# (lbess Cife 

## STEVENSON, GRESSER TIE!

## What's The Best Move?

 Conducted by IRWIN SIGMONDCEND solutions to Position No. $S_{21}$ to reach Irwin Sigmond, 5200 Williamsburg Blvd., Arlington 7, Va., by January 5, 1958. With your solution, please send analysis or reasons supporting your choice of "Best Move" or moves.

Solution to Position No. 221 will ap. pear in the January 20, 1958 issue.
NOTE: Do not place solutions to twa positions on one card; be sure to indicate correct number of position being solved, and give the full name and address of the solver to essist in proper crediting of solution.


White to play

## The Huntington Story

## By International Master GEORGE KOLTANOWSKI

## USCF Tournament Administrator

A good effort by the two stalwards of chess promotion, Dr. V. S. Hayward (73 years old!) and Dr. S. Werthammer, brought 25 players to the hard-to-get-to Huntington. The organizers had hoped for at least forty participants!

The oldest competitor was R. T. Neel (75) and the youngest Derek Linton (7), both of Huntington. The last named was the most polite and serious youngster I ever ran into!
The Tri-State was won by Donald Burdick. Here's a young lad with loads of talent. For years now he has been far ahead of the field in West Virginia Chess. Would like to see him compete in national tournaments. His style of play reminds me a lot of that of Curt Brasket of Minnesota. Daring, original and deep! Ross Sprague, the Ohio Junior Champ, did well in winning the second prize.
In the Open, Jerry Hanken surprised everyone (including himself) in winning. In the last five tournaments I have conducted, Jerry has been a competitor, and the win was really merited. Foy, an old friend of mine, played steady chess, but drew too easily. Hurt is capable of better, and I

## ATTENTION!! CONTRIBUTORS!

Until December 23, 1957 continue to mail news items and correspondence as in the past to Montgomery Major, 123 No. Humphrey Ave., Oak Park, III. After that date mail all news items and CHESS LIFE correspondence to:

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\begin{aligned}
& \text { Mr. Fred M. Wren } \\
& \text { Perry, Me. }
\end{aligned}
$$

## Share U. S. Women's Championship, <br> Karff Third, Aronson E Slater Fourth

In a thrilling and close finish defending Champion Mrs. Gisela Kahn Gresser of New York and U. S. Women's Open Champion Mrs. Sonja Graf Stevenson of Palm Springs tied for first place with $91 / 2-11 / 2$ each, and became U. S. Women's Co-Champions. Since the U. S. Women's Championship was also the FIDE Zonal Tournament, the victors, Mrs. Gresser and Mrs. Stevenson, have qualified to represent the USA in the Women's World Championship Candidates Tourney in Holland next year.

Former U. S. Women's Champion Miss Mona M. Karff was third with $7-4$, while tied for fourth with $61 / 2-4 \frac{1}{2}$ each were former U. S. Women's Open Champion Mrs. Eva Aronson of Chicago abd Mrs. Kathryn Slater of New York.
A special prize was awarded to Miss Karff for her victory over Mrs. Stevenson as the best played game of the tournament. Another special prize went to Mrs. Mary Selensky of Philadelphia for her victory over Mrs. Aronson as the most brilliant game.
In wining Mrs. Gresser lost no games but drew with Mrs. Stevenson, Mrs. Aronson, and Mrs. Slater Mrs. Stevenson lost one game to Miss Karff and drew with Mrs. Gresser. Miss Karff in third place lost games to Mrs. Gresser, Mrs. Aronson, and Mrs. Grumette, while drawing with Mrs. Slater.

## VAN ESSEN TOPS IN RED DIVISION

Roland G. Van Essen placed first with $4-0$ in the California Regional Open (Red Division) at the College of Sequoias. Don Grant was second with 3-1, a loss by Forfeit. Third to fifth with $2-2$ each in the 10 player Swiss were Tom Cochran, Craig Johnson, and Bruce Fahrney. This event was also directed by A. E. Hoerchner.

## CROSS VICTOR IN SO CALIF

James B. Cross of Los Angeles scored $91 / 2-1 / 2$, a drew with Robert Hamman, to win the Southern CaIifornia Preliminaries of the State Championship. Robert Cross of Santa Monica was second with 8-2, a loss to James Cross, and draws with Louis Rojas and Robert Hamman. Third to fifth with 7-3 each were Gene Rubin and Saul Yarmak, both of Los Angeles, and Louis Rojas of La Habra. Sixth to ninth in the 44 -player Swiss with $61 / 2-31 / 2$ each were Robert Hammon of Van Nuys, Irving Rivise, Stephen Sholomson, and Sam L. Geller of Los Angeles. The event was held at the Herman Steiner Chess Club and directed by Ralph K. Hagedorn.

## U. S. WOMENS CHAMPIONSHIP Final Standings

Gisela K. Gresser (New York) $91 / 2-11 / 2$
2. Sonja Graf Stevenson (Palm

Spgs.) May Karff (New Yo................................1/2-11/2
Mona May Karff (New York) ....7-4 Eva Aronson (Chicago) ..........61/2-41/2 5. Kathryn Slater (New York) .. $61 / 2-41 / 2$ Lena Grumette (Los Angeles) ....6-5 7. Nancy MeLeod (San Francisco) ..6-5 . Nancy MeLeod (San Francisco) -.6-5 . Lucille Kellner (Detroit) ............5-6 . Mary Selensky (Phiradelphia) ....5-6 10. Olga Higgins (Santa Barbara) $21 / 2=81 / 2$ 11. Mildred Morrell (Hadionfield) .2-9 12. Lemore Simon (Los Angeles) $1 / 2 \cdot 101 / 2$

## FOTIAS TRIUMPHS IN CALIF REGION

Chris Fatias tallied $31 / 2-1 / 2$, a draw with R. E. Baker, in the California Regional Open (Blue Division) at College of Sequoias at Visalia. Tied for second with 3-1 each were Robert E. Baker, John Bricker, and A. E. Hoerchner, while Robert Boles was fifth with $21 / 2-11 / 2$ in the 11 -player Swiss directed by A. E. Hoerchner.

## MARTIN TRIUMPHS AT SANTA MONICA

Raymond J. Martin tallied $61 / 2$ $11 / 2$ to win the Santa Monica Bay Open, losing one game to Robert Sale and drawing with-George McMahom. Second and third with 6-2 each were Robert D. Sale and Emil Bersbach, formerly of Indiana. Sale lost games to Bersbach and Herbert Abel; Bersbach lost to Martin and drew with Abel and R. Harshbarger. Herbert T. Abel was fourth with $51 / 2-21 / 2$, while fifth and sixth with $5-3$ in the 19 player Swiss were George McMahon and Ralph Clark. Paul Wrangell directed the event.

## U.S. INTERCOLLEGIATE CHAMPIONSHIP

December 26-30. 1957 Erie, Pennsylvania

Finish It The Clever Way!

Position No. 213
Friedl vs. Hajda Czechoslovakia, 1920


Position No. 214
Gligoric vs. Petrosian USSR, 1957


IN Position No. 213, there is only one move by the Bishop in order to win, and the rest is easy. If 1. B-Q3, Black draws by 1. K-K6! ; 2. B-B1, K-B7; 3. B-R3, K-Kt6.

Position No. 214 is from the fourth round of the USSR-Yugoslavia team match. Eight rounds with eight boards were played for a total of 64 games. The USSR team won by a score of 42 to 22 . This position is reminiscent of Position No. 179 (Parmelee vs. Hudson in the U. S. 1956 Chess Amateur Tournament) which could have led to a similar finish.

## For solutions, please turn to Page eight.

Send all contributions for this column to Edmund Nash, 1530 28th Place, S.E. Washington 20, D. C.

John Rather of Snyder, N.Y. tallied 6-2 to win the Buffalo City Championship at the Queen City Chess Club. Rather fost one game to Chester Fell and drew one game each with Sam Frucella and Roy T. Black in the double round event. Chester T. Fell, Jr. was second with $5 \frac{1}{2}-21 / 2$, while Sam R. Frucella was third with 44 . The Class A event was won by John Mauer with $8-1$, losing one game to Harvey Selib. Second and third with $5-4$ each were Andrew A. Gage and

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HAVE YOUR TOURNAMENTS OFFICIALLY RATED New Regulations Effective March 1, 1955 Tournaments, matches (individual or team; round robin or Swiss) are rateable when sponsored by USCF under FIDE Laws, directed by a under FIDE Laws, directed by a competent official, and played at moves per hour.
moves per hour.
The annual championship tournament of an USCF Club Chapter and the annual championship tournament of any USCF affiliate whose By-Laws provide that all its members must be USCF members also are rated without charge.
All other eligible events are rated only if official report of event is accompanied by a remittance covering a rating fee of 10 c per game for all games actually played in the contest. (In a Swiss one-half the number of players times the num. ber of rounds represents total games played if no byes or forfelts
Note that 10c Rating fee per game
is collected from all players, whether
USCF members or not.
Ratings wHI be published period-
ically of all participants in all USCF-
Rated events.
Official rating forms should
be secured in advance from:-
Montgomery Major
123 No. Humphrev Avenue Oak Park, Illinois
Do not srite to other USCF officials for these rating forms.
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Samuel Traina. Harvey Selib was fourth with $4 \frac{1}{2}-4 \frac{1}{2}$. Matthew Katrain and Ralph J. Nasea tied at $41 / 2-1 \frac{1}{2}$ for the Class B, Section 1 title but Katrein won the playoff. Third and fourth with $3 \cdot 3$ each were Lyle Henninger and Al Laubacher. Frank Weibel with 5-1 won the Section 2 event with Joe Milliotto second with 42 . Third and fourth were Timothy Hogan and Jerome Kobos with $31 / 2-21 / 2$ each. Katrein and Weibel drew a 5 -game playoff match for the Class B title with $2^{1 / 2}-2 \frac{1}{2}$ each.

## DUBECK WINS N. J. AMATEUR

Leroy Dubeck of Maplewood, a student at Rutgers, won the New Jersey Amateur Championship at East Orange with a 41 score on tie-breaking points. Second to fourth, also with 41, were Leslie Ault of Cranford, Herbert Hickman of East Orange, and Robert Durkin of Atlantic City. Edgar T. McCormick directed the event.

## DURKIN ATTACK

## New Jersey Amateur

## East Orange, 1957

White
R. DURKIN

Black
. Kt-QR3 P-Q4
23. QxB
L. DUBECK
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { P-KB4 } & \text { P-QB4 }\end{array}$

$\begin{array}{lll}\text { 5. } & \text { B-K2 } & \mathrm{Kt} \text {-B3 } \\ \text { 6, } & \text { P.Q3 } & \text { BxKt }\end{array}$
7.
8.
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { 8. } & \text { O. } \\ \text { 9. } & \text { B-K2 } & \text { P }\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lr}\text { 10. P.KKt4 } & \text { P.KR3 } \\ \text { 11. Q-K1 } & \text { Q.Q2 }\end{array}$
34. P-QKt4 Kt-Q2
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { 13. } \mathrm{B}-\mathrm{Q} 2 & 0.0 .0 & \text { 35. } \mathrm{B}-\mathrm{B3} 3\end{array}{ }^{\text {14 }} \mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{K4} 4$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { 4. R-B2 } & \text { QR-Kt } \\ \text { P-B5 } & \text { P-KR4 }\end{array}$

| 16. $\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{Kt2}$ | KtxP |
| :--- | :--- |
| 17. BxKt | PxB |
| PKP |  |

$\begin{array}{ll}\text { 19. } \mathrm{PxP} & \text { PXP } \\ \text { 19. } \mathrm{B} \text { - } \mathrm{B} 3 & \mathrm{R} \cdot \mathrm{R}\end{array}$
20. R-Q2 $\quad$ R-R2
21. Q-Kt2 B-Q3

Oloess Life
Thursday, Page 2
December 5, 1957

## BURDICK TAKES TRI-STATE MEET

Donald Burdick of West Virginia scored 4-1 to win the annual TriState title in an event restricted to the State Champions and runnersup of Ohio, Pennsylvania, and West Virginia, losing one game to R. Noel of Ohio. Ross Sprague of Ohio was second with $3-2$, losing to Burdick and drawing with D. Spiro and S. V. Reyes. Tied for third with $21 / 2-2 \frac{1}{2}$ each were D. Spiro and S. V. Reyes of Pennsylvania, while Dr. S. Werthammer of West Virginia and R. Noel of Ohio scored $11 / 2-31 / 2$ each

## HANKEN TOPS OHIO VALLEY

Jerry Hanken of Covington, Ky. scored $4 \frac{1}{2}-1 / 2$, a draw with Edward Foy, to win the Ohio Valley Open at Huntington, held concurrently with the Tri-State Championship. Second to fourth with 4-1 each were Edward Foy of Charleston, W. Va., John Hurt, also of Charleston, and Tom Bergquist of Huntington, W. Va. Foy drew with T. Lycik and Hanken; Hurt lost to Hanken; and Bergquist lost to Hanken. Charles Morgan of Huntington was fifth with $31 / 2-11 / 2$, losing a game to Paul Sayre and drawing with R. Lee. Sixth to ninth in the 19-player Swiss with 3-2 each were Paul A. Sayre, H. McClung, R. T. Neel, all of Huntington, and R. Lee of Morganstown, W. Va.

## ERKES CAPTURES

MARYLAND JUNIOR
Robert Erkes, 15, scored $41 / 2-1 / 2$ to win the Maryland Junior Championship in Baltimore, drawing with runner-up Frank Kelly who also scored $4^{1 / 2-1 / 2}$ but was second on Solkoff. Lance King placed third with $4-1$ score. Sam Sloan with $3-2$ placed 1st in the under 16 division, with Leon Shargel second, also with $3-2$, and Dennis Wortman third with 2-3. In a special round-robin novice event for players under 12 years, Ruth Ann King, 10, and John Connally, 10, shared first place while third and fourth went to Creighton Sloan, 11, and Tom McCarthy, 9. William C. Koenig directed both events.

## MONTREAL OPENS CHESS CENTER

On November 3 the Montreal Chess Center, 1537 Van Horne, opened its doors and some two hundred chess enthusiasts attended the opening ceremonies. Membership in the Center is $\$ 10$ per year, with a special $\$ 5$ per year dues for students. The Center will be open every day and evening of the week, and will cater to chess players of all classes from experts to beginners. Special features of the Center include two large roams devoted to chess play, a lounge, and a library which starts off with some 200 books contributed by M. Guze. In the basement is a very large room for tournament and exhibition use. The successful promotion of the chess center was large ly due to the energy and enthusiasm of a small group of-players headed by M. Moss and D. A. MacAdam.

College clubs and players are urged to send news items to Frederick H. Kerrla Nittany 32.11, Box 275 , Pennsylvania State Uni
sylvania.

BEFORE the tournament begins on December 26, a very important meeting of the ICLA Assembly will be held. Every member club should make a special effort to have its delegate present at that meeting. There is still time to join the League and have your group represented at this meeting.
The deadline for reservations for free rooms at the Intercollegiate was December 1. If you failed to send in your reservation in time, plan to make the trip anyway. There will, no doubt, be some cancellations, and the chances are that a room will be found for you. If the demands turn out to be larger than the supply, rooms can be found easily in Erie hotels. Players from the following schools have already indicated that they will attend the Intercollegiate: (notethis column was written before Thanksgiving) Lehigh, Indiana, Pitt, Army, Fordham, Bryn Mawr, Oklahoma, Pace, Haverford, Pennsylvania, Penn State, Indiana State Teachers, Slippery Rock State Teachers, and Buffalo.

Two USCF masters, Anthony Saidy of Fordham, and Charles Kalme of the University of Pennsylvania, expect to compete at Erie. Down through the years the Intercollegiate has proved that the dark horse has a chance. In most such tournaments, the favorites have been pushed down to third or fourth place. Saidy and Kalme will have to fight tradition in addition to the other players in order to take the H. Arthur Nabel Trophy home this year.

This reporter would like to wish all his readers a Very Merry Christmas. He also hopes to see all the collegiate chessers in Erie on the day after Santa pays his visit!

BRING SETS AND CLOCKS!

North Carolina defeated Virginia 4-2 at Raleigh, N.C., in a battle between ranking players representing the two state chess associations. The North Carolina winners were Donald Burdick, Duke University, over Col. John D. Mathews of Arlington; Dr. Norman M. Hornstein, Hope Mills, over Clifford Roberson of Roanoke; Dr. A. M. Jenkins, Raleigh, over Leonard Morgan of. Roanoke; and Dr. Stuart Noblin of Garner over Carl Sloan, University of Richmond. Virginia's points were scored by Chess Life staffer Irwin Sigmond at first board over three-time North Carolina champion C. C. Crittenden, and Charles Rider of Norfolk over Dan Riano of Raleigh. After the match plans were discussed for a return engagement at Richmond, Va., next spring involving a larger number of play-

# tiditis of master play 

By International MASTER WILLIAM LOMBARDY
World Junior Champion

## Object Lesson

THIS game was played in the recent tournament match between the USSR and Yugoslavia. It is not of any particular theoretical interest although Black, once out of his difficulties, displays superb skill in handling the position.

The real reason I bring this game to the reader's attention is to give him an "object lesson." Even grandmasters can and frequently do blunder. Therefore ordinary players should realize that they are more likely to err unless they examine their moves carefully before playing. Obviously neither Pire nor Tolush had done this simple task. The result: an amazing series of mysterious "rook moves?" were played at a point where White had a definitely winning position. Black taught white a useful lesson "How to win a lost game!" I do think this is one lesson White did not care to have.


Black may still equalize with $\begin{gathered}\text { P.Q4. } \\ \text { 6. }\end{gathered}$
P-Q3.

## 7. P.QK+3 <br> P-QB4

Black takes chances against too great odds. Better might be: 7. ......., B-Q3; 8. B-Kt2, Q-K2 followed by QKt-Q2 with P -K4 in mind.


Black takes the P-..... PK+3
If 10. ......... P-QB5?; 11. Kt-K5 5 (A) Ktr Kt; 12. PxKt, Kt-K5; 13. Kt-B3! and White wins a pawn; (B) Kt-QR4; 12 . PxP, PxP; 13. QKt-Q2. B-K3; 14. R-B1, R-B1; 15. Q-R4 and White also gains a puny pawn.
Saddling Black with the famous...... "hang. ing pawns". See Nimzovich for further details.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 11. } \\
& \text { 12. } t-B 3
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { PXP } \\
& \text { B. R3 }
\end{aligned}
$$

Generous question marks for this move??'? I must admit, however, that there as some difficulty finding a move for Black. We come now to the ugh!
part of the game. part of the game.
Only one question mark for this move. White wins speedlly with Kt-KKts.
Both sides are unaware of what is threatening! Black must take measures to defend himself! 13. ........, P-Q5; 14. Kt-QR4, Kt-K5 is suggested so as to complicate the game somewhat by 15 . ........, P-Q6 should White play 15. Kt.Q2. 14. Kt-K1?

White continues to sleepwalk. Kt-KKt5, no illusion, still wins,


White no longer has any advantage, It may well be that he has a disad. vantagel "Moral"-"Never miss two forced wins in a row. Your opponent is likely to become alert and find a whn later on."

> 16. Kt-Q3 17. PXKt

KtxKt
Kt Q
Threatening Kt-K4 with the win of the QP.

| 18. $\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{KI}$ | $\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{Kt3!}$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| 19. $\mathrm{K} 4 \times \mathrm{Kt}$ | PxKt |
| 20. $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{QK}+4!$ |  |

Both sides begin to awaken from their long slumber but Black remains with a slight pull on the position.
21. Q-K+3

R-QB2


Ooops! Spoke too soon! Better was 22 PxP, PxP; 23. P-B4.
23. R-K6
P.KB5

P-Kt5 must be played to relieve the pressure on the QP.
23. PXQBP

White must lose material. Black menaces P-B5.

| 24. | RPXP |
| :--- | ---: |
| 25. | BPXP |
| 26. | BXP |
| 27. | $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{Q} 2$ |

White has a pawn for the exchange but this is not sufficlent. Black wins easily.


## Chess Life In $\eta_{\text {ew }} Y_{\text {ork }}$ <br> By Aben Rudy

THE attitude of the Fourth Es tate to Caissa's realm is well known. Chess is unmercifully caricatured to a point well beyond recognition. The general public identifies the tournament chess player with those hirsute bohemians, devoid of any motion and meriting a double forfeit, who may be found reposing in any chess cartoon. Newspapers, rather than dispel these notions, seemingly take keen delight in encouraging them. For what end, I know not

Now, though, it is my unpleas ant task to inform, or rather to alert, readers of this column to a new and most malicious practice the application of which may be tremed, for lack of a better phrase "Fischer-baiting". Indulged in by self-styled truth-seekers, it is a practice which can be only of the greatest disservice to our beloved game.

What, in essence, is Fischer-baiting? It is the systematic depreca tion of the character and intelli gence of Bobby Fischer. Several articles illustrating this theme have lately fallen into my hands. Unfortunately, Fischer-baiting ap pears to be on the up grade.

To all who knew Bobby, a recent essay appearing in the staid New York Times was recognized as an infuriating assemblage of distortion and fabrication. But what of the millions who didn't know him? These millions are now undoubtedly under the impression that Bobby is an "idiot savant"more idiot than savant, I may add. All Fischer does and all Fischer knows, according to this article, is Chess. He lives, sleeps and dreams Chess. In terms of righteous wrath it is further noted that our Bobby keeps a chess set at his bedside!! The writer apparently assumes the normal person keeps his chess set in the refrigerator!

To report all the above is to report utter nonsense. Certainly Fischer enjoys chess. That cannot be denied. But Fischer does not enjoy chess to the absolute exclusion of all other activities. Fischer, let it be known, is a very proficient tennis and table-tennis player, as any one of his many victims will reluctantly testify. Fischer, too, is an avid hockey fan. He sees as many "Ranger" games as his crowded schedule will allow. And (this will come as a surprise) Fischer is quite a promising ventriloquist.

Thus, the true picture of Fischer is not one of a chess hermit, but rather of an extremely lively lad endowed with numerous talents. Remember this the next time a Fischer-baiting article comes your way.

North Jersey Chess League: Arter three rounds of play Platnfield holds the lead with 3 -0 match score, followed by Northern Vaney wh. Veterans with $11 / 2-1 / 2$. Nine teams are contesting in the current league season. A USCF the eur Artile

## (Ines Life

America': Chews Nowspapor
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Major Topics

## By

Montgomery Major

## Le Roi Est Mort. Vive le Roil!

The old order changeth, yielding place to the new.

## TENNYSON-The Passing of Arthur.

F LSEWHERE on this page is the announcement of the appointment of Fred M. Wren, author of the "Tales of a Woodpusher", as Editor of CHESS LIFE, as of January 1, 1958. We do not propose to list his qualifications for the post, being content to state that we consider CHESS LIFE most fortunate in persuading him to accept the responsibility and the tribulations that are an inherent part of the task. However, we do feel it is both fitting and just to state that we wish the new Editor all success in the arduous task he has accepted, and that we hope the readers of CHESS LIFE will at all times accord him the friendship and support they have granted his predecessor.

## Introducing: Mr. Fred M. Wren <br> By Jerry g. Spank <br> USCF President

IAM pleased to announce that Mr. Fred M. Wren of Perry, Maine, best known to chess players everywhere for his famous TALES OF A WOODPUSHER (CHESS REVIEW SERIES), will take over the Editrial Reins of CHESS LIFE on January 1, 1958. Fred retired last year after a fine 34 year career in the U.S. State Department, a portion of which was served Abroad where he developed cordial and lasting friendships with most of the "greats" in the International Chess Fraternity.


Fred started out the Century in Sherman, Maine, first seeing the light of day in year 1900. After finishing High School he served with the Army in France during World War I, then returned to matriculate at the University of Maine. He taught in Maine High Schools for three years before betinning his distinguished career in the Immigration and Consular division of the State Department. He married Frances Gove of Perry n 1922 and is still married to her, with 2 adult children, both of whom were born in Holland.
Chess career: He learned the noves in 1926; Director Canadian Chess Federation 1938-1946 and Vice President 1941-1946; five times city champion of Halifax; twice Nova Scotia champion; cofounder and two-time winner Maritime Championship Tournament; and has written many articles of human interest type for CHESS (England), CANADIAN CHESS CHAT, and CHESS REVIEW, 1935-1956. Fred states that there were three high spots: 1) His successful fight to include 14 year old Yanofsky on Canadian Team for Buenos Aires, 1939; 2) having Euwe tell him in Zurich in 1953 that his WOODPUSHER articles were read and enjoyed in Holland; 3) Being considered for the post of Editor of CHESS LIFE.

Following in the experienced footsteps of an Editor of the eminence and competence of Mr . Montgomery Major is a fearsome undertaking indeed, and it took a great deal of persuasion. I have assured Mr. Wren of the $100 \%$ cooperation of Contributors and Membership. I know you all join me in giving Fred a warm and hearty welcome.
USCF Membership Dues, Including subscription to Chess Life, periodical publl-
cation of national, chess rating, and all other privileges: cation of national, chess rating, and all other privileges:
ONE YEAR: $\$ 5.00$ TWO YEARS: $\$ 9.50$ THREE YEARS: $\$ 13.50$ LIFE: $\$ 100.00$ SUSTAINING: $\$ 10.00$ (Becomes Life Membership after 10 payments) A new membership starts on 21 st day of month of enrollment, expires at the end of the period for which dues are paid. Family Dues for two or more mem-
berg of one family living at same address, including only one subscription to Chess Life, are, at regular rates (see above) for first membership, at the following rates for each additional membership: One year $\$ 2.50$; two years $\$ 4.75$; three years $\$ 6.75$. Subscription rate of Chess Life to non-members is $\$ 3.00$ per year.
Single coles 15 c each.

GENTLEMEN: THE USCF SECRETARY REPORTS
Since the required time has passed since the mailing of the ballots, 1 have tabulated them, and the results are as follows:

1 APPROVE
I DISAPPROVE
1 ABSTENTION
the appointment of Mr. Elliott E. Stearns, Cleveland, Ohio, and Dr. Kester Sendsen, Norman, Okla., by President Span to serve with him on the Contract Commatte.

I APPROVE
of the Proposed Affiliation and National Rating Regulations (effective March 1, 1958).

There are 4 ballots yet to come in which should be counted, but they will obviously not effect the result.

Most comments came from those Directors who disapproved of the Proposed USCF Affiliation and National Rating Regulations, In fact, I was quite impressed with them, and I am enclosing a few of them. I would like to point out that it would not be absolutely necessary to invoke these regulations merely because they have been approved.

The Californians are quite opposed to this new system, and mentioned that they have their own Rating System, and might use it if this proposition passed. Here are some of the other comments:
"I disapprove of the second proposition for the following reasons:

1. Our state assn, annually sponsors a Team Tournament which we wish to have USCF rated, it is unlikely that we could induce each team to become a USCF affiliate. Many of our teams are entered by small clubs who are not wellorganized.
2. I strongly oppose the "franchise fee" until such time as the USCF officers and Business Manager prove to be more cooperative with state chapters. Our state chapter will soon submit a letter on this matter to the USCF President..
"Regarding No. 2: I was under the impression there was to be a further airing of the differences of opinion pointed out at the last Directors' meeting. It at least appeared to me that Mr. Phillips had valid objections and that, at that time, they were not very convincingly met.

Concerning this rating system it appears that we have builded ourselves a big bomb, and it is now in the process of blowing us up. Let Edgar McCormick have a crack at running the rating system, and 1 think you will find they can be handled for what the fees collected bring in.

I work as a mathematician for the AEC and have some familiarity with the processing of data, and the tales of excessive cost that have been given us sound rather fishy."
"As to the matter of expense, I think an intensive study should be made of the rating procedure, with a view to simplifying the mechanics. But the goat should be to rate more tournaments, not less."
"If the new Rating Regulations go into effect fewer tournaments will be rated, and the USCF ratings will be less realistic. Some states will have to bank more on their own rating systems. The result will be that the USCF Rating System will lose its meaning."

Secretary, USCF
4846 N. 24th Place
Milwaukee 9, Wis.
cc: Jones

## The Kibitzer Has His Day

Dear Mr. Major:
By a unanimous vote, the officers of the Connecticut State Chess Association have requested me to convey to you an expression of their gratitude for your devoted service as Editor of Chess Life.

> W. H. C. NEWBERRY President,
> The Connecticut State Chess Assn.

On my own behalf, may 1 add:
GRATES PERSOLVERE DIGNAS NON OPIS EST NOSTRAE.

## No Politics? What is Russian Chess?

Dear Sir:
I subscribe to CHESS LIFE because I wish to see therein articles about chess not about international politics.

The Nov. 5th issue of CHESS LIFE contained a laudatory article by one Aben Rudy about Paul Benko, Hungarian chess player; praising not only his chess talents (to which no objection can be made) but also praising his political outlook.

It was stated that Benko's family emigrated from France to Hungary prior to World War 2. Presumably, therefor, they preferred Fascism under the Horthy dictatorship, to democratic France. This type of person America can do very well without. And this type of article by Abed Rudy CHESS LIFE can do very well without.

## RICHARD STRASBURGER <br> Red Bank, N.J.

Editorial Comment: Since Paul Benko was less than nine years old when his family migrated to Hungary, he cannot be held accountable for this decision. And since Paul Benko, since reaching an age of self-determination, has consistently endeavored to escape from the shackles of Communistic rule (although a chess master holds a favored status in such regime), we must disagree wholeheartedly with Mr. Strasburger and declare that in our opinion Mr. Benko is precisely the type of person for which the USA hos always been a refuge from oppression. Incidentally, we do not believe Mr. Strasburger meant to imply, in condemning the praise given Mr. Benko's political outlook, that Mr. Benko would have been more acceptible if he had not participated in the Hungarian revolt of last year but had instead supported the bloody rule of the USSR in suppressing it.

Presidio (Monterey) Chess Club: Robert M. Seaman tallied $51 / 2-1 / 2$ in the Summer Candidates Tourney, drawing with Nick Tripolski. Second to fourth with 4-2 were Daniel M. Powelaitls, Don K. Bissonnette, and Thomas C. Young, Sr.,

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# HOW CHESS GAMES ARE WON 

America's Number 1 Player Illustrates the Technique of Victory

By International Grandmaster SAMUEL RESHEVSKY

## Poor Opening

YEARS ago comparatively little importance was attached to the opening. The difference between the strength of masters was so great that the better player was able to extricate himself from an inferior position caused by a poor opening. The situation is quite different now. Very few players can afford to give a master an appreciable advantage in the opening and expect to survive.

In the seventh game of my match against Donald Byrne, he chose the Benoni Gambit. Although this defense has been experimented with lately by Keres and others, it is a poor defense leading to a stagnated position if properly handled by White. After White's 14 th move, P-B4, Black's pieces were almost completely paralyzed. At no point after that did Black have any opportunity for any counter-action.

White built up his advantage slowly, and after 29. Q-B4 Black was hopelessly lost.

## BENONI GAMBIT

MCO: page 204, column 18, note (g)
D. Byrne-S. Reshevsky Match New York, 1957 White S. White

## HEVSKY

Black
The King's Opening was not resorted to in this match.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { 1. } \\
\text { 2. } P-Q B 4 \\
\text { 3. } & \text { P-QS }
\end{array}
$$

Kt -KB3
With this move only can White hope to obtain an opening advantage. Black has better chances for equality with 3. ......, P-K3; 4. Kt-QB3, PxP; 5. PxP, P-Q3 followed by either B-K2 or the fianchettoing of the KB.
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { 4. } & \mathrm{Kt} \text {-QB3 } \\ \text { 5. } & \mathrm{P}-\mathrm{K} 4\end{array}$
Less effective is 5. P-KKt3, P-KKt3; 6. B-Kt2, B-Kt2; 7. P-K4, O-0; 8. KKt-K2, $\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{K} 1 ; 9.0 \cdot 0, \mathrm{P}-\mathrm{B} 4$ with equal chances. Fianchettoing this Bishop is even less promising for Black.
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { 6. } & \mathrm{B}-\mathrm{Q} 3 \\ \text { 7. } & \mathrm{KK}+\mathrm{K} 2\end{array}$
$\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{O}$
$\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{K} 1$
Rearranging his pieces in case white decided to attack with P-KR3 and P. KKt4.
8. В-К3

White is leaving himself the option of casting on either side.
Weak was 8. ......., P.B4; 9. PxP, BxP; 10. BxB, RxB; 11. Kt-Kt3, R-B2; 12 . QKt-K4 and Black's K3 square must eventually come under the control of White's forces.
10. $\mathrm{K} t-\mathrm{K}+3$

Seriously to be considered was 10. P.KKt4 which would, of course, be a declaration of war.
11. P-KR3

To prevent Kt -Kt5. A good aiternative was 11. P-B3, P-KKt3 (otherwise KtB5); 12. B-R6, Kt-Kt2; 13. P-KR4-5 with good attacking possibilities.
11. B-RG

Among other things, this move prevents P-KR4-5.
12. $\begin{array}{r}\text { 13..... } \\ \mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{Kt2} \\ \mathrm{~B}-\mathrm{Q} 2\end{array}$

Overlooking the strength of White's next move. Correct was 13. ........., K-R1 and if now 14. P-B4, Black can meet it successfully with 14. ......., Kt-Kt1;
15. BxKt ch, K×B: 16. P-B5 and Black's 15. BxKt ch, KxB; 16. P-B5 and Black's
position, although cramped, is qulte position, although cramped, is qulte
tenable. After 13. ......, K-R1 White's

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best would have been to abandon, at least temporarily, the advance of the KBP , and begin action on the $Q$-side with 14. P-R3 followed by P-QKt4.

14. .......
Otherwise
PxP
PrP
15. Black must now
Black must now reckon with the threat of P-K5. 15. ......., Q-B2; 16. QR-K1 and
the threat remains. the threat remains.


Best under the circumstances. If 17. Q-R6. Q-B2; 18. $\begin{gathered}\text { P-KKt4, Kt-Kt2; } \\ \text { QR-K1. } \\ \text { The text move not }\end{gathered}$ only weakened Black's King position and created a hole at his K3, but also completely shut in his KB. Black's only chance to free his pieces is to strive for an eventual P-KB4.
18. $\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{Q} 1$

White's obvious course is to bring all of his pieces to the K -side for a possible breakthrough. The Knight is, therefore. heading for K 3 and perhaps to KKt4-R6.
18. P....... PKt4

A desperate diversionary stroke which, however, tends to weaken Black's Qside position.
19. $\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{K} 3 \quad \mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{K}+2$

The beginning of the effort to effect P-B4.
20. R-B3

In order to double Rooks on the KB-
file.
21. Ktap

Also good was eapturing the pawn with the Bishop, since Black would not have been able to improve his position by playing P-B4, After 21. BxP, P-B4
there would have followed: 22 . P-K5, PxP; 23. P.Q6 ch, B-K3; 24. BxKP, with the upper hand.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 21. ...... } \\
& \text { 22. P.QR4 }
\end{aligned}
$$

B. $\mathrm{K}+4$

Best. 22. QR-KBI is not as good on account of 22. ........, P-B4; 23. PxP (if 23. P-K5, simply 23. ........, PxP; 24. Kt or BxP, QxP), BxKt; 24, BxB, KtxP and Black's chances have improved considerably.


Preparing for P-B4. 23. ........, P-B4 is bad because of 24 . P-K5, PXP P-K6); 25 . P-Q6 $\mathrm{ch}, \mathrm{K}-\mathrm{R} 1$; 26. PxB! (26. B×P is, of course, simpler), Q×Q; 27. PxR ch, RxQ; 28. BxP, R-K1 (if 28 . 27. PXR P-R3; 29. R-Q3, Q:QB7; 30. B-B3 followed by $\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{Q} 7$ ); 29. B B3, Q - $\mathrm{Q3}$ ( 29 . of 30 . Q-QB7 B is also ineffective because
Q-Kt6; 31. B-Kt5 with the double threat of BxR and $\mathrm{BxKt} \mathrm{ch}^{2}$ winning the Queen); 30. R-Q3, Q-B5
 R-Q7); 31. B-B7, R-KB1; 32. R-Q7, and wins.
24. P-KKt4

So that if Black plays P-B4 then Black's King will be dangerously exposed to attack.
24. ......., Q-Q2 was better but still in sufficient to hold on.

> 25. KPXP
> 26. QR-KB1

If 26. RxR ch, RxR (28. ......., BxR; 29. Q-B4 as in the game); 29. R×R ch, $\mathbf{B x R} ; 30$. Q-B4 followed by PxP with an easily won end-game, because the QRP cannot be defended.
27. RXRCh
28. PxP
$B \times R$
$Q-Q 2$
Black is attacking two pawns.
29. Q-B4


With the nasty threat of $\mathrm{Q} \times \mathrm{BB}, \mathrm{RXQ}$ RxR mate.
29. ........, K-Kt1 is no better because of the same reply as in the game. 30. B-Q3

Threatening 31. Q-K4 and QxP mate. Giving up a pawn for temporary relief. 31. QxP is good enough, but white 31. QxP is good enough, but white wants more than a pawn. ${ }_{\text {Kt-K1 }}$
(O1) $\mathrm{CS5}$ Lif ${ }_{\text {December 5, }}^{\text {Thurday, }} 1957$
There is nothing better. For if 31 . QxB; Q-K1; 32. Q.K4, Q-Kt3; 33. QxB,
 K4, Kt-K1; 33. R-B8 ch, K-Kt2; 34. Qx RP ch winning the Queen.
In order that Black should not have a check. Inadequate is 32, Q-B7 on account of 32 ........, QxP ch; 33. K-R1, Q-Kt2 and white can't make further progress. If 32 . Q-K4, Kt-B3; 32. Q-Q4 ch , K-Kt1; 33. B-B5 (threatening B-K6 ch), B-B3 saves Black.
33. Q-R6 was the immediate threat. 32. ….., B-B3 fails on account of 33, PKt5, B-Kt2; 34. Q-K4, BxP; 35. R-B8 ch, K-Kt2; 36. QxRP ch.
The loss of a plece is unavoidable.

$$
\text { 33. Kt-Kt5; 34. } \begin{gathered}
\text { R-K81 } \\
\text { Q- } 7
\end{gathered}
$$

33. ........ Kt-Kt5; 34. Q-B7 wins. If 33. ........, Kt-R4, the following neat Q4 ch could have come about: $34 . \mathrm{Q}$ Q4 ch, Kt-Kt2 (34, ......, K-Kt1; 35. B-P-KR4; 37. QxP ch, KtxQ; 38. R-R7 mate.
mate.

$\begin{array}{llll}\text { 37. } Q-B 4 & Q \times Q & \text { 42, } P-Q 6 & R \text { Resigns }\end{array}$
34. BxQ
Black must give up a piece for the passed pawn.

## 霓

Pan-American Chess Club (Washington, D.C.): Elected as officers for comIng year: Dr. Osvaldo Chaves (Ambassador of Paraguay to the United States) president, Carlos Urrutia vice-president, Jorge Grossmann secretary, Uliscs Consutegra alternate secretary, Arthur E. Gropp treasurer and team captain, Cesar A. Macchiavello alternate treasurer, Rafael I. Gutierrez tournament. These and Dr. Luis Quintanilla, honorary president, and Dr, Joaquin Fermoselle Bacardi, past president, constitute the board of directors. A USCF Club Affiliate.

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WHO CAN PLAY: Open to all fulltime under-graduate students at accredited higher institutions of the U.S. who are members (or become members) of the U.S. Chess Federamembers) Entrants must show valid matriculation cards or other identification indicating college status. Awards: Winner recognized as U.S. Awards: Winner recognized as Chess Champion, is given 2-year custody of $N$. Arthur Nobel Trophy, and receives a $\$ 300.00$ scholarshlp. 2nd and 3rd place winners receive scholarships in amounts determined by
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ness pairings. Time limit: 50 moves in $21 / 2$ hours. Director: Frederick $H$. Kerr.
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GAMES BY USCF MEMBERS

Annotated by Chess Master JOHN W. COLLINS

USCF MEMBERS: Submit your best games for this department to JOHN W. COLLINS, 91 Lenox Road, Brooklyn 26, N. Y. Space being limited, Mr. Collins will select the most interesting and instructive for publication. Unless othernise stated notes to games are by Mr. Collins.

## UNVEILING OF THE ESOTERIC

To many chess players, midgame maneuvers by the masters remain an impenetrable mystery. Some of the secrets are laid bare in this encounter between Attilio DiCamillo, the Philadelphia Master, and George Meyer, the former Bavarian Master and present Washington, D. C. Speed Champion, on the warm pullulating soil of North Catrolina.

## RUY LOPEZ

(Center Attack)
MCO: page 251, column 107
Carolinas Open Championship
Greensboro, 1957
Notes by Norman M. Hornstein, M.D. White Black $\begin{array}{lll}\text { G. MEYER P.K4 } & \text { 4. A. DiCAMILLO } \\ \text { 1. P4 } \\ \text { R }+ \text { B3 }\end{array}$

Usual is 5.0 .0 ; but in elther case, Black does best to transpose to the text below A classic example is Morphy-Lowen thal (1858): 5. P-Q4, PxP; 6. P-K5, Kt-K5; 7. O-O, Kt-B4 (......, B-K2 is best); 8 . BxKt, QPxB; 9. KtxP, Kt-K3; 10. KtxKt, BxKt; 11. Q-K2, B-QB4; 12. Kt-B3, Q-K2; 13. Kt-K4 and Black can no longer safely castle.
Horowitz analysis disposes of other moves, and modern masters adopt the text exclusively.
6. O.0 B-K2 7. P.K5
7. R-K1 has lost favor since Reshevsky. Euwe, 7. ......., P-QKt4; 8. P-K5, KtxP! 9. RxKt, P-Q3!; 10. R-Kt5, PxB; 11. RxP, Kt -R4 (Dubrovnik, 1950) or after 9 . KtxKt, PxB; 10. QxP, O-O; 11. QxP, RKt1 in Fuderer-Euwe, Beverwjik, 1952 . An exciting alternative with
An exciting alternative with many traps is 8. Ktxp to which Black has three replies: KtxKt. O.O, or Kt-B4.
 favors Black. First, one recalls the love ly MCO trap, 9. KtxP, KtxB; 10. Kt-B5, B-B1; 11. Kt-Q6 ch, PxKt; 12. PxP ch, B-K2; 13: PxB, KtxKP; 14. Q-Q6, 0.O; 15. RxKt wins. However, after Di's 9 , …..., O-0; 10. Kt-B5 still leads to equality. A ninteresting try after 9. Ktxp, KtxKt; 10. QxKt, O.O; 11. Kt-B3, P.O3; 12. B-B4, B-K3, modifying Euwe's Pre scription in one of my correspondence games vs. Kenneth Wililamson, Alabama Champion, gave Black easy equality.
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { 9. ........ } & \text { QPXB 11. Kt-QB3 }\end{array}$
A crucial position in this variation.
The newer and more attractive move is 11. ........, P-B4! Then if 12. P-B4?, KtK3; 13. Kt-B3, B-Kt5 with the better position for Black. Or if $12 . \mathrm{Kt} / 3-\mathrm{K} 2$, Kt-K3; 13. KtxKt, QxQ; 14. RxQ, BxKt 15. Kt-Q4, B-B1!

## 2. B-B

This move proves that an adage is not necessarily an axiom. It follows the Nibzowitch precept 'Overprotect the ad vanced pawn.' Yet it seems to lead to

## PERSONAL SERVICE

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lost game for White, Best is 12. B.K3, B-B1; 13. Q-R5!, P-KKt3; 14. Q-Kt5, QxQ; 15. BxQ, P-R3; 16. B-B6 with a plus for White.
12. ....... $\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{K} 3 \quad$ 13. $\mathrm{Kt} \times \mathrm{Kt} \quad \mathrm{Q} \times \mathrm{Q}$ Black obtains control of the Open file and two powerful Bishops.
14. K+xa

Black still has an edge after 14. QRxQ, BxKt; 14. P.QR3 (to prevent the dis rupting B-QKt5), QR-Q1. His Q-side paw nmajority and two Bishops in support are powerful.
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { 14. } & \text { K......K3 } & \text { BXKt } & \text { 16. KR-Q1 P-QB4 }\end{array}$ The purpose of this move is to play 17. ........, R-Q5 (attacking the B) and doubling the Rs on the open Q-file 17. P-QB3

Practically forced but a new weakness is created on Q6.
In spite of the fact that one pawn is In spite of the fact that one pawn is doubled, the Q-side pawns spell out
Black's forthcoming victory. $\begin{array}{llll}\text { 18. P-QK } \dagger 3 & \text { P-B5 } & \text { 20. QR-K } 11 & \text { P.K } \dagger 4\end{array}$ 19. P×P P×P 20. QR


A Machieavellian tactic that puts the Bishop out of communication with the main battleground, gives Black's King a loophole, thus allowing his Rs to advance.

## 21. B-K+3 RxReh

DiCamillo shows that this move is better than R-Q6 as he is now enabled to place the remaining $R$ on the mighty seventh rank.
22. R×R R-K+1

The threat of mate prevents Kt-Q5. 23. P-KR3 P.QB3 25. K-R2 P.KR4 24. R-Q2 R-K+8Ch

This threat to the Bishop leaves the White Knight vulnerable and gives more scope to Black's KB
26. P-B3 B-QB4 27. B-B2

This move looks as mysterious B-Kt3 gesture by a Hindu temple dancer as a has three materialistic ends: 1) Prevents a check; 2) Protects the Bishop; 3) Puts White almost in zugzwang. Puts Wh
$28 . \mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{Q1}$
In dire straits, one hesitates to call this move a blunder. If 28. R-B2, P-R4 (to play P-QR5, R6 and R-Kt7); 29. Kt-Q1, B-KB4; 30. R-Q2, RxKt!; or 30. R-Kt2, BxB!
 $\begin{array}{llll}\text { 29. } \mathrm{RXR} & \mathrm{BXB} & \text { 33. } \mathrm{RXP} & \mathrm{BXPCh} \\ \text { 30. } \mathrm{R} \cdot \mathrm{Q} 8 \mathrm{ch} & \mathrm{K}-\mathrm{K}+2 & \text { 34. } \mathrm{K} \cdot \mathrm{K}+1 & \begin{array}{lll}\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{K}+7\end{array}\end{array}$ 31. R-QR8 B-K8 Resigns
(The annotator takes pleasure in thanking the winner for his helpful notes.)

## 雨

## ANOTHER SUCCESSFOK 1 Kt-QR3!

## DURKIN ATTACK

## U.S. Open Championship Cleveland, 1957

Notes by U.S. Expert H. V. Hesse. White

## R. DURKIN

J. w. COLLINS 1. Kt -QR3

As far as I know, this move was first played and elaborated on by Robert Durkin, who says, "If I play Kt-QR3 on the second move my opponent might suspect that I am unskllled in
the art, whereas on the first move he will know it, and the surprise is more enjoyable." Incidentally, Durkin has been playing this move for twenty years.
It is not to be expected that such a line will give White any advantage, but he should get interesting equal games, e.g. 1. Kt-QR3, P-K4; 2. Kt-B4, $\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{QB} 3 ;{ }^{3}, \mathrm{P}-\mathrm{K} 4$,
$\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{B} 4 ;$
5. Kt-K3, Kt-B3, P-Q3;
$\mathrm{Kt} 3 ;$
6. P-Q3, to give a single possibility

1. ....... Kt-KB3 2. P-KB4

White now gets a form of the Dutch Defense, with colors reversed.
$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { 2. } & \text { P.....B3 } & \text { P.Q4 } & \text { 4. P-K3 }\end{array}$
${ }_{5}$ 2. $\mathrm{K} \cdot \mathrm{B3}$ P-KKt3 5. B-K2 5. P-B4 is an excellent alternative, once Black plays P-B4 this is not possible because of the reply P-Q5.
6. O-O P.B4

Building up the Stonewall formation, White's game is satisfactory,
$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { 7. } & \text { P..... } & \mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{B3} 3 & \text { 9. Q-K1 } & \text { Q-B4 }\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { 8. P.Q4 } \\ \text { Or } 9 . & \text { Q-K...... K5; 10, Q-R4, P-B3 with }\end{array}$ Or 9.
an extremely difficult position for an extremely difficult position for
both sides. The text move gives White both sides. The text move gives White an opportunity to occupy $\mathrm{en}^{4}$.
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { 10. PXP Q×BP } & \text { 12. QKt-Q4 }\end{array}$
11. Kt-QKt5 QR-Q1

Or 12. ........, B-K5, but Black is reserving this square for the Knight.
13. KtxKKtP KtrKt 14. QxKt

For if 15, Q-Kt7, K-K21 Q.B3 to ....... For if 15. Q-Kt7, K-K2! and to his oth-
er threats Black adds QR-KKt1, trapping the $Q$.
$\begin{array}{lcc}\text { 15. } \ldots \ldots . . . & \underset{Q \times P}{\mathrm{~B} K+} & \text { 17. P-Q5 }\end{array}$ This is the time for White to strike if he is to justify his play to this point. The defense hangs on a hair. 17. ...... O-O-O 18. PXKP PXP 18. .......... Kt-B4; 19. B-K2 gives White too much play, for his $Q$ now has access to K5.
19. B-K2

The crisls is past (and the game Immediately bullds to another). The point was that if 19. RxKt, RxR (not KxR; 20. Q-Kt7 ch); 20. QxR ch, R-Q1 and White drops his $Q$ because on 21. QxP, Q-R8 ch; 22. K-B2, Q-Q8 ch; 23. K-B3, Q-Kt6 mate. Now RxKt is threat-

## ened. <br> 19. ........ KR-K+1 20. B-R5 P-R4!



Black needn't (and, indeed, couldn't) take time out for defense.
21. B-B7 P-KłS 22. Q-Q4

Or 22. Q-Q2, Kt-B4; 23. Q-B4, Q-R8 ch; 24. K-B2, P-Kt6 ch; 25. K-B3, Kt-R5 ch 26. KxP, B-R3 ch; 27. KxP, QxP ch; 28. KxKt, Q-Kt5 mate.
22. ........ $\quad$ P. 66 Resigns
$\begin{array}{lrr}\text { 22. } & \text { 23.... } & \mathrm{P} . \mathrm{B6} \\ \text { 23 } & \text { Resigns }\end{array}$
White either is mated or losses his after 24. Q-Q3, P-Kt7 ch; 25. K-Q2, P $K t 8(Q)$ ch and 26 . ........, QxQ. There was a certain poetic justice in the fina sac of the gambit pawn to bring the game full circle.

## BRIEF AND LOGICAL

QUEEN'S GAMBIT DECLINED MCO: page 154, column ${ }^{1}$ Cenfer Moriches, 1957 Notes by D. Stubblebine

## White <br> White

D. STUBBLEBINE
$\begin{array}{llr}\text { 1. } & \mathrm{P}-\mathrm{Q} 4 & \mathrm{P}-\mathrm{Q4} \\ \text { 2. } & \mathrm{K} t-\mathrm{KB} 3 & \mathrm{~K} t-\mathrm{KB} 3\end{array}$
B. SUNRAY
$\begin{array}{lr}\text { P-B4 } & \text { P-K3 } \\ \text { B-Kt5 } & \text { P-KR3 }\end{array}$

Black prefers to avoid the complica tions of the Vienna Variation after 4 B-Kt5 ch. A sharp contest results from the Russian Varlation 4 . PxP: 5. P-K4, P-Kt4; 6. P-K5.
5: B-R4 P-KK 4
Black fears the pin and becomes over anxious to trade off the hostile QB. 6. B-Kt3 $\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{R4} \quad$ 8. BxB KtxB 7. B-K1 Kt-R4 8. BXB

This Knight remains inactive throughThis the sige straight development out the game. bigh 9. $\mathrm{P} \times \mathrm{P} \quad \mathrm{P} \times \mathrm{P} \quad$ 12. Kt-K5 $\begin{array}{llll}\text { 10. } \mathrm{Kt-B3} & \mathrm{P}-\mathrm{QB} 3 & \text { 12. } \mathrm{P} \text {-KKK } \mathrm{K}+4 & \mathrm{P} \\ \mathrm{B}-\mathrm{B} 2 \\ \end{array}$ Best. If 13. ........, PxKt; 14. PxB, KtxP; Best. If 13. ......., PxKt; 14. PxB, Ktxp PxP; 15. QxP with a decisive attack. 14. Kt-Q3 Kt-Q2 15. Q-K2
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Threatening } & \text { P-K4. } & \\ \text { 15. ........ } & \text { Q-B2 } & \text { 16.0.0 }\end{array}$
The position has reached a point where White can afford to get his King to safety before attacking. The center is fluid ant White's picces are aggres sively placed.
16. ....... 0.0-0
17. K-K+1 K-Kt1 Black wastes time. He should try to centralize his KKt via K3.
19. B-K+2

To connect the Rooks and occupy the important long diagonal.
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { 19. ........ Kt-Kt3 } & \text { 20. P.KR4 } \\ \text { White doesn't fear ............ }\end{array}$ White doesn't fear ......... Kt-B5. He pre-
fers a diversionary action on the opposite wing.

$\begin{array}{ll}\text { 21. PxP } \\ \text { If 22. RxP, } & \text { BPXPt; 23. QxB, RxR and }\end{array}$ wins.
22. P-Kt3
A fatal weakening of the King's field. $\begin{array}{lcl}\text { 23. Kt-R6 } & \text { Q-Q3 } \\ \text { If } 23 . & \text {......., } \mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{Kt2} \text {; 24. P-Kt3 (24. KtxP }\end{array}$ If $23 ., \ldots . . .$. Q Q-Kt2; 24. P-Kt3 (24. KtxP
would win if it were not for 24 . ....... RxKt), QxKt; 25. PxKt, QxP; or 25. 24. P..... PxP; 26. QxQ or 26. BxP ch.


At last!
What else3s If ${ }^{24}$
What else3/8 If 24. PxP; 25. QxKt and wins. If 24 . ......., KR-K1; 25. P-K when 26. KtxP is decisive. If 24. Q-K2; 25. PxP. QxQ; 26. KtxQ, PxP
27. BxP ch, RxB (forced); 27. BxP ch, RxB (forced); 28. Kt-B7 ch and wins. Finally if 24. ........, K-Kt2; 25. PxP and wins again.
25. Kł×B QR-K1
 Despair!
28. Bxp mate

A very taxing game, but most refreshing!

## SURPRISE FINISH

+ 


## KING'S INDIAN REVERSED

U. S. Open Championship

Cleveland, 1957
Notes by U. S. Master Saul Wanetick White D. RICHARDSON S. WANETICK 1. P.K4 P.OB

One of the strongest defenses. Black avoids being tied down in the center
$\left.\begin{array}{llllr}\text { as happens in the Ruy } & \text { Lopez. } \\ \text { 2. } & \text { Kt-KB3 } & \text { P-Q3 } & \text { 6. } & \text { O.O } \\ \text { Kt-B3 } \\ \text { 3. } & \text { P-Q3 } & \text { P-KKt3 } & \text { 7. } & \text { QK+-Q2 }\end{array}\right)$ O.O

So that P-QKt4 would be impossible for Black when White plays Kt-B4.
8. ........ P-Q4
9. PxP?

Freeing Black's game, 9. R-K1 is better. 9. KtxP 11. R-K1 B-Kt2 10. Kt-B4 $\quad$ P-Kt3 12. B-Q2 $\quad$ Threatening to trade Black's KB. 12. ........ P-KR3 14. P.R5 R-B1 13. Q-B1 K-R2

If 14. ........ P-QKt4 then P-R6 with advantage to White.
Here this Kt cannot be easily dislodged because of the unfortunate position of he White Queen.
17. PxP R-R7 R-82 I is at this point that I was hoping or a future move with my QB where the White $R$ would be en prise.

## 18. $\mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{Kt} 4$ ?

18. KtxQKtP does not win a pawn because in all variations White will lose a piece when the Black Queen goes to Kt1. 18. Q-Q1 is preferable as White can drive away the Kt by $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{QB} 3$.
19. ........ P-B4!

Putting a pawn to work and giving a $R$ some scope, 19. KtxRP would leave the Kt stranded.
19. $\mathrm{K} \uparrow / \mathrm{K} \dagger 4-\mathrm{K} 3$ ?

K5 should be played.
Finall... KtxKt
Finally my wildest dream comes true! 20. PxKt??

RxKt is best, but allows an attack after P-B5.
20. $\quad$ BxB
21. $\mathbf{R} \times \mathrm{R} \quad \mathrm{Kt}-\mathrm{B} \mathbf{6 c h}$ !

Ein zwischenzug.
22. KxB KłxRch

Resigns
暗害
Join the USCF: it Is always a sound opening move.
(1)USS Life $\begin{gathered}\text { Thursday, } \\ \text { December } 5,1957\end{gathered}$

GUEST ANNOTATORS $\stackrel{\text { H. }}{\text { Norman }}$ M. Hosse . Hornstein, M.D. D. Stubblebine Saul Wanetick


Idaho Chess Association: After a slow start the state team matches are under way. Nampa bested Boise 51/2-11/2 in first meeting but lost $41 / 2-21 / 2$ in return encounter. Victors in 1st match for Nampa were Dr. D. Groenig, J. Stanke, R. Parker, E. H. Horstman, and J. Williamson while A. B. Ellis drew. W. Jennings scored for Boise with C. H Stewart drawing. In 2nd round C. H. Stewart, J. Cosmo, M. W. Wrlght and G. Rasor won for Boise while N. Skir mants drew. E. H. Horstman and C. E. Harris tallied for Nampa with R. Parker drawing.

## A Chess-Word Puzzle

## By Charles E. Gersch

(Solution will appear in the next issue of CHESS LIFE)


## DEFINITIONS

ACROSS
Chernev called it "the heart of chess"
10. Tiny, as an advantage.
11. One of eight on the chessboard.
12. "Chess-Glance"
13. Pawn and two, for example. 14. Chessplayer's cry
17. Former world champion
19. Part of the name of a defense.
20. Girt's nickname
22. Poul Morphy's middle name: abbr. 24. One variety of chess.
29. Trophy.
30. Become fotigued.
32. To obtain by a close margin, as, toout a win.
33. First name of a CHESS LIFE columnist 34. Part of the title of a book by Fine
36. Variation within the Queen's Gambit Declined.

DOWN

1. Initials of the fomous "drawing master".
2. Where the 1949 U.S. Open was held.
3. Ends the game.
4. One of the Eternal Combatants.
5. He: French.
6. First name of a hypermodern grand master.
7. Bay's nickname.
8. Purported origin of a group of defenses.
9. Approves of: colloq.
10. Approves of: colloq.
11. Mr. Harkness, to his friends
12. Australion chess magazine. "Chess 18. Hit gently ${ }^{\prime \prime}$.
13. Hit gently.
14. 19th Century master.
15. First name of grandmaster of the
16. Fentury moster. 1920 's.
17. Stahtberg is one.
18. Stahiberg
19. Captured
20. Transmit, as moves
21. Russion grandmast
22. Ministerial title abr.
23. First word in many annotations
24. Southeast obbr

## Mate The Subtle Way!

by Nicholas Gabor

Well as original compositions for publication (two-column, including solutions as from composars anywhere should be sent to Nicholas Gabor, Hosel Kemper Lane, Cincinnati 6, Ohio.

Problem No. 843
By Leroy W. Turner Concord, California "Gamage Memorial" International Contest


Mate in two
Problem No. 845 By Martin S. Lubell Pittsburgh, Pa. "Gamage Memorial" International Contest

By Edgar Holladay Charlottesville, Virginia
"Gamage Memorial"
International Contest


Mate in two
Problem No. 846
By Robert E. Burger Palisades, N. Y.
"Gamage Memorial" International Contest

problem No. 848
By W. E. Frank Fillery
Vancouver, Canada
"Gamage Memorial"
International Contest


Mate in three


Mate in three

## Solutions-Mate the Subtle Way!

No. 825 Taliani: intention 1. P-Q4 with threat 2. N-B7. Cook 1. N-B7 ch! K-B4, 2. N-N7 mate. No. 826 Dimitrow: key 1. NxP with the double threats of 2 . N takes either $N$. The keypiece may be captured by 6 ways leading to 6 variations, 4 of them exploiting the self-pin. No. 827 Riesveld: the tries 1. Q-N3 and 1. P-B8 (Q or R) are met by 1. ......., N-N3. Key 1. Q-KR2 changing the set mates after the checking moves of the queen. No. 828 Welikij: set mates: 1. ........, KxN, 2 . Q-K6 and $1 . . . . . . . ., \mathrm{K}-\mathrm{Q} 4,2 . \mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{B5}$. In these set mates the self-pinnings of the NB3 are used. After the key move: 1. N-B6 threatening 2. R(3)xN, the pinning functions of the BR8 are shifted over to those of the RR6: 1. ........, KxN, 2. R-KN3 and 1. ........, K-Q3, 2. R-Q3. No. 829 Riley: key 1. Q-K5, threat 2. QxR and 3. B-Q4. No. 830 Hielle-Andersen: key 1. Q-N2, threat 2, B-B2 and 3. Q-N8 mate. If 1.,......, P-N4, 2. B-QB3: 1. ...... B-N4, 2. B-R5; 1. ........, K-B5, 2. Q-B ch!: 1. ......., P-K3. 2. N-K2 ch!

# Solustion $\%_{0}$ <br> What's Tho Buat Mour? 

## Position No. 218

Smyslov-Petrosian, Zurich 1953
The winning move is 1 . Q-Q6: defending his KRP and preparing to queen his QP. If then 1. ......., N -B7ch; 2. K-R4 P-KN4ch; 3. K-R5, Q-KB4; 4. Q-KB6! and Black is defenseless because 4.

QvQP allows mate in two. Or if 1. ….... P-KN3; 2. P-Q8(Q), N-B7ch; 3. K-R4, Q-KR5ch; 4. K-N3, N-RBch; 5. K-B4. QxRPch; 6. K-K4, and White escapes the checks, Finally, if QxBP; 2. P-Q8(Q), N-K4ch; 3. K-B5, and again White escapes the checks win ning easily
In the game, Smyslov played 1. QxNen, PxQ; 2. P-Q8(Q). Here a draw was agreed to because both grandmas. ters saw that if elther tried to win the other could force perpetual check. Other tries at White's first move are not satisfactory. If 1. P-Q8(Q), Black mates in two. If 1. QxQ or 1. Q-K4ch White loses his QP after the exchange of queens, and, contrary to the opinion expressed by some of our solvers Black has all the winning chances in the resulting ending. If 1. Q-Q4, Black forces perpetual check by 1 RP.
Correct solutions are acknowledged from: David Allen* Bill Bundick, A. Dunne, Ed. Gault. Edmund Godbold, J. R. Goodwin, John W. Horning, Jack Matheson, Stephen Meyer, Ed Nash, George W. Payne, John A. Pranter, Bob Raven, George Ross*, Frank C. Ruys, Bob Steinmever, Walter Stellmacher. W. E. Stevens, George V. Tiers, Francis Trask, Hugh Underwood, William B. Wilson, and Neil P. Witting, The solvers suffer a narrow defeat against this position by 23-27.

## Solutions

Finish It The Clever Way!
Position No. 213: 1. B-B8!, K-Kt6; 2 B-R6, P-B7; 3. P-B5, and White wins If 1. ....... P-B7; 2. B-R3, K-Kt6; 3, B-B1 and wins.
Position No. 214: 1. P-KR4, RxP; 2 , K-B5, R-R7; 3. R-QKt4, K-R3; 4. K-B6, R-B7 ch; 5. K-Q6, R-B8; 6. K-K6, R-B4 7. K-B6, K-R4; 8. R-KB4, K-Kt3; 9. K-Kt6, R-B8; 10. P-R5, R-Kt8 ch; 11. K B7. K-B2; 12. R-B6, K-Q2; 13. P-R6, RKR8; 14. K-Kt7, K-K2; 15. R-KKt6, R KB8; 16. P-R7, R-B2 ch; 17. K-R6, and Black resigned
R. W. E. DeWolfe of Hartford has gained recognition in a special article in the Hartford, Conn. Times for his seven years' work in teaching chess in the "Institute of Living" programs in service clubs, at schools and community groups in and around Hartford. Mr. DeWolfe has been particularly successful in demonstrating to the Hartford School Board that chess could be used to hold the attention of "academic floaters" in the high school and could be used to teach how to think by the mental processes developed in learning chess.

Send to CHESS LIFE, 123 No. Humphrey Ave., Oak Park, III. for applicafion form for announcing tournament in this column.

Uniess otherwise specified, all tournaments announced in this column are $100 \%$ USCF rated. Rating fees, if any, ar
rating fee for non-members USCF.

## December 7-8

## 2th Oklahoma Open Championship

 Oklahoma City, Okla.Open; at Biltmore Hotel; 5 rd Swiss, 45 moves 1st $2 \mathrm{hrs} . ;$ business and players' meeting 10 a.m. Saturday; 1 st rd commences 12 noon; highest ranking Oklahoma resident State Champion; 1st prize $50 \%$ of net proceeds, 2nd $25 \%$, 3rd $15 \%$, 4th $10 \%$, trophy to winner and/or State Champion, also medals to USCF Class A, B, C, Women's and Junior champions; entry fee: $\$ 5$ to USCF members, juniors $\$ 2$; TD George Koltmembers, juniors $\$ 2$; TD George Koltanowski, for detains, wrie. Jery Spann, 3011 Paseo, Oklahoma City 18, Okla Simultaneous exhibition by Koltanow
ski Friday 8 p.m. December
$100 \%$ USCF rated event.

## December 13-15

3rd Morphy Centennial Tourney West Orange, N. J.
Open; at Log Cabin Chess Club, 30 Collamore Terrace, West Orange; 5 rd Swiss begining Friday evening; entry Swiss begining Friday evening; entry ee for senlors $\$ 10$ for $\$ 3$ rerund on completing schedule, for juniors $\$ 7$ with 5 refund, an particpants must be or become USCF members (due $\$ 5$ ); 1 st prize $\$ 120$, 2nd $\$ 110,3$ rd $\$ 100$, 4th $\$ 75$ 5th $\$ 50$, 6 th $\$ 30$, 7 th $\$ 15,8$ th $\$ 10$, 9 th $\$ 5$ and 1 st junior $\$ 10$, 2nd $\$ 5$; limited num ber of accomodations avallable at Log Cabin Club for those applying early; for details, write: E. Forry Laucks, Log Cabin Chess Club, 30 collamore Terrace, West Orange, N. J.
$100 \%$ USCF rated event.

## December 26-28

Christmas Holiday Tournament Kansas City, Mo.
Open; at Kansas City YMCA, 10th \& Oak Sts., Kansas City, Mo.; 7 rd Swiss, Oak Sts., Kansas City, Mo.; 7 rd Swiss, ( $\$ 3.50$ for Juniors); First Prize is $50^{\circ}$ of net proceeds, othre prizes for 2nd of net proceeds, othre prizes 3rd, 4th, Junior, Women, and Dlase. 26 ist rd at 7:30 p.m. on Thurs. Dec. 26 bring men, boards, and clocks; TD Morton W. Luebbert, Jr.; for detans, write: Morton W. Luebbert, Jr., Grain alley, Mo
$100 \%$ US

## January 18-19

Glass City Open Tournament Toledo, Ohio
Open; at Toledo YMCA, 1110 Jeffer son Ave., Toledo; 5 rd Swiss, 45 moves per $1 \frac{1}{2}$ hrs.. S-B tie-breaking, 1 st ra berins 1 p.m.: entry fee: $\$ 5$; prizes $50 \% 25 \%, 15 \%$ and $10 \%$ of prize con sisting of $60{ }^{\circ}$ of entry fees (less cos of trophy and engraving); Toledo City title and trophy to highest placing resident; Toledo open title to ranking resident; Toledo open title to ranking player in tmt (cash prize but no tro phy) adj. after 3 hrs. play; bring equip Pence, $1091 / 2$ E. Maumee St., Adrian Mich. $10 y / 2$. Maumee

Are You a Member?
Is Your Friend a Member?
Join the USCFI It is always a sound pening move. full credit for their previous solutions. A. Wall, and Gene Warren.

- Each asterisk equals one previous ladder win.


## WANTED: 2000 VOLUNTEERS

## JERRY SPANN, President

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I want to help in the USCF Membership Campaign. Put me down for service on the following committees:

Huron Valley (Mich.) Chess Club: With 14 charter members, the Huron Valley Chess Club was recently organized at Belleville, Mich. from residents of Belleville and Ypsilanti. Albert Baptist was chosen president, E. A. Dickerson, 178 Liberty St., Belleville, Mich., became secretary, and Harold E. Hurd treasurer. Immediate plans for a club tourney were initiated under a committee of Silas A. Moore, E. A. Dickerson, and Joseph H. Duffy. The organizational meeting of the new club attracted 18 players, and a report and photographer from the Ann Arbor photographer from the new club a good send-off with photo and feature story.

## Soluers' 'Ladder - What's The Best Move?

| (Includes solutions to positions through No. 218) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| G. Payne | 83 | R. Gibian | 213 | M. Cohen | 97 | W. Unterberg |
| W. Wilson*+** | 772 | K. Czerniecki | 21 | W. Bundick | 9 | R. Watson |
| E. Godbold | 71 | I. Frank | 21 | W. Stellmacher | 83 | M. Alexander |
| F. Trask | 70 | G. Baylor | 203 | J. Barry | 8 | A. Carter |
| E. Korpanty** | 683 | N, Witting* | 203 | R. Cook | 8 | J. Goodwin |
| M. Blumenthal | 64] | $F$. Lynch | 18 | J. Pranter | 8 | R. Mcintyre |
| C, Musgrove | 64. | H. Kaye | 174 | R. Raven | 8 | S. Meyer |
| M. Milstein | 50 | W. Newberry | 171 | R. Smith | 8 | D. Ruth |
| R. Steinmeyer | 45 | W. Stevens* | 17 | B. Adams | 71 | D. Rystrom |
| R. Hayes | 44 | Curtin | 163 | J. Lee | 72 | R. M. S. |
| P. Smith | 433 | E. Roman* | $16 \frac{1}{2}$ | E. Powell | 7 | R. Sinder |
| F. Ruys | 41 | F. Athey | 153 | B. Schimel | 7 | C. Vorspan |
| M. Schlosser | 361 | E. Einhorn | 143 | D. Stubblebine | 6 | D. Allan |
| E. Gault * | 342 | T. Cusick | 14 | A. Dunne | 53 | D. Bohley |
| J. Comstock*** | 34 | J. Davis | 14 | R. Woodworth | 5 | M. Brooks |
| J. Germain | 33 | J. Kreuger | 14 | G. Covington | 43 | W. Goetz |
| J. Ishkan | 33 | E. Nash**** | 13 | S. Marshall | 4i | E. Haller |
| H. Underwood* | 303 | J. Matheson | 122 | A. Bomberault* | 4 | P. Leith |
| A. Kafko | 29] | J. Scripps | $12 \frac{1}{2}$ | T. Curtis | 4 | E. Martin |
| R. Seiden | $29 \frac{1}{2}$ | G. Blair | 12 | V. Guala | 4 | D. Mela |
| H. Roberts | 27 | A. Valueff | $11 \frac{1}{2}$ | K. Keemer | 4 | D. Oderr |
| J. Horning | 253 | R. Baker | 11 | C. Geerz | 3 | G. Ross |
| I. Schwartz* | 24. | G. Tiers | 11 | F. Kemp | 3 | L. Scanlon |
| J. Weininger* | 243 | D. Johnson | 103 | $P$. Klebe | 3 | J, Yehl |
| L. Ware | 22 | H. McClellan | 10 | T. Reagor | 3 |  |

The published ladder includes only those solvers who have submitted at least one solution during the last three months. Other solvers may resume at any time with

We congratulate Mr. George W. Payne of Webster Groves, Missouri, on his successful climb to the top of our ladder. Mr. Payne wins the Quarterly Ladder cessful climb to the top of our ladder. Mr. Payne wins the
Prize and may start another climb from the foot of the ladder.
Prize and may start another climb from the foot of the ladder.
We take this opportunity to welcome these new solvers who join Mr. Payne at We take this opportunity to welcome these new solvers who join Mr. Payne at
the foot of our ladder: Alan L. Brown, H. L. Friedman, Richard Schnuder, George


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