | K-Kł5 |
|  | . $\mathrm{R}(4) \times \mathrm{B}$ | K $\ddagger \times$ QP | 47. | K-R2 | Kt-R4 |
|  | 1. R.K8 K | $\mathrm{K}+(3) \cdot \mathrm{B2}$ |  | R-R6 | Resigns |

## KANDEL UPSETS MARYLAND MEET

Irving Kandel, a correspondence player competing in over-board play for the first time in fifteen years, swept to an amazing 6-1 victory in the Maryland State Championship at Towson, winning the title on Solkoff points over Saul Wanetick who also tallied 6-1. Kandel lost no games but drew with Wanetick and Boris Garfinkel; Wanetick drew with Richard McComas and Kandel. Third was Boris Garfinkel with $51 / 2-1^{1 / 2}$, while fourth to sixth with 5-2 each were Richard McComas, Michael Tilles, and Billy Adams. Seventh to tenth in the 36 -player Swiss with $41 / 2$ $21 / 2$ each were Joseph Lasarko, Armin Surgies, Robert C. Simpson, Wm. H. Bulmash, while Herbert Avram led those with 4-3 scores.

"BLINDFOLD" CHESS
Blindfold Chess Champion George Koltanowski in the midst of a blindfold simultaneous exhibition at the Greater Miami Chess Club, Alcazar Hotel, Miami, Fla.

# Finish It The Clever Way! by Edmund Nash 

Position No. 179
C. Parmelee vs. J. Hudson Asbury Park, N. J., 1956


Position No. 180 H. Lyman vs. E. Nash Asbury Park, N. J., 1956


Black to move and draw

THE United States Amateur Championship Tournament, held toward the end of May at the oceanside summer resort of Asbury Park, N.J., proved to be a delightful occasion for amusement and relaxation for me and my family. We hope for similar opportunities in coming years.

The two positions above from this tournament impressed me as most instructive. In Position No. 179, from the game between the former and the new amateur champions, White had just made impulsively the unneeded, so obviously (?) winning move of $51 . \mathrm{R}$ (QN5)-N5 ch, instead of allowing the position to be adjudicated, after Black's 50th move (White had a won game with 51. RxQRP).

In Position No. 180, I had to make 17 moves in a few minutes; on the 11th move, with only a few seconds left, I missed the right continuation, but succeeded in making my 17 moves. The game was adjudicated as a win for White.

For solutions, please turn to Page seven.
Send all contributions for this column to Edmund Nash, 1530 28th Place, S.E. Washington 20, D. C.

In the Stevenson Memorial Tournament of the Borgnor Congress in England U. S. Expert Arthur Spiller (now in the U. S. Armed forces) placed in a tie for


Gbess Life
Thursday, Page 2 July S, 1956

## QUAKERS TAKE PA COLLEGIATE

The University of Pennsylvania won the 1956 Pennsylvania Intercollegiate Championship, losing only two and one-half points out of a possible fifteen to swamp all competition. Pennsylvania State University was second with a lone loss to Penn. Contenders for the title were University of Pittsburgh, which reentered college chess after a long absence, as winner of Western Division; Pennsylvania State University who defeated all competition in the Central Division; Muhlanberg College of Allentown, winner in the Eastern Division and University of Pennsylvania which won the Philadelphia Intercollegiate Championship. These four teams met at the Jewish Community Center at Harrisburg with Morde Treblow, vice-president of the Pennsylvania State Chess Federation, as tournament director, assisted by Gerald Orner and Frederick H. Kerr.

In round one Penn State bested Pittsburgh $31 / 2-1^{1 / 2}$ while Pennsylvania downed Muhlenberg 4-1. In the second round Pennsylvania defeated Pittsburgh 41/2-1/2, while Penn State beat Muhlenberg 4-1. Round three saw Pennsylvania down Penn State $4-1$ while Pittsburgh bested Muhlenberg 3-1. There were five undefeated players: Uldis Bross of Penn (3-0), William Friedman of Penn State (3-0), Larry Dinnerstein of Penn (2-0), Bilsel Alisbah of Penn, (2-0), and Alan Leibowitz of Penn (2-0).

Sports reporter Rusty Cowan and photographer Francis Smith covered the event for the Harrisburg Patriot-News, and the Sunday Patriot-News carried a big feature spread on the tournament on the sports page. This coverage was largely due to the efforts of Dr. Nathan Krantman of the Harrisburg Chess Club, who also handle accommodations for the players.

The second Luebbert Correspondence Tourney goes into the finals with the five following section winners competing for the $\$ 281.50$ first prize and four other cash prizes: Pvt. D. W. Eliason of White Sands Proving Ground, N. M. 10-0; Edgars Sneiders of Lansing, Mich. $91 / 2-1 / 2$; Dr. Norman M. Hornstein of Southport, N. C. 10-0; James N. Schmitt of Portland, Ore. 9-1; and Dr. Erich W. Marchand of Rochester, N.Y. $91 / 2-1 / 2$. None of these lost a game in the preliminary rounds.

Luebbert now announces his 1957 International Battle Royal Correspondence Chess Tournament with 24 prizes to be awarded (1st prize will be $35 \%$ of all entry fees and $50 \%$ of total prize money). Entry fee is $\$ 5.00$ with $70 \%$ of entry fees going to prize fund. Those interested may contact: Morton W Luebbert, Jr., 404 Linn St., Valley Falls, Kans.

Toledo YMCA (Ohio) Chess Club: Robert G. Lake won the club title with 5-1, losing one game to runner-up Francis H. Ashley, who scored $4 \frac{1}{2}-1 \frac{1}{2}$ Ashley lost a game to George L. Rob inson and drew with Lawrence $C$ Jackson, Jr, who placed fourth, also with $41 / 2-11 / 2$. Max Moldawsky was fourth in the 12 -player Swiss with 4-2. A USCF Club Affiliate.

By Allen Kaufman

THE annual chess season draws to a close here as the summer approaches, and attention turns to Oklahoma City, and the Open. As in former years, many local masters plan to make the trip and participate.

On the local scene, Ed Mednis, star of N.Y.U.'s chess team, first board of the U.S. Intercollegiate team, and representative of this country in the World's Junior Championship, gave a simultaneous exhibition at the Marshall Chess Club. Twenty-six faced him; Ed drew seven, and won nineteen against tough opposition. Incidentally, all the money has not yet been raised to cover the cost of that intercollegiate tournament: a few more contributions would be welcome.

King-pin of New York rapid chess is Bill Lombardy. He has won several strong rapid tourneys with clean scores. His most recent victory was in a weekly Mnahattan A rapid. He swept through, 9-0, ahead of Walter Shipman, the country's highest rated master, and Bobby Fischer, the country's most promising $B$ player, among others

Digging myself out of the pile of mail the "cash vs. trophy" column evoked, your reporter finds most correspondents are against cash prizes, and don't care whether or not master participated. Interest ingly enough, many average-toweak players wrote, but not one master (and the masters have most at stake) replied. When the various opinions are sorted out and tabu lated, results will be published Keep writing!

Both letters of comment and contributions for the rest of the collegiate fund can be sent to me at 150 W. 179 St., New York 53 N.Y. All contributors of one dol lar or more will receive the tournament book of the Second World's Collegiate Tourney.

Franklin (Philadelphia) Chess Club: U. S. Junior Champion Charles Kalme tallied $91 / 2-11 / 2$ to win the club title, losing one game to Samuel Sklaroff and drawing with Barnie F. Winkel man in the 12 player round robin. Ber nard Albert and Eugene Dreher shared second wtih 9-2 each. Albert lost games to Kalme and Dreher, while Dreher lost to Kalme and drew with Mrs. Mary Selensky and Winkelman. Barnie F. Winkelman was fourth with 7-4, while Mirs. Mary Selensky and W. Leon Arkless shared fifth with $61 / 2-41 / 2$ each. A USCF Club Affiliate.

## (h)ess Cife

## PRINTING FUND

 To erase the deficit accumulated from 1946 to 1952 in publishing CHESS LIFE, prior to the adoption of the Harkness Plan, which is paying current obligations. Liquidation of this debt is essenfial to place the USCF upon a firm financial basis.Send contributions (marked "Chess Life Printing Fund") to;

KENNETH HARKNESS
USCF Business Manager
81 Bedford St. New York 14, N.Y,
Make all checks paryable to:
United States Chess Federation


SITE OF THE U. S. OPEN
The air-conditioned Curic Room of the Oklahoma Biltmore Hotel in Oklahoma City, which will be the scene of the U.S. Open Championship from J: 1 ly 16 to July 28, 1956.

## Illinois Gains First Midwest

## Inter-University Team Title

By FREDERICK H. KERR<br>College Chess Life Editor

The University of Illinois tallied $221 / 2.71 / 2$ to win the First Annual Midwest Inter-University Team Tournament. Eight schools played in this six-round Swiss event held at the University of Chicago over the week end of April 14 and 15. They were: University of Illinois, University of Michigan, University of Chicago, Purdue University, Indiana University, University of Minnesota, Roosevelt College, and Marquette University. Although this is a new tournament, the organizers hope to make it an annual event. A total of forty-eight players took part in the USCF rated tourney.
Hot on the heels of the Fighting Illini came the Wolverines of Michigan with $201 / 2-9 \frac{1}{2}$. Michigan's John Penquite was the only undefeated regular; he took the prize for second board. A former state champion of Michigan and Iowa, Penquite defeated Jim Jackson, former Connecticut state champion, in the third-round match between Michigan and Illinois. Paul Poschel of Illinois won first board with 4-1; he is a former champion of the Prairie State. John O'Keefe of Michigan, winner of the last Fort Wayne Open, took third board with 5-1. Hoosier Ray Cook scored $51 / 2-1 / 2$ to win fourth board. Another Illini, Burt Zabin, captured the title at fifth board with $31 / 2-1 / 2$. Other high scorers were the following: Valdes Tums of Illinois ( $41 / 2-1 / 2$ ), Illini Peter Wolf ( $41 / 2-1 / 2$ ), Robert Gauntt of Purdue (5-1), Michael Robinson of Chicago (4-1), and Michigan's Ian Kirkwood (4-2).

The direction of the tide became obvious during the first two rounds, for Illinois rolled over Indiana $41 / 2-1 / 2$ and Marquette 4-1. The Golden Gophers of Minnesota gave up five points to Michigan in the first round, and the Wolverines took a match from Roosevelt by $31 / 2-11 / 2$. Thus Illinois and Michigan each had $81 / 2-11 / 2$ records going
into the third round. They met and Illinois proved that its team had greater depth by winning the last three boards to score a 3-2 victory. The host Chicago team continued in contention until it went down to defeat at the hands of the Illini in the fifth round by a score of $31 / 2-11 / 2$. Roosevelt might have finished higher, but it was forced to forfeit four games because of illness.

This tournament differed from most intercollegiate events in that graduate students played. It developed from ideas by the members of the University of Chicago Chess Club. The tournament director was Robion Kirby of the Chicago group. ROUND 1: Ilinots 41/2, Indiana $1 / 2$; Michigan 5, Minnesota 0; Chlcago 3, Roosegan
velt 2 ; Purdue 5, Marquette 0 .

## CORRECTION

The University of Maryland placed second in the SICA Team Tourney reported in the May 5th issue of CHESS LIFE, and not the University of Virginia as erroneously stated in the headline. The news report correctly reported the standings.

## 恩

Frederic Foote of Hastings, Mich. tallied $41 / 2-1 / 2$ to win the Capitol City Open staged by the Columbus Y Chess Club. Second, also with 4 $1 / 2-1 / 2$, was Ervin Underwood of Columbus. Third to fifth with equal $4-1$ scores were Robert McCready, Kurt Loening, and J. P. May, while sixth to eighth with 3 $1 / 2-1 \frac{1}{2}$ were Leonard Newmark Joseph Waltz, and John DeWitt The tournament drew 36 players from Ohio, Indiana, Michigan, Pennsylvania, Wisconsin, West Virginia, and Illinois, and was directed by James Schroeder.

Fort Bliss (Tex.) Chess Club: Pfc. Donald E. Benge and Lt. Col. R. C. Hunter tied for first in the club championship with $12-1$ each; Benge lost his game to Hunter, and Hunter lost to Capt. William D. Lee. 2nd Lt. Edward C. Diedrich was third with $101 / 2$ $21 / 2$ in the 14 -player round robin, losing to Benge and Hunter while drawing with Sp/3c Bernard J. Norton. Capt. Lee was fourth with $10-3$. In a play-off match. Benge won the club title, defeating Col. Hunter 2-0. A USCF Club Affiliate.

ROUND 2: Illinois 4, Marquette 1; MichIgan $31 / 2$, Roosevelt 11/2; Chicago 4, Minnesota 1; Purdue 3, Indiana 2 . ROUND 3: Illinols 3, Michigan 2; Chicago $21 / 2$, Purdue $21 / 2$; Indiana $31 / 2$, Roosevelt 11/2; Minnesota 4, Marquette 1 . ROUND 4: Illinois $31 / 2$, Purdue $11 / 2$; Michtgan $21 / 2$, Chicago $21 / 2$; Indiana 3 , Minnesota 2; Marquette 3, Roose velt 2.
ROUND 5: Illinols $31 / 2$, Chicago $11 / 2$; Michigan 41/2, Purdue $1 / 2$; Indiana 5 , Marquette 0; Minnesota 4, Roosevelt 1 .
velt 1
Mich 6: Hlinois 4, Minnesota 1 ; ichigan 3, Indiana 2; Chicago 41/2, Marquette $1 / 2$; Purdue $31 / 2$, Roosevelt 11/2.
$\begin{array}{lll} \\ \text { Illinois } & 22 \frac{2}{2}-7 \frac{1}{3} \quad \text { Indiana } & 16-14^{*}\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llll}\text { Michigan } & 220-73 & \text { Indiana } & 16-14^{\circ} \\ & 2021 & \text { Minnesota } & 12-18\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllc}\text { Michigan } & 202.91 & \text { Minnesota } & 12-18 \\ \text { Chicago } & 18-12 & \text { Roosevelt } & 9.201\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llll}\text { Chicago } & 18-12 & \text { Roosevelt } & 9 .-201 \\ \text { Purdue } & 16-14 * & \text { Marquette } & 51-241\end{array}$ Purdue $16-14$ Marquette 53.24. Indiana had 3.

## The Reader's Road Jo Chess

## By Kester Svendsen

## INFINITE VARIETY

IT is not on record that Cleopatra indulged in chess, though she played her men well enough to qualify in other power-struggles. The five books here under consideration remind one irresistibly of Shakespeare's phrase for her, because they multiply facets of the bibliolater's imagination no less variously. First there is the tournament book, M. E. Goldstein's and M. D. Broun's The Australian Chess Championship, Hobart, Tasmania 1952-1953 (80 pp., mimeo. Mosman, New South Wales: 75 Bradley's Head Road), won by Lajos Steiner. Second there is the overpriced manual, I. A. Horowitz and Fred Reinfeld. The Macmillan Handbook of Chess (New York: Macmillan, 248 pp., numerous diags., \$4.50), designed for players of every grade and containing sections on how to promote a club, run a tournament, and make up pairings. This last is hard to find. Third there is the scholarly Philosophie des Schachs by Dr. Fritz Siebert (Bad Nauheim: Schachverlag Heinz Loeffler, paper, 103 pp., D.M. 4.80, about $\$ 1$ ). Fourth is the generous and useful section on chess in The New Complete Hoyle by A. H. Morehead, R. L. Frey, and Geoffrey Mott-Smith (Garden City, N. Y.: Garden City Books, 740 pp., $\$ 3.95$ ), which may be enthusiastically recommended for its coverage of other games also. The fifth has nothing to do directly with chess, but should prove extremely attractive to the chess mind: J. D. Williams' The Compleat Strategyst (New York: McGraw-Hill, 234 pp., \$4.75). Priced a little high, the book is a popular-style primer on the theory of games of strate gy , with dozens of examples and simple arithmetic as the only prerequisite to some dazzling feats of logic. Taken together, these testify once more to the inexhaustible fertility of chess and its literature.

## Colloge Chess Life <br> Conducted by Frederick H. Kerr

All college clubs and players are urged to send news items to Frederick H. Kerr, Sample Road, R. D. No. 3 Allison Park, Pennsylvania.

MICHAEL Cherington won the championship of the Pitt Chess Club with a $5-0$ picket-fence score. He is the son of T. M. Cher ington, the chess editor of the Pittsburgh Sun-Telegraph. Second place went to Dave Rainero and Dave Kaufman with 4-1. James Hill took the fourth position with $31 / 2$ $11 / 2$ in the five-round Swiss System. A total of twenty-two students of the University of Pittsburgh took part.

The First Annual New Orleans Junior Championship Tournament was won by a Tulane University student, Fred McClendon. This representative of the Tulane Green Wave scored a blue streak of 5-0 to pocket the title
Two simultaneous exhibitions closed out the season at Penn State. Newell Banks gave one consisting of both checks and chess. At checkers he won 7 and drew 2. At chess he won 7 and drew 6 . The following scored draws at chess against the Detroit expert: Dr. Fred H. Brock, Carl H. Deitrich, Dr. Orrin Frink, Edward L. Herr, Frank Toth, and your reporter. The second exhibition was given by USCF Expert Durwood Hatch of Altoona. A former champion of the Pennsylvania State University Chess Club, he returned to his alma mater and scored 14 wins and one loss. Dr. Orrin Frink, the present club champion, was able to win a hard-fought game. During both exhibitions, Wendell Swope, "Penn State's professor of board-game theory," gave outstanding simultaneous kibitzing exhibitions. Swope is probably the first real simultaneous kibitzer in the history of the game of chess.

A list of all known colleges having chess clubs has been made up. Copies will be sent to all those requesting them from the address given above.

Question 3: College teams have often competed in the New York Metropolitan Chess League. In 1906, a famous game was won by a player representing Columbia University against the well-known master, A. W. Fox, of the Manhattan Chess Club. This Columbia student then went on to quite a chess career. Who was he? The prizes given for the first 5 correct an swers will be Kenseal Pouches of Kentucky Club Mixture. These come with the compliments of the Mail Pouch Tobacco Co. of Wheel ing, West Virginia. If you smoke a pipe to annoy your chess opponents, Kentucky Club is not for you. However, if you smoke for pleasure, Kentucky Club may be the tobacco you have been looking for.

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## Major Jopics

## By

Montgomery Major

## Variations On A Theme

I come from the Town of Stupidity; it lieth about four degrees beyond the City of Destruction. BUNYON-Pilgrim's Progress

THUS speaks Mr. Honest, in that greatest of all allegories known to man, in explaining his presence to Christiana and Mr. Great-Heart on that pilgrimage to eternal hope about which Bunyon writes so vividly.

It was no discredit to Mr. Honest that the Town of Stupidity was his birthplace, as it was no disqualification to Christian, his wife and children that the City of Destruction was their home. The point is that Mr. Honest "came from the Town of Stupidity"-he was not content to remain there. Nor was he discouraged at the outset by the Slough of Despond that conquered Christian's weak-willed companion, Pliable. Instead, he perservered; and came at last to the River where his friend, GoodConscience, met him, lent him a hand, "and so helped him over."

But many of us are not so fortunate (or, shall we say, not so persevering). Born in the Town of Stupidity, we are content to remain there. We may criticize its customs and belabor its behavior; but our faith is not affirmative enough for us to make the effort inherent in a change of domicile. We are too indolent to come from the Town of Stupidity; thus, we remain there.

It is perhaps a sad commentary on humanity that it must be prodded to salvation; left to its own devices humanity would rarely overcome the inertia that bogs it down into a static existence of complaint and day-dreaming without action. And when they are safely dead, humanity will praise and fondly remember those prodders who pushed it unwill ingly forward to new achievements; while they are alive, it looks on them disdainfully as pestilential nuisances.

Many chess players, alas, are residents in the Town of Stupidity where chess is concerned. They voice their dissatisfaction with the state of organized chess, criticize how the organization is managed, lament the poverty of chess bodies, complain because more tournaments and international events are not staged with larger prizes and greater magnificence.

But they will not stir from their inert lassitude to an affirmative action to correct what they criticize, for voicing complaints and criticisms is not affirmative action-it is the refuge of the incompetent and immature unless such eriticism is coupled with direct, affirmative action. Words cost nothing, and usually produce nothing.

Chess in the USA will not be fortified by criticism, nor built into a tower of strength by complaints. It will not grow because chess players wistfully dream about the growth of a strong central chess organization, prepared to do all those wonderful things for chess that seem so glorious in our dreams.

Chess in the USA will only thrive if each chess player makes his own pilgrimage out of the Town of Stupidity, prepared to lend a hand personally in affirmative action to make chess in the USA strong. Chess needs a strong central chess organization-it will have that organization when every chess player accepts it as his duty and privilege to belong to that central organization. Then, all his dreams about tournaments and international events and all the other projects so dear to his visions will soon become realities. They will never be realized in any other way.

> RALPH ROSENBLATT
> CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT
> 1407 Broadway
> NEW YORK 18, N.Y.

United States Chess Federation
81 Bedford Street
New York, N.Y.

## Attention-Mr. Kenneth Harkness

Gentlemen:
Pursuant to engagement I have audited the accounts of the Unlted States Chess Federation for the three months period ended March 31, 1956 and submit herewith the following statements:

EXHIBIT "A"-Statement of Assets and Liabillties as at March 31, 1956 (exclusive of closing inventory)
EXHIBIT "B"-Profit and Loss Statement for the nine months ended March 31, 1956 (exclusive of closing inventory) Respectfully submitted
(Sgd) Ralph Rosenblatt
Certified Public Accountant
USCF Membership Dues, including subscription to Chess Life, semi-annual publication of national chess rating, and all other privileges:
ONE YEAR: $\$ 5.00$ TWO YEARS: $\$ 9.50$ THREE YEARS: $\$ 13.50$ LIFE: $\$ 100.00$
SUSTAINING: $\$ 10.00$ (Becomes Life Membership affer 10 payments)
A new membershlp starts on 21st day of month of enrollment, expires at the end of the period for which dues are paid. Family Dues for two or more members of one family living at same address, including only one subscription to ing rates for each additional membership; One fear membership, at the followyears $\$ 6.75$. Subscription rate of Chess Life to non-members is $\$ 3.00$ per year.

UNITED STATES CHESS FEDERATION STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT MARCH 31, 1956

## ASSETS

## CURRENT ASSETS

Cash in Manufacturers Trust Co.
Pefty Cash Fund-New York Office
Petty Cash Fund-Chicago
Exchange
OTHER ASSETS
Office Furniture and Fixtures
Less-Reserve for Depreciation
Security Deposits
Prepaid Expenses
TOTAL ASSETS
377.51

LIABILITIES


UNITED STATES CHESS FEDERATION
PROFIT AND LOSS STATEMENT (EXCLUSIVE OF CLOSING INVENTORY)
FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 1956
INCOME FROM SALES


CHANGE OF ADDRESS: Four weeks notice required. When ordering change please furnish an address stencll impression from recent issue or exact reproduction, including numbers and dates on top line.
Send membership dues (or subscriptions) and changes of address to KENNETH
HARKNESS, Business Manager, 81 Bedford Street, New York 14, N. Y.
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# larry evans on openings 

By International Master LARRY EV ANS

## Queen's Gambit Declined --

## Dutch Variation

LATELY there has been much ado about the so-called Dutch Variation which occurs after the following moves: 1. P-Q4, P-Q4; 2. P-QB4, P-K3; 3. N-QB3, N-KB3; 4. B-N5, P-B4!?; 5. PxQP, PxQP; 6. QxP (6. Q-RA ch, Q-Q2 is satisfactory for Black), B-K2.


Black's last is a subtle but remarkable improvement over the immediate N-QB3. White is a Pawn ahead but the unstable position of his Queen provides Black with all sorts of tactical possiblities. Up until very recently the definitive "refutation" had been thought to be the game Smyslov-Geller, from their match in 1955, 7. P-K4 (no other move-R-Q1, O-O-O, N-B3has proved as troublesome for Black to meet), N-B3; 8. Q-Q2, Nx $K P!$; $N \times N, P \times P ; 10$. $\mathbf{B \times B}, Q \times B$; 11. Q×P, O-0! (Played in the grand manner. After 11. ........., P-B4 Black can regain the piece, but unfavorably after 12. B-NS, QxN ch; 13. QxQ, PxQ); 12. P-B3, N-N5.


Here we come to a parting of the ways. Euwe holds the only move is 13. Q-QB5 (he gives it an exclamation mark). He dismisses 13. QQ6 because of N-B7ch; 14. K-Q2, R-Q1 ( ..... QxQ; 15. NxQ, NxR; 16 B-Q3 is in White's favor); 15. QxR, QxQch; 16. KxN, B-B4. "In view of Black's better development and his attacking chances, White will not be able to maintain his material advantage (Rook plus two light pieces for the Queen)." (Euwe) The entire soundness of the variation depends on this pronunciamento,
and upon examination it appears that White may indeed be able to consolidate, 17. B-Q3 fails to R-B1 ch; 18. K-Q2, BxN; 19. PxB, Q-N4ch followed by QxP. Not so clear, however, is 17. N-K2! (intending to meet R-B1 ch with N-B3).

Diagrom No. 3


Position after 17. N-K2-

## Can White Consolidate?

This question, perforce, must be left unanswered for the present. Black's best reply is probably 17. P-QN4. This position is crucial. Perhaps some reader can supply conclusive analysis in the absence of rugged tournament data.

Donner-Stahlberg, Goteborg, 1955 continued from Diagram 2: 13. Q. QB5, $Q \times Q ;$ 14. $N x Q, N-B 7 c h ; 15$. K-Q2, NxR; 16. B-Q3, R-Q1! (threatening P-QN3 followed by B-R3); 17. N-K4!, B-K3 (threatening B-B5 as well as BxP); 18. N-R3! (Not 18. NK2, B-B5; 19. N-B4, P-KN4; 20. NxP, R-Q5), RxBch!; 19. KxR, RQ1ch; 20. K-B3, R-B1ch-Draw Agreed.


White can win the cornered Knight, but only at great cost. A likely possibility is 21 . K-Q2, RQ1ch; 22. K-B1, BxP; 23. P-QN3, NxPch; 24. K-N2, N-Q7; 25. KxB, NxN; 26. PxN, R-Q7ch followed by RxP with a promising endgame for Black!

It thus appears that Black's gambit play is sufficient to draw. Theory is outraged. White will have to search in another direction for an advantage after 7. P-K4, NB3.
8. Q-K3 or Q-Q1 or even Q-QR4 must each be investigated to see if they yield the eagerly desired "refutation."

## Conclusion:

Diagram 3 is the crucial position on which the soundness of the entire "Dutch Variation" hinges. If White can consolidate, then 8. QQ2 is sufficient. (What comes after determines everything that goes before.)
Next month we shall sift the al ternatives for White on move 8-if some reader fails to come to the rescue on Diagram 3.

## Analytical $W_{\text {rangles }}$

This column will be devoted to analytical comments submitted by readers of CHESS LIFE, preferably in diseussion of various annotations or suggestions ap. pearing in CHESS LIFE to which the reader offers dissent or elaboration. Master and Amateur alike are invited to air their views.


## IMPROVEMENT NOT IMPROVING

(Refer to CHESS LIFE, April 5, 1956) Dear Editor:
The diagram in Analytical Wrangles of April 5 presents Richard Cunningham's 14. ......, KtxKP as an improvement over Weaver Adams' 14 Q2 in Alekhine's Defense. I don't see it. In Var. (A): 15 QxBP, Kt(K4)xP; 16. KBxKt, Q-R5 ch; 17. B-B2, QxB(B4) "and Black has much the better of it". To me that 16. ........, Q-R5 ch is a check that needs a check-up on account of the little buy 17. P-KKt3 (instead of 17. B-B2). Black still must play 17 ,
QxB or remain a piece down, whereupon 18. Kt-QKt5 drops bombs all over the place. If 18 . sacrifice was counted on (I don't know what else), it can be accepted or sidestepped by 19 . K-B2, now not selfblocked I don't doubt that many readblocked. point is whether there is some explang tion for omitting its consideration, psychological or something?
W. H. DONNELLY

Valparaiso, Ind.
Mr. Richard Cunningham has suggested (CL April 5, p. 6-MCO 8, p. 2, col. 3) as an improvement for Black 14. ......... KtxKP. One of his sumporting var-

## Women's Chess Lifo By Willa White Owens

Address news items and Inquirles on Women's Chess to Mrs. Wilia Whit Owens, 124 South Polnt Drive, Avon Lake, Ohio.

MISS Lucille Kellner of Detroit, Mich., one of veteran tournament players in national women's chess, may be a-strong contender for the title of U.S. Women's Open Champion at Oklahoma City. Miss Kellner is famous for her fast, occasionally brilliant, play. She is happiest in a tactical game, with combinations spiralling and bursting all over the board like the final burst of fireworks at a Fourth of July celebration. Her diagnosis of "what's wrong with women's chess" is that we are all too timid-lack confidence and ag-gressiveness-and she may be right, though there are a number of women players to whom this does not apply.
The following game, played against one of the stronger players in the Mid-West, shows that Miss Kellner can also play a quiet, restrained game.

KING'S INDIAN DEFENSE
Great Lakes Open
Chicago, 1954

| White |  |  |  |  | Black |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| L. KELLNER |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. | P-Q4 | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{KB3}$ | 21. | R×RCh | RxR |
| 2. | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{KB} 3$ | P-KN3 | 22. | P-QN4 | Q |
| 3. | P-K3 | B-N2 | 23. | K-B1 | R-R |
| 4. | P-QB4 | P-Q4 | 24. | R×R | xR |
|  | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{QB} 3$ | 0.0 | 25. | K-KI | K-K2 |
|  | PxP | $\mathrm{N} \times \mathrm{P}$ | 26. | P-N3 | -Q |
|  | $\mathrm{N} \times \mathrm{N}$ | QxN | 27. | K-Q2 | K-K |
|  | B-K2 | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{B} 3$ | 28. | K.K3 | B-Q4 |
|  | B-Q2 | P-K4 | 29. | B-K2 | B-K |
|  | B-83 | PxP | 30. | P-B4ch | K-Q |
|  | 0.0 | R-Q1 | 31. | P-KR4 | P-KB3 |
|  | NXP | $\mathrm{N} \times \mathrm{N}$ | 32. | B-B1 | B-B |
|  | $\mathrm{B} \times \mathrm{N}$ | $8 \times B$ | 33. | 8-K2 | P.B4 |
|  | B-B3 | Q-K4 | 34. | B-83ch | K-B5 |
|  | $\mathrm{P} \times \mathrm{B}$ | QxP | 35. | PxP | P |
|  | $\mathrm{Q} \cdot \mathrm{N} 3$ | Q-N3 | 36. | BxP | K-N6 |
|  | $Q \times Q$ | RPXQ | 37. | K-Q2 | Kx |
|  | KR-Q1 | E-K3 | 38. | K-B3 | B-K |
| 19. | P-QR3 | P-QB3 | 39. | B-R6 | K-R5 |
|  | P-R3 | K-B1 | 40. | B.B4 | Draw |

fations is not sound, however: 15 . $\mathrm{QxBP}, \mathrm{Kt} / 4 \times \mathrm{P}$; 16. Q-Kt5ch, Q-Q2 and now the simple 17. KBxKt (Instead of 17. QxQ?) wins a piece.

## FRED $A$

Pittsburgh Pa
(Albert S. Pinkus of Mohegan Lake, N. Y. also points out that Variation
15. $Q x B P, K t(K 4) x P ; 16 . K B \times K t, Q$ 15. $Q x B P, K t(K 4) x P ;$ 16. KBxKt, Q
$R 5$ ch; 17. $P-K t 3, Q \times B ;$ 18. Kt-Kts calls for Black's resignation.)

Winning his match with Cleveland Open Champion Jean Cohn by the score of $3-0$, defending titlist Rudolf Pitschak retained the Cleveland City title. The Cleveland Championship this year was based on the World Championship plan -a candidates tourney called the "Open" with the winner playing a match against the defending city champion for the title.

## 聞

Fort Bliss (Tex.) Chess Club: Fort Bliss tallied a $5-1$ victory over the El Paso Chess Club with four wins, two draws and no losses. A USCF Club Affiliate,

# GAMES BY USCF MEMBERS 

Annotated by Chess Master JOHN W. COLLINS

USCF MEMBERS: Submit your best games for this department to JOHN W. COLLINS, 91 Lenox Road, Brooklyn 26, N. Y. Space being limited, Mr. Collins will select the most interesting and instructive for publication. Unless othervise stated notes so ganes are by Mr. Collins

SEIDMAN MARSHALL CHAMPION
Herbert Scidman scored 11.4 to win the 1955.56 Marshall Chess Club Championship. The following game, one of his best in that event, has its share of typical-ly-Seidman, sparkling, tacticat sorties.

## KING'S INDIAN DEFENSE

Marshall Championship New York, 1956
White

1. $\mathrm{P} \cdot \mathrm{QB4} \mathrm{Kt}$-KB3
2. $\mathrm{Kt-B3}$
3. P-Q4 P-KK +3

White's system, designed to prevent plored. While successful in its primary plored. W it does not deter the alter objective, it does not de

## 5. B-B4

Now white has control of K5 and his QB has a retreat at R2.
Black employs the secondary break. Also satisfactory is 6. ........, P-B3! 7 P-K4.

This and the following exchange achieve only equality, at best. Preferable is 7. P-Q5, temporarily locking the position. In that case, however, Black should eventually find effective breaks at QKt4 and/or K3.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 7. } \\
& 8 . \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
$$

If 8.
$\begin{array}{cc}8 . & \mathrm{QxQ} \\ \mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{B} 2, & \mathrm{Kt} \text {-B }\end{array}$
R.9. R-Q1, Q-R4.
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { 9. } \mathrm{P}-\mathrm{K} 3 & \mathrm{~K}+\mathrm{B} 3 & \text { 11. P-KK } \$ 4 & \text { B-B4 }\end{array}$ White must improvise. If 11. O-0, KtK5! 12. Kt-Q1 (12. KtxKt, BxKt; and the White QKtP goes) Kt-Q7; 13. R-K1, Kt -Kt5; and Black has a winning position. Or 11. R-Q1, Kt-K5! 12. KtxKt, BxKt; 13. P-QKt3, Kt-Kt5; and Black wins a Pawn.

## Nice!

11. ........

Kt-K5!
If 12. KtxKt? BxKt; and Black wins the QKtP. If 12. R-QB1, KtxKt; 13. Px Kt , and the White queen-side Pawns are fatally weak. And if $12 . \mathrm{PxB}$ ? KtxKt; 13. PxP (13. PxKt? BxP ch, and the White OR goes) RPxP: 14 B, B 1 , Kt-R5; and Black wins a Pawn.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 12. } \\
& \text { 13. } P \cdot R 3
\end{aligned}
$$

If 13. Kt-Kt5? KtxKt; 14. BxKt, Kt-Kt5; and Black has a very strong pull

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 13. R-QB1 } \\
& \text { 14. }
\end{aligned}
$$

If 14. Kt-Kt5, KtxKt; 15. BxKt, Kt-K4; 16. R-QB1, QR-Q1; favors Black,

| 14. | Q-O |
| :--- | :--- |
| 15. | QR-Q1 |
| 16. R-K1 | P-KR3 |
|  | P-KKt4 |

In control of the only open file, and with good play for all the minor pieces, Black turns to a king-side attack. $\begin{array}{llll}\text { 17. B-R2 } & \text { P-B4 } & \text { 20. B-Kt2 } & \text { K-R1 }\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lll}\text { 18. } \mathrm{P} \times \mathrm{P} & \mathrm{B} \times \mathrm{KBP} & \text { 21. } \mathrm{B}-\mathrm{K}+2 \\ \text { 19. } \mathrm{B}-\mathrm{B} 1 & \mathrm{~B}-\mathrm{B} 3 & \text { 2. } \mathrm{K} 3\end{array}$
Frightfully constricted, White must break out somehow, even if it means shattered Pawns. If 21. K-B1 (meanShattered Pawns. If 21 . K-B1 (mean-
ingful moves are scarce), Black can make systematic progress with
man make systematic progress with
KKt4; ........., K P-Qt5; (driving away the
21. Kt-Q7(ch); and KtaKt

## PERSONAL SERVICE

The Editor of this Department sill play you a game by mail, comment on every move, and give you a thorough postgame analysis. Fee \$10.
Mr. Collins zill also annotate any one of your games for a fee of $\$ 5$.

Chess Life

Thursday, Page 6
July 5, 1956

RETI OPENING
MCO: page 223, column 52
Cuban National Chess Team vs. Greater Miami Chess Club Miami, 1955
Threatening to win the Knight with 23. ......., P-K5. But the scope of the KB is curtailed. Stronger is 22. ........, R-Q6! 23. P-K4, B-K3; 24. P-K5, B-Kt2; and Black wins a Pawn.

$$
\begin{array}{lr}
\text { ins a Pawn. } & \\
\text { 23. P-K4 } & \text { B-K3 } \\
\text { 24. B.R1 } & \text { P.KR44 }
\end{array}
$$

Again. threatening to win the Knight with 25. ........, P-Kt5; 26. PxP, PxP. 25. B-K+3 P-R5 28. B-K2 R-K+2 $\begin{array}{lrrr}\text { 26. B-R2 } & \begin{aligned} \text { P.KtS } & \text { 29. K-R1 } \\ \text { 27. P×P } & \text { BXK+P }\end{aligned} & \text { R-Q6! }\end{array}$ An attractive penetration. Of course if $30 . \mathrm{K}-\mathrm{Kt2} 2^{*} \mathrm{BxKt}$ ch; wins, and if 30. BXR? BxKt mate.
$\begin{array}{lr}\text { 30. } \mathrm{Kt-K+1} & \mathrm{~B} \times \mathrm{B} \\ \text { 31. } \mathrm{K}+\times \mathrm{B} & \mathrm{Kt} \mathrm{R} 4\end{array}$


Less direct, but more precise, is 31 . R-B6 (the weak Q-side Pawns will not run away). Then if 32 . B-Kt1, RKt5; winning the KP. Or if 32 . R-B1, R-Kt5; 33. Kt-Kt1, R-Q6; 34, P-B3, RKt 2 ; 35. KR-Q1, R/2-Q2; 36. RxR, RxR; with a winning position.
32. QR-Q1

R-B6
This gives White counter play. Better is 32 . ........, $\mathrm{R} / 2-\mathrm{Q} 2$.
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { 33. R-QS } & \text { K } \times \mathrm{PP} & \text { 36. } \mathrm{BxP} & \mathrm{BXB}\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lll}\text { 34. } \mathrm{R} \times \mathrm{BP} & \mathrm{Kt} \text {-Q3 } & \text { 37. R×B }\end{array}$

The material is equal, but Black has more mobility and the initiative. If 37. ......., R/2-Kt7? 38. R-R4 ch.
38. Kt -R3

White must lose something. If 38 . R-K3? R-B8; wins. If 38 . Kt-K2? KtxP; wins. 39. $\mathrm{K}+\mathrm{K}+1$

If $39 . \mathrm{Kt}$-Kt5? R/6-Kt6; wins the Knight or mates.
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { 39. } & \mathrm{R} \times \mathrm{BP} & \text { 43. R-K7 } & \mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{Kt4}\end{array}$ 40. R-K6 Kt-B2 42. R-Q1!

On 42. RxP? or 42 . P-K5? Kt-R6! (threatening 43. ........, KtxKt; 44. RxKt, R-R6 mate) wins.

$$
\text { 42. } \text { 43. R-K1 }
$$

R-B1
More active, but also inadequate, is 43 $\mathrm{R} / 1-\mathrm{Q} 7$. The reply is 43 . ........, P-R6! Then if $44 . \mathrm{K}-\mathrm{R} 2$, R-Kt7 ch; 45 . K-R1, Kt-B6!! and wins. Or 44. RxP, P-R7; 45. KxP (45. Kt-K2, Kt-B6; 46. R-Kt1, R/1KKt1; wins) R-B7ch; 46, Kt-K2 (46, K-R1, R-R5 ch; 47, Kt-R3, RxKt ch; 48. K-Kt1 R-K5 ch; 47. Kt-R3, RxKt ch; 48. K-Kt1; ch; 47. K-R1, Kt-B6! 48. R-K8 ch, R-Kt1; 49. RxR ch, KxR; and Black soon mates 49. RxR
at KR7.

R-KK+1
44. P-K5

If 44. RxP, KtxP; wins.
Threatening 45. ........, Kt-B7 ch; 46. KR2, R-Kt7 mate.
45. Kt-R3

If 45. R-KB7, R-K1 (or 45. ........, P-R6) wins.

## 45. K-R2

If 46. RxKt, RxKt mate. And if 46 . Kt-B4, Kt-Q7; wins.

$$
46 .
$$

The knock-out. For if 47. R-KB7, Kt-B6 ch; 48. RxKt, RxR; and, with the exchange and a Pawn, Black wins. change and a Pawn, Black wins 48. R×R Kt-B6ch Resigns Mate at KKt6 follows.
$\begin{array}{lr}\text { 12. } & \text { KłXB } \\ \text { 13. P×Kt } & \text { QB-K†2 }\end{array}$
Profiting from the absence of Rutz's QB, Crittenden starts an avalanche of Q-side pawns and omits $0.0-0$ which is necessary in the book variations. necessary
$15, ~ Q-K 3$
To free his game, White must try t work for P-Q5. If 15. Q-K2, then Black work for P-Q5. If 15. Q-K2, then Black
cannot continue as in this game but cannot continue as in this game but mast 0-O-O when he still retains the upper hand. Otherwise 15. Q-K2, P-R5; 16. P-Q5, PxP; 17. KtxP, Q-B4; 18. Kt-B4 with chances for White.
15. P-R5 17. P-QKł3 R-KR5! 16. Kt-K4 P-R6!


This unexpected pitch of the KR into play clinches matters. Attempts to bottle the Rook up on the wing fail-e.g., 18. P-B4, PxP; 19. PxP, P-R7; 20. K-Kt2, RxP:; 21. QxR, QxP ch!; 22. RxQ, P. R\&(Q) ch; 23. K-B2, QxR.
R8(Q) ch; 23. K-B2, QxR.
18. P-Kt3 RxKtl! 25. Px

| 18. P-Kł3 | RxK+1! - 25. PxP | P-K+5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9. Q | P-B4 26. B-R3 |  | 19. Q×R

22. P×KP
23. PxP

A precise and beautifully handling of every single Black piece by North Carolina's ranking player.

## QUEEN-SIDE vs. KING-SIDE

Once again the old san about the prededence of a direct attack against the enemy monarch over a $Q$-side demonstration proves valid.

## GIUOCO PIANO

## MCO: page 73, column 10 (n) California Open Championship Fresno, 1955

Notes by J. Norman Cotter
After BxKt either $R$ to the 7 th wins,
39. KtxR Resigns

The endgame now is indced hopeless.

## White <br> R. BRIEGER

1. P-K4 P.K4 C. BAGBY 2. Kt-KB3 $\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{QB} 3 \mathrm{~A}^{2}$ 3. O 4 Less enterprising than the usual lines beginning with 4. P-B3. The game, however, transposes back into one of the main variations.
2. P-Q3 5. P-B3 Q-K2 Instead ........, QB-Kt5 would lead the game into tactical waters of question-

## able nature. <br> 6. P-Q4 $\quad$ B-Kt3

More usual here is 8 , R-K1. The text sets a little trap For instance 8 tex sets a fitte trap. For instance 8 . ........ KtxKP?; 9. B-Q5, Kt-B3; 10. BxKt ch PxB; 11. P-R5 winning a piece.
Easing the pressure on the Black cenEasing the pressure on the Black cen-
ter. Rossolimo, who has experimented ter. Rossolimo, who has experimented
quite a bit in this line, usually conquite a bit in this line, usually continues R-K1....Kt-R3....B-B1....Kt-B4 with very fine pressure. Another idea is P-QKt4 and a quick B-R3.
$\begin{array}{lrrrr}\text { 9. } & \text { Kt-QKt1 } & \text { 13. Q-B2 } & \text { R-K1 } \\ \text { 10. P-R5 } & \text { B-R2 } & \text { 14. P-B4 } & \text { Kt-B1 }\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lll}\text { 11. B-Q3 QKt-Q2 } & \text { 15. B-K3 } & \text { P-R3 }\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llll}\text { 12. } \mathrm{P} \text {-QK } \ddagger 4 & \mathrm{O}-\mathrm{O} & \text { 16. } \mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{B} 3 & \mathrm{P}-\mathrm{KK}+4\end{array}$ Black aims for a strangle-hold on his KB5.
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { 17. K-R2 } K+-K+3 & \text { 20. Q-Q2 } & R+K K+1\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llll}\text { 18. } K t-K 2 & \text { Kt-R4 } & \text { 21. P.K }+3 & \text { B-Q2 }\end{array}$ 19. $\mathrm{Kt} / 3 \cdot \mathrm{~K}+1 \mathrm{~K} \cdot \mathrm{R2} \quad 22$ R-R2

Planning a break at B4 plus a switch of the Rook.

## GUEST ANNOTATORS

J. Norman Cotter
Norman M. Hornstein, M.D. Edmar Mednis
 dangerous move. Second guessing indi-

## U. S. OPEN CHAMPIONSHIP

## July 16-28, 1956

Oklahoma City, Okla.
eligibility: Open to all Chess pLACE: Civic Room, Oklahoma Bilt more Hotel, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma (completely Air Condi tioned).
TYPE: 12-round Swiss System.
DIRECTOR: International Chess Master, George Koltanowski.
TIME OF PLAY: Daily Play: 7:00 P.M. to $12: 00 \mathrm{M}$., exeepting Saturday, July 21, and excepting final round which will begin at 12:00 Noon July 28. 50 Moves in the first $21 / 2$ hours, 20 moves per hour thereafter. Adjourned games from each of the first 11 rounds must be played on the day following at discretion of Tournament Director. 12 th (final) round must be played to finish. Saturday, July 21 is reserved for the Speed Tour ney
ENTRY FEES: $\$ 15.00$ for USCF members; $\$ 20.00$ for non-members ( $\$ 5.00$ for USCF dues).
REGISTRATION: Civic Room, Okla homa Biltmore Hotel, commencing Sunday 2:00 P.M., July 15 and ending at 1:00 P.M. deadline, Monday July 16. Mailed entries must be postmarked no later than July 9, 1956. Mailed entries to be sent to Jerry G. Spann, 314 Colcord Bullding, Oklahoma City, Ok lahoma.
PRIZES: $\$ 3000.00$ total with $\$ 1000.00$ for first place, and 19 other cash prizes. Cash prizes for highest women's scores and title of $U$. $S$. oman player Tor ranking to be awarded to all players fin ishing in top one-half of Stand ings.
SPEED
RED TOURNEY: Speclal U. S, held Sing Championship to be \$5.00. Cash Prizes 21. Entry Fee cCOMMODATIONS
ACCOMMODATIONS: Hotel accommodations and meals assured at reasonable prices. Contact Hal Crippen, Oklahoma Blltmore Hotel, Oklahoma City or Jerry G. Spann, 314 Colcord Bullding, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma.
EQUIPMENT: Players are urged to bring Chess sets, boards, and ESPECIALLY Chess clocks.
VACATION ATTRACTIONS: Boating, Fishing, Water Sports on Oklahoma City's two beautiful lakes-Lake Overholser and Lake Hefner. Oklahoma City Spring. lake Park for swimming, rides, picnicking. Eight fine Golf Courses in Oklahoma City area also the World Famous Lincoln Park Zoo, Texas League Baseball and Rodeos. Motor to Turner Falls, Lake Murray, Lake Texoma, Quartz Mountain, Beavers Bend Robbers Cave, Sequoyah, Osage Hills, Roman Nose, Boiling Springs, Lake Wister, Lake Tenkiller, Greenleaf Lake, Alabaster Caverns Platt National Grand Lake, Fort Gibson Will Rogers Memortal Shrine and the Notional Wild Life Refuge wooded mountains, lakes, streams woodarical sites In, lakes, streams, historical sites, indian vilages, an within a couple of hours drive for your pleas
ure and enjoyment ure and enjoyment.
perior for reasons which will soon become apparent.
"I wanted to come back anyway!"
28. R-KKt2 Kt-B4!

The finesse which Brieger no doubt missed when making his 27th move. Now, of course, not 29. PxKt, Kt-Kt5 ch! winning the Queen.
29. Q-Q2 $\quad \mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{R} 5 \quad$ 30. R×R RXR Black threatens R8Kt and $R \times R$ Kt-B6 ch!
Kt -B6 ch
31 Q -K3
31. Q.K3 Q.K+4

32. B-K2

If instead 32. Kt(1)-K2 not ......... KtKt7 but rather ......., B-Kt5 with the threat ........, BxKt-e.g., 33. ........, BxKt; threat ......., BXKt-e.g., 33 . ......., BxKt;
34. BxB, Kt-Kt7 winning, for if 35 . 34. BxB, Kt-Kt7 Winning, for if
Q-Kt1, KtxKt; 36. QxQ, PxQ and Black has won a piece. It is difficult to see has won a piece. It is difficult to see
what Brieger could do on his 33rd to What Brieger could do on his 33 rd to prevent the accomplishment of this threat. Certainly not 33 . R-KKt1?, KtB 6 ch , etc. In this line, if 34 . $\mathrm{QxB}, \mathrm{Kt}$ (5)-B6 ch and now efther (a) 35. RxKt, KtxR ch; 36. QxKt, Q-Kt8 mate or (b) 35. K-R1, Q-Kt8 ch; 36. RxQ, R×R mate. Going back to the original suggestion 32. Kt(1)-K2 for the final commentthe inmmediate …...., Kt-Kt7 would have fallenshort because of 33 . Q-Kt1! and everything appears to hold.
32. ....... Kt-K $\dagger 7$ ! Resigns

For the Queen must move and after 33. ......., KtxKt White cannot retake with either the Queen or the Rook, Very fine tactical and strategical play on winner Bagby's part.

## Journament Life

Send to CHESS LIFE, 123 No. Humphrey Ave., Oak Park, III. for application form for announcing tournament in this column.

## October 13-14

## 3rd Annual Fort Wayne Open Fort Wayne, Ind.

Open; at Worid Friendship Hall of Fort Wayne YMCA; 5 rd Swiss, 45 moves in $1 / 2 \mathrm{~g}$ hrs, adjudication after 3 hrs of play; play begins 1 p.m. Oct. 13; entry fee: $\$ 5.00$; prize money $50 \%$, $30 \%$, $20 \%$ of prize fund $(60 \%$ of total entry fees), brilliancy prize awarded by sponsoring Ft. Wayne C. C.; bring chess equipment if posstble; for YMCA room reservations, write: W. A. Havel, YMCA, 226 E. Washington, Ft. Wayne, Ind.; for details, write: Donald C. Jones, 3424 N . Washington Rd., Ft. Wayne 6, Ind.
$100 \%$ USCF rated event.
November 10-12
New Mexico Open Championship Albuquerque, N. M.
Open; at YMCA, 101 Central Ave. N.W., Albuquerque; 7 rd Swiss, 20 moves per hr.; entry fee: $\$ 3.00$; Trophies for 1st, 2nd, 3rd and Junior, title of New Mexico State Champion to highest rank. ing resident; tournament sponsored by Albuquerque C. C.; TD W. A. Muff; for details, write: R.' D. Adair, 202 Dartmouth Dr. S.E., Albuquerque, N. M.
$100 \%$ USCF rated event.

## Solutions

Finish It The Clever Way!
Position No. 179: The judges adjudicated the game as drawn after 51 .

# Mate The Subtle Way! 

by Nicholas Gabor

All communications concerning this problem-column, Including solutions a well as original compositions for publication ( $\ddagger$ wo- and three-mover direct mates) from composers anywhere should be sent to Nicholas Gabor, Hotel Kemper Lane, Cincinnati 6, Ohlo.

Problem No. 681
By Charles S. Jacobs Winchester, Mass.
International Contest Entry


Problem No. 683
By Horacio L. Musante Buenos Aires, Argenśina International Contest Entry


Carshalton Beeches, England
International Contest Entry


Mate in two moves
Solutions to previous problems on page eight

K-R2; 54. KxP, K-Kt2; 55. K-Kt5, K-R2; 56. K-B4, K-R3; 57. K-K3, K-R4; 58 , K-Q3, KxP; 59. K-B3, K-Kt4; 60. K-Kt3, $\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{B} 4 ; 61 . \mathrm{KxP}, \mathrm{K}-\mathrm{K} 3 ; 62$. K-R5, K-Q2; 63. K-R6. K-B2, and white cannot queen his pawn.

Position No. 180: 1. ........, R-QB6; 2. P-KB5, R-B7 ch; 3. R-B2, R-R7 ch!; 4. $\mathrm{KxR}, \mathrm{RxR}$ ch; 5. K-R3, RxP; 6. R-N8 ch, K-B2; 7. P-Kt4, R-QB4; 8. K-R4, K-Q3; 9. P-Kt5, K-K3; 10. K-R5, K-B2; 11. RQKtB, RxP!; 12. RxKtP ch, K-Kt1; 13. K-R6, R-B1 draws. In the game, Black lost after 11. ......, R-B2?; 12. K-R6!,
RxR (too late!) 13.
RxP ch, K-B1; 14. RxP, R-B8; 15. R-R8 ch, etc.

Problem No. 682
By William L. Barclay Pittsburgh, Pa. Dedicated to Comins Mansfield International Contest Entry


Problem No. 684
By Voiko Bartolovic
Zagreb, Yugoslavia International Contest Entry

moves

oblems on page eight

Port Authority (N.Y.) Chess Club: Victor A. Guala tallied $131 / 2-1 / 2$, drawing with William Walbrecht, to win the annual club championship in a 15 -player roind robin. Fred Horowitz was second with $12-2$, losing to Guala and Mrs. Betty Guala. Third was Harvey Sherman with 11-3, losing games to Guala, Horowitz, and Alexander Krivoshapko. William Walbrecht was fourth with $10 \frac{1}{2}-31 / 2$, and George Dorer was fifth with 10-4. A USCF Club Affiliate.
(If) USS Life Thursday, Page 7 July 5, 1956

# (1) RSS Life $\begin{aligned} & \text { Thursday, Page } 8 \\ & \text { July } 5,1956\end{aligned}$ 

Solation Io<br>What't Tho Bat Mowe?

## Position No. 184

Book-Stoltz. Claims of a win are incorrect. The position allows a draw by 1. K-Q4, NxPeh; 2. K-Q5, NxP; 3. KxP, NxPch; $4 . K-K 5$, the variation
we admired. Unfortunately, the try we admired. Unfortunately, the try
by 1. P-B4, N-N3; 2. P-K5, P-Q4; 3 . by 1. P-B4, N-N3; 2. P-K5, P-Q4; 3.
P-B4, NxP; 4. K-Q4, N-B6ch; 5. KxP, NxP; 6. K-Q6 also leads to a draw. Hence either move is acceptable as "Best"; our usual apologies to the solvers for permitting this situation to arise.
2 points each are awarded to Abel M. Bomberault, W. I. Lourie and WilM. Bomberault, W. I. Lourie and wi-
liam B. Wilson, who correctly pointed liam B. Wilson, who correctyy pointed eat both drawing methocts. goes to George W. Baylor ${ }^{*}$, J. E. each goes to Lecge Charles Musgrove, Ed Nash, Edmund Roman, Robert Seiden, Irwin Sigmond, Francis Trask, and Neil P. Witting. The solvers won by $13-5$.
Correspondence from M. F. Anderson and J. E. Byrd has resulted in awarding Mr. Anderson 1 pt . for his solution to 181 , and in increasing Mr . Byrd (and Mr. Seiden)'s 1 point awards to 2 points each for their solutions to 2 points each for their solutions
to 181 . Details of the columnist's errors involved in these columnist's er-
are too rors involved in these cases are too
depressing for publication in a family depressing
newspaper.
*Welcome to new solver.
Glenn L. Martin Co. (Md.) Chess Club: Harry H. Douglass placed first on Solkoff with $5-1$ in the club championship, losing one game to Erwin Hutzmann who also scored 5-1. Hulztmann lost a game to Alan Brownlie who placed third with $41 / 2-11 / 2$. Fourth was william Scherbarth, also with $41 / 2-11 / 2$, while filth and sixth with $4-2$ in the $22-$ player Swiss were Charles Swarthout and Richard Teper. A USCF Club Affiliate.

## Journament Life

Send to CHESS LIFE, 123 No. Humphrey Ave., Oak Park, III. for applleation form for announcing tournament in this column.

Unless otherwise specified, all tournaments announced in this column are $100 \%$ USCF rated. Rating fees, if any, are inciuded in specified entry fee; no additional rating fee for non-members USCF.

July 19-22
The Carolinas' Open Championship Myrtle Beach, S.C.
Open; at Ocean Forest Hotel; 7 rd Swiss (Solkoff tie-breaking); 1st rd begins 7 p.m. Thursday, July 19; 1st prize $\$ 100$, 2nd $\$ 50$, 3 rd $\$ 30$ plus prize \$100, 2nd for first three places; Junior prizes: $1 \mathrm{st} \$ 25$, 2nd $\$ 20$ and 3rd $\$ 15$; four other senior prizes; entry fee: $\$ 4$ plus membership ( $\$ 2$ ) in SCCA or NCCA and USCF; special convention NCCA and USCF; special convention
rates on rooms at Ocean Forest Hotel; rates on rooms at Ocean Forest Hotel;
for further information, write:
L. L. for further information, write: L. L.
Foster, $121 \quad$ Saluda Ave., Columbia, Foster, 121 Saluda Ave
$100 \%$ USCF rated event.

## August 11.12 \& 18-19

## Michigan State Championship

Ann Arbor, Mich.
Open; at Mich. Union, 530 S . State St.; entry fee: $\$ 7.50$ (USCF membership required $\$ 5$ ); 1st prize $\$ 100$ plus other prizes and awards; 7 rd Swiss and Speed Tourney; rooms at Union $\$ 4.50-\$ 6$ and dorm rooms $\$ 2$; TD Ed Treend; for details, write: John Penquite, 821 Oakland, tails, write: John P
Ann Arbor, Mich.
100\% USCF rated event.

## September 1-3

Louisiana State Championship
New Orleans, La.
Open; at Roosevelt Hotel, New or leans; 6 rd Swiss, 45 moves in 2 hrs.; state title to highest ranking Louisiana player; $\$ 50$ first prize with 10 other prizes of chess equipment and merchandize, trophy to State Champlon; entry fee $\$ 5.00$ plus $\$ 1.00$ LCA dues for non-members; TD Newton Grant; for detalls, write: Kenneth N. Vines, 8318 Panola St., New Orleans, La. $100 \%$ USCF rated event.

> Soluers' Ladder. What's The Bost Moue?
I. Sigmond
I. Sigmond
W. Stevens
N. Stevens
E. Roman

Payne
Nash"**
Bomberault
Valvo
G. Chase

Godbold
Trask
. Walsdorf Jr.
Wilumenthal
Musgrove
Reider
K. Blumber

Muller
. Milstein

102 M. Burkett
(Through Position 182)
 D. Benge
L. Harvey L. Harve Lee C. Magerkurth W. Lourie W. Burchett J. Leavitt M. Michaels
A. Axelro
M. Cohen
S. Greenberg
P. Heilbut
G. Kawas
T. Reagor
T. Reagor
J. Scripps
first ascent to the top.
Inactive Solvers please note: Your name is omitted if you did not submit a successful solution to at least one of (177-182); but your points remain good in our records and you may resume where you left off at any time.

## Solutions-Wate the Subtle Way!

No. 665 Richards: key 1. Q-K3 threat 2. P-K5. Moves of the Kt allow 4 mates (3 corrections) with the flight and 1........, P-K4, 2. RxP for good measure. No. 666 Maybee: key 1, Kt-B5 threat 2. Q-Kt5. In the 5 good variations the 2 flights are largery number of solvers were misled by the tries 1 . Q-K7 and /or 1. P.B5. 1. ... Kt -K4 defeats both. No. 668 Prof. Zappas: key 1. B-Kt2, threat 2. Q-B5. Of the 7 squares the keypiece may move too with the intended threat, only KKt2 works with full result. Finding the reason why other squares fail is a good and entertaining study. No. 669 Fleck: key 1. PxP with 4 threats: R-K4, R-B5, Kt-Q5 and Kt-K6. In contrast to the "Strickt Fleck Theme" in which every possible black
move reduces the multiple threats to a single mate, here we witness what may be called "Loose Fleck Theme," a rather new mechanism just being exploited. This new field is perfectly justified and justifiable, everything depending on the quality of the strategies involved. We are interested in those black moves only, which stop all but 1 mate. Thus: 1. ..., R-QKt6, 2. Kt-K6 only! 1. ........, R-KKt, 2. Kt-Q5 only ! 1. ...., RxP, 2. R-B5 only! 1.........., RxB, 2. R-K4 only! No. 670 Roemelee Key 1. P-Q6 waiting! Queen-maximummer! 13 different mates with the Queen!

## West Veptember 1-3 <br> Virginia Championship, Open and Junior

 Wheeling, W. Va.Open (with Junior restricted to player under 21 at start of tourney); at Wheel. ing YMCA, Wheeling; 6 rd Swiss, 30 moves in $11 / 2$ hrs.; entry fees: $\$ 5.00$ for Championship, $\$ 3.00$ for Open, $\$ 2.00$ for Juniors; trophies; W. Va. Championship and Junior titles restricted to ship and Junior titles restricted to highest ranking residents; for detals, write: Charies L. Ritter, 111 EIm Si, Wheeling, W. Va.
$100 \%$ USCF rated event.
September 1.3
North Carolina Championship Raleigh, N. C.
Restricted to N. C. residents and service personnel stationed in N. C.; at News and Observer Bldg., 215 S . McNows and St., Raleigh; 6 rd Swiss, 55 moves In $21 / 4$ hrs.; entry fee: $\$ 3.50$ plus $\$ 2$ NCCA dues; 1 st prize $\$ 50$ plus trophy and other cash prizes; TD Dr. A. M. and other cash prizes; Jenkins; for Hilasboro St., Raleigh, N.C. $100 \%$ USCF rated event.

October 4-January?
New Haven Open Championship New Haven, Conn.
Open; at YMCA, 52 Howe St., New Haven; one round every Thursday night, starting at 8 P.M. on Oct. 4; 8 to 10 rd round robin or Kirk Holland, 40 moves in 2 hrs.; entry fee \$2; small cash prizes; TD William H. Mills; for details, write: William Newberry, 233 Elm St., West Haven 16, berry,
Conn.
$100 \%$ USCF rated event.

## The Official Blue Book and Encyclopedia of Chess

## By KENNETH HARKNESS

THE U. S. Chess Federation's new "Blue Book" gives the answers to all the questions you have asked about the Laws of Chess, the USCF Tournament Rules, the rating system, the organization and conduct of a chess club, the rules and procedure for every type of chess competition.

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