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## What's The Best Move?

Conducted by
IRWIN SIGMOND
Send solutions to Position No. 251 to reach Irwin Sigmond, 5200 Williamsburg Blvd., Arlington 7, Va., by April 2, 1959. With your solution, please send analysis or reasons supporting your choice of "Best Move" or moves.
Solution to Position No. 251 will appear in the April 20, 1959 issue.

NOTE: Do not place solutions to two positions on one card; be sure to indicate correct number of position being solved, and give the full name and address of the solver to assist in proper crediting of solution.

## Operation <br> M 1000 NEW MEMBERS

(No, Operation $M$ has not reached its objective, nor has Fred Cramet's series of reports on its progress been discontinued. Our feverish attempts to speed up delivery of CHESS LIFE to the readers has messed up the deadline dates of several of our contributors, and, rather than fall back into the old two-weeks-behindschedule routine, we are not waiting for their copy. Readers and contributors, please forgive us.)

## AFFILIATE DIRECTORY

## COMING UP

Now that the ratings and the judges' reports of the Gamage Memorial problem competition have been published, our next important publication project is the compilation of a complete and up-to-date directory of all chess clubs and organizations affiliated with the USCF. There are about 150 of these at present, and Frank Brady is busily engaged in making up the current list, which will include the name of the affiliate, the names of the 1959 executive officers, the addresses of their regular meeting places, and the normal times of meetings. With this list, the USCF member from California who is touring New England can tell which town to head for to spend the night, and to get a few hot chess games on the side.
NOTICE TO OFFICIALS OF AF. FILIATED CLUBS. Please send in your up-to-date information on the above-mentioned points to Frank Brady, U. S. Chess Federation, 80 East 11th St., New York 3, N.Y. Even if you think you have already submitted this-send it again. It's much better to have too much information about your club than too little.

DEADLINE FOR MATERIAL: To make sure that your club is listed, your information should reach Frank Brady before April 1, 1959.

## HAVE CANDIDATESWILL TRAVEL

The heading above might well be the slogan of the Yugoslav Chess Federation for 1959. Information just made public by Folke Rogard, President of F.I.D.E., discloses that the 1959 Candidates Tournament will not bless Portoroz, as previously announced, but will visit three different Yugoslav cities. The tournament will open on September 9 at Bled, where the first 14 rounds will be played. On October 1 the scene of battle will be shifted to Zagreb, where the next seven rounds will be contested. On October 15 another move will take the masters to Belgrade where the final seven rounds will be played, where the final adjourned games will be completed, and where the tourney will crown its official candidate for the 1960 world-championship match on October 31. British master and FIDE international arbiter, Harry Golembek, will direct the tournament.
this issue of chess life is dedicated to ROBERT J. FISCHER
AMERICA'S TERRIFIC TEEN-AGER


This photograph of Bobby Fischer was taken by Kenneth Harkness during the recently-completed Rosenwald-U.S. Championship Tournament, in which the Brooklyn school-boy proved beyond a doubt that he is not only an international grandmaster of the first category, but also the Number One player in American Tournament Chess.

His marvelous performances in the last two U.S. Championships, and in the Interzonal Tournament at Portoroz, have made him a favorite, in some quarters, to take the Candidate's Tournament this summer in Yugo-Slavia, and to qualify for a 1960 match with Botvinnik for the championship of the world. Several enthusiastic American chess experts are already on record as favoring him to win the title from Botvinnik. We hope he can, and that he will do just that.

Others point out that some of the greatest tournament players of history have been unable to excell in match play, and they advise Bobby to get some experience in this branch of chess as soon as possible. CHESS LIFE is informed that the young grandmaster is anxious to play a match with some qualified opponent. Lombardy and Reshevsky have been mentioned as possible opponents. A match with either of them would give the boy some badly-needed experience, and the games produced in such a match would enrich our national chess literature.

# Finish It The Clever Way! by Edmund Nash 

Position No. 219<br>Batuyev vs. Abdusamatov USSR, 1951

Position No. 220
By N. Grigoriev
USSR, 1930


White to play and win.


White to move and draw

In position No. 219, we have an example of the double Bishop sacrifice, in an attack on the castled King. The win becomes clear after three to six moves, depending on Black's choice of defensive moves.

In Position No. 220, the outstanding Russian endgame analyst demonstrates that a single pawn can sometimes draw against two connected pawns.

For solutions, please turn to page 7, col. 3 .
Send all contributions for this column to Edmund Nash, 1530 28th Place, S.E., Washington, 20, D.C.

## BIG D REPORTS

Delayed reports from Dallas indicate that USCF Master Kenneth R. Smith is the man to beat (don't ask us how) in that city. In the 1958 Dallas Championship Finals he swept a 12 -entrant round robin with the magnificent score of 110 . C. $A$ - Feare with $61 / 2-31 / 2$ was second, R. B. Potter, with 6-5, was third, while Leon Poliakoff and W. T. Strange, each with $51 / 2-41 / 2$, furnished the only other plus scores.
The Dallas Class A Finals, a 10 entrant round robin, was won by Wayne Connaway, with $81 / 2-1 / 2$. James Stallings with $6-3$ took second place, with James Morton and Lex Svabs each scoring 5-4, to tie for third and fourth places.
The Class B Finals went to Francis Collins who scored $71 / 2-11 / 2$, nosing out second-place Dan W. Denny who scored 7-2, losing only to Collins and to third-place William D. Willis, Jr. who scored $61 \frac{1}{2}-21 / 2$. W. B. Akin and R. T. Scales tied for fourth place with 6-3.
Then came the 1958 Dallas Open, in which Kenneth R. Smith again displayed his mastery. He topped a 35 -player Swiss with another clean sweep, scoring $5-0$. The competition was a bit closer in this event, since David C. Heap was also undefeated, and scored $41 / 2-1 / 2$ to take second place. Byron Douglas won four and lost only to Smith, to take third place with 4-1. Bob Temple, B. L. Wright, Robert Miller, Bill Fowler and Ben Shaffer finished in that order after their $31 / 2 \cdot 11 / 2$ tie had been broken. Lex Svabs, Ted C. Anderson, Jr., Owen W. Johnson, J. M. Moulden, W. T. Strange, Leon Poliakoff, Jimmy Stallings, and Larry D. Ware finished in that order after their $3-2$ tie had been broken by Solkoff and S-B points.

The 1958 Dallas Amateur Championship was played simultaneously with the Open, and the 28 -player event, designed to give young or inexperienced players a chance to play in an organized tournament, was won by David Landers, who won four and drew one for a $41 / 2-1 / 2$ score. Mark Preisman, Lomas L. Freeman, and Paul Funk finished in that order with 4-1. Franklin Frickey, Jr., John Thurmond, and Robert Craft placed 5th7th on Solkoff points after scoring $31 / 2-1 \frac{1}{2}$. Stuart Garrison, the only player to face three of the first four prize-winners, (He handed Preisman his only loss, losing in turn to Freeman and Funk) scored 3-2 to top a five-way tie for 8th place, over Veskae W. Zinn, Gary Herrman, Pat Varnell, and Wilson Hulme.

Quiz Position from Larry Evans'

## New Ideas In Chess Diagram 182

This is one of 36 quiz positions given in Chapter 6 of the book. The quiz text below the diagram (page 162) reads: 'White moves. He has a winning inter' polation. What is it?'
(For solution see page 3, col. 4)

## Diagram 182



## WITH THE CLUBS

The Norfolk Open was played January 24.25 at the Norfolk USO, with a five-minute speed tournament held at its conclusion. The leaders (all plus scores) were Fred Casten, Brooklyn, N. Y., serviceman first with $4-1$; George N. Y., serviceman first with 4-1; George Trefzer, New port News, Va., second with $31 / 2 \cdot 11 / 2$; Dr. A. C. Acevedo, Oceana Naval Air Station, Va., third with $31 / 2$ $11 / 2$ (including a W-Bye); and David Shook, Newport News, Va., fourth with 3-2 (including a W-Bye). Seven entries.
The leaders of the five-minute speed tournament were A. C. Acevedo first with 5.1; David Shook, Sam Mason (Newport News and Claude Bloodgood III (Norfolk) shared second to fourth with $4-2$. Seven entries.
The Norfolk Chess Team is a separate group of players who play team matches with local and or distance teams. This is not a club but they do hold two tournaments per year open only to members of the team The Norfolk Chess Team Individual Championship (Winter) was played Janwary 27 -February 3 , at the Central YMCA. The leaders were R. E. Cetenski, Bayside, Va., first with $9-1$ ( 8 wins and 2 draws); Pal Sternberg, Norfolk, Va., second with 7-3; Claude Bloodgood III, Norfolk, Va., third with $61 / 2 \cdot 31 / 2$. Six entries. This tournament was not originally planned as a USCF rated originally planned as a a bers are willing to join.

The Southern California High School Championship was concluded January 24, 1959, at the Herman Seiner Chess Club, with Steve Mann of Polytechnic High, the winner of the gold trophy and a year's membership to U. S. and a year's membership to Chess Federation, scoring $61 / 2 \cdot 1 / 2$. His Chess Federation, scoring
only draw being with John Mortz. Dennis Busch, Fairfax High, scored 6-1 for second place, losing only to Mann, alseeond place, losing only to Mann, aiso winning a gold trophy, plus a year's membership to the California Chess Association. Third place went to John Mortz, Southgate High, who, in addition to his draw with Mann, lost to Busch, scoring $51 / 2-11 / 2$, and was award ed a gold trophy.
Ken Hense, Dorsey, and Paul Herson Westchester, tied for 4 th and 5 th, $43 / 2$ $21 / 2$. Dan Berger, Fairfax, Bill Cum mings, Southgate, Walt Cunningham Alhambra, and Mike Yaffe, No. Hollywood, tied for 6 th to 9 th, $4-3$. Kirk Dawes, Westchester, at $31 / 2-31 / 2$ was tenth. Dennis Holt, James Kauder, Jim Mckinney, and John Owen were tied 11 th to 14 th, with $3-4$. Gordon King and John Strong scored $2-5$ for 15 th and 16th. There were 26 finalists, out of a field of 80 starters.

At Port Arthur, Texas, a six-game match between two ranking Juniors was won by Thomas Cunningham, who scored 4.1 against Claude Blanchard.

| ENGLISH | OPENING |
| :---: | :---: |
| White | Black |
| CUNNINGHAM | BLANCHARD |
| 1. P-QB4 | P-K4 |
| 2. N-QB3 | N-KB3 |
| 3. P.Q3 | P-Q4 |
| 4. PXP | NXP |
| 5. Q-N3 | B-QN5 |
| 6. B-Q2 | B-K3 |
| 7. N-B3 | N-K6! |
| 8. Q-R4ch | B-Q2 |
| 9. Q-N3 | B-K3 |
| Draw by Repetition |  |

## ULVESTAD UNDEFEATED at Seattle

Olaf Ulvestad won six in a row to win the Washington Open at the Student Union of Seattle University in January, with a perfect 6-0 score. Jim McCormick took second place with a $5-1$ score. Dr. Groenig of Spokane topped a threeway tie for third place on Solkoff points, after he, Dr. Murray, and Dan Wade had each scored $41 / 2-11 / 2$. With the exception of Dr. Groenig, the prize winners in the 50 -player event were from Seattle.

## SIGNALS OVER

## VOLUNTEER ADJUDICATORS

 PLEASE NOTICE: Our thanks to the many readers (well, there were five) who took the time and trouble to analyze the position given in column 4, page 3, of the January 5 issue of CHESS LIFE. We gave you a bad time with a faulty diagram, and possibly with our assumption that "best moves" could be expected from both players. The diagram as printed was correct, at one stage of the proceedings, and showed the position at adjournment. Then WHITE was called in by the adjudicators and asked to make a sealed move. His move was R-R1. Consequently, the position which was declared drawn is the one given below-with BLACK to move. Since each of the five volunteer adjudicators started their analysis with $1 . \mathrm{RxR}$, it appears that perhaps R-R1 was not "best" for WHITE. That point is not important-the important facts are that WHITE did play 1. R-R1 from the position given in Jan. 5 issue, and that you are now asked to adjudicate the position below, with BLACK to move.Position for adjudication Black (8 pieces) to move


White (9 pieces)

## SW AP SHOP

Dr. Frank C. Ruys, 3611 Woodside Road, Woodside, California, offers the following items of chess ilterature, He did not mention any special wants, so write to him with your exchange offers.
My System-A. Nimzowitch
100 Remarkable Endings-P, Wenman Pan American Chess Tournament-Ed. A.C.B.
U.S.C.F. Tournament books (3) 1936, 1940, \& 1946
Ruy Lopez Opening booklet-Euwe
USSR Championship 1944 (in German) Mar de la Plata tournament April 1947 Tischgorin Memorial Tournament book (German)-1947
Studies of Chess 2 vols $\ln$ one 1810Philidor
Groningen Tournament 1946 (loose sup plements)
Thirty Endgames-Horwitz
Morphy's Games of Chess-Sergaent
Basic Chess Endings-Fine
435 Chess Compositions (Russian) 1956 Chess Archives-Euwe 1957 complete (in Dutch)

## Periodicals

Chess Review (not bound) 1947, 48, 49, 50,52 \& 53 (11 issues).
The Chess Correspondent 1948, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, \& 54. (not bound)
The Chess Amateur vol 12 1917-18 loose British Chess Magazine vol 59-1939 loose
Chess Digest (Calif.) vol 31950
Calif. Chess News vol 21949
The Chess Player's Magazine 1866 bound

## Loose Issues

Chess World (Australian) vol 2, No. 1 1947
Deutsche Schach Zeitung May 1956 Schaakmat (Dutch) 1947-No. 12-21

## WOODPUSHER'S <br> SCOREBOOK

An interesting note from Frank Brady , Assistant USCF Business Manager, CHESS LIFE's demon rejorter on the New York chess scene, and Class A Woodpusher, is worthy of more space than can be given. Extracts: "When man bites dog-that's news. But when Brady beats two masters in one eve-ning-that deser a spe 13 edition headlines! Up to January 13, 1959, my record against some 50 masters stood at about $2-198$, my two points having been earned in the following manner: $1 / 2$ point from a draw against Evans in a simultaneous; $1 / 2$ point from a draw with Collins in a friendly offhand game; 1 point from a win over Kaufman in a rapid-transit event. The other night at the Marshall when I walked in to play in the rapid, I was confront ed by such renowned personalities as Bobby Fischer, Bill Lombardy, Jimmy Sherwin, Jack Collins, Lou Levy, Wal ter Shipman, Allan Kaufman, Bernard Hill, and a veritable bevy of sharks, charlatans, prodigies, and magicians. They all laughed when I sat down to play, but at the end, with a sad $31 / 2$ $91 / 2$ score, I had knocked off two mas. ters-Shlpman and Kaufman!!! The Kaufman game is lost forever, but the Shipman game will live forever, as an indication to posterity of $m y$ an (Three words illegible. Any woodpusher with imagination can fill them in er with imagination can fill them in to suit himself Ed.) I expect to see this game on front page center of CHESS LIFE in nothing less than 12 point type."
Sorry, Frank, your immortal game appears below in its proper CHESS LIFE column. And be more careful in the future-another evening like that might well cost you your Woodpush er's badge!

Rapid Transit Tournament Marshall Chess Club
W. Shipman
F. R. Brady White

Black


The following games from Norfolk, Va., show that USCF stalwart Claude Bloodgood III doesn't always have things his own way when the pawns start rattling down there.

Falkbeer Counter Gambit Match Game

| BLOODG White |  | ROBINSON Black |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. P.K4 | P.K4 | 14. PxP | Q.K2+ |
| 2. P-KB4 | P.Q4 | 15. K-Q2 | Q-K6 |
| 3. KPXP | P.K5 | 16. K-Q1 | N -B3 |
| 4. $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{QB} 3$ | N-KB3 | 17. B-Q3 | B-N5+ |
| 5. P-Q3 | B-QN5 | 18. N-K2 | QR-K1 |
| 6. B-Q2 | 0.0 | 19. R-K1 | R-K2 |
| 7. $\mathbf{P X P}$ | BxN | 20. P-KR3 | $\mathrm{BxN}+$ |
| 8. $\mathrm{B} \times \mathrm{B}$ | NxKP | 21. $\mathrm{R} \times \mathrm{B}$ | $\mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{Na}+$ |
| 9. B-K5 | P.KB3 | 22, K-Q2 | R×R- |
| 10. Q-Q4 | PxB | 23. $\mathrm{B} \times \mathrm{R}$ | QxR |
| 11. Q×N | B-B4 | 24. Q-B7 | R-KN1 |
| 12. Q-B4 | PxP | 25. B-B4 | Resigns |
| 13. P.Q6+ | K-R1 |  |  |

Match Game No. 6 1958

| BLOODGOOD | CANTOR |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| White |  | Black |

If 12. $\mathrm{PxQ}, \mathrm{BxP}$ mate, If 12. N-B4, QxP mate. If 12, P-B3, QxN ; 13, $\mathrm{PxN}, \mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{N} 7$ mate.

## MONTREAL ACTION

Take a look at these positions, reached in games from the Montreal City Championship (see editorial page). Study them carefully and honestly, and decide on the best moves before turning to page 3, col. 4, to see how sharply the "youngsters" are playing on the slopes of Mount Royal.
In the Hirsch-Engalicev position Black has just played Q-K3, to recover his lost plece.
According to M. Moss' column "Let's Play Chess" in the N.D.G. MONTTOR, the diagrammed position was reached at the 38th move of the game, with both players in time trouble. Hirsch faced with the loss of a piece and exchange, recalled an article he had recently read in a chess magazine covering procedure in an analgous position, and embarked on his combination. Moral: Read more chess maga zines, as well as CHESS LIFE.

Montreal City Championship (1959) SIKLOS-Black


White-HIRSCH-to move
Mr. Howard D. Grossman, 100 La Salle Street, New York 27, N. Y., writes:
"Interesting off-the-beaten-path problem: place four Knights, four Bishops, four Raoks, one Queen, one King on board so that none are en prise. Seems impossible, not easy, said to have at least 36 essentially distinct solutions." For one of them, please turn to col 4 , page 8.
(This reminds us of the first chess puzzle ever shown to us-place 8 queens on the board in such a way that no one of them is in sheck from another. Like the puzzle above, it can be done in several ways, but it is not as easy as one would think. The first fire or six go on smoothly, but the last two or three sometimes couse difficulty even to those who know the trick. If you've never seen this one, try it before you turn to page 8 for you editor's solution. Ed.

LET'S GO TO OMAHA!
This year, Calffornia will charter a Greyhound Bus to the U. S. Open. Enjoy a wonderful trip, and save money too! For details write Save money too! For details wrife del Campo, San Lorenzo, California.

A pril 4-5
4th Midwest
Intercollegiate Team Tournament
Five round tournament, restricted to 4 player teams made up of either graduate or under-graduate students, sponsored by the Illini Union Chess Club. To be played at the Student Union, Green St., University of Illinois, Ur bana, III. Entry fee: $\$ 20$. a team. Details from Tournament Director Karl Simon, 1102 W. Nevada, Urbana, III.

## CORRECTION

Walter Korn informs us that the citation pertaining to Diagram 63 in his column "All's Well That Ends Well," as published in January 20 CHESS LIFE was a bit off the beam. Instead of "RankisBernstein," it should have been "Bernstein-Rankis."

## NOT AN EXCUSEJUST AN EXPLANATION

Some of you may have noticed in Frank Brady's report on the Rosenwald and U. S. Championship that Larry Evans did not show up to play an adjourned game near the end. Frank also reported that Larry seemed "a bit ill" while playing his last-round game. The truth of the matter is that Larry was very ill throughout the last two rounds of play, and that his appearance on those occasions was against the orders of his doctor, and against the advice of his family. No, this information did not come to CHESS LIFE from Larry, who apparently preferred to suffer in silence. But our New York operators never sleep, this bit of information came to us, and it is printed here as a tribute to Larry's determination.

SOLUTION-Evans' Quiz
Diagram 182 (page 2)
Quoted annotations below from Evans' book.
"Evans-Mednls, U. S. Open Championship. 1954. (See Dfagram 141) (This reference is to that part of the book in which the principle of interpolation of moves is explained and demonstrated. Ed.)
"If White regained his Pawn with the prosaic 1. QxP, then Black would have time to consolidate with 1 . P-N3, 1. P-N6!, however completely shatters Black's game. Play continued 1. ........, PxP (forced); 2. NxP, Q-N1; 3 N×R, winning the exchange,"

## Play From Positions

in Column 3 Diagrams


# Ohess Life America': Chess $\eta_{\text {nuspapeer }}$ 

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## Editor: FRED M. WREN

POSTMASTER: Please return undeliverable copies with Form 3579 to Kenneth Harkness, USCF Business Manager, 80 East llth Street, New York 3, N. Y.

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Woodpusher Reminiscences } \\
\text { and } \\
\text { Philosophy } \\
\text { BY } \\
\text { FRED M. WREN, Editor of CHESS LIFE }
\end{gathered}
$$

As the wave of awakening public chess-consciousness sweeps across this continent, it leaves an aftermath of mingled feelings in the minds of many of the old timers: feelings of joy at the demonstrable proof that the game is now coming into its own; happiness to see that the younger generation have snatched the torch from our failing hands. and that they are carrying it higher than we ever could; and a tinge of sadness to see that the well-known players who carried it for so many years are dropping out of active competition. I realize that it's necessary, that time flies, that youth must be served, that it's healthy evolutionand yet, the element of sadness is ever present.

A few years ago I was stationed in Montreal, where I was a member of the Montreal Chess Club. the club which watched and helped Frank Marshall's budding genius during his formative years. At that time the City Championship Tournament would attract between thirty and forty entrants, all of whom I knew personally, and many of whom were close personal friends. A report just received on this year's tournament was at the same time encouraging and disconcerting. There were 104 entrants. the largest entry-list in history, fighting for fame and glory in a 14-round Swiss. At the half-way point, with 7 rounds completed, 90 players were still in it. Of the 90 listed, there were 82 strange names. Alex Siklos, described by D. M. LeDain as "young immigrant from Hungary," was leading with $6^{1 / 2}-1 / 2$. He is one of those of whom I had never heard before. Another, L. Witt, was tied for second place with two old friends, Dr. Joseph Rauch, and J. N. Williams. Other old friends and acquaintances Jack Gersho, Lionel Joyner, I. Zalys and Bob LeBel were involved in a 14-way tie for fifth place with 10 others of whom I had never heard. The others whose names I recognized were so far down in the list that they probably would not thank me for mentioning them. But where are the stalwarts who, ten years ago, were dominating Montreal chess? Maurice Fox, seven-time Canadian Champion; Stanley B. Wilson and D. M. LeDain, two of Montreal's greatest players; Max Guze, former provincial champ, and rapid transit artist; Phil Brunet, Canada's greatest blindfold chess master; Moise Cohen, E. Brisebois, Charles Smith, and many others? Although this question is, of course, purely rhetorical, and although the situation has its counterpart in any area of the United States which may be mentioned, not only in chess, but in every field of human endeavor, the touch of sadness remains. I know what happened to the snows of yesteryear, and to the flowers that bloom in the spring, tra la. The difference is that I don't care a hoot about what becomes of any year's snow, or of any spring's flowers, while the passing of any human being from any activity which he loved, and for which he worked unselfishly for years, causes sorrow in my heart. Oh, well, as my predecessor wrote when introducing me to CHESS LIFE readers (Dec. 5, 1957) "Le roi est mort. Vive le roi!"

## Kibitzer's Mailbox

James B. Hunt of Los Angeles writes:
"Mr. Jacobs story of an exhibition given by Mr. H. N. Pillsbury reminds me of an exhibition Mr. Pillsbury staged at Princeton University in my senior year, 1902.

It was a blindfold exhlbltion against sixteen boards, Mr. Van Dyke of the faculty took board one, I had board two. Pillsbury won on fifteen boards, I won my game in twenty-three moves. After the show was over I walked up to the Princeton Inn with him. On the way there he commented on games at various boards but never referred to the game he lost. Chatting with him at the hotel desk before leaving him he asked me if I would like the score of any of the games, If so he suggested that I get paper and pencil and he would call them off to me. What a memory!"
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Single coples 15 c each.

## CHESS HALL OF FAME

Since we have stolen the idea for this column from Virgil Kimm, Editor of "The Chess Courier" (see col. 4, page 5, of this issue) we might as well let him tell you what it's all about. The following paragraph is lifted from the January, 1959, issue of the "Courier."
"If we had a hall of fame similar to the baseball institution, who would be in it? To our mind, the occupants should be those who have done most for the Royal Game. These would most likely not be those who have reaped most honors over the board. Chess is so demanding of the great player that he has time for little else than merely playing."

Just to show there's nothing small about us, and that we harbor no ill feeling toward Mr. Kimm for having thought of this first, we accept with applause, and without the usual security check, his first two nominations:

HERMANN HELMS; Dean of American Chess; Editor and publisher of THE AMERICAN CHESS BULLETIN. America's oldest chess magazine. (For more about Mr. Helms, see CHESS LIFE, Feb. 20, 1959.)

PHIL BELL; we don't know Mr. Bell, but Mr. Kimm's nominating annotation reads, "For the past 4 years has been teaching chess at the Concord ' V ' to the younger generation, $10-14$ year olds."

So come on-affiliates, clubs, individual members-here is your chance to honor publicly that man or woman in your neighborhood who never won a tournament or a title, but who has given of himself to promote chess on any level. Send in your nominations, using approximately the same format as that used above for Mr. Helms and Mr. Bell: name, (address if possible), and a brief summary of the nominee's qualifications for inclusion in the CHESS LIFE CHESS HALL OF FAME. Send your nominations to Fred M. Wren, 19 Dutch Village Road, Halifax, N.S., Canada, as soon as you read this, to make sure that your man's name will appear in an early issue of CHESS LIFE.

WE LIKED IT
By
Norman M. Hornstein, M.D.
NEW IDEAS IN CHESS
by International Grandmaster Larry Evans.
Pitran Publishing Co., N.Y. 193 pages, 196 Diagrams- $\$ 3.95$
Larry Evans' NEW IDEAS IN CHESS is a landmark in the world chess literature. Rarely has a chess book been written with so much dynamite on every page. Until now, "My System" (Nimzowitch) has been referred to as the chessplayers' Bible. This reference not only smacks of the sacreligious-it is also illogical. Chess is a science and the maxims, of yesterday may become stale wind as knowledge advances. The Ten Commandments remain unchanged wisdom with time. 'The passed pawn's lust to expand' is not inevitably true.

The brilliant personal discoveries of Nimzowitch have never been equalled. However, "My System" often suffers from the lengthy argumentation which Nimzowitch was forced to use to convince a stubborn world of his theories. In addition, these theories often tend to be rigid and dogmatic. One only has to play over the games of any master to see that there are many moves whose purpose seems obscure and mysterious in the light of all previously published chess literature. Now, with Larry Evans, comes the dawn.

Evans is a fearless writer and his description of the historical development of chess to contemporary times will no doubt create a certain amount of hostility in high places. His single chapter on this subject is highly illuminating and not a mere rehash.

NEW IDEAS IN CHESS contains the distilled principles of a hundred years of chess evolution. While each idea is presented so lucidly that even a novice can understand, the advanced player is given a special treat. Chess is an art and a game as well as a science. Each side of the triangle is carefully drawn in this book. Not only does the book explain well over a hundred principles, many of which appear for the first time in print, but there is a feeling of how to control the dynamics of the game. Evans systematically reveals many of the mysteries of master play that one can obtain only in fragments elsewhere. Recently Master Allen Kaufman remarked to me that Larry Evans is the leading American experimenter in Opening Theory.

With this book, Evans definitely assumes the stature of America's leading chess theoretician. A final and very important point: the publishers have given luxury of format and print that makes this book exceptionally readable.
(Available to USCF members for $\$ 3.36$ from USCF Business Office, 80 East 11th St., New York 3, N.Y.)

Editorial comment: Everything Norman has said about this book is true. It's the kind of a book which YOU need in YOUR chess library. If you haven't a chess library-get this book and you WILL have one. The quiz section appealed particularly to your editor. For a sample, see page 2, col. 3.)

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# CHESS TACTICS FOR BEGINNERS 

By U. S. Expert DR. ERICH W. MARCHAND<br>(1958 U.S. Amateur Champion)

Dr. Marchand will answer beginners' questions on this page, if of sufficlent general interest, Those wishing a personal reply should enclose stamped, selfaddressed

## 1. Answers to Readers' Questions

Stuart Chagrin, Brooklyn, New York, asks about Black's fifth move in the following line in the Wormald Variation of the Ruy Lopez: 1. P-K4, P-K4; 2. N-KB3, N-QB3; 3. B-N5, P-QR3; 4. B-R4, N-B3; 5. Q-K2, N-Q5. Answer: This move appears to be not quite sound. After 6. NxN, PxN; 7. PK5 Black is forced to retreat with 7.
7. ......
...,
$\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{N} 1$ because of 7 . N-Q4; 8. Q-K4, N-N3; 9. QxQP, NxB; 10. QxN, winning a Pawn. Another try here is 8. ........ N-N5; 9. QxQP, P-QN4; 10. B-N3, P-QB4; 11. Q-K4, P-B5; 12. QxR, PxB; 13. N-R3.

Marvin Bender, New Haven, Connecticut, asks about the Ruy Lopez variation (MC09, P46, col. 110): 1. P-K4, P-K4; 2. N-KB3, N-QB3; 3. B-N5, P-QR3; 4. B-R4, N-B3; 5. 0-0, P-QN4; 6. B-N3, NxP; 7. B-Q5, N-B3; 8. BxN, PxB; 9. NxP, B-Q3; 10. R-K1, 0.0; 11. NxP (6); BxPch; 12. KxB, Q-Q3ch; 13. N-K5, N-N5ch, where the book evaluates the position as even. Is this correct? Answer: Black is certainly ahead in development. However, there are Bishops of opposite colors so that if White can complete his development reasonably quickly the final result tends to be drawish. The immediate continuation might be 14. K-N1, NxN; 15. P-Q3, N-N5; 16. Q-B3 (16. P-KN3 would weaken the white squares especially in view of 16. ........, B-N2), Q-R7ch; 17. K-B1, Q-R8ch; 18. K-K2, R-Klch; 19. B-K3.

Temple Patton, Westfield, New Jersey, asks about a variation of a trap suggested in this column (Chess Life, Dec. 20). Patton's version goes thus: 1. P-K4, P-K4; 2. N-KB3, N-QB3; 3. B-B4, P-Q3; 4. N-B3, B-N5; 5. P-KR3, BR4; 6. NxP, BxQ (6. ........, NxN; 7. QxB, NxB; 8. Q-N5ch and 9. QxN winning a Pawn); 7. BxPch, K-K2; 8. N-Q5 Mate. Answer: Sound and very neat.

Robert Lake, Toledo, Ohio, asks what went wrong in his defense against an English Opening: 1. P-QB4, N-KB3; 2. N-QB3, P-K3; 3. N-B3, B-N5; 4. Q-B2, P-Q4; 5. P-QR3, BxN; 6. QxB, QN-Q2; 7. P-QN4, 0-0; 8. B-N2, P-B3; 9. P-K3, Q-B2; 10. B-Q3, R-K1; 11. PxP, KPxP; 12. P-KN4, P-KR3; 3. P-KR4, N-B1; 14. P-N5, N-R4; 15. PxP, N-K3; 16. R-KN1, etc. Answer: the mistakes appear to be 9 . ........., Q-B2 and 10 .

R-K1 after which Black's pieces do not coordinate properly for defense. With 9. Q-K2 and 10. ........, N-K1! the defensive possibilities are greatly improved.

## 2. The French Defense

One of the oldest and soundest defenses to 1. P-K4, the French Defense, has gone somewhat out of style lately owing to numerous interesting new developments in the theory of the Silician Defense. But there are certain advantages to playing openings which are not fresh in everyone else's mind.
The French Defense is more of a defensive defense than the Sicilian. Black gets a cramped but solid position, in which White's chances lie in a King's side attack and Black's lie either in the possibility of White's over-reaching himself or in merely weathering the middlegame storm and emerging with a superior endgame.
The classical line of the French runs as follows: 1. P-K4, P-K3; 2. P-Q4, P-Q4; 3. N-QB3 (also playable is 3. P-K5, P-QB4; 4. P-QB3 or 3. PxP, PxP, the latter being known as the Exchange Variation and being less troublesome for Black since his QB is released), N-KB3 (or 3. ........, B-N5, the Winawer Variation); 4. B-N5, B-K2 (or 4. …...., B-N5 the lively MacCutcheon Variation); 5. P-K5, N-Q2; 6. BxB, QxB. Black will play an early P-QB4 in order to get some play by attacking the center. An interesting gambit line consists of 6 . P-KR4 (instead of 6. BxB), P-QB4 (Dubious is 6. ........, BxB; 7. PxB, QxP; 8. N-R3. Interesting is 6 .

P-KB3; 7. Q-R5ch, P-N3; 8. PxP!, PxQ: 9. PxB).
In the illustrative game which follows Black adopts the MacCutcheon Variation.
3. A Game to Illustrate the French Defense

## FRENCH DEFENSE

City Championship, Rochester, N. Y. 1959
White Black
E. MARCHAND D. LOVE (age, 16)

1. P-K4 P-K3 3. N-QB3
2. P-Q4

P-Q4
Good alternatives are 2, P-K5 and also 2. N.Q2 (the Tarrasch Variation). Less good is 2. PxP the Exchange Varla tlon). Less good is 2, PxP, PxP (the Exchange Variation) since it frees Black's QB.
The Classical Variation. The Winawer Variation 3. ........, B-N5 is fashionable at present.
4. B-N5

The immediate 4. P-K5, QN-Q2 makes 5. B-N5 impossible.
4. .......
B-N5

The MacCuteheon Variation
5. P-K5 P-KR3 6. B-Q2

Of no value is 6 B-R4, P-KN4 or 6
PxN, PxB; 7 PxP, R-N1; 8 Q.R5 Q-B3 6. BxN B. Q.N4 N 4 -KN3 $\begin{array}{llll}\text { 7. } & \mathrm{P} \times \mathrm{B} & \mathrm{B} \times \mathrm{N} & \text { B. } \\ \text { B.N4 }\end{array}$
A curious move discovered a number of years ago by Russian analysts. The itea is to sacrifice the QBP in order to preserve the important QB.
This is almost alway
This is almost always a key strategical move for Black in the French Defense 10. PxP

The idea of this capture is not to gain material since the tygly tripled Pawns cannot be protected. The poin is to avoid PxP or P-B5 by Black.
10.

Very man N-Q2
old. Andure play for a sixteen-year NxP (4) would lose through 11. B-GN5

White feels compelted to break one of the cardinal rules for white against the French Defense. It is usually wrong to pin Black's QN in this manner. 11. ....... Q-R4 13. N-K2
12. BxNch BxB

Another fine move. However, also pos sible is 13. ......., NxB (6)!; 14. B-Q2 Q-R5!!; 15. QxQ (15. NxN, QxQ); NxQ with an eventual draw in view because of the opposite colored Bishops.
Not 14. $0-0, \mathrm{NXP}$ (6)!; 15. B-Q2, NxNch; 16. $\mathrm{Q} \times \mathrm{N}, \mathrm{B} \times \mathrm{Q} ; 17$. BxQ, BxR.
4. Black BxN

If Black avoids this exchange, he can almost certainly obtain at least a draw owing to the Bishops of opposite colors, 15. $\mathrm{Q} \times \mathrm{B} \quad \mathrm{QxP}(4)$
$15 \mathrm{NxP}, \mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{Q} 2$ would lose the Knight 16. 0-0

The BP could only be held temporarlly by 16. Q-B3, R-QB1. White therefore saves time by offering it immediately 16. ........ $\mathbf{N X P}(6)$

Finally Black loses his way. To be sure 17. $\mathrm{BxN}, \mathrm{QxB} ; 18$. Q-N5ch, Q-B3 would leave him a healthy Pawn ahead. But, as White plays, the Pawn, which could not be held in the long run anyway, costs Black two tempi which anyway, costs Black two tempi which
he should use to castle and secure his he shoul
position.
position
17. Q-Q3 QR-B1 18. P-QR4
The power of White's Bishop becomes apparent. 18 . ........, $0-0$ is prevented because of 19. B-R3. If Black's King gets caught in the center, a Pawn or two advantage will be of no importance. 18. ........ Q-B5

Threatens either to exchange Queens or win the RP.
19. Q-K3 P-N3

A mistake as soon becomes clear. Ac tually 19. ........, NxP seems playable though risky. For instance 20. B-R3, P-N3; (20. ........, QxP?; 21. QR-B1); 21. B-Q6. 19. ........, Q-B4 inviting a draw by 20. Q-Q3, Q-B5.
20. P-R5

Now White can force open dangerous Now white can
lines of attack.
20. ......

Allowing White to simplify Into an easily won endgame. But the basic damage had already been done. 21. $\mathrm{B} \times \mathrm{N}$
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { More precise than } & \text { 21. PxP, } \mathrm{N}-\mathrm{K7ch} \text { ! } \\ \text { 21. } & \text { 23..... } & \text { QxQ } & \text { 23. }\end{array}$
22. PxQ RXB
Of course not 23. ......., PxP; 24, R-R8ch. Beginners often wonder why castling early is so important. The present game illustrates the dangers of not doing so. $\begin{array}{llll}\text { 24. PxP } & \text { R-R1 } & \text { 26. R-N7 } & \text { P-N4 } \\ \text { 25. KR-N1 } & \text { R }(6)-B 1 & \text { 27. R(1)-N1 } & \text { R-B1 }\end{array}$ To answer 28. R-N8 with 28. ......., RxP. Futile is 27. ......., K-N2; 28. R-N8, R-BI; Futile is 27. ......., K-N2; 28. R-N8, R-B1;
29. RxR (B8), RxR (or 29. ......., KxR; 29. R-N8ch); 29. R-N8.
28. $R(1) \cdot N 6$

$$
E M-1
$$


(iness Life
Thursday, Page 5 March 5, 1959

Black is in zugzwang. The $R(B 1)$ cannot be moved (see last note) and as soon as Pawn moves are exhausted Black will be compelled to move his K to the second rank

| 28. $\qquad$ <br> 29. RxKP | $\begin{array}{r} K-N 2 \\ R(B) \cdot B 1 \end{array}$ | 30. $\mathrm{R}(6) \cdot \mathrm{K7}$ <br> 31. P-K6 | $\begin{array}{r} \text { R.B1 } \\ \text { Resigns } \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | D. C. NEWS |  |  |
| by |  |  |  |

Most tournament promoters know how difficult it is to get the ladies, or even one lady, to enter a chess tournament-lif 1 recall not one showed up for the New Jersey Open on Labor bay to ure ha women chess 1 tie-wen, the Washon' Chess Divan Just concluded a Women's Tournament with eight contestants. The results:
1st Miss Astrid R. Carter ............ 7 points 2nd Mrs. Phylis Grande
3rd Mrs. Gioria Mayer
4th Miss Helen Jones
Miss Joy Cuskery
Miss Jo Ann Dover
Miss Margaret Nux
Miss R. F. Helsey
Norval Wiggington is biting his nalls over the failure of the Divan team (he is co-captain of it with KarI Baer) to be running front.
In the twelve round Swiss league tournament, after sIx matehes George Washington University is leading $51 / 2-1 / 2$, with the Divan, National Security Agency "A", Library (of Congress) and Sllver Spring all bunched with $4-2$ in second place. Most all of the leaders have played each other and it is going to be difficult for any of the other teams to overtake them as the balance of the schedule favors all the leaders. The last Divan match was against the Library which was won by the Library, when they pulled an upset and won the five top boards. Score 6-4. An average round sees about 100 chess players matching wits. A minimum team match is six games and we have sixteen teams $-6 \times 16$ is 96 and often individual matches have eight to ten games. Last year the largest Individual match was Arlington vs. Meridian Hill (a Divan team co-captained this year by myself and Drew Downey) in which 32 players and Drew Downey) in which 32 players participat
lost $11-5$.
Of interest to the chess world is that Jerry Anderson (Gerald F. Anderson) of whom "The South Africa Chess Player" wrote "This partnership (Anderson and Eaton) is rapidly becoming as famous as the fifty year partnership of Kohzt and Kockelhorn" is publishing a Kreigspell Problem Book, "Are There Any?", and was recently appointed by the Queen of England a Member of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, in recognition of his valued services. We have been fortunate that Anderson has been stathoned with the British Embassy here in D.C. for a number of years. Vincent Eaton wrote the foreword to his book.

## UP AND DOWN THE

## FILES

One of the nicest little chess periodicals which comes to CHESS LIFE on an exchange basis is "THE CHESS COURIER," published monthly by the by Virgil M. Kimm, P. O. Box 104, by Virgil M. Kimm, P. O. Box 104,
Terryville, Conn. Aslde from the collection of games of club members, and the Hists of standings in the many secthe ins of postat competition sponsored by the plub the readers recetve in each iscue one "Bushmaster" problem, each issue one "CHESS-IQUETTE* by Ed Ludlow, whtch features the as. by Ed Ludlow, which features the as douthty woodpusher Knightfork $\mathbf{B}$ doughty woodpusher, Knightfork B. Snatch. Too bad Kiping made it impossible for East and West to get together: otherwise we'd certainly try and "CHESSALUCINATIONS" Lowell Tullis collaborate on a column for CHESS LIFE.
"In the January, 1959, issue of the "COURIER" Editor Kimm comes up with an idea for which we thank him, but which we hereby make our ownsee col. 3, page 4 for the inauguration of CHESS LIFE'S Chess Hall of Fame.

## GAMES BY USCF MEMBERS

## Annotated by Chess Master JOHN W. COLLINS

USCF MEMBERS: Submit your best games for this department to $10 H N W$ COLLINS, 91 Lenox Road, Brooklyn 26, N. Y. Space being limited, Mr. Collins will select the most interesting and instructive for publication. Unless otherwise stated notes to games are by Mr. Collins.

## PAGING FISCHER

This page is devoted solely to the remarkable games of prodigious fifteen-year-old Robert James Fischer, Grandmaster, and again U. S. Champion. It is an historic page and one, we believe, which belongs in the scrapbook of every chess-player.

## FISCHER-RESHEVSKY

For the past three years, come Christmas time, "Bobby" Fischer has presented the chess world with a beautiful, last gift. First it was his game with Donald Byrne (the "Game of the Century") in the Rosenwald Trophy Tournament, last year it was his game with Sherwin in the U. S. Championship and Rosenwald Tournament, and this year it is his game with his chief rival, Grandmaster and former U. S. Champion, Samuel Reshevsky! (same event).


Reshevsky experiments with the Simagin Variation, as he has done with another Russian line, 2. ......., P-K3; 3. P-Q4, PxP; 4. NxP, P-QR3; 5. N-QB3, Q-B2, by-passing his long-time favorite the Dragon Variation.
5. $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{QB} 3$

As usual, Fischer does not adopt the Maroczy Bind (5. P-QB4).

Black is surer of reaching well-known, safer, positions with 6. ........, P-Q3.
This is another Simagin move, but Fischer plays it so regularly that his name may become affixed to it. IvkovPachman, Buenos Aires, 1955, continued; 7. $\mathrm{NxN}, \mathrm{NPxN}$; 8. P-K5, N-N1; 9. B-Q4, P-QB4; 10. BxP, Q-B2; 11. B-Q4.

## 8. B. N3

At Portoroz, in the Interzonal Tournament, Fischer played 8. P-B3 against Panno. After $8 . \quad$ O.N3; 9. B-N3, NxP!; 10. N-Q5, Q-R4 ch; 11. P-B3, N-B4; 12. NxN, QPxN; 13. NxP ch, K-R1; 14.
$N \times B, Q R \times N ; ~ 15 . ~ O-O, ~ Q R-Q 1, ~ a n d ~ s i x ~$ $N \times B, Q R x N ;$ 15. O-O, QR-Q1, and si
more moves, the game was drawn. Oddly 8. ........ N-QR4??
Oddly enough, Reshevsky thought for several minutes before making this losing move. Of course he could set up a standard position of the Dragon Variation with 8. ........, P-Q3. Perhaps he was considering 9. O-O, NxB; 10. RPxN, P-Q4 with a good game for Black.

The KN is lost after 9. ........, N-R4? 10. P-N4. Relatively best is 9 . ........, NxB; 10. KPxN, NxR; 11. PxB, NxP ch; 12. NxN, KxP, although White still has a winning position.
10. BxP chll

Shock action!
(1)RSS Life $\begin{aligned} & \text { Thursday, Page } 6 \\ & \text { March 5, } 1959\end{aligned}$

Whether Black plays this, 10 K-R1, or $10, \ldots \ldots .$. , R×B, White's reply is the same.


Now Black must lose his Queen or be mated.
This trap (consisting of White's last three moves) had appeared in SHAKHMATY BULLETIN and the BRITISH CHESS MAGAZINE a few months earller and Fischer and some of the other young American masters were famlliar with It. Reshevsky was quoted in the New York TELEGRAM and SUN as say-
ing he had seen it too, but forgot ing he had seen it
about it temporarily.
The Queen has no flight Pquare, and if 11 . ........, KxN; 12. Q-Q5 ch, K-B4; 13. P-N4 ch, KxP; 14. R-N1ch, K-R5 (if 14. ........, K-B4; 15, R-N5 mate, if 14. $\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{R6}$; 15, Q-N2 ch, and If 14. ........, K-R4; 15. Q-Q1 ch) 15 . B-N5 ch, K-R4; 16. Q-Q1 ch, R-B6; 17. QxR mates.
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { 12. } Q \times Q & \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{QB} 3 & \text { 14. } 0.0\end{array}$
Exchanges accentuate White's materi... advantage.


If 22.
2. ........ ${ }^{\text {RxN? }}$ 23. QxB
wins a plece
If 23. ......., B-Q3; 24. NxP.

$$
\begin{array}{lr}
\text { 24. N-B5 } & \text { R-KB } \\
\text { 24. N-K4 } & \text { R-B }
\end{array}
$$

If 25. ......, R-B2; 26. N-N5.
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { 26. } Q \times K P \\ \text { 27. } Q \text { Q } & \text { ch } & \mathrm{R}-\mathrm{B} 2 & \text { 29. } \mathrm{R} \times \mathrm{B} \\ \mathrm{N}-\mathrm{B} 3 & \text { 30. } \mathrm{P}-\mathrm{QN}\end{array}$
28. N-Q6

The queen-side pawn majority becomes $\begin{array}{lrll}\text { a factor. } & & & \\ \text { 30. ...... } & \text { KR-B1 } & \text { 34. P-N6 } & \text { B-K5 } \\ \text { 31. P-N5 } & \text { N-Q1 } & \text { 35. R-K1 } & \text { B-B3 } \\ \text { 32. R-Q5 } & \text { N-B2 } & \text { 36. RxB! } & \text {....... }\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lrr}\text { 32. R-Q5 } & \text { N-B2 } & \text { 36. } \mathrm{R} \times \mathrm{B}! \\ \text { 33. R-B5 } & \text { P-QR3 } & \end{array}$ 33. R-B5 P-QR3
Sacrlficing the exch

Sacrlficing the exchange is the quickest way to win. White obtains a passed QNP and QRP and an easy ending.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { 36. } & \text { PxR } \\
\text { 37. } \mathrm{P} 7 & \text { QR-N1 }
\end{array}
$$

If 37. ........, R-R2; 38. QxR ch, KxR; 39. P-N8-Q ch wins.
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { 38. } Q \times P & N-Q 1 & \text { 41. } R \times R & R \times R\end{array}$ 39. R-N1 R-B2 42. Q-R8 Resigns 40. PRR3 KRXNP

After 42. ....., R-N8 ch; 43. K-R2. White needs only advance his QRP. White's opening trap will go the rounds for many a year!
And here are the scores of Fischer's other games from the 1958-59 U. S. Championship and Rosenwald Tournament-


THIRD ROUND

## KING'S INDIAN DEFENSE

 MCO 9: p. 309, c. 11


FOURTH ROUND SICILIAN DEFENSE MCO 9: p. 135, c. 70 (p)

| White |  |  |  |  | Black |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | FISCH | HER |  | WEIN | NSTEIN |
| 1. | P-K4 | P-QB4 |  | QR-KB1 | 1 R-Q3 |
| 2. | N-KB3 | P.Q3 |  | R-B4 | R/1-Q1 |
| 3. | P-Q4 | P×P | 32. | P-KR4 | R-KR1 |
| 4. | NxP | N-KB3 | 33. | P.N3 | R-R2 |
| 5. | N-QB3 | N-B3 |  | K-K2 | R-R1 |
| 6. | B-QB4 | P-K3 | 35. | P-R3 | R-KN1 |
| 7. | 0.0 | B-K2 | 36. | P-KN4 | P.N4 |
| 8. | B-N3 | 0.0 |  | R-8, 5 | PxP |
| 9. | P-B4 | B-Q2 | 38. | P-N5 | N-R4 |
| 10. | B-K3 | $\mathrm{N} \times \mathrm{N}$ | 39. | R-KSch | K-Q1 |
| 11. | $\mathrm{B} \times \mathrm{N}$ | B.83 | 40. | R×BP | N -N6ch |
| 12. | Q-K2 | P-QN4 | 41. | K-K3 | R6 |
| 13. | NxP | $\mathrm{B} \times \mathrm{N}$ |  | R/5-K7 | P.R7 |
|  | QxB | N×P |  | R×RP | R-QB3 |
| 15. | P-B5 | B-83 |  | R/B-Q7c | ch K-B1 |
| 16. | Q.Q3 | P.Q4 |  | R-R7 | K-N1 |
| 17. | $\mathrm{B} \mathrm{\times B}$ | NxB |  | R/Q | N7ch |
| 18. | P-B4 | PXQBP |  |  | K-B1 |
|  | Q×Q | KRXQ |  | BxR | P-RB Q |
| 20. | Bxp | P-K4 |  | RxQ | R-B6ch |
| 21. | KR-K1 | P-K5 |  | K-Q2 | R-Q6ch |
| 22. | QR-Q1 | P-N3 | 50. | K-B2 | K×R |
| 23. | PxP | RPxP | 51. | R-K1 | R-Q1 |
| 24. | P.KR3 | K-B1 |  | B-B4 | R-KR1 |
| 25. | K-B2 | K-K2 |  | P-N6 | R-R7ch |
| 26. | K-K3 | KR-QB1 | 54. | K-B3 | R-R6 |
| 27. | P-QN3 | R-B4 | 55. | R-K3 | N-K7ch |
| 28. | R-KB1 | R/1-Q81 | 56. | K-Q2 | R×R |
| 29. | R-B2 | R/4-B3 |  | $K \times R$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { N-N6 } \\ \text { Resians } \end{array}$ |

FIFTH ROUND
KING'S INDIAN DEFENSE MCO 9: p. 321, c. 75

| White |  |  | Black <br> R. FISCHER |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | P-Q4 | N.KB3 | 16. | PxB | N-Q2 |
| 2. | P.QB4 | P-KN3 | 17. | BxB | K×B |
| 3. | P.KN3 | B-N2 | 18. | B-R3 | Q-K1 |
| 4. | B-N2 | 0.0 | 19. | Q-B3ch | K-N1 |
| 5. | N-QB3 | P.B4 | 20. | QR-Q1 | R-Q1 |
|  | P.K3 | N.B3 | 21. | N-Q5 | P-K3 |
| 7. | KN-K2 | P.Q3 | 22. | NxP | $\mathrm{N} \times \mathrm{N}$ |
| 8. | $0 \cdot 0$ | B-Q2 | 23. | R×R | QxR |
|  | P-N3 | R-N1 | 24. | QxN | $\mathrm{N} \times \mathrm{BP}$ |
|  | B-N2 | P-QR3 | 25. | QxQ | R×Q |
| 11. | PxP | P×P | 26. | R-81 | N-N7 |
| 12. | N-QR4 | P.N3 | 27. | P-R5 | P-B5 |
|  | N-B4 | N-QR4 | 28. | R-B2 | R-N1 |
|  | B-K5 | R-B1 | 29. | B-B1 | R-N4 |
|  | Q-B2 | BxN |  |  |  |

SEVENTH ROUND
ENGLISH OPENING
MCO 9: p. 335, c. 25 (1:B)

| White |  |  |  | R. FIS | CHER |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | P-QB4 | N-KB3 | 25. | K-B1 | K-B2 |
| 2. | N-QB3 | P.KN3 | 26. | P-N4 | P-R5 |
| 3. | P-KN3 | B-N2 | 27. | Q-KB2 | P-KN4 |
| 4. | B-N2 | 0.0 | 28. | R-K4 | R×R |
| 5. | P-Q3 | P-Q3 | 29. | BPxRch | K-K1 |
| 6. | R-N1 | P-QR4 | 30. | QxP | Qxp |
| 7. | P.K4 | P-K4 | 31. | QXQ | BXQ |
| 8. | KN-K2 | N-B3 | 32. | P-R3 | B-K4 |
|  | 0.0 | N-R4 | 33. | B-B3 | P-N5 |
|  | B-K3 | P-B4 | 34. | B-Q1 | -N4 |
| 11. | PxP | BxP | 35. | R-B1 | K-Q2 |
|  | P-KR3 | B-K3 | 36. | R-B2 | K-Q3 |
|  | N-Q5 | N.Q5 | 37. | R-Q2 | B-KB5 |
|  | $\mathrm{N} \times \mathrm{N}$ | $\mathrm{P} \times \mathrm{N}$ | 38. | R-QB2 | P-N6 |
|  | B-Q2 | P-B3 | 39. | B-B3 | B-K4 |
|  | N-B4 | $\mathrm{N} \times \mathrm{N}$ | 40. | K-N2 | B-N6 |
|  | $\mathrm{B} \times \mathrm{N}$ | Q-Q2 | 41. | R-B5 | B-B2 |
| 18. | P-KR4 | R×B | 42. | P-Q4 | BxP |
|  | P×R | R-KB1 | 43. | P.K5ch | BXP |
|  | R-K1 | $\mathbf{R \times P}$ | 44. | $\mathrm{R} \times \mathrm{Pch}$ | K-K2 |
|  | Q-K2 | B-K4 | 45. | R-B5 | B-N7 |
|  | P. 85 | R-N5 | 46. | $\mathbf{R \times P}$ | BxP |
| 23. | P-B3 | $\mathbf{R \times P}$ | 47. | R-N7ch | K-83 |
|  | PxP | B-R7ch | 48. | $\mathrm{R} \times \mathrm{Bch}$ | Drawn |

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EIGHTH ROUND SICILIAN DEFENSE MCO 9: p. 150, c. 142

| White |  | Black |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R. FISCH |  | L. | VANS |
| 1. P.K4 | P.Q84 | 15. BXN | PxB |
| 2. $\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{KB} 3$ | P.Q3 | 16. P.R4 | P.QN3 |
| 3. P.Q4 | Pxp | 17. P.KR5 | B-N2 |
| 4. NXP | N -KB3 | 18. Q-N3 | P-R3 |
| 5. N-QB3 | P.QR3 | 19. QR-KI | QR.Q1 |
| 6. B-QB4 | P.K3 | 20. R-K2 | K-R1 |
| 7. $\mathrm{B} \cdot \mathrm{N} 3$ | B. $\mathrm{K}^{2}$ | 21. R -R2 | B.R1 |
| 8. В-K3 | 0.0 | 22. R-K1 | B.B4 |
| 9. 0.0 | N-B3 | 23. Q-B2 | QR-K1 |
| 10. P-84 | N-QR4 | 24. N -B3 | BxB |
| 11. P-N4 | P.Q4 | 25. $\mathrm{Q} \times \mathrm{B}$ | Q.B4 |
| 12. P-K5 | N -Q2 | 26. $Q \times Q$ | $\mathrm{N} \times \mathrm{Q}$ |
| 13. Q-B3 | Q-B2 | 27. $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{Q} 2$ | Drawn |
| 14. P-KR4 | N-B5 |  |  |

NINTH ROUND SICILIAN DEFENSE MCO 9: p. 154, c. 161

## White

1. N-QB3 P.QB4
2. $\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{B}_{3} \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~KB} 3$
$\begin{array}{llr}\text { 4. } & \text { P.K4 } & \text { P-RN3 } \\ \text { P.KN3 }\end{array}$

| B.N2 | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { P-KN3 } \\ \text { B-N2 }\end{array}$ |
| :--- | ---: |

$\begin{array}{lr}\text { O.N2 } & \text { O.N2 } \\ \text { O-O } & \text { N.B3 } \\ \text { P.Q3 } & \text { O.O }\end{array}$
P-KR3

P×P $\quad$ P-QN4
$\begin{array}{ll}\mathrm{P} . \mathrm{KS} & \mathrm{P} \times \mathrm{P} \\ \mathrm{B} \times \mathrm{P} & \mathrm{Q}\end{array}$
13. BXP $\quad$ Q-B2
15. N.QR4
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { 16. } \mathrm{N}-\mathrm{Q} 2 & \mathrm{R} \\ \text { 17. } \mathrm{N}-\mathrm{B} 4 & \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{Q} \\ \text { 19. }\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lllr}\text { 19. } \mathrm{P} \cdot \mathrm{N} 3 & \text { P×B } & \text { B.N2 } & \text { Resigns }\end{array}$
R. FISCHER 20. $\mathrm{Q} \cdot \mathrm{Q} 2$ 21. N R-N2
22. K-R2
23. $\mathrm{B} \times \mathrm{N}$
24. QxP
25. R×R
26. $\mathrm{Q} \cdot \mathrm{Ki}$
27. $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{Q} 2$
28. $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{N}-\mathrm{B}$
29. $\mathrm{P} \times \mathrm{P}$
30. $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{K} 4$
31. $\mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{R} 5$
32. QxRch
33. RxBch
34. $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{K}-\mathrm{Q}$
35. R-K8
36. $\mathrm{P} \cdot \mathrm{R} 4$
37. K-R3
Resigns

| Q2 | P.K4 |
| :---: | :---: |
| R-N2 | R-R1 |
| R2 | P.R4 |
| X | B×8 |
| P $P$ | R×R |
| $\times$ | Q-Q2 |
| K1 | Q-84 |
| Q2 | P.R5 |
| N-84 | PxPch |
| - | Q-K3 |
| K4 | P.B4 |
| R5 | R-RT |
| xRch | $8 \times Q$ |
| $\times \mathrm{Bch}$ | B-B1 |
| K-Q6 | Q-Q4 |
| K8 | Q-B6 |
| R4 | Q-B7ch |
| R3 | Q.N8 |

## TENTH ROUND

 RUY LOPEZMCO 9: p. 39, note (a)

| White |  | Bla |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R. FISCHER |  | A. BISGUIER |  |  |
| 1. P.K4 | N-QB3 | 44. | $\mathrm{N} \times \mathrm{N}$ | PX |
| 2. $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{KB3}$ | P.K4 | 45. | N-R2 | Q.B |
| 3. B-N5 | P.QR3 | 46. | B-Q3 | Q.Q |
| 4. B.R4 | N-B3 | 47. | $\mathrm{N} \times \mathrm{N}$ | BxN |
| 5. 0.0 | B-K2 | 48. | Q $\times$ B | Qx |
| 6. R-K1 | P-QN4 | 49. | R-KB1 | -KB1 |
| 7. B-N3 | 0.0 | 50. | P-R5 | R-KR1 |
| 8. P-B3 | P-Q3 | 51. | Q.B3 | xac |
| 9. P-KR3 | N-QR4 | 52. | $\mathrm{R} \times \mathrm{Q}$ | x ${ }^{\text {P }}$ |
| 10. B-E2 | P. 84 | 53. | R×P | QN1 |
| 11. P.Q4 | Q. 82 | 54. | R-N4 | P.84 |
| 12. QN-Q2 | BPXP | 55. | PxP | K-83 |
| 13. PxP | 8 -Q2 | 56. | P-R4 | R.QR1 |
| 14. N-BI | KR-B1 | 57. | Pxp | Kxp |
| 15. N-K3 | N-B3 | 58. | P-N6 | P.K5 |
| 16. P.R3 | P.QR4 | 59. | K-B2 | K-K4 |
| 17. P-Q5 | N-Q1 | 60. | K-K3 | Kx |
| 18. $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{Q} 2$ | P.R5 | 61. | R×P | -QNT |
| 19. B-N4 | $8-81$ | 62. | R-KR4 | Rxp |
| 20. B-Q3 | N-N2 | 63. | RxPch | K-K3 |
| 21. Q-K2 | Q.N3 | 64. | R-R2 | K-K4 |
| 22. N-Q2 | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{B4}$ | 65. | K-Q3 | R-N6Ch |
| 23. K -R2 | P-N3 | 66. | K-B4 | R×KNP |
| 24. QR-BI | B.R3 | 67. | R-K2ch | K-B4 |
| 25. B-N1 | R-B2 | 63. | K-Q5 | Q6ch |
| 26. Q-B3 | B.N4 | 69. | K-86 | P.Q4 |
| 27. P-N3 | P-R4 | 70. | P-N4 | P-Q5 |
| 28. K-N2 | K-N2 | 71. | K-Q5 | R-Q8 |
| 29. R-BY | P-R5 | 72. | R-B2ch | K-N5 |
| 30. Q-K2 | R-R1 | 73. | K-B4 | P.Q6 |
| 31. R-R1 | N-R4 | 74. | K-83 | -QN8 |
| 32. N -83 | PxP | 75. | R-Q2 | K-B5 |
| 33. PxP | B-BS | 76. | Rx | K-K5 |
| 34. B-K) | Q-N1 | 77. | R-Q8 | R-b8ch |
| 35. B-KB2 | Q-QBT | 78. | K-N3 | K.K4 |
| 36. P-R4 | B-N5 | 79. | K-R4 | K-K3 |
| 37. R-B3 | B-Q2 | 80. | R-Q2 | R-B2 |
| 38. N-81 | B-R3 | 81. | P-N5 | R-Q2 |
| 39. N-T-Q2 | N-B3 | 82. | R×R | K×R |
| 40. B.K3 | BxB | 83. | K-R5 | K-32 |
| 41. $Q \times B$ | N-NS | 84. | K-R6 | K-N1 |
| 42. Q-K2 | N-N6 | 85. | K-N6 | K-B |
| 43. RxR | QxR |  | R7 | esign |

## ELEVENTH ROUND

MCO 9: p. 321, c. 71

| White |  |  | Black |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R. BYRN |  |  | R. FIS | CHER |
| 1. P.Q4 | N-KB3 | 15. | B.K3 | B.Q2 |
| 2. P.QB4 | P-KN3 | 16. | P.R5 | P.QN4 |
| 3. P.KN3 | $8 \cdot \mathrm{~N} 2$ | 17. | PxPe.p. | Pxp |
| 4. 8-N2 | 0-0 | 18. | Q-N3 | P.QN4 |
| 5. $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{QB} 3$ | P.Q3 | 19. | P-B3 | PxP |
| 6. N -B3 | N -33 | 20. | BxP | R×R |
| 7. 0.0 | P-K4 | 21. | R×R | P-BS |
| 8. P-Q5 | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{K} 2$ | 22. | PxP | Bxp |
| 9. P-B5 | N-Q2 | 23. | $\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{K} 4$ | BxBch |
| 10. PxP | $\mathrm{P} \times \mathrm{P}$ |  | QxB | N-B4 |
| 11. N-Q2 | P-B4 | 25. | Q-R7 | N-R5 |
| 12. P-QR4 | P-K5 | 26. | R.KB1 | B-R6 |
| 13. N-B4 | N-K4 | 27. | R-B2 | B.B4 |
| 14. $\mathrm{N} \times \mathrm{N}$ | BXN |  | N-N3 | Drawn |

## White

# Armed $\mathcal{F}_{\text {orces }}$ Chess <br> by Robert A. Karch 

Please send a postcard about chess concerning any club or member of the Army, Navy, Air Force, Marines, Coast Guard, or the Service Acades, to renzo, california
Last Jamary 5 th, I wrote that the Ameriean Chess Foundation, working on a program with the Depariment of Defense, had not coordinated their plans with the ViSCF. Gentlemen, I am glad to say that I was wrong! There definitely is cooperation and coordination from the lop down. I urge every USCF member who can, particularly qualified toumament directors, to write Sidney Wallach, 1372 Broadway, New York 18, N.Y. Hely and as. sistance is badly needed during March anti April 1059 all over the United States, and overseas wherever U.S. military personnel are stationed. And this includes those duided misslle Bat teries spotted around the big cities!
West Point Cadet Fichard Hervert reports more good news! Chess teams from the U.S Naval Academy, U.S from the U.S. Naval Academy, U.S. Air Foree Academy, U.S. Coast Guard Academy, U.S. Merchant Marine Acad-
emy (!), and West Point itself are planemy (!) and West Point itself are planning to meet for the first time next
April 1959: The site solected ts West April 1959: The sile selected ts West Point and will probably be rotated ea year among the other academies.
What happened to Fort Huachuca? It uscd to be a really active club when Gene Hoetlin was there! Someone sald there was a match with Tueson reeently. Who ean verify this rumor?
From time to time, we will furnish a list of the ten top rated players tn the All-Service Postal Championships. These are the standings, as of last month:

964-Warren R. Knepper
954-Claude F. Bloodgood III 932 -Donald D. Brand
932-Robert E. Cetensk
916-Lon Doughtry
916-Fdward G. Gorniak
906-Dr. Angel C. Acevedo
906 -Herbert Evas
906-Robert A. Karch
Those in the vicinity
Those in the vicinity of the Norfolk, Virginia USO at 259 Granby Street (top side) are welcome to visit the Saturday morning chess class being conducted by Claude F. Bloodgood III. I've never met him, but all reports indicate that he is a real, down-to-earth chess promoter! If you're in that area, please drop in and say "Hello!" for me.
Fred Casten scored a clean 7.0 sweep. winning the military trophy and a USCF membership in the Winter Quarterly Norfolk USO semi-speed tournament. Mr. Bloodgood. tournament director, and Larry $G$. Robinson defend. ing title-holder, both earned $51 / 2-1 / 2$ to tie for 2nd position. It was an 8-player round robin.

## PROBLEM COMPOSERS NOTICE

The Hungarian chess magazine "Magyar SAKKELET" announces composing contests in 1959 in the following categories: 2-movers; 3and more movers; belp-mates, and end-game studies. Dr, Paros Gyorgy, Szerkesztosege, Budapest V Hold-utea 1 , invites CHESS LIFE readers to submit their entries to him.

## April 11 © 12,1959

## Susquehanna Cup Matches

To be held at the YMCA, 13 State Street, Schenectady 5, N. Y. The 4 round Swiss, with a time limit of 50 moves in 2 hours, is restricted to 5 -man teams from any $N$. Y. club; players must be NYSCA members. Entry fee is $\$ 1.00$ per team. Non-members of the NYSCA must pay a $\$ 2.00$ membership fee. The winning team receives Ship fee. The winning team receives
the Susquehama Cup for one year. the Susquehama Cup for one year.
Address entries and inquiries to Steven Address entries and inquiries to Steven
L. Anderson, 1044 Palmer Avenue, ScheL. Anderson, 1044 Palmer Avenue, Sche-
neatady 9 , New York. (Unrated)


## Mate The Subtle Way!

by Nicholas Gabor
All communications concerning this problem-column, Including
 from composers anywhere should bo sent to Nicholas Gabor, Hotel Kompor Lane, cincinnati 6 , Ohio.

## Problem No. 977

By Edmund Kowalewski Revelstoke, B.C., Canada Original for Chess Life


Problem No. 979
By B. M. Berd Arden, Delaware
Original for Chess Life


Solutions to "Mate the Subtle Way"
No. 961 Bettinger: key 1. N-K4 threat 2. N-B5. Very meager theme-play 1. ........ QN-K3 or B3 or N2-2. B1B6 mate No. 962 Brown. Complete black position with 2 set mates changed. Key 1. N-B5 waiting. The position is illegal, as it was explained in our remarks omitted by mistake. To "Jegalize" the setup, shift the entire position I square to right, with WhP on KR4. No. 963 Unknown author: key 1. R-N5 waiting. Main play is charming: 1. ......., K-R2, 2, R-N6 and if 2 . $K x R$, 3. Q-B5 mate and after 2. ......, $K \cdot R, 3 . \operatorname{RxRP}$ mate. No. 964 Unknown author: Any move of the $R$ (11) leads to mate in 3. ( 10 points.) Many soivers claimed 4 or 7 , some only 2 solutions.

No. 965 Taliani: key 1. N-Q2 threat 2. N-B3 mate. 1. ........ N-B5, 2. QxR; 1. .......g N-Q5, 2. N-QB4; 1. ......., P-Q5, 2. Q-N5 justify the publication of this work. No. 966 Fox: in the initial position only 1 B1 move is unanswerable by mate: ch ! etc. After 1. ......., K-N4, 2. Q-R4 ch! KxQ, 3. N-B3 mate. 1. ......., PxN and 1. ........, P-K3 cause subtle blocks on those squares which wh exploits in the subsequent play. No. 968 by Problem-Editor: key 1. R-N4 threatening 2. N-B3 and 3. R-N mate. The B1 B has an indirect effect on the mating square, after the B1 RB4 moves. But 1. ......., RB4-B3 paralyzes the RN; 2. QxP ete, while 1. ........, RB4-B2 inmobilizes the QN: 2. P-B8 Queen! (Not R!)

## Solutions Jo <br> Finish it the Clover Way:

Position No. 219: 1. BxRPch! KxB (if $\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{Bl}$, 2. $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{R6}$ !); 2. $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{B} 6!\mathrm{B} \times \mathrm{B}$ (if 2. …..... P×B; 3. R-Q3, B-B1; 4. R-R3ch, B-R3; 5. Q-R4. if 2. ......., B-B1; 3. R.Q3, Q-B3; 4. R-R3ch, K-N1; 5. P-KB3 and 6. Q-R4); 3. PxB and won.

Position No. 220: 1. K.R5 (the only move to draw, If $1 . \mathrm{K} \cdot \mathrm{N} 3$, KN4; 2. K B3, K-R5 wins because the NP has the possibility of one or two moves, depending on Whatte's play. If 1. P-R3 or 1. K-R3, Black plays K-B5 and wins because the White Pawn will be captured or the White King is too far away from the Black NP.), K-B5; 2.


K-N5; 3. KxP, P-R4; 4. K-B6, P-R5; 5.
 draws, If 1, ......., K-B3; 2. P-R4! K-B7; 3. K-N4, K-K3 (if 3. ......., P-N3; 4. K-B3!) 4. K-B4, P-N3; 5. K-K4 draws.

## PORTOROZ INTERZONAL

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20 Chestnut Road. West Norwood
LONDON, E.E. 27, Grext Brltain

(Thess Cife
Thursday, Page 8 March 5, 1959

## Solution Jo

Whato The Buat Move?

## Position No. 247

Polugaevsky-Nejmetdinov,
RFSFR Championship 1958
Black played 1. ......., R×Pl; and the game continued 2. $R \times Q, R-B 6 c h ; 3$ 3. $K$ Q4, B-N2; 4. P-QR4, P-B4ch; 5. PxP e.p., PXP; 6. B-Q3, N(K4) xBch; 7. K-B4, P. Q4ch; 8. PxP, PxPch; 9. K-NS, R-Nsq ch. Here White resigned because be moves.

Our solvers had difficulty in analysing this beautiful but complex position, and we are not certain that our own analysis is entirely free of flaws, It is obvious that White's game is hopeless if he does not capture the Queen at his second move so that the principal questions arise at Black's third move and White's fourth move in the game continuation.
Black has three alternatives at his third move: B-K6ch, P-B4ch, and P-N4. After 3. ........, B-K6ch; 4. K-B3, B-B4ch; 5. B-Q3, we have been unable to find a satisfactory continuation for Black. If either Knight captures the Bishop, White plays N-Nsq, or if the Rook captures the Bishop, White escapes win a small material advantage. Arter 3. seems stronger than elther Knight capture); 5, B-Q3, it appears that White ture), B. Bes, without suffering whte cisive material disadyantage Here 5 ......, P-B4ch or 5. ......., B-N2 are met by 6. K-B3, while 5........, N(K4)xB is answered by 6. RxB. With 3........, P-N4 Black threatens mate in two so that White is forced to reply 4. B-Q3. Black can then secure a slight endgame advantage by 4. ....... P-B4ch; 5. K-B3,
$\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{N} 2$ (Threatens mate in three by N-$\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{N} 2$ (Threatens mate in three by N-
B 5 ch ); 6 . $\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{Q} 2, \mathrm{RxBch} ; 7$. K-Bsq, RxQ ch; 8. $\mathrm{KxR}, \mathrm{N}-\mathrm{B6}$; 9. $\mathrm{B} \times \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{NxR}$; etc. One solver suggested that 4 ......, N(K4)
xB; 5. RxB, NxB wins for Black, but after 6. Q-Q2 it seems to us that White has the best of it.
White, at his fourth move of the game continuation, must meet Black's threat of P.N4 closing the mating net. The game shows that 4. P-QR4 avoids this mate only at the cost of running into another. But 4. B.Q3, N(K4)xBch, 5. K-B4, NxBeh; 6. KxN, NxQ; 7. RxN, R-Qsq gives Black two sound pawns plus and a clearly won endgame. Some solvers found a subtle defense which they overcame with an ingenious but unsound variation as follows: 4. NNsq, N(K4)-Q6ch; 5. K-B4?, NxBch; 6 $\mathrm{KxN}, \mathrm{P}-\mathrm{QR} 4 \mathrm{ch}$; 7. K-N5 (or K-R3, P-N4 and mate next), R-R3; 8. QxR, PxQ ${ }_{9}$ and P.QN4, B-B6; 10. P-R3, PxP; and Black wins. Unfortunately White plays 5. P-K5 opening the diagonal for his Bishop so that in response to Black's $\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{R} 3$ he can continue BxPch followed by RxN. Our own refutation of 4. NNsq is simply 4. ......., RxKNP maintaining the threat of P-N4. If then, 5 . N-K2, we would respond 5. ......., R-KB6. Now White cannot continue to repeat moves because of 6 . $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{Nsq}, \mathrm{N}(\mathrm{K} 4) \cdot \mathrm{Q} 6$ ch, 7. P-K5, BxPch; 8. K-B4 (or K-K4, N-B4 mate), R-B5ch; 9. B-Q4 (or K-N5, P-QR3ch and Black mates in four), RxB h; 10. K-B3, RxPch; 11. K-Q2, N-B7 (or N7) ch; 12. K any, NxQ. But after 5. B-Q3, Black can liquidate by 5 . ........ RxBeh; 6. QxR, N(K4)xQch; with a winning endgame advantage. Accord-
ingly we conclude that 3 . ingly we conclud
is best for Black.
Those solvers who thought thls to be some kind of "trick" position and suggested 1 ........, PxP ep ch as the best move will be interested in know ing that White's last move before the diagrammed position was $R$ (from KB sq)-KRsq.
Solutions which Included 3. ........, B. N 2 receive a full point, and all other solutions beginning with 1. ........, RxP receive $1 / 2$ point. On this basis, 1 point goes to: George W. Baylor, Abel Bom berault, K. A. Czerniecki, Earl R. Haw kins Jr., Viktors Ikauniks, Cam Jones, Edmund Roman, Bob Stelnmeyer, Reln hard H. Thien, F. J. Valvo, Joe Weln inger, and William B. Wilson. The following receive $1 / 2$ point: Harry Bakwin, M. D. Blumenthal, Armstrong Chinn Jr., Jesse Davis, Brad Dowden, E.

Gault, Donald C. Hills, Donald W. Johnson, M. Milstein, Vincent D. Noga, Henry C. Porter, Don Reithel ${ }^{*}$, F. C. Ruys, Max Schlosser, I. Schwartz, Larry Snyder, G. V. D. Tiers, Hunter Thompson, Fred Townsend, Neil P. Witting, and R. G. Wright. The solvers just miss a 2 -to- 1 victory scoring $221 / 2 \cdot 111 / 2$ -Welcome to new solver.

## Journament Life

Tournament organizers wishing announcements of their forthcoming USCF rated events to appear in this column should make application at least seven weeks in advance, on special forms which may be obtained from USCF Business Manager Kenneth Harkness, 80 East 11 th St New York 3, N. Y. or from Editor CHESS LIFE, 19 Dutch Village Road, Halifax, N.S., Canada.

MARCH
WEST FLORIDA TOURNAMENT A letter from Frank Rose, 1207 N.E. 1st Ave., Fort Lauderdale, Florida, states in part: The West Florida Tour. nament will be held in Tampa in March and will be USCF-rated." In the ab sence of other information about the event this notice is published with the hope that it may be of benefit to the USCF-conscious promoters. Further details can be obtained by writing to Frank at the address above.

## March 14, 15, 1959

## 4th ANNUAL CAPITAL CITY OPEN

At Seneca Hotel, 361 E. Broad St., Columbus, Ohio. Open to all who are or become USCF members. 5 rd . Swiss; 45 moves in 1 hour and 45 minutes; Adjudication after $31 / 2$ hours of play. Entry fee: $\$ 5$ to USCF members, plus $\$ 5$ membership fee for non-members. Registration: 8:30 to 9:30 a.m., March 14. Three rounds Saturday, two Sunday. First prize $\$ 25$ plus Trophy. Other eash prizes. Tournament Director (to whom inquiries should be addressed) James Schroeder, 1998 N. High St., Columbus, Ohio.

## March 28 and 29

## PACIFIC NORTHWEST OPEN

First of annual regional series to be sponsored by the U.S.C.F. 6-round Swiss system, Harkness pairings, Median (Solkoff and S.-B., If needed) tie-breaking. Time limit: 45 moves in two hours. Eight awards: trophies for 1st, 2nd, 3 rd , highest Junior (18 and under) and highest Woman; gold medals for highest Class B, Class C, and Unrated players. Entry fee: $\$ 5.00$; all players players. Entry fee: $\$ 5.00$; all players
must be, or become, U.S.C.F. members. must be, or become, U.S.C.F. members.
Play to begin at 9:00 a.m. sharp March Play to begin at 9:00 a.m. Sharp March
23 in Pilot House of University of Port23 in Pilot House of University of Portland. FOUR hot meals to be provided by University of Portland for $\$ 3.001$ Ints tournament will be nationally rated: if you have such a rating, take advantage of this opportunity to improve it; if you haven't, now is the time to get one. Register in advance with D. W. Johnson, T.D., University of Port. land Library, N. Willamette at Fiske, Portland 3, Oregon, or between 8:00 and 8:45 a.m., March 28. Share the ride and bring a carload to help make this tournament the best in the West!

## April 3.5

## 1959 New Jersey Amateur Championship

At Midway Diner Hammonton, New Jersey, Route 206 and U.S. 30 (White Horse Pike). Open to players with ratings up to 2,199 , USCF, and NJSCF membership required.
6 Round Swiss starting 8 p.m. Frlday. Three rounds Saturday, two rounds Sunday. Entries close 7:30 p.m. Friday. Entrance fee $\$ 5$ ( $\$ 3$ under 20 ). Accommodatlons per day, single $\$ 3$, multiple minimum $\$ 2$ at Lake Front Motel, Route U.S. 30, Hammonton, New Jersey.
Many trophies plus New Jersey Master Points to be awarded. Proceeds to

# THE USCF MONTHLY RATINGIMPROVEMENT TOURNAMENTS 

TO BE HELD AT
THE CHESS \& CHECKER CLUB OF NEW YORK
212 West 42nd St., New York, N. Y. ON THE SECOND WEEKEND OF EVERY MONTH NEXT DATES
MARCH 14-15
APRIL 11-12
MAY 9-10
This series of tournaments is specifically designed to enable players to improve their ratings (and their games) prior to competing in the large regional and national tournaments conducted by USCF throughout the year. Each tournament will be officially rated by USCF.

## See CHESS LIFE

Dec. 5 or Dec. 20, 1958
for details
or
WRITE, WIRE, OR PHONE
THE UNITED STATES CHESS FEDERATION
80 EAST 11TH STREET NEW YORK 3, N.Y.
be used to send junior players to U.S. Junior Championsiip, bring clocks and sets. Lew Wood Tournament Director. Write C. S. Pennington, 1130 Wychwood Road, Westfield, New Jersey, President Road,
NJSCF.
$100 \%$ USCF rated.
May 2 and 3, 1959
Second Mid-Continent Open and 1959 Kansas State Chess Tournament

At Russell, Kansas, sponsored by the Russell Chamber of Commerce and the Kansas State Chess Association. Open to all USCF members, with Kansas State Championship Title going to highest ranking Kansas player. 5 rd. Swiss, entries closing 11 a.m., May 2. Entry rees: $\$ 5.00$ if registered before April 25 ( $\$ 7.50$ after that date), Junior division $\$ 3.00$ to April 25 ( $\$ 5.00$ after that date). Guaranteed prizes in Open: Trophies for each of first five place win ners, plus $\$ 50$ for 1 st, $\$ 25$ for 2 nd, $\$ 15$ for 3 rd, and $\$ 10$ for 4 th places. Tro phies for 1 st and 2nd place juniors (under 17), 1st place girl under 17, 1s place player under 12, and 1st and 2 nd place women. Also 2 prizes in each of Classes A, B, and C. Trophies for firs five places taken by Kansas players. One big event, with class awards based on USCF ratings. Reach Russell by U.S. Routes 40 and 281, by Greyhound bus, or by Union Pacific RR. Motel and hotel rooms should be reserved in adthe family: For details and low-cost advance registration write to Mrs. H. P Killough, Tournament Secretary, Rus sell, Kansas. Tournament to be directed by George Koltanowski.

## April 3.5

## PHOENLX CITY "OPEN"

Open to all who are or become USCF members. Sponsored by Phoenix C.C., Phoenix, Arizona, 6-Round Swiss; entry fee $\$ 3.00$. Speed: 45 moves in 2 hours-play must stop after 4 hours for adjudication. 1 game Friday night; 3 games Saturday, and 2 games Sunday. Trophles and cash awards commensurate with number of entries. For additional information write E. W. Burlingame, 3310 E. Roosevelt, Phoenix, Ariz. Phone BR 5-2567.


1959 COURIER POSTAL CHESS CLUB OPEN CHAMPIONSHIP

The very first USCF RATED postal event. USCF membership required. En try fee: $\$ 3.00$ to USCF members who are also members of the Courier Chess Club. (Additional fees to non-members USCF, \$5 which includes subscription to CHESS LIFE; Courier C.C. mem bership- $\$ 3$. . $60 \%$ of entry fees devoted to prizes. For details, write to V. M KIMM, P. O. Box 104, Terryville, Con necticut. Entries must be postmarked lion or before March 31, 1959.

