5200 Williamsburg Blvd., Arlington 7, Va., by December 5, 1957. With your solution, please send analysis or reasons supporting your choice of "Best Move" or moves.

Solution to Position No. 219 will ap. pera in the December 20, 1957 issue.

NOTE: Do not place solutions to two positions on one card; be sure to indicate correct number of position being solved, and give the full name and address of the solver to assist in proper crediting of solution.

## TAUTVAISAS WINS ILLINOIS OPEN

Povilas Tautvaisis scored $7-0$ to win the Illinois Open Championship at Hull House, Chicago. Second with 6-1 was Tibor Weinberger of Milwaukee who lost only to Tautvaisis. Third with $51 / 2-11 / 2$ was Angelo Sandrin who lost one game to Charles Henin and drew with John Zilic.

Tied at 5-2 each for fourth to seventh in the 44 player Swiss sponsored by the Chicago Latvian C.C. were Charles Henin, Vasa Kostic of Gary, George Mauer, and Edward Buerger. Eighth to tenth with $41 / 2-21 / 2$ each were John Nowak, William Cary of Los Angeles, and Allan Calhamer. The event was directed by Eric V. Gutmanis of the Latvian Chess Club.

## 1958 U.S. OPEN SET FOR AUGUST

Dates for the 1958 U.S. Open Championship have been set for August 4 to 16,1958 . The event will be co-sponsored by the IBM Corporation and the Minnesota State Chess Association, and will be held at Rochester, Minn. (home of Mayo Clinic) on IBM facilities. The Open will be featured also as a part of the Minnesota Centennial Celebration. Mr. Robert Gove has been appointed general committee chairmap.

## GOLDEN KINGS <br> LONG ISLAND AMATEUR CHAMPIONSHIP

Nov. 29-30, Dec. 1, 1957
Brooklyn, N.Y.

# What's The Best Move? Conducted by IRWIN SIGMOND CEND solutions to Position No. D 219 to reach Irwin Sigmond, <br> USCF MEMBERS ATTENTION! 



## Plans to Increase USCF Membership Are Released by USCF Committee

The vital importance of increasing USCF Membership in 1958 was one of the major topics of discussion at the annual Board of Directors Meetings at Cleveland in August of this year. USCF Vice-President Thomas Jenkins was entrusted with the task of preparing an organizational layout for the proposed Membership Committee and Membership Drive. CHESS LIFE presents below the proposed skeleton of the Membership Committee Organization with the statement of the means and objectives to be followed in making this drive for membership a success.

## MEMBERSHIP COMMITTEE

## FOREIGN STARS SHINE AT DALLAS

The 1957 International Chess Tournament is now formally announced, with play starting at $2: 30$ p.m. on Saturday, November 30th in the Grand Ballroom of the Hotel Adolphus in Dallas, Tex. The tourney will end on December 16th, with the last room beginning at 7 p.m.

According to the announcement of C. Frederick Tears, Jr., seven players have accepted invitations to compete: Gligoric, Bent Larsen, Olafsson, Reshevsky, Stahlberg, Szabo, and Yanofsky. The eighth place will be filled by Najdorf, Euwe or one of the Russian masters.

International Grandmaster Isaac Kashdan of Los Angeles will be the tournament director. All competitors invited either are or have been the national champion of the country they represent. Round-byround air-mail bulletins will be published, price to be determined by number of advance subscriptions. Single admission to the event will be $\$ 1$ and season tickets for the 14 rounds $\$ 10$. Requests for tickets, round-by-round bulletins and additional details should be addressed to Dallas International Chess Tournaments, Inc., 1831 Republic National Bank Bldg., Dallas 1, Tex.

## FISCHER TAKES CARDOSO MATCH

By drawing the sixth game of an eight game match with Lit. Rodolfo Cardoso, U. S. Open Champion Bobby Fischer clinched victory in the match with a $41 / 2-11 / 2$ score, with games left to play. Cardoso won the third game, Fischer won the first, second, fourth, and fifth. Lt. Cardoso, Junior Champion of the Philippines, was recently nominated an International Master by the FIDE Congress in Vienna.

PURPOSE:
The immediate purpose of this committee is to increase the membership of mittee is to increase the membership of
the USCF from the present 2000 to a the USCF from the present
total of 6000 by Dec. $31,1958$.

## ORGANIZATION:

The committee is headed by a Gen. eral Chatrman appointed by the President.
The General Chairman reports directiy to the President.
In consultation with the President the General Chairman appoints state chairmen.
State chajrmen report to the General Chairman.
State chairmen are responsible for the selection of Local Chairmen to head up committees in each community. Locat chairmen report to their respective State Chairmen.
The long range plan calls for the appointment of a Local Chairman for every place in the United States with a population of 2500 and over.
There are 4000 such places in the United States at this time.
It is the responsibility of Local Chairmen to appoint members of local committees.
Local committees vary in size depending on the population of the particular locality.
Every active member of the USCF is potential member of the Member. ship Committee.
OPERATION:
The success of the Membership Committee will be determined by the care with which committee appointments are made. This fact is all important and cannot be too strongly emphasized.
There is no room on this committee for figure heads, dead heads and Big Names as such. Every chairman and every member must be a worker.
The best player in the community is not necessarily the best person to serve on the cammittee. Generally, the reverse is true.
A good commifteeman has the following qualifications:

1. He must be willing to serve
. He must be interested in promot-
ing organized chess.
2. He must be enthusiastic and have the ability to generate enthusiasm in others.
He must be dependable in carrying out assignments.
He must be active in his chess
community. community.
It is the responsibility of State and Local Chairmen to establish contact and work with chairmen of the various committees appointed for specific fields of action such as Women's Chess, Junior

Operation, Solicitation
Chess, Ve
Chess, etc.
Chairmen and Committeemen are expected to attend all important chess pected to attend all important chess
events in their localities. They should volunteer to serve on local and state volunteer to serve on local and state
committees sponsoring these chess committees sponsoring these chess events. They should be wiling to serve
as officers or committee members in as officers or committee members in their local clubs when they are so
cualified. Every chess club should be qualified. Every chess club should be
represented by at least one committeerepresented by at least one commitree-
man who is an active member of that man
club.
SOLICITATION:
The active solicitation of new members is the right and the responsibility of every member of the USCF. It is a never-ending job.
The Membership Committee has a double responsibility in that getting new members is its only reason for existence.
The implest way to get new members is to ask them to join. It may surprise some committee mémbers to learn how easily new members can be obtained by asking them in the right way.

Point out the advantages:

1. The new member becomes a part of organized chess.
2. He establishes a common bond with chess players from coast to coast.
3. He is eligible to play in USCF events.
4. He is given a rating of his playing ability.
5. He has a voice in the policies of the USCF.
6. He receives twice a month a fine chess newspaper filled with the lakest chess news, annot
games, opening analysis, etc.
7. He makes a small contribution to organized chess promotion.
8. He has the opportunity to gain lasting friendships through his ac tive participation in USCF actiyities.
Another good source of new memmany members of local clubs are ready
(Please turn to page 7, col. 1)

## U.S. INTERCOLLEGIATE CHAMPIONSHIP <br> December 26-30. 1957 <br> Erie, Pennsylvania

Finish It The Clever Way

Position No. 211
Popea vs. Gauna Argentina, 1956
by Edmund Nash
Position No. 212
N. Kopayev

Shakhmatny Bulleten August, 1957


White to play and win

PLAN TEAM MEET AT UTAH COLLEGE

An Intermountain area college team championship event is being planned, to be held at the Brigham Young University Chess Club at Provo, Utah. Tentative plans call for four-man teams (with one alternate), and the dates tentatively set are December 5 through 7, 1957 with a victory banquet on Saturday evening when the prizes will be awarded. The entry fee will probably be $\$ 10$ per team. Colleges and universities invited include: Arizona State, Univ, of Arizona, Colorado A.M., Univ. of Colorado, Univ. of Denver, Idaho State, Univ. of Idaho, Ricks College, Montana State, Montana State Univ., Univ. of New Mexico, Snow College, Carbon College, Dixie College, College of So. Utah, Utah State, Univ. of Utah, Weber College, Westminster College, Univ. of Wyoming, and Univ. of Nevada. Brigham Young Univ. will act as host and provide housing for the visiting teams. Arrangements are in the hands of Hans Morawski, president of the BYU chess club, Box 572, ESC, Provo, Utah.

On the basis of early entries received Milwaukee is anticipating a record breaking list of entrants for the fourth annual North Central Championship to be held here November 29, 30, and December 1.
The Venetian Room of the Astor Hotel will again be the scene of play.

Players signifying their intention to compete include some of the country's top flight players. Among these are such name players as the current North Central title holder Albert Sandrin, Povilas Tautvaisas and Miroslav Turiansky from Chicago; Leslie Boyette, San Francisco; John Ragan, St. Louis; Ivan Theodorovitch, Toronto, Canada; W. C. Schroeder, Caledonia, Minnesota; and Dr. L. C. Young, Madison, Wisconsin

Much of this pre-tournament enthusiasm is ascribed to this year's liberal guaranteed prize fund which has been increased from $\$ 500.00$ to $\$ 750.00$. The allocation of this fund is as follows: $\$ 250$ for first, $\$ 150$ for second, and $\$ 100$ for third. The balance of the fund, or $\$ 250$, will be awarded to the remaining players scoring five points or better re-allocated on the basis of each contestant's SonnenbornBerger evaluation.

International Master George Koltanowski has published a sequel to "Fifty Pitfalls in Chess Openings", which is now out of print. The new pamphlet guide is entitled "Pitfalls in Chess Openings", issued by the San Francisco Chronicle. CHESS LIFE readers may receive a copy free of charge with Mr. Koltanowski's compliments by sending a self-addressed, stamped envelope to George Koltanowski, c/o San Francisco Chronicle, San Francisco, Calif.

Check Mate (So. Walpole) Chess Club: Club officers for the 1957.58 season are Wm. J. Couture chairman, Leonard L Lussier vice-chairman, James Schuorm secretary, and Cielakie team captain.

## Collage Cheses dife <br> Conducted by Frederick H. Kerr

College clubs and players are urged to send news items to Fred, Pick . Kerf Nittany 32.11 , Box
State University, University Pennsyivania sylvania. NE happy result of the World Student Tournament this past summer has received little publicity. International Master Paul Benkno, 1948 Champion of Hungary, has come to this country under a preferential visa. The twenty-nine year old student was captain and first-board player of the Hungarian team in the Reykjavik event. After the tournament he asked lcelandic authorities for political asylum until he could obtain a visa to come to the United States. Mr. Benko had tried to cross the line in Berlin in 1952, but he was arrested and sent to jail for over a year.

Since the 1957 Intercollegiate is expected to be the largest tournament ever to be co-sponsored by the USCF and ICLA, two hundred free rooms have been set aside at Gannon dorms for men. A limited number of the same type accom modations will be available for coeds at Villa Maria College. Requests for accommodations should be sent to Mr. M. S. Rubin, Gannon College, Perry Square, Erie, Pennsylvania
A one hundred dollar grant has been made to the ICLA by the American Chess Foundation. The grant originates from the Thomas Emery Fund.

Play is now in progress in the First United States Intercollegiate Correspondence Tournament. Twenty-one players represent colleges from coast to coast.

Sophomore Gordon Holterman the Dartmouth College champion took on eleven new members of the college club in a simultaneous at the first meeting. Proving his championship ability, Holterman scored 10-1. His lone loss was to Jim White, a freshman.

The Pitt Chess Club has moved into its new quarters in the new University of Pittsburgh Student Union. The lavish student center is the former Schenley Hotel which has been known to visitors to Pittsburgh for generations. The Pitt group now meets daily from 1 to 7 p.m. in their own room. Virgil Rizzo extends an invitation to all USCF members and all college players to visit the club when in the Steel City. If Captain Luther Henry and his boys keep their pace up, the spring semester may see varsity chess matches staged in Pitt Stadium with 60,000 fans cheering away.

Lionel B. Joyner scored 6-0 to win the Quebec Provincial Championship and custody of the Courtemanche Trophy. G. Weaver was second with 5-1. Third to fifth on S-B points with $4-11 / 2$ each were A. Siklos, P. Heller, and E. Radney. The 37 -player Swiss was directed by Wm. Hornung, assisted by D. A. MacAdam, former editor of Canadian Chess Chat.

# TIDBITS OF MASTER PLAY 

By International MASTER WILLIAM LOMBARDY
World Junior Champion

## Toronto, August, 1957

THE WORLD Junior Championship was indeed unique. It had been the first time in over a decade that a Russian representative had not carried off the laurels in World Championship Competition. Nineteen-year-old Vladimir Selimanov in this case carried the Soviet banner but to the astonishment of all was relegated to fourth place. His solid positional style availed, him nothing as his games were invariably frequented by the inevitable blunders which cost him crucial points.

The surprise of the tournament seemed to be Mathias Gerusel of Bonn, Germany. After he disposed of Selimanov in a neat fashion (the first round game, Selimanoy vs. Lombardy was postponed until after the fourth round because the Russians had been delayed as they had not received their visas in time for the first round), it became obvious that he would be my chief rival; and when I beat him in the manner which I did, this was to the complete amazement of all. I later won from Selimanov in the postponed first round game and after that it was smooth sailing to my record of $11-0$. This was the first time in World Championship Chess that a clean sweep had been achieved.

## RAGOSIN DEFENSE

World Junior Championship Toronto, 1957

| White <br> M. GERUSEL <br> (German Fed. Republic) | Black <br> W. LOMBARDY (USA) |
| :---: | :---: |
| 3. P-Q4 | Kt-KB3 |
| 2. P.QB4 | P-K3 |
| 3. Kt-QB3 | B-K+5 |
| 4. Q-B2 | Kt -83 |
| 5. $\mathrm{Kt}+\mathrm{B} 3$ | P-Q4 |
| 6. P-QR3 | BxKtch |
| 7. QxB | Kt-K5 |
| 8. $\mathrm{Q} \cdot \mathrm{B} 2$ | P-K4! |



The fireworks begin. After forty-five minutes thought white accepted the pawn. An alternative is 9. P-K3 after which 9. ......., KPxP; 10. KPxP, B-B4; 11. B-Q3, PxP; 12. BxKt, Q-K2; 13. KtQ2. KtxP; 14. QxP, O-O.O; 15. O.0, BXB; 16. R-K1. P-KB4; 17. P-B3, P-QKt4!; 18. Q-B3 (White cannot allow Q-B4), Q-R5; 19. P-KKt3, Q-R4; 20. PxB, Kt-K7 ch; 21. RXKt, QxR and Black stands very well.

> 9. P×KP io. $Q \cdot R 4$ 11. $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{K}$

If 11. P-K3, P-Q5 gives Black strong attacking chances. White's intention with the text is to prevent P-Q 5 by the pin on the RP by O-O.O or R-Q1.
11. R-Q1
12. O.O.O is not playable because of B-Q2.

| 12. | PxB!! |
| :--- | ---: |
| 13. R×Q | P×Pch |
| 14. K-Q1 | KR×RCh |
| 15. K-B1 | P-QR3! |

Black threatens the immediate win of the Queen with Kt-B4.
If $16 . \mathrm{P}-\mathrm{QKt} 4, \mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{Q} 5$; 17. KtxKt, RxKt; 18. P-K. $3, R-Q 7$ and white is tied in a knot.

$$
\text { 16. } Q \cdot B 3
$$

$\mathbf{K t - B 4}$
The only move is Q-R2 but after P-QR4 R5 by Black, White must play without his queen.


White must give up his Queen to stop immediate mate.

The next game with my Russian Rival more or less decided the issue.

## RUY LOPEZ

World Junior Championship
Toronto, 1957 White



A new twist in an old variant. Rossolimo suggested that the move was interesting and playable and after further analysis I had decided to try it here. The fiea is to protect the $Q 4$ square which is usually weak in the normal variations.
11. P-Q4

Q-B2
R-K1
An attempt to settle matters in the center by applying indirect pressure on the KP.

- 13. P-QK $\ddagger 3$ when he plays Kt-B1

$$
\text { 13. } 14 . \mathrm{B}-\mathrm{K} \$ 2
$$

B-B
This move was not played without due consideration. White intends P-QKt4 and if Black retreats with Kt-Kt2 then his entire center collapses with White's P-QB4.

> 15. P-QKt4?! 16. KtXKt 17. $\mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{K2}$

Kt-B5!
PxKt
White may eat the QBP in the follow. ing way but he is likely to have an acute case of Indigestion-17. PxP PxP; 18. Q-K2, P-QR4; 19. QxP, B-R3; 20. Q-Kt3, P-R5; 21. Q-R3, P-QB4! and Black has too much compensation for the pawn.

$$
\begin{array}{lr}
\text { 17. } & \text { PXP } \\
\text { 18. QxP } & \text { P×P } \\
\text { 19. Q×P(3) } & \text { B-KK+2 } \\
\text { 20. Q-Q2 } & \text { B-K3 }
\end{array}
$$

Black must maintain control of the KKtI-QR7 diagonal in order to avoid an attack by White along same.

## 21. $\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{Q} 4$ <br> 22. P-B4?

In an approximately equal position White commits a grave positional error. Better was P-QR3 preparing for QR-B1.
The immediate refutation.
23. PxP PxP
24. $K t_{i} K+3 \quad Q R-Q 1$

White is on the horns of a dilemma. His only move is Q-B1 but he can't see putting himself completely on the defenslve with such a move. So


| 26. PxK+ | BxB |
| :---: | :---: |
| 27. QR-K+1 | B-B6 |
| 28. R-K3 | BxK ${ }_{\text {¢ }}$ |
| 29. $\mathrm{R} \times \mathrm{K} \mathrm{B}$ | BxB |
| 30. $\mathrm{R} \times \mathrm{B}$ | $\mathbf{R x P}$ |
| 31. P-KKt3? |  |

White would have better chances to draw after: 31. QxP, QxQ; 32. RxQ, RxP; 33. P-Kt5.
RxP: 33. P-Kt5


By a series of threats on the white

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { By a seles of threats on the } \\
& \text { Queen, Black dims White's hopes. } \\
& \text { 34. K-R3 }
\end{aligned}
$$

hopes


White resigns and that's the story in part of the World's Junior Championship.

Lake County (Painesville) Chess Ass'n: Dr. Janis Zemzars scored $11-0$ to win the first Lake County Ass'n title. Second and third with $9-2$ each were Howard L. Winings and Dixon M. Cate. Winings lots to Zemzars and Louis Bartish; Cate to Zemzars and Winings. Fourth to sixth with 6.5 each were Paul Phillips, John G. Kourtio, and Sherman Mullins. John Christian won the funior event with $6-1$, drawing with Maris Zemzars and James E. Meyer, who placed second and third with $5-2$ score each, A USCF Club Affiliate,

# Chess dife $g_{n} \eta_{\text {au }} Y_{o o k}$ 

By Aben Rudy

OUT of a fog well mixed with smoke, a plane descended. It was but one of countless planes which were to land at New York's Idlewild Airport that October 11, 1957. But this plane was special. For, this plane had as one of its passengers Paul Benko, freedom fighter. Paul Benko-feet planted on United States soil-had won in his bid for freedom.

As his is a name which undoubtedly will grow exceedingly familiax with American chessplayers, your reporter thought it would be most useful to introduce him to readers of this column.

Paul Benko was born in France in 1928. His family, though, emigrated to Hungary and it was in Hungary at the age of nine that he learned the-moves. Eight years later he participated in his first tournament, a tournament about equal in strength to our Marshall Championship. Here, to the great surprise of all except perhaps himself, he made off with first prize Immediately he was awarded the title of master.

Continuing his accomplishments he captured the hotly contested Hungarian Championship of 1948. Thereafter he took part in several contests of an international nature. His fine showings in these events earned him the honor of an International Mastership.

Benko's self-success, however did not blind him to the misery of others. An inner ferment urged him to escape. And escape he did attempt. He made his move in 1952, but unfortunately he was check-mated. Captured in East Ger many and interned for sixteen months, he was not allowed to leave Hungary for another four years.

He took part in last year's Hungarian revolt, but remained undetected because of a disguise he affected. Under surveilance, Benko was permitted to play in the Zonal Tournament in Dublin where by coming equal 2nd and 3rd with Gligorich he won the richt to participate in the coming FIDE Inter-Zonal Tournament

Hungarian officials, now com pletely deceived, appointed him as the leader of their delegation to the Students' Team Tournament, recently staged in Iceland. It was here in Iceland that he approached the U.S. Embassy and asked for political asylum.

Granted that asylum, but awaiting his visa, he played in two more tournaments. In the first, he captured premier honors ahead of Olafson and Pilnik; in the second he took second place-behind Olaf son but ahead of Stahlberg and Pilnik.

Now in the United States, his plans are somewhat indefinite. But we as chessplayers, and certainly as Americans, welcome Paul Benko to our shores.

## Ohess Life <br> Amorica': Chowe Nompapar

Vol. XII, Number 5 November 5, 1957

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Editor: MONTGOMERY MAJOR
POSTMASTER: Please return undeliverable copies with Form 3579 to Kenneth
Harkness, USCF Business Manager, 80 East 11 th Street, New York 3, N. Y.

$$
\text { Major Gopics } \quad \begin{gathered}
\text { By } \\
\text { Montgomery Major }
\end{gathered}
$$

## A Word of Commendation

Sir, I would rather be right than be President. HENRY CLAY-Speech, 1850 $W^{\text {E have been informed that our very youthful U.S. Open and Junior }}$ Champion Bobby Fischer has faced the first important temptation in his life-faced it manfully and rejected the easy solution in favor of the one that held personal disappointment but conformed with the demands of personal honor

Some months ago Fischer received and accepted an invitation to compete in the annual Christmas Tournament at Hastings, England-an invitation that was and is an honor to one so young and so recently grown prominent in chess. There was at the time no good reason why he should not be happy to accept such an invitation.

Since then, Bobby has won the U.S. Open Championship and with it the right to compete in the U.S. Championship for the U.S. title and also for the right to represent the USA in the Interzonal Tournament that leads to competition for the World Championship to the most successful contender. Unfortunately, this U.S. Championship will be held on dates that conflict with the Hastings event; and Bobby cannot compete in both.

There is no doubt but that the stakes are greater in the U. S. Championship for Bobby and that entry inta it would be his preference. But honor has its own claims. It is to our youthful Open Champion's credit that he recognizes those claims at an age when temptation might easily be expected to outweigh judgment. We will miss Bobby at the U.S. Championship this December, but he has gained in stature by his decision There remains hope for chess so long as there is evidence that some, at least, of its devotees are not blind to the call of honor and self-respect.

## The Reader's Road Jo Chess <br> By Kester Svendsen

HOW TO WIN IN THE CHESS ENDINGS. By I. A. Horowitz. New York: David McKay, 234 pp., 171 diags. $\$ 4.50$.
T T is a paradox of human nature that beginners cheerfully addle their brains with openings, slave away at combinations, and then neglect all but the most superficial end-game study. Some learners shy away because "book" positions occur seldom in actual play; one I know, declines because his own games never get so far. Even experienced players often lack systematic knowledge of end-game techniques. Fine's book is wonderful for correspondence chess and for strong players, but somewhat formidable for the neophyte. The present volume by the editor of Chess Review develops the basic principles step by step, with copious illustrations and lucid text. It should attract the laziest player; it will instruct even the expert. Horowitz moves through eighteen chapters from king-and-pawn positions through knight, bishop, rook, and queen-andpawn endings, with a concluding section of recent games edited by Max Euwe. The pawn square, triangulation, the opposition, outside passed pawns, rook-pawn exceptions, all the fundamental techniques and layouts are here, with a test position at the beginning of each chapter. How to Win in the Chess Endings completes Horowitz's trilogy for learners; it is a handsome addition to his books on the openings and the middle game. Highly recommended.

NOTE: This title may be ordered from the USCF Business Dept., 80 East TWENTY.SECOND N. Y. Special price to USCF members only is $\$ 3.36 \mathrm{pp}$.

British CHD U.S.S.R. CHAMPIONSHIP. Edited by H. Golombek. 81 pp., $\$ 2$.

ALL 190 games of the tourney plus the 7 in the Geller-Smyslov playoff are given in paragraph form, algebraic notation, and English piece-symbols. Light notes, running commentary round-by-round, scoretables, and indexes complete a remarkably economical volume. The game scores are inconvenient to follow in this format; but they are all here in sharp print-in what appears to be electrotype photo-offset. As Golombek says, this was the strongest USSR championship to date and probably one of the strongest tournaments ever held. Only two

USCF Membership Dues, including subscription to Chess LIfe, periodical publi-
cation of national chess rating, and all other privileges:
ONE YEAR: $\$ 5.00$ TWO YEARS: $\$ 9.50$ THREE YEARS: $\$ 13.50$ LIFE: $\$ 100.00$ SUSTAINING: $\$ 10.00$ (Becomes Life Membership after 10 payments)
A new membership starts on 21st day of month of enrollment, expires at the
end of the period for which dues are paid. Family Dues for two or more members of one family living at same address, including only one subscription to Chess Life, are at regular rates (see above) for first membership, at the follow-
ing rates for each additional membership: One year $\$ 2.50$; two years $\$ 4.75$; three ing rates for each additional membership: One year $\$ 2.50$; two years $\$ 4.75$; three
years $\$ 6.75$. Subscription rate of Ches Life to non-members is $\$ 3.00$ per year.
Single copies 15 e each
points separated the first eleven players; but Keres was seventh, and last year's winner, 'Averbach, placed fifteenth. Little-known Antoshin's last round defeat of Geller threw the ehampionship into the play-off, with Geller winning $4 \cdot 3$.

NOTE: Not handled by USCF Business Dept.

## Re USCF Contract Committee

Mr. Marshall Rohland
Milwaukee 9, Wisconsin
Dear Marshall:
As agreed at the Directors' meetings in Cleveland I have appointed the other two members to serve with me on the Contract Committee... this to be approved by the Directors. As you know this is a temporary committee organized for the purpose of negotiating new contracts for USCF Business Manager (including Membership Secretary and Rating Statistician functions), Editor of CHESS LIFE, and USCF Tournament Administrator . . . with contracts to be of proposed 3 year terms and effective January 1, 1958.

Mr. Elliott E. Stearns, prominent Cleveland attorney, has agreed to serve; he will be of great assistance drawing on both his legal knowledge and his many years of experience in Chess organization. The other member is Dr. Kester Svendsen, Boyd Professor of English at the University of Oklahoma. Dr. Svendsen is better known to the chess fraternity as a long-time contributor to CHESS LIFE with his column, "Reader's Road to Chess" and his assistance will be of particular import in the editorship phase of Contract Committee work. As Chairman of this committee I am hoperul that I can give assistance in the business management phase of negotiations since that is my background.

Please send letter-form out to all Directors asking for their approval or disapproval on the above committee as organized, stressing that they mark the form approved or disapproved and send back to you via return mail. A goodly number of applications and proposals have come in so that work can begin immediately. Our objective is to complete this work by December 1 .

## JERRY G. SPANN <br> USCF President

IUSCF President Jerry Spann has announced that the Contract Committee would appreciate "helpful hints and suggestions", from all USCF members. Such communications may be addressed to any committee member; addresses: Jerry Spann, 3011 Paseo, Oklahoma City 18, Okla.: Dr, Kester Svendsen, Dept, of English, University of Oklahoma, Norman, Okla,: Elliott E, Stearns, 1242 Union Commerce Bldg., Cleveland 14, OhioThe Editor.)

## The Kibitzer Has Jtis Day

## Adjudication Unfair?

Dear Mr. Major:
I was pleased to read the letter from Kibitzers Bartlett and Margaret Gould in your Sept. 5, 1957 issue. I firmly support their stand against adjudication of tournament games, having in the past been on the short side of adjudications such as when one pawn ahead in the endgame with a complex position. Chess, being by nature a contest between two individuals, should not be removed from he arena and decided by minds other than the protagonists! It is, of course, expected that tournament players are mature enough to concede when they have
a hopeless position. My suggestion
My suggestion toward eliminating adjudications is, principally, to allow time for finishing games, i.e., making schedules more elastic. In weekend Swiss-type tournaments where one round has to be completely finished before the next one If this means stretching the total elapsed time of the tournament it is time well If this means stretching the total elapsed time of the tournament, it is time well spent. I would even go so far as to say that adequate time for playing out games should be provided even if it means one less round in a Swiss tournament. The net result win added may in mite not in unhappiness of players due to adjudication of unfinished game.

WALTER UNTERBERC
Opponents Wanted
Dear Publisher:
you a favor and I think only you can do it well. I like very much chess and, by training, I developed myself a good deal in this game. So I want to publish my name and address in your review, saying that I would like to play chess by letter with anybody.

CELSO DIAS PINHO
Av. Cocacobono 1418, Apto. 203
Rio de Joneiro - D. Federal
Brasil.

## Binders Wanted!

Dear Mr. Major:
Several years ago, a binder for the (then) larger size "Chess Life" was made for "Chess Life" readers. It was composed of very heavy cardboard, front and back, shellacked and connected with rawhide laces through three holes. I purchased one at the time and found it to be very serviceable.

However, since the switch to the present size "Chess Life" (in 1953) my coples (unbound) have gradually accumulated until now they present a formidable problem.

Could some reader perhaps furnish binders (much in the style of that in use before) for "Chess LIfe" coples or barring this, would anyone have suggestions on how to solve this problem?

## J. DONALD DEFINE

Florissant, Mo.

Central Callfornia Chess League: The Trophy Tournament at Oakdale was won by Sacramento with $81 / 2$ points; San Jose and Pittsburg each scored $31 / 2$, Modesto 3, Oakdale and Stockton $21 / 2$ each, and Fresno $11 / 2$. The tournament is played like a team-match with members of the competing clubs paired in a stag. gered arrangement. A USCF League Affiliate.

Port Authority (New York) Chess Club: Victor A. Guala tallied 18.0 to win the club championshlp. Fred Horowitz placed second with $141 / 2-31 / 2$, whlle third and fourth with 14-4 each were Irving Sheraga and Willam Walbrecht, Mrs. Elizabeth Guala was fifth with $121 / 2.51 / 2$ and Alex Krivoshapko sixth with $12-6$ in the 19 -player event. A USCF Club Affiliate.

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## HOW CHESS GAMES ARE WON

America's Number 1 Player Illustrates the Technique of Victory

By International Grandmaster SAMUEL RESHEVSKY

## Time Pressure

TIME pressure is something that every chess expert has had the displeasure of getting into at one time or another. Even grandmasters like Alekhine, Botvinnik, Fine and others are no exceptions. The two principal reasons for time trouble are complicated positions and the desire to find the perfect move in every position.

Years ago I used to get into terrific time pressure quite often. Some chess critics claimed that I deliberately got myself short of time to induce my opponents to move rapidly. The real explanation, however, was the fact that I had acquired that bad habit during the period when my knowledge of the openings was limited. This fact had necessitated my spending excessive time in search of the correct moves in the openings.

To get short of time occasionally is unavoidable and even necessary, but to gef into it often is inexcusable and fatal.

In the fifth game of my match against Arthur Bisguier time pressure was the deciding factor.

## NIMZOWICH DEFENSE

## MCO: page 110, column 46

## Bisguier-Reshevsky Match

New York, 1957
s. White

Black
$\begin{array}{cc}\text { S. } & \text { RESHEVSKY } \\ \text { 1. } & \text { P.Q4 } \\ \text { 2. } & \text { P-QB4 } \\ \text { 3. } & \mathrm{K} \cdot \mathrm{QB} 3\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { 2. } & \mathrm{P}-\mathrm{QB4} 4 \\ \text { 3. } & \mathrm{Kt}+\mathrm{QB3} \\ \text { 4. } & \mathrm{P} \text { - } \mathrm{K} 3\end{array}$
This defense has recently been adopted by Smysiov and Keres. It is easier for Black to achieve equality with the normal continuation than with this set-up. 5. B-Q3, ${ }^{5}$ K $\mathrm{KKt}+\mathrm{K}, 6$ P-B4 with no advantag3, $0.0 ; 7, \quad 0.0$, 5. no advantage for elth
B-R3

The principal/idea being to exert pressure on the QBP and to trade this Bishop for White's KB , if possible
Better than 6 . ......, BxKt ch; 7. KtxB, P-Q4; 8, P-QKt3 in which Black has no
compensation for White's two Bisho compensation for White's two Bishops.
7.
Kt-B4 7. Kt-Kt3 is a good alternative.

Better is 7 ............... P4. It has been proven that sacrificing a piece is un Sound for White: 8. PxP, BxB; 9. PxP, B-R3; 10. PxP ch, KxP. If necessary,
Black can give back a piece for two Black can give back a piece for two
pawns and emerge with the superior pawns and emerge with the superior
position. Consequently, White's best posity against 7. 7......, P-Q4 is 8 . P-QKt3.
repty
White now has established a strong center threatening to stifle the mobility of Black's pieces.
Comparatively
P-Q5, PxP
(9. P.Q5, PxP (9. .-.., P-K4; 10. Kt-R3); 10. BPxP, BxB; 11. KxB with the better prospects. 8.
BxB; 10. KxB, PxP; ${ }^{11}$ P-Q4; P-K5. 9 wins a $\mathrm{BxB} ;$
pawn.

$$
\begin{array}{llll}
\text { 9. B-K2 } & & \text { QKt-Q2 } \\
\text { 10. O-O } & & \text { P.B3 } \\
\text { 1.. } & \text { P.K4: } & \text { PxP. KtxP. }
\end{array}
$$

${ }^{10}{ }^{2}+1 . . .$. P.K4; 11. PxP, KtxP; 12. P. QKt3 does not give Black's pieces more freedom, elther.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \begin{array}{lr}
\text { 11. P-Q5 } & \text { BP×P } \\
\text { 12. BPXP } & \text { BXB } \\
\text { 13. } \mathrm{Q} \times \mathrm{B} & \mathrm{P} \\
\text { 14. } \mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{Q} & \mathrm{P} \cdot \mathrm{K4}
\end{array} \\
& \begin{array}{l}
\text { 13. } Q \times 8 \text {. } \\
\text { 14. } \mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{Q3}
\end{array} \\
& \begin{array}{l}
\text { BXB } \\
\text { P-K4 }
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
$$

White is now threatening to get his Knight to QBG via QKt4. The only way to prevent this is by playing 14. is practically forced to play PxP (otherwise his pieces become completely immobllized because QB4 cannot be occupied) and after 16. KtxKtP White again achieves his objective of getting his Knight to QB6.
14. $K+\cdots+4$
Kt -B4
$\mathbf{K t - K} \$ 6$
(See diagram top next column)

$$
\begin{array}{lr}
\text { 16. } \\
\text { 17. } \mathrm{R}-\mathrm{K}+1 & \mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{Q} 2 \\
\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{QR4}
\end{array}
$$

To dislodge the Knight at QB6 is absolutely necessary at all cost. 18. Ktx Ch

By playing KtxKt White could give Black a doubled pawn, but in itself is not always too significant. The text

move is better because it gives Black some concern about his misplaced Knight at R4.

| 18. | QxKt |
| :---: | :---: |
| 19. P-QK+3 | KR-B1 |
| 20. B-Q2 | P-QR3 |
| nding P-QKt4. |  |
| 21. Kt-R4 | Q1 |

Better than 21. ......, Q-Kt2; 22. B-Kt4, Kt-K1; 23. Q-K3, QR-Kt1; 24. KtxP, etc. winning a pawn.
There is nothing better. For if 22 . Q-K3, P-QKt4; 23. Kt-Kt6, Kt-Kt5; 24. Q-Kt3, QxKt; 25. QxKt, Kt-Kt2; 26. B-R6, PKt3 leads to nothing tangible for White. If 22. B-K3, Kt-Q2 followed by P-QKt4 with a good position.
24. QxP, KtxK improves Black's position.


$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 25. PXR } \\
& \text { 26. Q-B4 } \\
& \text { 27. R-QB1 } \\
& \text { 28, P-R3? }
\end{aligned}
$$

28. Kt-B3! with the intention of playtask of hild on have made Black's was under the wrong impressione. I I would be able to get my Knight to Q5 any time $I$ desired to do so. Now 29 . Kt-B3 is bad because of 29.

To prevent 30 . $\qquad$ Q.Q5.

$K+-K 1$
$Q+K+1$
29. $\mathrm{R} \cdot \mathrm{B}$
$\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{B} 3$
Kt6, foll Q-Kt4; 33. QxQ PxQ; 34. Kt Kt6, followed by Kt-Q5 is bad for Black.
 $\begin{aligned} & \text { plays } \\ & \text { pawns. }\end{aligned}{ }^{33 .} \ldots$, Q-B1 attacking two pawns. 33. 34. $\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{B} 3$

P-Q4
The only way to freedom.
35. PxP?

White misses his last chance to play for a win. Correct was 33. Q-B5 ch, QXQ (35. ...... K-K1; 36. Q.Q6 and Black is in trouble. For if 36 . ......., QxP ch; $37, \mathrm{~K}-\mathrm{Kt2}, \mathrm{R}-\mathrm{B} 1 ; 38$. QxP $\mathrm{ch}, \mathrm{K}-\mathrm{Bl}$;
39. Kt-B5 with the unpleasant threat of

Kt-Q7 ch. If 36. ........, PxP ch; 37. K-Kt2, R-B1; 38. R-B5 followed by RxP ch; 36. KtxQ, with much the better ending, for Black can't capture the QBP
because of Kt -Q7 ch winning the exchange.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 35. } \\
& \text { 36-B5 }
\end{aligned}
$$

36. QxQ, PxQ; 37. Kt-B5, K-K2; 38. K-K4 with the better chances.
37. ........
 Officials of the TCA will meet early in November at Austin with the Legislative Council of the University Interscholastic League to recommend that CHESS be recognized as a competitive sport among Texas high schools. TCA members have volunteered to teach school teachers the game so that they may sponsor such activities in the schools.

Anyone wishing further information about the TCA Promotion Program may write C. Harold Bone, 108 Bayshore Dr., Baytown, Texas; or Owen W. Johnson, 3431 Wylie Dr., Dallas, Tex.; or W. N. Wells, 410 S. Audubon, San Antonio, Tex.; or Homer H. Hyde, 231 Cherry Ridge Dr., San Antonio, Tex.

Check Mate (So. Walpole) Chess Club: First team match of the season saw the Check Mate score a $91 / 2-31 / 2$ victory over the North Attleboro Chess Club, ScorCouture, Art, MacGilvary Al Fournier, Wm. White, Leonard Lussier, D, Preston, V. McCusker, D. M. Doherty, and Frank Piper while John Horwarth tallied draw. Al Johnson Horwarth tallied a draw. A1 Johnson, J. Dacey and J. while Warren Dalton drew.

## You are invited to compete

## GOLDEN KINGS

## LONG ISLAND AMATEUR

 CHESS CHAMPIONSHIP at the Central YMCA, Hanson Place,
## Brooklyn, N.Y. on

Nov: 29-30, Dec. 1st, 1957
WHO CAN PLAY: Open to all chessplayers except rated masters. No residence restrictions. Unrated players are welcomed.
AWARDS: Winner awarded graved USCF GOLDEN KINGS Trophy for Long Island Amateur Championship.
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TYPE OF TOURNEY: Six-round Swiss under USCF tournament rules. Harkness pairings. Time limit: 50 moves in 2 hours. Unfinished games adjudicated after 4 hours. Director: Kenneth Harkness.
RATED EVENT: Performances of all contestants rated by the USCF, all contestants rated biay given national Unrated players given national
rankings. Rated players can. Imrankings. Rated playe
prove their standings. prove their standings.
ENTRY FEE: $\$ 3.00$ to
ENTRY FEE: $\$ 3.00$ to USCF members. Non-members must pay additional $\$ 5.00$ USCF dues.
HOW TO ENTER: Mail your entry to address below before Nov. 23rd, Entries will also be accepted at Central YMCA, Brooklyn, on Friday
Nov, 29th from 6 to $7: 30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. Play Nov. 29th from
starts at $8 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$.
United States Chess Federation 80 E. 11th St., New York 3, N.Y.

# GAMES BY USCF MEMBERS 

Annotated by Chess Master JOHN W. COLLINS

USCF MEMBERS: Submit your best games for this department to JOHN W. COLLINS, 91 Lenox Road, Brooklyn 26, N. Y. Space being limited, Mr. Collins will seiect the most interesting and instructive for publication. Unless otherpise stated notes to games are by Mr. Collins.

## SECOND OF THREE

Bobby Fischer scored the second, and by far the most impressive, of his three great summer triumphs in taking the U. S. Open Championship. Here are see his flare for the ending in a game against Bill Addison of San Francisco, who made a good stand against the favorites.

## CARO-KANN DEFENSE <br> U. S. Open Championship Cleveland, 1957

White
W. ADDISON
R. FISCHER
P.QB3

This, the Caro-Kann Defense, is safe and sound, but not apt to produce winning chess-hence it is seen rather infrequently.
The Two Kt-QB3
current attempt at refutation-White's

$$
\text { 3. } \mathrm{kt} \mathrm{t}-\mathrm{B} 3
$$

Keres-Tart KP -B3 Match, 1954, went 3 . ....... P.Q5? Team K2, P.QB4; 5. Kt-Kt3, Kt.QB3; 6. B-B4, P -K4; 7. P-Q3, B-K2; 8. O-O, Kt-B3; 9. Kt-R4, O-O; 10. P-R4, with a transposiWhite having a slight advantage Opening, Whing a stxp advantage.
Black saddles himself with doubled KBPs. While the Pawns certainly do not constitute a loss, they do give White the preferable game. Sounder
are 4.,....,$K t-Q 2 ; ~ a n d ~ 4 . . . . . ., ~ B-K t 5 . ~$ Examples-
Filip-Zita, Teplice, 1953: 4
Better is 11. ....... P-QR4; (threatening 12. ....... P-R5; 13. B-QB4, BxBP) 12. P-
$\mathrm{QR} 4, \mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{R} 3$; followed by $13 . \ldots . .$. KtB2; and 14.,....., Kt-Q4.
12. $0.0-0$
13. $\mathrm{P} \cdot \mathrm{B4}$
14. $\mathrm{B}-82$
$\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{Q} 2$
$\mathrm{QR}-\mathrm{Q1}$
14. B-82 QR-Q1
BxB

Black could double White's KBPs with 14. ......, B-KKt5; and 15. ......., BxKt; but that leaves white with the Two Bishops.
With a queen-side pawn-majority, and three pawns able to handle four on the king-side, white has a basic endgame advantage and every piece exchanged accentuates it.

## $\begin{array}{ll}\text { 15. } \\ \text { 16. KR-K1 } & \text { P-KB4 } \\ \text { P-BS ? }\end{array}$

This advance further weakens the Pawns. Best is 16. ........, Kt-B3.
$\begin{array}{lr}\text { 17. } \mathrm{B}-\mathrm{Q} 2 & \mathrm{Kt} \text {-B3 } \\ \text { 18. } \mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{K} 5! & \mathrm{P}-\mathrm{KK}+4\end{array}$
The KBP/5 must be protected. If 18 . Ktake. BxKt; 19. PxB, Kt-Kt5; 20. P.B31 wins.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { 19. P.B3 } & \mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{R4} \\
20 & \mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{K}+4! \\
\mathrm{K} . \mathrm{K}+2
\end{array}
$$

If 20, $\quad$ 20. $\mathrm{Kt-K+4!}$ K $\quad$ K-K+2 Pawn. And if 20. ......., P-KB4? 21. KtR6, Kt-Kt2; 22. B-B3, followed by P.Q5 and White soon wins Black's KBP/4.
Threatening 22. RxR, RxR; 23. P.Q5 ch, K-Kt3; 24. PxP, and wins.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { 21. } 1 . \ldots .{ }^{22} . & K \cdot K+3 \\
\text { 23. P.BS } & R \times R \\
& B \cdot K+1
\end{array}
$$

If 23. ........, B-B1; $24 . \mathrm{Kt}$-K5 ch, K-B3; 25. P.QKt4, is too strong (threatening 26. P-Q5).
24. $P \cdot Q 5$
25. $R \times P$


White's various positional advantages clearly add up to a won game 25.
p-84
26. $\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{K} 5 \mathrm{ch}$

BXK $\dagger$
If 26. ....... K-B3; 27. P-B6! P×P; (27. wins) $28 . \mathrm{Kt} \mathrm{\times P}, \mathrm{~K}-\mathrm{K} 3$; 29. R-Kt5, wins.
 29. R-KR6., Kt-Kt2; 30. RxP, R-KKt1; 31. P-QKt4, wins.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 28. R×R } \\
& \text { 29. B-K5! }
\end{aligned}
$$

And Black's Knight is stranded on the rim for a second time.
If 29. ........, K-B2; 30. K-Q3, K-K3; 31. K-Q4, and eventually white wins. If K-K4. 32. Kt-B3; 30 . BxKt! Kx8; 31. K-Q3, K-K4; 32, K-B4, P-KR4; 33. P-QKt4, P-R5; 34. P-KR3, P.Kt5; 35. P.R4, P.R3; 36.
P-Kt5, RPXPCh; 37. PxP, P-Kt6; ${ }^{37}$. ........, K.K3; 38. K-Q4, wins) 38. P-Kt6, K-K3; 39. P-B6, wins. This variation i1lustrates the main theme of the gameQualitative Pawn Majority. It stems from 4. ....... Kt-B3; and in effect means White is a Pawn up.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 30. K-Q3 } \\
& \text { 31. P-K+4 }
\end{aligned}
$$

Of course BxP, here and later, wins too, but White prefers to leave the Knight helplessly statemated.


33. PXP K.RS
Thts is the neatest, although 35. PxP,
also wins simply.
$\frac{\text { Road, Brooklyn } 26, N . Y \text {. }}{T_{\text {ucesday, }} \quad \text { Page } 6}$
(h)ess Sife

November 5, 1957
35.

For if 36. P......., PxP; 37. P-R6, and the FR if 36.
ARP very logical, precise and instructive work by the fourteen year old U.S. Junior and Open Champlon.

## VIENNA GAME

MCO: page 308, column
Champion of Champions
Yankton, 1957
Notes by U.S. Master A. E. Santasiere White Black
B.
PEHNEC
A. E. SANTASIERE

1. P-K4

A game of great theoretical interest because for the first time in modern tournament play White abandons the much debated 6 . Kt-Kt5.
$\begin{array}{llllll}\text { 1. } & & \text { P.K4 } & \text { 4. } & \text { Q-RS } & \mathrm{Kt} \text {-Q3 } \\ \text { 2. } & \mathrm{Kt}+\mathrm{QB} 3 & \mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{KB} 3 & \text { 5. } & \mathrm{B}-\mathrm{K}+3 & \mathrm{~K}+\mathrm{B3} 3\end{array}$
 6. cllowed PxP; ${ }^{\text {7. }}$. Kt-Q5, B-K2; 8. 8. B-B4 seems to by 9. O-0.0 and 10. Kt-B3 compensation for lost material. The more promising defense seems to be 6. Ki.... P-KKt3.



Other. $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{QB3}$
Othere not better.
10. $\mathrm{BxP} \quad \mathrm{K}+\times \mathrm{B} \quad$ 14. $\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{B3}$

13. K-B1 Kt-K5 Kich

Much better than the material 16. QxP
when Black can successfully counterwhen Black can successfully counterattack after 0.0.0. His best defense to QB4, but that allows the embarrassing check at Kt5 with the Bishop or Q-R4
ch. Instead he blunders.
16. ....... Q-B4? 17. R×Kt Resigns

## 4

## RUY LOPEZ

Michigan Open Championship
Ann Arbor, 1957
Notes by U.S. Expert Joseph Wasserman
White Black
J. WASSERMAN DR. L. C. YOUNG
$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { 1. } & \text { P-K4 } & \text { P.K4 } & \text { 4. } & \text { B-R4 } \\ \text { 2. } & \text { Kt-KB3 } & \text { Kt-QB3 } & \text { 5. } & \text { O.O }\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llllll}\text { 2. } & \text { Kt-KB3 } & \text { Kt-QB3 } & \text { 5. } & 0-0 & \text { P-QK }+4 \\ \text { 3. } & B \cdot K+5 & P-Q R 3 & \text { 6. } & \text { B-K }+3 & \text { B-K2 }\end{array}$
The Tschigorin Defense.
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { 7. } & \text { R-K1 } & \text { O-O } & \text { 10. B-B2 }\end{array} \quad$ P-B4

## 9. P.KR3 Kt-QR4

The 11. ........, BPxP line is also proven worthy and opens the game up a little more for Black.
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { 12. QKt-Q2 } & \text { R.Q1 } & \text { 15. Kt-B5 } & \text { B.KB1 }\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lll}\text { 13. Kt-B1 } & \text { B-K+2 } & \text { 16. P-Q5 }\end{array}$
One of Steinitr" important gems: "Close the center before starting the attack" (not to allow your opponent any coun-ter-play there) is followed, aided here by Black's failure to elect BPxP.
$\begin{array}{lrrr}\text { 16. } & \text { K...... } & \text { Kt-B5 } & \text { 19. P-KB4 } \\ \text { 17. } & \text { P-Q }+3 & \text { Pt-Kt3 } & \text { 20. }\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llll}\text { 17. P-QKt3 } & \text { Kt-Kt3 } & \text { 20. Kt-R4 } & \text { B-Kt2 } \\ \text { 18. Kt-R2 } & \text { Kt-B1? } & \text { 21. P.B5 } & \end{array}$ Black's game would have been freed with 18 . ........, Kt-Q2, so as to answer 19. P-KB4 with Kt .K4. The line P. B3 and subsequently, Kt-K4. The line chosen gives White a definite "edge". $\begin{array}{llll}\text { 22. } \mathbf{Q} \cdot \mathrm{K}+4 & \mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{K}+2 & \text { 24. PXPI } & \mathrm{BP} \times \mathrm{P}\end{array}$

Of course if 24. ......., BxKt; 25. RxP with a winning attack. Work it out! 25. KtXP!!


Beginning a long ( $15-\mathrm{move}$ ) combination with a forced winning attack or was envisaged with 22 . Q.Kt4! $\begin{array}{llll}\text { 25. } & \text { P } \times \text { Kt } & \text { 28. B-R6 } \\ \text { 26. } & \text { R. } & \text { Rt-Kt3 }\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lll}\text { 26. } Q \times P & \text { R-B1 } & \text { 29. P-K }+3!\end{array}$
Threatening to either win the piece back with a force-through of the passed paffns, or get the Bishop off his important diagonal. 29. ...... $\underset{\text { BXK\&P }}{ } \quad$ 31. Kt-R6ch! 30. B-K+5 Q-Q2

Ki-R6ch! ........ On 31. Kt-B6 ch; 31. ........, RxKt; if 32. R×Kt, R-KB1 and if 32 . BxKt, B-B5 and Black is still fighting.
31. ....... K-R1 32. R-B7!

The main theme. Black must not be allowed to exchange his poor Rook for White's invaluable Knight, which soon is to deliver the fatal blow!
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { 32. ....... } & \text { RXR } \\ \text { 35. Kt-B7ch } \\ \text { K-Kt1 }\end{array}$ 33. KfxRch K-Kt1 $\quad$ 36. Kt -R6ch K-R1 White repeated the Knight checks to gain moves on the clock. Both players gain moves on the clock.
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { are geting short of time! } \\ 37 . & \text { B-B5 } & \text { 39. Kt-B7ch } \\ \text { K-K+1 }\end{array}$ The key square envisioned at move 25 . The key square envisioned at move 25 . Black is quite helpless. Check all variations.
$40 . . . . .$.
40. .......... R-K1? allowing Black the im-
40. portant loophole at Q.sq. for his King, is best, but White has a won end-game with two pawns up (the KBP cannot be held).
41. Q.R7ch K-B1 43. QxKtch K-Q1
42. Q-R8ch K-K2 44. Kt-K6ch Resigns


## - KING'S INDIAN DEFENSE <br> MCO: page 91, column 56 Match Game <br> New York, 1957 <br> Notes by Joscph Tamargo

| White Black |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| J. TAMARGO | OO S. | BARON |
| 1. P-Q4 Kt-KB3 | Kt-KB3 5. P.83 | $0 \cdot \mathrm{O}$ |
| 2. P-QB4 P-KK+3 | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{KK}+3$ 6. B-K3 | QKt-Q2 |
| 3. Kt-QB3 B-Kt2 | $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{K}+2$ 7. Q-Q2 | P-B4 |
| 4. P-K4 P-Q3 | P-Q3 |  |
| Not as good as 7. ........, P-K4. <br> 8. P-Q5 Kt-K1 |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| A non-commital move. |  |  |
| 9. P-KKt4 Q-R4 | Q-R4 11. BxB | KłxB |
| 10. B-R6 P-R3 | P.R3 12. P.KR4 | P-K3 |
| He should play P-KR4. |  |  |
| 13. P-R5 |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Kt-K4), Kt-Q5; 15, Q-R2, R-K1! (defend- |  |  |
| ing 16. P-R5) with a fine game. |  |  |
| 13. ....... PXQP | PXQP 15. QXPch | R-B2 |
| 14. RPXP BPXP |  |  |
| A bad move but it can hardly be called |  |  |
| a blunder since a | after K-R1; | QxQP |

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Black has absolutely nothing for the 18. P-K5. 16. R×P!

(i)VSS Lifl $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Tuesddy, } & \text { Page } 7 \\ \text { November } & 5, \\ 1957\end{array}$


## HOW CHESS GAMES ARE WON

(Continued from Page 5, Col. 3)


MEMBERSHIP PLAN
(Continued from page 1, col. 4) to become members of the USCF. They are only waiting to be asked.
State and local amateur fournaments fimited to USCF members, simultaneous exhibitions by local experts are only two of the many ways to get new members wholesale.
value they shenerally have news Chess Life, Chess Review and the Amer ican Chess Bulletin. Other local Mem bership Committees please copy
New members are excellent commit

29. P-Kt3

There is nothing better. if 29 , $Q-K 3$, RxP; 30. Q-Kt6, Q-K2; 31. R-QB ch, R-B1 and Black stands better. 29.
30. R-K1
31. P-B4
31. P-KKt4, P-KR4 is bad for White


Ch ; 39. K-B2, R-Kt5; 40. K-B3.

## thusiasm that is contagious.

Finally for the Committee to function with maximum efficiency if is essential that all promotion activities, large and smail, be reported regularly right up the line.

CANADIAN CHAMPIONSHIP

1. Paul Vaitonis (Ont.)

PIONSHIP . $.8 \frac{1}{2}$
$.+.7-2$
3. Frank Anderson (Ont.) $\qquad$
4. Wrank Andorson (Ont.) $\qquad$
5. Lionel Joyner (Que.)
6. Brian Potter (B.C.)
8. Howard Ridout (B.
) ……….....35
$\qquad$
tee prospects. They have an intitial an-

## Mate The Subile Way!

by Nicholas Gabor

All communications concerning this problem-column, Ineluding solutions as from composers compositions for publication (two-and Gabor, Hotel Kemper Lane Cincinnafi 6 , Ohio.

| Problem No. 831 <br> By C. Groeneveld <br> Aalten, Holland <br> "Gamage Memorial" <br> International Contest | Problem No. 832 <br> Rev. N. A. Bonavia-Hunt Bromham, England <br> "Gamage Memorial" <br> International Contest |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| Mate in two <br> Problem No. 833 <br> By F. Mendes de Moraes Pocos de Caldas, Braxil "Gamage Memorial" International Contest | Mate in two <br> Problem No. 834 <br> By Laimons Mangalis Adelaide, Australia <br> "Gamage Memorial" <br> International Contest |
|  |  |
| Mate in two | Mate in two |
| Problem No. 835 <br> By Paul Vafarescu Oltenita, Rumania "Gamage Memorial" International Contest | Problem No. 836 By E. A. Wirfanen Helsinki, Finland "Gamage Memorial" International Contest |
|  |  |

No. 813 Castellari: set: 1. ......., BxP6, 2. Q-B4; 1. ......., BxP4, 2. Q-B6, Key 1. Q-Q, threat 2. Q-Q5. No. 814 Smedley: set: 1. ........, QxN, 2. QxNP; 1. ........, NxN, 2. QxPR7. Key 1. N-K5, threat 2. N-B6. No. 815 Zuk: tries: 1. Q-QB3, R-QB8-only; 1. N-K3 dbl.ch. PB4 only. Key 1. R-QR7, threat 2. N-N7. Set mates after 1,......., RxN and 1. ......., QxN do not change. No. B16 Hermanson: try 1. Q.B7, threat 2. QxB. If 1. ....... K-B4, 2. N-Q3. If 1. ......., Q-K6, 2. N-B4. Try is defeated by 1. ........, B-B4. Key 1. Q-RY threat 2. QxB. The 2 set mates after the K's filghts are exchanged. No. 817 Heilbut: key 1. B-N2 waiting. 1. ........, P-B7, 2. N-B3 and 3. N-N5. 1. ........, PxB, 2. R-QB2 and 3. R-Q5. Twofold illustration of the Somoff Theme: Black's opening of a line allows Whtte self-interferences. TWO COOKS: 1. R-KR2 and L. R-KB2 followed by 2. R-R4 and 2. R-B4 respectively. No. 818 Berd: key 1. Q-R8 threatening 2. QxN ch! followed by 3. N-B6 mate. If 1........., BXQ. 2. RxR ch! and after 2. ....... B-Q5, 3. N-B3, while after 2. ........ Q-Q5, 3. N-K3. If 1. ........, NXR, 2. N-N6 ch!-K-B3, 3. Q8 Knight! Also some fringe plays.

## Solution Jo

What: The But Mour?

## Position No. 216

Endgame study by G. M. Kasparian White wins by 1. R-K4, and the main variation runs 1. .i.F., B-Q4; 2. R-K5,
B-N6; 3. R-KR5, BxN; 4. R-KRsq, K-N3! B-N6; 3. R-KR5, BxN: 4. R-KRsq, K-N3!;
5. RxB, B-R5ch; 6. K-K3! (6. K-B3 leads 5. RxB, B-R5ch; 6. K-K3! (6. K-B3 leads
to a draw), KxB: 7. R-KRsq. K-N4; 8 .
 White wins at once by 2. B-K3, BxN; 3. R-Q4.

White's other try by 1. R-QR4 fails on account of 1. ....... B-N6.
Many of our solvers who reported the best move correctly did not recog. nize Black's defensive resources in this position and, as a result, did not support their choice with adequate analysis. In view of the subtle nature of these defensive resources and of the winning method which overcomes them, we have decided to allow a full point we have decided to anow a full point
for all solutions beginning with 1 . R-K4. An additional full point is being awardAn additional full point is being award-
ed for those solutions which included ed for those solutions which included
the main variation as far as White's the main $v$
sixth move.
On this basis, two points are awarded to: Jack Matheson, Walter Stellmacher, and William B. Wilson. The follow ing receive one point: George W. Bay-
lor, M. D. Blumenthal, A. Bomberault, lor, M. D. Blumenthal, A. Bomberault,
Bill Bundick, Ramon Cook, K. A. CzerBill Bundick, Ramon Cook, K. A. Czer-
niecki, S. J. Einhorn, J. B. Germain, niecki, S. J. Einhorn, J. B. German, Richard Gibian, Edmund Godbold, Har-
ry Kaye, E. J. Korpanty, Robert R. McIntyre, Stephen Meyer*, M. Milstein Charles Musgrove, Ed Nash, George W Payne, Edward B. Powell, John A. Pranter, Herb Roberts, Edmund Roman, D W. Rystrom, I. Schwartz, Hugh C. Underwood, and Walter Unterberg. The solvers score by 32-7.
"Welcome to new solver.

## Solutions

Finish It The Clever Way! Position No. 211: 1. R-QB2!, Q-Q4; RxR, and Black resigned.
Position No. 212: 1. ......., R-KB4: (the only move to draw); 2. R-R1, KxP; 3. K-Kt6, R-B3 ch; 4. K-Kt7, R-B2 ch; 5. K-Kt3, R-QKt2; 6. R-KB1, R-QKt4; . P-R6, R-Kt4 ch; 8. K-B8, R-KR4; 9. $\begin{array}{lll}\text { R.QR1, R-B4 ch; 10. K-K8, R-QKt4; } & 11 . \\ \text { R-R6 } \\ \text { K-B4; } & \text { 12. P-R7, R-Kt2!; } & 13 .\end{array}$
 R-KR6, R-Kt1 ch; 14. K-Q7, R-KR1; 15.
K-K7, K-Kt4;-16. R-Rt, K-Kt3; 17. R-Kt1 K-K7, K-Kt4;-16. R-R1, K-Kt3; 17. R-Kt1
ch, K-B4!; 18. R-Kt7, R-QR1; 19. R-Kt8, ch, K-B4!; $18 . \mathrm{R}$
$\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{R} 2$ eh draws.

## Journament Life

## December 13-15

3rd Morphy Centennial Tourney West Orange, N. J.
Open; at Log Cabin Chess Club, 30 Collamore Terrace, West Orange; 5 rd Swiss begining Friday evening; entry fee for seniors $\$ 10$ with $\$ 5$ refund on completing schedule, for juniors $\$ 7$ with $\$ 5$ refund, all participants must be or become USCF members (due $\$ 5$ ); 1st prize $\$ 120,2$ nd $\$ 110,3$ rd $\$ 100,4$ th $\$ 75$,
5 th $\$ 50,6$ th $\$ 30,7$ th $\$ 15,8$ th $\$ 10,9$ th $\$ 5$ 5 th $\$ 50$, 6th $\$ 30,7$ th $\$ 15$, 8th $\$ 10$, 9 th $\$ 5$ and 1 st junior $\$ 10$, 2nd $\$ 5$; limited number of accomodations available at Log Cabin Club for those applying early; for details, write: E. Forry Laucks, Log Cabin Chess Club, 30 Collamore Terrace, West Orange, N. J.
$100 \%$ USCF rated event.
Arkansas Chess Association: Officers of the Association are Cowan Meacham, president; F. W. Pratt, vice-president; Raymond E. Lawrence, 205 Berger St., Malvern, Ark., Secretary; Phillip W. Duke, treasurer; Orval Allbritton, tournament director. The Association has recently affiliated with the USCF.
Charleston (W.Va.) Chess Club: The annual East Side vs. West Side team match saw the East score a $31 / 2 \cdot 11 / 2$ victory. East Side talliers were John Hurt, Wm. Cuthbert, and Sam Lowder with Edward Foy drawing. For the West Crede drew.

## Journament Life

Send to CHESS LIFE, 123 No. Humphrey Ave., Oak Park, III. for application form for announcing tournament in this column.

Unless otherwise specified, all tournaments announced in this column are 100\% USCF rated. Rating fees, if any, ar
rating fee for non-members USCF.

November 7-10
Liah State Championship
Salt Lake City, Utah
Open; at Salt Lake YMCA Chess, 39 Exchange Place, Salt Lake City; 6 rd Swiss, 40 moves in 2 hrs.; play begins 9 a.m. and $2: 30$ p.m. each day;
tory banquet last night; entry fee: $\$ 6$ tory banquet last night; entry fee: $\$ 6$ for USCF members, non-members pay USCF dues (\$5) additional; prizes: trophies and special awards; for details, write: Salt Lake City YMCA Chess Club, 39 Exchange Place, Salt Lake City, Utah.
$100 \%$ USCF rated event.

## Noyember 9-11

New Mexico State Open Championship
Albuquerque, N. Mex.
Open; at Hilton Hotel, 2nd \& Copper St. N.W., Albuquerque; 7 rd Swlss, 45 moves in 2 hrs.; entry fee: $\$ 5$ plus $\$ 5$ membership dues for non-members USCF; prizes: 1st $\$ 50$ and trophy, 2nd $\$ 25$ and trophy, 3 rd $\$ 10$ and trophy, separate trophy prizes for junior division, state title to ranking New Mexico resident; TD W.A. Muff; for detalls, write: W. A. Muff, 2717 Espanola N.E. Albuquerque, N.M.
$100 \%$ USCF rated event.

## November 9-10

Ohio Valley Open Championship Huntington, W. Va.
Corrected location: Tourney will be held at the Governor Cabell Hotel Fourth Ave. and Ninth St., Huntington, W.Va. and NOT at the YMCA as reported below.
Open; at Huntington YMCA, 6th Ave. \& 11th St., Huntington; 5 rd Swiss, registration 12:00 noon, Sat.; entry fee: \$3; prizes to be announced later; concurrent with closed Tri-State Championship and Junior Championship; TD George Koltanowski; simultaneous by Koltanowski at 8 p.m. Fri. Nov. 8 at Y; for details or registration, write: V. S. Hayward, M.D., 1128 Ninth Ave., Hunt ington, W.Va.
$100 \%$ USCF rated event.

## November 9-10

Maryland Junior Championship Baltimore, Md.
Restricted to Maryland residents un der age of 21; at Maryland Chess Club, 1216 St. Paul St., Baltimore; 5 rd Swiss, 50 moves in 2 hrs.; entry fee: $\$ 2$ ( $\$ 1$ refunded on completion of last rd); prizes: Medals for 1st, 2nd, 3rd Juniors and medals for 1st, 2nd, 3rd under 16 year age group; TD W.C. Koenig; for details, write: William C. Koenig, 810 Braeside Road, Baltimore 29 , Md.
$100 \%$ USCF rated event.
New Jersey State Amateur Championship
East Orange, N.J.
Corrected Notice
Restricted to N.J. residents or members of N.J. chess clubs, undermaster class; at Independent C.C., 102 No Maple Ave.. East Orange; 5 rd Swiss 50 moves in 2 hrs , adj, at end of 5 hrs; entries close at 11 a.m. Sat., Nov 9; entry fee: $\$ 4$ plus USCF ( $\$ 5$ ) and NJCF ( 82 adults, $\$ 1$ junior) membership for non-members; prizes: chess clock and 4 book prizes; TD E. T. Mc Cormick; for details, write: E. T. Mc Cormick, 102 No. Maple Ave., East Orance. N.J
$100 \%$ USCF rated event.

## November 23.24 <br> Oregon Open Championship Portland, Ore.

Open: at Oregonian Hostess House, 1320 S.W. Broadway, Portland; 5 rd Swiss, 50 moves in 2 hrs., adj. after 4 hrs. play; median tie-breaking; 1st rd begins $8: 45$ a.m. Nov. 23; entry fee: $\$ 3.25$; trophies for 1 st, 2 nd, 3 rd, and special awards for highest ranking $B$ and C Class players; bring men, boards and clocks; TD D.W. Johnson; for No. Borthwick, Portland, 17, Ore $100 \%$ USCF rated event.

## North Carolina 30-30 Open Championship <br> Raleigh, No. Car.

Open; at Pallen Park Recreation Center, Raleigh; 5 or 6 rd Swiss, 30 moves in 30 mniutes; entry fee: $\$ 2$ and NCCA $\$ 2$ dues; 1st prize $\$ 25$ and other cash prizes; register 9-10 a.m., Sunday, Nov. 24; for details, write: Dr. Stuart Noblin, Route 1, Garner, N. C.
Not USCF rated-speed event.
November 29-December 1

## Michigan Amateur Tourney

 Lansing, Mich.Open to all players whose last published USCF ratings were under mas ter or expert; at Lansing YMCA; reg. ister $6 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. to $7: 45$ Nov. 29, play begins at 8 p.m.; Swiss, 50 moves in 2 hrs.; entry fee: $\$ 2$ to USCF members (nonmembers eligible on payment of $\$ 5$ USCF dues); no cash prizes but permanent trophies for ranking Class A B , and C players, highest junior and unrated player; top Michigan player gets custody of the new Jerry Smith Trophy; TD Fredric Foote; for detalls: write: V.E. Vandenburg, 505 W . Lenawee, Lansing 33, Mich.
$100 \%$ USCF rated event.

## November 29-December

Tennessee Open Championship Memphis, Tenn.
Open; 7 rd Swiss; winner to be "Open" Champion, ranking Tennessee player "State" Champion; entry fee: $\$ 5$; begins at 2 p.m. Nov. 29th; 1 st prize $\$ 50$, 2 nd $\$ 30$, 3rd $\$ 20$; for detalls, write: J. W. Selby, Sullivan Gardens, Kingsport, Tenn.
$100 \%$ USCF rated event.

## 4th North Central Open Championship Milwaukee, Wis.

Open; at Hotel Astor, Milwaukee; on Thanksgiving week-end, starting Fri. evening; 7 rd Swiss, 45 moves in 1 st 2 hrs and 25 per hr thereafter; entry members; prize fund: minimum total members, $\$ 750$ 1st prize $\$ 250$, nd $\$ 150$, 3rd $\$ 100$, and $\$ 250$ in merit points $\$ 150$, 3rd $\$ 100$, and $\$ 250$ in merit points adn tie-breaking points; sponsored by Wiscoe-breaking points; sponsored by Wisconsin Chess Ass a, for Fiebrantz Drive, Milwaukee 10, No.

100\% USCF rated event.
November 29-December 1

## GOLDEN KINGS

Long Island Amateur Championship Central YMCA, Brooklyn, N.Y. See special announcement on page 5

## December 7.8

12th Oklahoma Open Championship Oklahoma City, Okla.
Open; at Biltmore Hotel; 5 rd Swiss, 45 moves 1st 2 hrs .; business and play ers' meeting $10 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. Saturday; 1st rd commences 12 noon; highest ranking Oklahoma resident State Champion; 1st prize $50 \%$ of net proceeds, 2nd $25 \%$, 3 rd $15 \%$, 4th $10 \%$, trophy to winner and/or State Champion, also medals to USCF Class A, B, C, Women's and Junior champions; entry fee: $\$ 5$ to USCF members, juniors \$2; TD George Koltanowski; for details, write: Jerry Spann, 3011 Paseo, Oklahoma City 18, Okla. 3011 Paseo, Oklahoma City 18, Okla. ski Friday 8 p.m. December 6.
$100 \%$ USCF rated event.

## December $26-30$

U.S. Intercollegiate Championship Gannon College, Erie, Pa.
See special announcement on page 2
Washington (D.C.) Chess Divan: The club championship at five minutes chess fell to Martin Stark with $91 / 2-11 / 2$, while second and third with $81 / 2-21 / 2$ each were George Meyer and George O'Rourke, Jr. Richard Cantwell was fourth with 8-3.


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