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Larry Evans United States Champion

Ex-prodigy and International Grandmaster Larry Evans achieved the greatest victory of his adult chess-playing career by winning the Lessing J. Rosenwald Tournament (see January CHESS LIFE) and thus becoming the United States Champion and holder of the Frank J. Marshall Trophy for 1962.

The classic event, held in New York City under the joint auspices of the U.S. Chess Federation and the American Chess Foundation, was played in the ballroom of the Prince George Hotel and ran from December 17, 1961, through January 4, 1962. By taking the title, Evans won \$1,000 of the \$3,000 in cash prizes awarded by the American Chess Foundation.

He's Done It Before

This is the second time that Evans has held the title: on the first occasion, in 1951, he was a mere nineteen years of age, which made him the youngest U.S. Champion up until that time. Larry has also won the U.S. Open title three times and the Canadian Open once. In 1956, he was selected by the U.S. Department of State to make a good-will



The Winner: Larry Evans

tour of Austria and Yugoslavia. He is the author of several best-selling chess books and his popular column "Larry Evans on Chess" has appeared in CHESS LIFE for a number of years.. One of his newest ventures is The American Chess Quarterly, a lively magazine devoted to furthering the cause of master chess in the U.S.A.

The new champion's interests extend, however, beyond the bounds of Caissa's realm (he is presently writing and producing a motion picture) and his tournament performances have been infrequent in recent years. Prior to winning the championship, his last major competition was in 1960, in Buenos Aires, where he placed fourth in a strong international field.

A Scrappy Scramble

Evans' victory came as no great surprise, since he was among the pre-tournament favorites and took the lead right at the start. Even so, it turned out to be a close race, and it wasn't until the adjournments from the last round were completed that the final standings of the top players could be determined.

On January 5, a day after the tournament was "over", Evans clinched the title by drawing his adjourned game with Seidman while Robert Byrne took second by drawing with Raymond Weinstein. Byrne, like Evans, was undefeated, and his final score of 7-4 was only a half point below the winner's.

Benko, Mednis, Seidman, and Sherwin (to I'st them alphabetically) all ended up in a 6]-point tangle for third through sixth. Seidman and Mednis had chances right down to the wire. Seidman's last-round draw with the winner was mentioned above; Mednis had a chance to tie for first by defeating Benko in the final round. He had a position in the middle game that looked promising: remarkably, however, Benko (whose time-trouble is proverbial) had a whole eight minutes left on move 34, while Edmar had less than a minute. Mednis played a seemingly safe rook move, attacking the white queen, and quickly pushed his clock. Faster than the spectators could follow. Benko effected a neat two-move combination: - a check, followed by a surprising rook sacrifice. Mednis, obviously caught unawares, stared at the position while his clock ran out, - then gracefully resigned.

Too Many Draws?

Top honors for the most games won in the tournament go to Herbert Seidman, with five. Evans, in taking the tournament, won four and drew seven — in marked contrast to Bobby Fischer's showing last year, when Bobby won seven and drew four.

When asked to comment on this in an interview after the tournament, Evans said: "Once I got the lead I tried to hold it and not gamble it away; and being the front-runner forces you to change your style. I was playing to the score, minimizing risk."

Evans also ventured a comparison between Fischer's chess personality and his own. "I defend myself against being absorbed by the game," he said, "while Fischer uses the game to defend himself against the world." Whatever the explanation, no one who

Cont'd. next page

Interzonal News

As this issue of CHESS LIFE goes to press, both Bobby Fischer and Pal Benko of the United States are among the leaders in the Interzonal Tournament in Stockholm. The top six players from this event will join Tal and Keres in the Candidates' Tournament which will be held in Curacao, Netherlands Antilles, in May and June. The winner of the Candidates' will play a match next year with Mikhail Botvinnik for the World Championship.

FIDE Vice-president Jerry Spann reports that the USCF appeal for funds to finance the American players' entry fees in the Interzonal has now passed the half-way mark. Our original quota was \$1125.00. We appeal to each USCF member to reach for his checkbook and send in his contribution, whatever the amount, to: Interzonal Fund, c/o Jerry G. Spann, 3011 Paseo, Oklahoma City 3, Okla.

Interzonal Standings, as of February 13:

w	L	W L	
Uhlmann71/2	31/2	Bolbochan5 5	
Filip7	3	Stein5 5	
Fischer61/2	11/2	Barcza41/2 41/2	
Petrosian61/2	31/2	Yanofsky41/2 61/2	
Benko61/2	41/2	Schweber4 6	
Gligoric6	4	Bertok4 7	
Korchnoi6	4	Bisguier31/2 61/2	
Portisch6	4	German3 /2 61/2	
Bilek51/2	31/2	Teschner3 7	
Geller51/2		Cuellar21/2 61/2	
Olafsson51/2		Aaron11/2 91/2	
Pomar 51/4	The second second		

Botvinnik Takes Hastings

World Champion Mikhail Botvinnik won seven games and drew two, to win first prize in the annual Christmas Congress in Hastings, England. He finished ahead of Grandmasters Gligoric, Flohr, and Bisguier, as well as the British contingent, — led by British Champion Jonathan Penrose—and Karl Robatsch of Austria, Robert G. Wade of New Zealand, and Manuel Aaron of India. Botvinnik clinched first place in the next-to-the-last round, before playing a 12-move draw with the other Soviet representative, Salo Flohr.

The Final Standings:

Botvinnik8	1	Littlewood4	5
Gligoric6	3	Robatsch4	5
Flohr51/2	31/2	Wade31/2	51/2
Bisguier5	4	Barden3	6
Penrose5	4	Aaron1	8

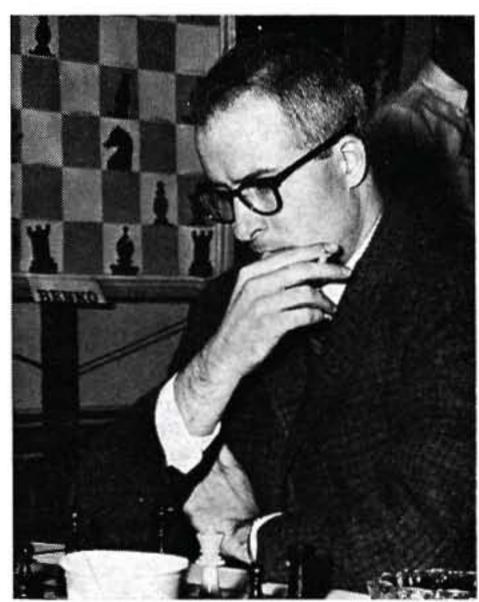
Leonard Barden is preparing a story and some annotated games from this event for our March issue.

U.S. Championship-Cont'd.

was present during the tournament can doubt Evans' intention of winning it. His determination and will-to-victory were apparent from the first round on. He may have used a tournament strategy that some romantics and a great many amateurs find unsatisfying, but the final results tell the story. In retrospect, his whole performance in the tournament seems like a neatly calculated combination.

Some Surprises

Every great tournament produces its share of the unexpected, and the 1961-62 Championship was no exception. However, in a tournament as evenly balanced as this one, the chances for a really dramatic upset are at a minimum. The showing of Mednis might be regarded with mild surprise; though he has long been known as a strong player, able to hold his own in the best company, few experts would have predicted that he would finish so high. Herbert Seidman was definitely a surprise: last year he finished twelfth without winning a game; this year he won more games than the winner. (He made the mistake of losing a few more than the winner, too: an oversight that cost him the title!)



Runner-up: Robert Byrne

But Raymond Weinstein, last year's biggest surprise, was also this year's, - though for reasons that can hardly have been a source of satisfaction to his many well-wishers. Last year, Raymond finished a strong third, losing only two games and scoring 61-41; this year he won only two, and finished ninth, with 45-61. Uncertain in his strategy, and lacking his usual concentration, he was obviously off his stride for this tournament and didn't come close to showing his real capabilities. A fine sportsman, he refused to alibi. He can console himself with the thought that for a player of his youth and talent, there will be many more U. S. Championship Tournaments in the future.

Finally, to find the name of Donald Byrne so low in the standings might be termed unexpected; however, this is Donald's first appearance in so strong a tournament since his return to chess after a prolonged absence, and it could hardly be anticipated that he would immediately show a return to full playing strength.

As Expected

The other players—though any one of them might have done better than he did-finished well within the range of what might be called their minimum expectations. Benko and Sherwin were figured to do well, and did well. They were also figured to lose a few points through clock trouble, and they lost them. Last year, Benko lost on time to Sherwin, appealed, and lost the appeal; this year Sherwin lost on time to Benko, appealed, and lost the appeal. One looks forward, with mixed emotions, to their '62-63 meeting. Since both are among our top players, the chances are good that they will be playing in the next Championship. The chances are also good that neither will have developed an effective serum against the dreaded Teutonic Plague, — better known as Zeitnot.

Eliot Hearst, another CHESS LIFE contributor, played steadily throughout and finished with an even score. He lost only two games, to Evans and Seidman. The HearstEvans tussle was, incidentally, one of Larry's best games of the tournament.

The bottom three players — Turner, Kramer, Bernstein - could hardly be expected to be completely satisfied with their respective showings, yet they turned in good individual performances. Turner defeated Seidman and lost only to Evans among the top five players. Kramer, though he seems, temporarily at least, to have lost the touch that made him one of the most brilliant of the younger American players a decade or so ago, can attribute a good share of his trouble to lack of recent practice against strong competition. Bernstein, giving away quite a few years to most of the other players, had the satisfaction of beating Benko even though it was on time. (As Benko remarked after the game, "I always lose once

The tournament was directed, like many U.S. Championships in the past, by F.I.D.E. International Referee, Hans Kmoch. Among the more prominent spectators were: Mr. Lessing J. Rosenwald, M. J. Kasper, Walter Fried, and Sidney Wallach, of the American Chess Foundation; USCF-President Fred Cramer, and FIDE Vice President, Jerry Spann; Al Horowitz, editor of "Chess Review"; and International Grandmaster William Lombardy.

Photos by Kenneth Harkness

U. S. Championship—1961-1962

2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Score
1	ž.	à	2	2	1	å	1 2	1	1	1	71-31
x	3	A	à	1	4	2	1 2	3	1	1	7 -4
1 2	x	1	0	1	10	1	1	1	1	0	61-41
1	0	x	1	3	1.	1	1	1	0	1	61-41
à	1	0	x	0	1	1	1	0	1	3	61-41
0	0	à	1	x	2	1	1	1	1	_ 1	61-41
à	à	1	0	å.	x	2	12	1	1 2	1	59-59
ā	0	0	0	à	1	x	1	1	1 2	1	5 -6
2	à	0	0	1.2	1	0	x	1	0	1	43-63
1 2	à	1	1	0	0	1.	0	x	1	1	4 -7
0	0	1	0	0	2	1	1	à	x	0	31-71
0	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	1	x	3 -8
	2 2 2 2 3 4 0 4 1 0 0	2 3 ½ ½ ½ X ½ 0 0 0 0 0 0 1	½ x 1 ½ 0 x	½ x 1 0 ½ 0 x 1	½ x 1 0 1 ½ 0 x 1 ½	½ x 1 0 1 ½ ½ 0 x 1 ½ ½	½ x 1 0 1 ½ 1 ½ 0 x 1 ½ ½ 1	1 x 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1/2 1/2 <td>1/2 1/2<td>1/2 1/2</td></td>	1/2 1/2 <td>1/2 1/2</td>	1/2 1/2

Weinberger Scores In Santa Monica

USCF Master Tibor Weinberger turned in a 7-1 score to win the strong, 26-player Santa Monica Open, concluded December 11. Second was Robert Jacobs, 6-2, while Robert Cross, Allen Troy, and Imre Barlai — all with 5½ finished in that order.

Weinberger's only loss in the tournament was to Robert Cross, who also defeated Irving Rivise with a neat sacrifice.

The tournament was directed by Herbert T. Abel, and ran from December 2 to 11.

Martin Takes S. Cal.

Raymond Martin of Simi took first place in the Southern California Championship, played at the Herman Steiner Chess Club in Los Angeles. His score of 6½-1½ was equalled by Irving Rivise and Walt Cunningham, but Old Man Median gave Martin the title by a narrow margin. Fourth place went to Jerry Hanken, 5½-2½, ahead of Gene Rubin, same score. Thirty-four players competed.

The first four places qualified for the California State Championship, but since Hanken will not be able to play in the finals, Rubin will take his place.

The tournament, conducted under the auspices of the Southern California Chess League, was directed by Gordon Barrett, and ran from September 10 to November 5.

Evans To Go On Tour

U. S. Champion Larry Evans has announced that he will go on a transcontinental tour, giving simultaneous displays, between March 30 and May 15, 1962. The tour is being co-sponsored by the USCF and the American Chess Foundation.

All winners will receive a free oneyear subscription to the "American Chess Quarterly."

Inquiries should be sent to CHESS-TOUR (22), 3560 Broadway, New York 31, N. Y.

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A BIG AND INSPIRING STORY

by Fred Cramer, USCF President

Altho the story of the U.S. Championship may be featured on page 1 of this issue of CHESS LIFE, there is another truly big story in the chess news. It is a story of nation-wide and of long-lasting significance. It is the story of USCF membership.

What's wrong with American chess? Why has it so little support? Why are its organizations so ineffectual, so wracked with strife? Why is membership so low?

Those questions, which were commonly raised here and abroad for many years, are no longer in order today! That is the big story of American chess. It is told in the figures on page 41.

Membership Gaining Everywhere

Chess players are joining the United States Chess Federation in all parts of the country. They are joining, and they are staying. Chess organizers and leadership in all major chess centers, always aware of the need for an effective organization, now has almost unanimously given USCF its unstinting support.

The membership growth has been broad, very broad. Almost every USCF Region has doubled its membership since the start of Operation M in June of 1958. And almost every important state has shown tremendous growth. Some areas, once described as "blank spots" on the chess map, are now flourishing with activity.

If any truly tremendous performances are to be singled out, look at states like Colorado, from 18 to 119, or Arizona, from 17 to 113, or Louisiana, from 28 to 103! Among the people in responsible spots here are USCF Vice-Presidents Juan Reid and Mabel Burlingame and USCF Life Director A. Wyatt Jones.

The big-time productions, of course, belong to California, with a net gain of 507 members, and New York, with a net gain of 338 members. Harry Borochow, Lina Grumette, and Jose Calderon, and many many others, had a hand in this.

Growth Continuing

The membership growth has been continuous, and has shown no sign of slacking off. This means that the new members have contained some new recruiters, and that growth is begetting further growth! In fact, in the twelve months just ended, we added 1219 net in membership — or more than our total membership, back in the 40's.

Recently moving into the growth spotlight have been Pennsylvania, coached by membership chairman Mordecai Treblow and USCF Vice-Presidents Bill Byland and Bill Ruth, and Illinois, where a new state organization has been organized. In the past year Pennsylvania has added 133 members, and Illinois has added 99.

The Best Buy in Anything

USCF membership is far and away the best buy in chess. Where else can you get a fine periodical, a tournament-play rating, a discount setup on books and supplies, and a chance to support your national organization, for only \$5.00? Where can you get even part of this for so small a sum? Yet USCF membership has not changed in price since 1952, ten years ago!

USCF membership is far and away the best buy in recreation, sport, art, or whatever field you believe to contain chess. How much does one evening at the bowling alley cost, or one ticket to see the Packers play the Giants?

The membership growth has been accomplished without gimmicks and without high-powered promotions. No advertising has been run in newspapers or magazines. No expensive premiums or prizes have been offered. These new memberships have not been "bought," but they have been solidly sold on the basis of their value.

On Our Way To 10,000!

Only thru our own membership has the membership campaign been conducted. Every USCF member is on the membership committee, and what a wonderful committee that is! The target, set when Operation MM began a year ago, is 10,000 members by August of 1963 — less than one new member per existing member in the next 18 months! Should be easy — but it will be only if the present members continue their enthusiastic effort and evangelism in bringing more chess supporters into the fold.

Chess players and chess organizers in America have long wanted a national organization they could respect and support. Now that they have it, they are proving how right this appraisal was. USCF and American chess are indeed, on the march!

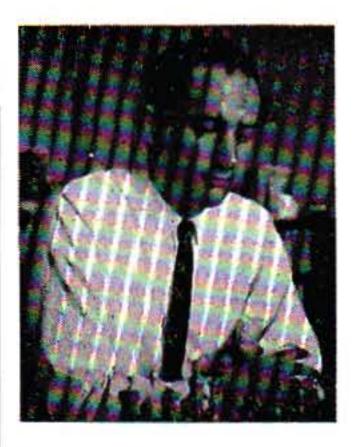
(For latest USCF membership figures see page 41).

"B" Wins in Baltimore

William McClure, who entered the 50player Baltimore Open with a USCF Class B
rating of 1735, went on to take the event,
held in Towson, Maryland, with a score of
5-1. George Thomas, Robert Raven, and L.
Hucks, also 5-1, finished in that order after
the tie-breaking points were computed. William J. Eisenbeis, playing in his first tournament, finished in fifth with a score of 4½ 1½,
and was awarded the prize for top unrated
player.

Tournament-winner McClure played in the Maryland Open last Spring and only managed to finish 18th: it is obvious that he is improving fast!

The tournament, sponsored by the Maryland Chess Association, was held over the weekend of December 1-3, and was directed by William C. Koenig, with the assistance of Dr. William Bundick.



CHESS KALEIDOSCOPE

by U.S. Master ELIOT HEARST

REVOLUTION IN CHESS TEACHING?

At one time or another every chess devotee has found himself in the position of trying to introduce a non-chessplayer to the rules of the game. Teaching one's wife how to play chess may not be as hard on one's patience as teaching her how to drive, but at least in the latter case there are several time-tested methods for converting an absolute beginner into a competent performer. Some very ambitious souls can learn chess from the Encyclopedia, and some from a beginner's textbook, but these volumes proceed so rapidly through the fundamentals of the game that most readers are lost by the fifth or sixth page—unless there is a teacher nearby to explain all the details omitted in the text or to supply additional examples of the specific moves of each piece. How many more chessplayers there would be if a smooth and relatively painless method of instruction were available!

The only relatively painful characteristic of Encyclopedia Brittanica Films' Programmed Introduction to Chess* (1961) is its price (\$9.95); however, programmed courses in Elementary Russian, Fundamentals of Statistics, etc., cost approximately the same amount and reflect the tremendous expenditure of time and work that must go into the formulation and practical testing of the thousands of items that constitute any single program.

Those of you who have read about teaching machines and programmed learning in Sunday Supplements or in the education sections of your newspaper will have realized that the EBF chess course (the work of Dr. M. W. Sullivan of Hollins College — with the inevitable introduction by Fred Reinfeld) represents the first published extension of this new teaching medium into the field of chess. Based on principles of learning derived from the laboratory of the experimental psychologist, teaching-machine programs, if adequately prepared, enable the student to progress at his own rate in very small, logical steps, which guarantee that the student will make very few errors. Thus the beginner rarely, if ever,

*See advertisement, CHESS LIFE, December 1961.

becomes overwhelmed by the difficulty of the subject matter and he does not become discouraged early. The question and answer method used in such programs (the answers are concealed and revealed one by one) enables the student to compose his own answers and then to learn immediately whether he is right or wrong.

The only previous chess teaching device even remotely similar to this programmed method is the "Solitaire Chess" technique popularized by CHESS REVIEW and later employed in amplified form in several books, where the reader successively guesses and then reveals the moves of a master game. He is scored for his answers depending upon the relative difficulty of each move. Usually no credit is given for moves which are as good (or better) than the move the master selected and often no explanations are included to pinpoint the reasons for the effectiveness of each particular move. In contrast, a carefully-constructed program would be composed of successive questions which involve much smaller "learning steps" than are involved in the rather gross choice of a "best move"; such specific questions as, what square in black's camp is undefended, what black piece is pinned, etc., might precede the selection of the "best move." After appropriate questioning and hinting, the correct move ought to be chosen by 90% of the students and not the 5% which score highly in the "Solitaire Chess" method.

The EBF program is designed primarily for beginners, not advanced players, and the few guinea pigs (non-chess-player humans) on whom I have tested the program not only found it engrossing to study but have also mastered the fundamentals of chess by themselves within a few hours. The course covers everything that any introductory book on chess ordinarily contains — from elementary mates and chess notation to pins and forks and smothered mates. So if you've a wife or friend who has always wanted you to teach them chess, this program will do the job for you, and probably better than you alone can. Maybe the future will bring really advanced programs which can make experts out of patzers and world champions out of mere masters.

TAL AND FISCHER SPEAK AT BLED

(Excerpts from an interview with Yugoslav D. Andric)

Tal: "There is no absolute chess champion of the world today, but at least ten top players of approximately equal strength: Botvinnik, all four Russian participants at Bled (Tal himself, Keres, Petrosian and Geller), Korchnoi, Smyslov, Spassky, Fischer, Reshevsky and Gligoric. Any of them could win any of the strongest tournaments anywhere.

"The impact of a defeat is less in a tournament, where you can compensate it more easily than in a match. Botvinnik himself, in a period of his top tournament form, was unable to win his matches against Flohr and Levenfish.

"As for the system of the official world chess competition, in my opinion the distance a candidate has to go before he obtains the right to play the match for the title is too long. He has to participate in several tournaments for which the selection of participants could hardly be considered per-

fect. Bronstein's unlucky defeat against Cardoso, an unknown player from the Philippines, in the last round of the Interzonal Tournament in Portoroz in 1958, eliminated him from the competition and had a lasting effect on his career. There should not be such hazards. Why should leading grandmasters have to prove their strength in a series of official tournaments, time and again? Here is another absurdity: the former World Champion Smyslov, who won some of the strongest tournaments ever held, including two Candidates' Tournaments, has not the right even to compete in the Interzonal Tournament this time, as he was temporarily indisposed at the time of the U.S.S.R. Championship" (which counted as one of the Zonals). "It is a loss not only for Smyslov but for world chess as he is undoubtedly among those who could rightly aspire towards the highest title."

"A change in the system of official competition seems to be necessary. Two tournaments should suffice. F.I.D.E. could select the thirty best players of the moment who could compete in two semi-final groups, and then we should have the finals to establish who should challenge the champion to a match. There are other possible solutions: for example the ten best players in the world at the moment could be selected on the basis of their results over the last two or three years, and they would then play a double-round Candidates' Tournament."

When asked whom he would like to have as his opponent in the match for the world title Tal said jokingly: "Why, my son of course — the title would then stay at home anyhow." About his matches against Botvinnik he said. "Eighteen months ago, it was simply beyond my comprehension how I had won the match, Half a year ago, it was even less conceivable to me how I could have lost our second match. At the closing ceremony in 1960, Botvinnik looked old, worn out, unable even to think of wanting a return. This year, on the stage where I lost the title, he looked like a giant to me! I still believe in myself, but I respect Botvinnik more than ever."

Asked about the conditions in which top Russian players work and progress, Tal said: "It is usually believed that these conditions are much better than they objectively are: there are twelve grandmasters in our country who have a monthly income of 180 roubles" (about that many dollars) "each: Smyslov, Bronstein, Keres, Petrosian, Korchnoi, Spassky, Taimanov, Averbakh, Geller, Polugayevsky, Stein and myself. Botvinnik gets fifty roubles more, as I did whilst world champion. We are professionals of course, competing in tournaments, working on chess theory, visiting small towns for simultaneous displays. However, Gligoric, Reshevsky, Pachman or Fischer do not seem to me to be in a less favourable position."

"Your next plans?" "Keres and I have to be in Riga four days after the end of the Bled tournament for the team championship of our chess clubs."

Fischer: Some other participants of the tournament persuaded Fischer to sing when at a Bled night club one evening, hoping to have some fun at his expense. They were hushed to awe however, when he sang a series of rock-and-roll songs attractively and well. "My main talent lies not in chess but in music: I've written this somewhere in my diary," he remarked when he returned to his table. "Grandmaster Smyslov who could be an opera singer anywhere — admitted I had a suitable voice, and I've got rhythm, too. Some sing without any proper gift for it — it's sheer nonsense."

It was obvious that what he thought about other singers, he could not help thinking about other chess players, too, even though at one time he was not quite so good himself. When he came to Yugoslavia in 1958, the only Serbo-Croat word he knew for quite a time was "prvi" ("the first"). Fischer can already sign his autograph in English, Serbo-Croat, or Russian! Coming to Bled this year, he said he was sorry not to see Botvinnik there, who had promised to play before he regained the chess crown, but withdrew when he won his match against Tal. "I hope" said Fischer, "to meet him after the next Candidates' Tournament!"

Asked what he thought about his chances in such a match, the eighteen-year-old grandmaster said of the fifty-year-old world champion "I think Tal lost because he wasn't well, not because of Botvinnik's greater strength."

"For more than a year I have not lived with my mother," he said with boyish pride. "I've got a four-room flat of my own in Brooklyn, as her presence hampered me in my chess studies. A special chess table was made for me in Zurich for \$100, and that is, beside my T.V. set, the thing I like most. But I'm moving to Manhattan soon, I've got an offer to appear on television in the U.S.A., advertising some products for \$500 a minute — I'll accept it. I am preparing a book which should contain my fifty best games: I'll publish it after my match for the world title in 1963. I devote five hours a day to the study of chess, more before a tournament."

ALEKHINE'S WORST GAME OF CHESS?

Belgian master V. Soultanbeieff shocked the readers of EUROPE-ECHECS by devoting a column to his choice for Alekhine's worst game of chess. The following game indicates that he succeeded pretty well in his selection although Alekhine's play is quite strong and original up to move 34. The game was played at Margate, 1937.

V. Buerger - A. Alekhine

1. P-Q4 N-KB3 2. N-KB3 P-K3 3. P-B4 N-K5 4. N-B3 B-N5 5. Q-B2 P-KB4 6. P-K3 P-QN3 7. B-Q3 B-N2 8. B-Q2 NxB 9. QxN O-O 10. P-QR3 B-Q3 11. Q-K2 P-B4 12. P-Q5 PxP 13. PxP

P-QR3 14. P-QR4 Q-B3 15. R-Q1 R-K1 16. Q-B2 P-N3 17. 0-0 P-QR4 18. KR-K1 N-R3 19. B-N5 N-N5 20. Q-K2 R-K2 21. Q-B4 K-N2 22. R-K2 QR-K1 23. Q-N3 P-N4 24. B-B4 P-N5 25. N-Q2 P-B5! 26. PxP QxP 27. N-B1 R-KB1 28. QR-K1 RxR 29. RxR B-K4 30. P-N3 Q-N4 31. N-K4 Q-B4 32. Q-K3 B-Q5 33. Q-N3 NxP 34. Q-Q1 34. . . N-B5?? (either N-N5 or N-K6 should win easily) 35. PxN BxN 36. N-N3! (Alekhine overlooked that this move attacked two pieces) QxP??? (Probably the worst sequence of blunders ever made by a world champion) 37. NxB?? (Even at the age of seven, Bobby Fischer would have seen N-R5ch!). White won eventually, anyhow, after 54 moves.

SERENDIPITY IN CHESS

If you tell a scientist that he is gifted with serendipity he probably will be immensely flattered — if he knows what the word means, of course. The gift of serendipity is essential to good chess players as well, but who has ever heard Botvinnik described in exactly that manner? I recently had occasion to look up the origins and exact meaning of the word and, armed with this new knowledge, I can now make a plea for the recognition of serendipity in chess!

Serendipity, the "gift of finding valuable or agreeable things not sought for" or "the process of finding one thing while looking for another," is a word coined by Horace Walpole from a tale about three Princes from Serendip (in Ceylon) who in their travels were always discovering, by chance or by sagacity, things they had not set out to find. Applied to a scientist, for example, the word refers to the almost uncanny ability of some researchers to notice "incidental" events during their experiments and thus to obtain information and ideas on topics the experiments were not originally designed to investigate.

In a very similar way, perhaps, the master chess player examines a variation which may intuitively look like a reasonable way of meeting his opponent's threats. In the course of his analysis, he incidentary nonces that the moves lead to several neat tactical or strategical possibilities, a consequence he had not foreseen when he first thought of the variation. Many lesser players would have considered the same line of play, but might have discarded it because they had a preconceived notion about its potentialities and so overlooked some of the variations' more subtle characteristics. How often do we overlook worthwaile possibilities in a chess game because we are so intent on a particular idea that we are completely insensitive to other, seemingly irrelevant, aspects of the position? I have no statistics or evidence to rely on, but my experience indicates that most chess blunders are due to this sort of failing. So, if one can develop such an attribute as serendipity: chess players cultivate serendipity!

Larry Evans ON CHESS

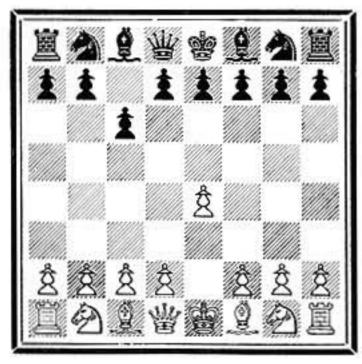
by U. S. Champion LARRY EVANS

The Caro-Kann Defense

One might ask, reasonably, why the Caro-Kann had all but disappeared from practical opening repertory until Botvinnik made it his workhorse in his return match against Tal in 1961. To ask the question is to answer it. Botvinnik won the match, and victory has that sweet smell of success. The popularity of a given opening is more a matter of fad than intrinsic value. Botvinnik won the match because he was self-confident and in good form. Tal is the foremost attacking player in the world, and Botvinnik needed a solid defense to 1. P-K4 — a defense which contains no risk (as do the French and Sicilian) and leads to drawish positions. In a match, especially, the Black player is content to draw all his games, popping them off like foul balls, reserving the White pieces to try and secure an opening advantage. That Tal would over-

reach himself, when behind in score, was utterly predictable. Hence that infuriating Caro-Kann!

The Sicilian gives Black a fighting game, but against a strong attacking player it is a dubious defense. Indeed, one has begun to detect a falling off in popularity of the Sicilian in recent international tournaments. Reshevsky is still the only master who clings to the Dragon Variation with unshakeable faith. The Black side of the Ruy Lopez is lifeless; the French is stodgy; Alekhine's Defense is intricate. That leaves — the Caro-Kann. Any defense which consistently confounds Tal must be examined and, if necessary, exhumed. The Caro-Kann is already gaining popularity. (Look at the opening index in any chess magazine at year's end — or measure the number of columns devoted by MCO, edition by edition, to determine the popularity of an opening.)



Position after 1. P-K4, P-QB3

The stolid Caro-Kann

Game #10: (Tal-Botvinnik, Moscow, 1961) 1. P-K4, P-QB3; 2. P-Q4, P-Q4; 3. P-K5, B-B4 (the great advantage over the French is that Black does not voluntarily hem in his QB by playing P-K3 before developing it); 4. P-KR4?!, P-KR3; 5. P-KN4, B-Q2 (if 5., B-N3; 6. P-K6!, PxP; 7. B-Q3); 6. P-R5?, P-QB4; 7. P-QB3, N-QB3; 8. B-R3 (intending P-KB4-5), P-K3; 9. B-K3, Q-N3; 10. Q-N3 (if 10. Q-Q2, PxP; 11. PxP, B-N5; 12. N-QB3, N-R4! is satisfactory for Black), PxP; 11. QxQ?, PxQ; 12. PxP, N-R4 (also possible is 12... N-N5; 13. K-Q2, RxP; 14. RxR, NxR); 13. N-QB3, P-QN4 and Black has the better game.

Game #14: The drama compounds: each time one wonders which side will find an improvement. 1. P-K4, P-QB3; 2. P-Q4, P-Q4; 3. P-K5, B-B4; 4. P-KR4, P-KR4?!; 5. N-K2, P-K3; 6. N-N3, P-KN3 (not 6...B-N3; 7. B-K2, B-K2; 8. NxP, BxRP; 9. P-KN3, B-K2; 10. N-B6+ wins; if instead 9...BxN; 10. BxB, B-K2; 11. BxP+ wins); 7. NxB, NPxN; 8. P-QB4, P-B4; 9. PxQP, QxP; and Black stands well.

Game #16: 1. P-K4, P-QB3; 2. P-Q4, P-Q4; 3. P-K5, B-B4; 4. P-KR4, P-B4?!; 5. PxP, Q-B2; 6. N-QB3 (QxP is also good), N-QB3; 7. N-B3, R-Q1; 8. N-QN5, Q-B1; 9. KN-Q4 (Smyslov recommends 9. P-B3, B-N5; 10. Q-R4), B-N5; 10. P-KB3, B-Q2;

11. NxN, PxN; 12. N-Q4, Q-N1; 13. Q-K2, P-K3; 14. N-N3, BxP; 15. NxB, Q-N5+; 16. P-B3, QxN; 17. B-K3, advantage to White.

Game #18: 1. P-K4, P-QB3; 2. P-Q4, P-Q4; 3. P-K5, B-B4; 4. P-KR4, P-KR3; 5. P-KN4, B-Q2; 6. P-QB3, P-QB4; 7. B-N2, P-K3; 8. N-K2, B-N4; 9. N-R3, BxN; 10. QxB, PxP; 11. PxP, BxN; 12. PxB, N-QB3; 13. B-K3, Q-R4+; 14. K-B1, KN-K2; and Black's position is solid.

Game #20: 1. P-K4, P-QB3; 2. P-Q4, P-Q4; 3. P-K5, B-B4; 4. P-KR4, P-KR3; 5. N-K2, P-K3; 6. N-N3, N-K2; 7. N-B3, N-Q2; 8. B-K3, B-R2; 9. B-Q3, BxB; 10. PxB (originally Spassky's idea), P-KR4; 11. QN-K2 (if 11. NxP, N-B4; 12. P-KN3, P-QB4!), P-KN3; 12. Q-Q2, N-KN1 (Flohr recommends B-N2 instead); 13. O-O-O, B-R3; 14. K-N1, BxB; 15. PxB, N-R3; 16. P-K4, advantage to White.

All of which proves that Tal's peculiar tropism (3. P-K5 and 4. P-KR4) leads to a dead end. Tal tried everything under the sun, but to no avail. He sought tactical, rather than positional, refutations. Black's game is too solid for that.

White of course can vary. His most popular joust occurred in Fischer-Keres, Bled, 1961: 1. P-K4, P-QB3; 2. N-QB3, P-Q4; 3. N-B3, B-N5; 4. P-KR3, BxN; 5. QxB, N-B3; 6. P-Q4, PxP; 7. Q-K3, QN-Q2; 8. NxP, NxN; 9. QxN, N-B3; 10. Q-Q3, Q-Q4; 11. P-QB4, Q-Q3; 12. B-K2, P-K4; 13. P-Q5, P-K5; 14. Q-B2, B-K2; 15. PxP, QxP; 16. O-O, O-O=

In a later game, Fischer-Petrosian, Bled, 1961, White tried a more conventional assault: 1. P-K4, P-QB3; 2. P-Q4, P-Q4; 3. N-QB3, PxP; 4. NxP, N-Q2; 5. N-KB3, KN-B3; 6. NxN+, (6. N-N3 is inferior and time-consuming), NxN; 7. B-QB4, B-B4; 8. Q-K2, P-K3; 9. B-KN5, B-N5; 10. O-O-O, B-K2; 11. P-KR3, BxN; 12. QxB, N-Q4; 13. BxB, QxB; and Black is rock-solid.

Still another variant for Black in Keres-Olafsson, Bled, 1961: 1. P-K4, P-QB3; 2. P-Q4, P-Q4; 3. N-QB3, PxP; 4. NxP, B-B4; 5. N-N3, B-N3; 6. B-QB4, P-K3; 7. KN-K2, N-B3; 8. P-KR4, P-KR3; 9. N-B4, B-R2; 10. Q-K2, B-Q3; 11. P-QB3, QN-Q2?; 12. BxP!, PxB; 13. NxP, Q-K2; 14. N(3)-B5, BxN; 15. NxP+, K-B2; 16. NxB, QxQ+; 17. KxQ, White won the ensuing endgame.

This is all background material which will likely wend its way into the next edition of MCO. A line which was considered dangerous to Black—which even put the Caro-Kann out of commission for a good many years in the thirties—is the Panov-Botvinnik "Attack." The characteristic moves are:

1. P-K4, P-QB3; 2. P-Q4, P-Q4; 3. PxP, PxP; 4. P-QB4.



Position after 4. P-QB4

The Panov-Botvinnik Attack

It is remarkable that such an innocuous line should contain such a positional sting. There have been improvements for both sides since this variation was first popularized in the Flohr-Botvinnik match, 1933. The best continuation is 4., N-KB3; 5. N-QB3, N-B3; 6. N-B3 (6. B-N5, P-K3; 7. N-B3, PxP; 8. BxP, B-K2; 9. O-O, O-O; leads to a typical Q's Gambit Accepted type of position). Here various moves have been tried for Black. Bronstein introduced 6., P-KN3; an ingenious method of getting into a Grunfeld Defense. 6., P-K3; 7. P-B5, leads into Fischer-Ivkov, Buenos Aires, 1960. The basic advantage of White's game, despite the drawback of his isolated QP, is the open diagonals which both his Bishops enjoy.

6., B-N5 leads to interesting complications after 7. PxP (not so sharp is 7. B-K2, P-K3; 8. P-B5, N-K5), KNxP; 8. Q-N3 (the "book" alternate is 8. B-QN5, R-B1; 9. P-KR3, BxN; 10. QxB, P-K3; 11. O-O, P-QR3); BxN (there is little tournament experience with 8., N-N3); 9. PxB (9. QxP is easily refuted by . . . N(4)-N5; 10. PxB, R-QN1 winning the Queen), P-K3 (9., N-N3; 10. P-Q5, N-Q5; 11. Q-Q1, N-B4; 12. B-N5+, White's favor); 10. QxP, NxP; 11. B-N5+, NxB; 12. Q-B6+ (an important finesse-forcing Black to move his King, else QxR+), K-K2; 13. QxN(N5), Q-Q2 (the only worthwhile alternative here is 13., NxN; 14. PxN, but Fischer-Euwe, Zurich, 1960 ended in a slaughter after 14., Q-Q2; 15. R-QN1. On 14., Q-Q4; 15. QxQ, PxQ; 16. R-QN1 is greatly in favor of White also. The point of Black's refusal to exchange Knights, even though it weakens White's Pawns, is to keep the QN file closed); 14. NxN+, PxN; 15. Q-K2+, K-B3 (......, Q-K3; 16. B-K3, P-B3; 17. O-O-O, K-B2; 18. Q-Q3 favors White).



Position after 15., K-B3

This is the kind of a game where both sides are in trouble! That White has anything is doubtful. A so-called "improvement" (over an original 16. B-K3) is 16. O-O, as in Benko-Addison, US Open, 1961, which continued: 16., B-Q3; 17. R-Q1, Q-R6; 18. B-N5+!, K-N3; 19. Q-Q3+, P-B4; 20. P-B4, QxQ; 21. RxQ, P-KR3; 22. RxP, and now B-R6! (instead of B-N1 as played) leads to a drawn ending.

If, indeed, White is to try for an advantage, then his best chance (though risky) is 16. B-K3, introduced in Evans-Weinberger, California, 1961. White had an idea which appeared neither in the game nor in the published notes by Kmoch in Chess Review.

The game continued: 16., B-N5+ (best, owing to the devastating threat of B-Q4+; if 16., P-Q5?; 17. Q-R6+!, K-K2; 18. R-Q1 wins); 17. K-Q1, P-Q5; 18. B-N5+?! (instead of 18. B-Q2? as played in the game where White was short of time and could not see the consequences of his intended sacrifice with the clock ticking over-the-board.), KxB (acceptance is virtually forced: if 18., K-N3; 20. R-KN1 is powerful); 19. Q-K5+.



Position after 19. Q-K5+

Curiously enough, Black does not have many good replies.

- 19., Q-B4 loses immediately to 20. R-N1+, and Black's Queen falls.
- 19., K-R3; 20. Q-B4+, P-N4?; 21. Q-B6+, K-R4; 22. P-KR4! leads to mate. We shall return to this variation again later.
- 19., P-B4; 20. R-N1+, K-R4! (......, K-R3?; 21. Q-B4+, K-R4; 22. Q-N5 mate); and we have a fascinating position which deserves another diagram.



Position after 20., K-R4 (analysis)

The first move that leaps to mind is, 21. RxP, whereafter Black has at least a draw after KR-K1 (......, Q-R5+ is always refuted by P-N3); 22. Q-B6, R-K8+ (22., QxR; 23. QxQ does not win for Black); 23. K-B2, P-Q6+; 24. K-N3, Q-Q4+; 25. K-R4!, Q-R4+; 26. K-N3, Q-Q4+—draw. An improvement is 23., R-B1+; 24. K-N3 (K-Q3 loses to Q-N4+), Q-Q4+; 25. K-R4, Q-B3+; 26. QxQ, RxQ; 27. RxR, BxR and White must lose.

RETURN TO DIAGRAM.

The most plausible try is 21. Q-N3, where Black must avoid some traps; e.g., 21., Q-K2; 22. P-B4! (much better than 22. Q-R3+, Q-R5; 23. QxP+, K-R3 and Black survives), Q-R5 (......, P-KR3; 23. Q-R3+, Q-R5; 24. QxP+, P-N4; 25. Q-B7 mate); 23. QxP, QR-KN1! (the only defense to the dual threat of Q-B7/and-or R-N5+); 24. Q-B7+ (24. R-N5+?, QxR!), R-N3; 25. QxBP+, K-R3 and Black wins. Has White something better along the way?

RETURN TO DIAGRAM.

After 21. Q-N3, B-K2 appears to hold everything with careful play. If 22. QxP, Q-K3 followed by QR-KN1 wins. If 22. Q.R3+, B-R5; 23. P-B4, P-N3 (......., P-KR3?; 24. Q-B3 mate); 24. R-N5+, K-R3; 25. QxB+, K-N2 and Black has the better of it.

RETURN TO DIAGRAM.

Still another try is 21. Q-B4, and if P-KR3; 22. P-KR4 (not 22. Q-N3, P-N4), B-K2 (to meet the threat of R-N5+ & mate next); 23. RxP, KR-KN1?; 24. RxB, QxR; 25. QxBP+, R-N4; 26. PxR. This variation is unclear, and Black doubtlessly has better than 21., P-KR3.

RETURN TO DIAGRAM AFTER 19. Q-K5+

Instead of 19., P-B4 Black has a good defense at his disposal with 19., K-R3; 20. Q-B4+, (20. R-N1 immediately is refuted by P-N3!; 21. R-N4, Q-K2), K-R4! (instead of P-N4??); 21. R-KN1.



Position after 21. R-KNI (analysis)

Black has the better of it. He can have an immediate draw with 21., Q-N4 (threatening Q-Q6+); 22. Q-N4+, K-R3; 22. Q-B4+ (22. Q-R4+ loses to Q-R4; 23. Q-B4+, P-N4; 24. Q-B6+, Q-N3); K-R4; 23. Q-N4+, K-R3; 24. Q-B4+, K-R4- perpetual check—not 24., P-N4?; 25. Q-B6+, K-R4; 26. QxBP+, K-R5; 27. R-N4+, K-R6; 28. Q-R5 mate.

A winning try is 21., P-B3; 24. P-KR4 (renewing the threat of R-N5+, PxR; QxP mate), and now if P-KR3; 25. RxP, QxR? (25., Q-K3 leads to a problem-like ending after 26. Q-N4+, QxQ; 27. PxQ+, KxP; 28. K-K2, K-R6; 29. K-B3, K-R7!—all forced, but Black seems to win!); 26. Q-B5+, Q-N4; 27. PxQ, RPxP; 28. K-K2, and the threat of R-R1 mate wins for White.

I'm tired of analyzing. This is far as I got over-the-board in my game with Weinberger before giving up and playing the lemon, 18. B-Q2? It appears that the worst Black can do is draw, so apparently this variation does not yield White any advantage.

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College Chess

by Peter Berlow

Congratulations to Larry Gilden, of the University of Maryland, the new National Intercollegiate Champion. Larry wins a \$100 scholarship, and possession of the Arthur Nabel Trophy for two years. Second and third were Peter H. Gould (Brown) and Bernard Zuckerman (Brooklyn College) who won scholarships of \$37.50 and trophies. Trophy awards were also won by Donato Rivera (U. of Puerto Rico), Stephen Matzner (California Polytechnic Institute) and Richard Lugar (University of Pennsylvania). Florida won the award for the best 4-man team.

The fifty-player event was easily the strongest and largest individual event of its kind, attracting three masters and nine experts. The players came from 13 states (and Puerto Rico) and represented 26 colleges. Howard University provided very comfortable facil-

ities (including pool, ping pong, and a separate "skittles" room). Special thanks are due to Professor Howard and Mr. Anderson for their help in making the event a success.

At the annual I.C.L.A. membership meeting, Nathaniel Pierce (Cornell) and John Yehl (Lehigh) were elected to the posts of First and Second Vice-President. Nat will distribute a special supplement to the "American College Chess Guide", giving a full cross-table of the National event, as well as reports on the Ivy League, N.Y. Met League, Philadelphia, etc.

Now is the time to report your firstterm results to the I.C.L.A. Your club might start the New Year on the right foot by joining, if it hasn't already. Fromote college chess — so that our future National Championships will be the best ever.

Prepare now for the team event next December. Bids to sponsor the tournament will be accepted this spring.

Send inquiries and news of college events to:

Peter Berlow, 221-1938 Hall, Princeton Univ., Princeton, N.J.

S. MATZNE	R	D. RIVERA	
1. P-Q4	N-KB3	15. N(K4)xQP NXN	
2. P-QB4	P-K3	16. BXN BXN	
3. N-QB3	P-QB4	17. BXR QXE	3
4. P-Q5	PXP	18. R-B1 B-R3	3
5. PXP	P-KN3	19. Q-B2 N-K	
6. N-KB3	P-Q3	20. KR-Q1 N-Q	
7. P-KN3	B-N2	21. P-K4 P-B	
8. B-N2	0-0	22. P-84 PxF	
9. 0-0	N-R3	23. BXP NXE	
10. N-Q2 11. P-QR4	P-N3	24. QXN R-K 25. Q-N2 B-Q5ct	
12. N-B4	R-N1	26. RxB PxF	
13. B-B4	KN-K1	27. Resigns	•
14. N-K4	B-QR3		
P. GOULD	The California	L. GILDEN	1
1. P-K4	P-QB4	22. K-R2 B-N	2
2. N-KB3	P-K3	23. R-KN3 R-N	
3. P-Q4	PxP	24. PXP Q-B	
4. NXP	P-QR3	25. R-KB1 RXF	
5. N-QB3	Q-B2	26. NXR Q-Q-	
6. B-Q3	B-Q3	27. R-B2 Q-Q:	
7. B-K3	N-KB3	28. R-B1 Q-Q-	4
8. P-KR3	N-B3	29. R-B2 Q-B	4
9. 0.0	N×N	30. R-K2 Q-B	ı
10. BXN	0-0	31. PXP Q-N	2
11. BxN	PxB	32. PXBP B-B	8
12. Q-N4ch	K-R1	33. Q-R4 QxI	•
13. Q-R4	B-K4	34. P-K6 PxI	9
14. P-KB4	B-Q5ch	35. RXP BXI	•
15. K-R1	Q-KI	36. R-B6 BxNcl	1
16. N-K2	BxP	37. KxB Q-N2cl	1
17. QR-N1	B-R6	38. R-N6 Q-K4cl	1
18. P-K5	P-B4	39. K-B2 R-B1ch	1
19. Q-R5	KR-N1	40. K-N1 Q-K6cl	1
20. R-B3	Q-B1	41. K-R2 R-B7cf	1
21. P-N4	P-N4	42. Resigns	

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Player		College	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	Score
	arry			W19	W8	W16	D3	W4	W2	61- 1
		3rown		W13	D3	W15	WIO	W8	LI	51-11
		3rooklyn C		W14	D2	W24	DI	W6	D5	51-11
		verto Rico		W22	D15	W20	W5	L1	D7	5 -2
				W31	D20	W17	L4	W15	D3	5 -2
	The second secon		L11	W50	W19	W27	W16	L3	W18	5 -2
7. Laverty,	Jerry	LaSalle	L5	W45	W40	W36	D17	W16	D4	5 -2
	Alan		W33	W36	LI	W42	W30	L2	W20	5 -2
		Richmond Pr.	W29	L10	L30	W43	W27	W31	W24	5 -2
16. Hardy, N		Florida	10000	W9	L16	W13	L2	W17	D12	41-21
11. Wolf, Pe	ter		W6	D47	L17	W38	D12	W21	D13	41-21
		Brooklyn C.	W50	L16	W37	D25	D11	W19	D10	41-21
		Minnesota		L2	W43	L10	W37	W30	D11	41-21
14. Vassar,	Robert	Richmond	W46	L3	D38	W26	L15	W25	W28	41-21
15. Rosenthal	, Edward	Rochester I.	W21	W25	D4	L2	W14	L5	D22	4 -3
16. Valvo, N	Nichael	Columbia	W44	W12	WIO	LI	L6	L7	W32	4 -3
17. Djurdjevi	c, Val	Penn State	D34	W40	WII	L5	D7	L10	W30	4 -3
18. Snyder, L	Larry	Ursinus	L19	W23	D26	W22	W25	D20	L6	4 -3
	Steven			LI	L6	W33	W42	L12	W35	4 -3
20. Bickham,	William	Penn State	W49	W42	D5	L4	W24	D18	L8	4 -3
21. Winter, H	Harry	Penn State	L15	D34	W48	W23	D39	LII	W31	4 -3
22. Young, Jo	ohn	Pittsburgh	W45	L4	D36	L18	W38	W39	D15	4 -3
23. Iskowitz,	Joel	Pittsburgh	L2	L18	W41	L21	W46	W42	W36	4 -3
24. Yehl, Jo	hn	Lehigh	D40	W38	W47	L3	L20	W26	L9	31-31
25. Cook, Ro	obert	Florida	W41	L15	W34	D12	L18	L14	W37	31-31
26. Wallenber	rg, John	S. Carolina	L42	W49	D18	L14	W29	L24	W39	31-31
27. Wilson, F	Richard	Florida	L38	W33	W44	L6	L9	D37	W40	31-31
28. Rooney,	James	Penn State	L13	L39	W45	D29	W43	W40	L14	31-31
29. Skladal,	Conrad	Fair. Dick.	L9	W46	L31	D28	L26	W48	W44	31-31
30. Street, F	rank	Howard	L36	W32	W9	W31	LB	L13	L17	3 -4
31. Nevitt, S	tephen	Long Is.	W43	L5	W29	L30	W35	L9	L21	3 -4
		Penn State		L30	L46	W48	W41	W33	L16	3 -4
		Fairl. Dick		L27	W50	L19	W45	L32	W42	3 -4
		Fairl. Dick		D21	L25	L35	L44	W43	W45	3 -4
35. Evans, H	lerbert	Penn State	L1	L43	W49	W34	L31	W44	L19	3 -4
36. Kenton,	Stephen	Connecticut	W30	L8	D22	L7	L40	W38	L23	21-41
37. Schrader,	Stephen	Fairl, Dick,	L4	W41	L12	W46	L13	D27	L25	21-41
38. Hemphill,	Craig	Virginia	W27	L24	D14	LII	L22	L36	W46	21-41
		Howard		W28	L42	W44	D21	L22	L26	21-41
		Maryland		L17	L7	W50	W36	L28	L27	21-41
		LeMoyne		L37	L23	W49	L32	D46	W48	21-41
		LeMoyne		L20	W39	LB	L19	L23	L33	2 -5
		LaSalle		W35	L13	L9	L28	L34	Bye	2 -5
44. Gard, Jan	mes	Georgia Tech	L16	W48	L27	L39	W34	L35	L29	2 -5
		Maryland		L7	L28	Bye	L33	WF	L34	2 -5
		Penn State		L29	W32	L37	L23	D41	L38	11-51
		LaSalle		DII	L24	F	F	F	F	11-51
		Pittsburgh		L44	L21	L32	WF	L29	L41	1 -6
		Adelphi		L26	L35	L41	Bye	F	F	1 -6
50. Knets, II	mars	Connecticut	L12	L6	L33	L40	LF	F	F	0 -7

USCF MEMBERSHIP MEETING

The meeting was called to order by President Fred Cramer. There were 42 members present. Mr. Hartleb (D.C.) was appointed chairman of the Credentials Committee. It was moved and passed that the minutes of the previous meeting be approved as published in the Nov. 5, 1960 issue of Chess Life. Mr. Kenneth Grant (Iowa) was appointed Secretary pro tem due to the absence of the Secretary, Marshall Rohland.

The following were named Directors for 1961-1962: one star denotes Officer-Director; two stars denotes Life Director. Numerals after name of state indicate number of state directors to which it is entitled, based on its membership.

REGION I

MAINE-1.

Harlow B. Daly, Country Club Rd., Sanford.

NEW HAMPSHIRE—1.

George P. Bart, 36 Dunklee St., Concord, N. H. VERMONT-0.

MASSACHUSETTS-4.

Emil Reubens, 66 Morse St., Sharon, Mass. Frederick J. Trayers, 8 Barton St., Salem. Henry E. Rock, Hinsdale R.D., Beckett, Mass. Eli Bourdon, 1195 Hampden St., Holyoke, Mass. Richard Tirrell* 30 S. Mercer St., South Boston.

RHODE ISLAND—1. Walter Suesman,

Walter Suesman, 4 Mawney St., Providence 7, R. I. CONNECTICUT—3.

Dr. Joseph Platz, 759 Main St., East Hartford 8.

James Bolton, 249 Highland St., New Haven 11.

Elliott S. Wolk, Apt. 34, South Campus, Storrs.

William H. C. Newberry*, 233 Elm St., West Haven 16.

REGION II

NEW YORK-14.

Anthony Saluy, 612 Olin Hall, 445 E. 69th St., New York City 21. Dr. Joseph Weininger, 2300 Plum St., Schenectady. Harvey Weinstein, 332 Rogers Ave., Brooklyn 25. Raymond Weinstein, 332 Rogers Ave., Brooklyn 25. William Slater, 116 Pinehurst Ave., New York 33. Kathryn Slater, 116 Pinehurst Ave., New York 33. Walter Harris, 65 W. 127th St., New York 27. Dr. Erich Marchand, 192 Seville Dr., Rochester 17. Maxwell Sokoler, 910 Stuart Ave., Mamaroneck. John W. Collins, 417 E. 64th St., Apt. 4E, New York City. Jeremiah Donovan, 458-78th St., Brooklyn 9. Charles E. Gersch, 201 E. 38th St., Apt. 4, New York City 16. Dr. I. Spector, 310 W. 85th St., New York 24. Julius Goldsmith, 63-88 Wetherole St., Rego Park 74, New York. nermann Helms **, 150 Nassau St., New York 7. Maurice J. Kasper **, 530 Park Ave., New York City. Caroline D. Marshall**, 23 W. 10th St., New York 11. Anthony E. Santasiere**, 620 Trinity Ave., New York 55. Paul Giers**, 16 Ely Drive, Fayetteville. Harold M. Phillips**, 258 Broadway, New York City. Allen Kaufman*, 22-14 150th St., Whitestone 57. David Hoffmann*, 165 Broadway, New York 6. NEW JERSEY-6.

Lewis E. Wood, 1425 Sycamore St., Haddon Heights. Orest Popovych, 140 Estelle Lane, Lakewood. Robin Ault, 22 Munsee Drive, Cranford, N. J. Louis Levy, 77—16th Ave., Paterson, N. J. William A. Ruth*, 15 Gorman Ave., Collingswood, N. J. E. Forry Laucks**, 30 Collamore Terrace, West Orange.

REGION III

PENNSYLVANIA—7.

Thomas C. Gutekunst, 1463 S. Jefferson St., Allentown.
Anthony Cantone, 1503 Mifflin St., Philadelphia.
E. Raymond Glover, 615 Sussex Rd., Wynnewood.
George W. Baylor, 393 Orchard Dr., Pittsburgh 28.
Mordecai Treblow, Whitmore Labs. PSU, University Park.
William S. Byland*, 1610 Bigelow Apts., Pittsburgh 19.
Mary D. Selensky, 3047 N. 35th St., Philadelphia 32.
J. Elwood Armstrong, 47 Churchill Rd., Pittsburgh 35.
DELAWARE—0.

MARYLAND-2.

William C. Koenig, 810 Braeside Rd., Baltimore 29. Sgt. Robert A. Karch, Box 92, APO 108, New York, N. Y. DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA-2.

Edmund Nash, 1530—28th Pl. S.E., Washington 20, D. C. Glenn Hartleb, c/o 2445—15th St. N.W., Washington 9. VIRGINIA—2.

Col. John B. Matheson, 1512 N. Highland St., Arlington 1. Dr. Eliot Hearst, Arlington Towers, J-1125, Arlington 2. WEST VIRGINIA—1.

Paul Sayre, 1033-14th St., Huntington 1, W. Va.

NORTH CAROLINA-2.

Dr. Stewart Noblin, 805 Yarmouth Rd., Raleigh. Dr. Albert M. Jenkins, 823 Bryan St., Raleigh. Dr. Norman Hornstein*, Southport, N. Car. SOUTH CAROLINA—1.

Prof. Lanneau L. Foster*, 1704 Green St., Columbia, GEORGIA-1.

J. L. Cabe, 1122 Fulton Nat'l Bank Bldg., Atlanta.

Thomas Lucas, Box 3457 Univ. Sta., Gainesville. Charles B. Stallings, Apt. 3, 739 Elwood St., Orlando. Stephen Baskin 8160 N.W. 5th Ave. Miami

Stephen Raskin, 8160 N.W. 5th Ave., Miami. Robert C. Eastwood*, 304 S. Krome Ave., Homestead.

KENTUCKY-1.

William Seay, 1636 S. Limestone St., Lexington. TENNESSEE—2.

Joseph Sullivan, Jr., 230 N. Purdue, Apt. 102, Oak Ridge. Peter Lahde, 80 Lyle Lane, Nashville 11, Tenn.

ALABAMA-1.

FLORIDA—3.

Fred W. Kemp, 114 N. Valley Rd., Palmerdale.

MISSISSIPPI-1.

C. Troy Miller, Box 431, Natchez.

REGION V

MICHIGAN-5.

Thomas Jenkins*, 26409 York Rd., Huntington Woods. Paul Ligtvoet, 124 Montrose, Kalamazoo. Gary Abram, 18445 Ilene, Detroit 21. Fred Morningstar, 4465 Major, Drayton Plains. Edward I. Treend, 12203 Archdale, Detroit 27. Lucille Kellner, 17566 Santa Rosa Dr., Detroit 21. Jack O'Keefe*, 1905 Cambridge Rd., Ann Arbor.

INDIANA-2.

William Trinks, 2714 Cleveland St., Hammond. C. Ronald Peffley, 3714 Lori Lane, Indianapolis 24.

OHIO-6.

S. Ross Owens, 124 South Point Drive, Avon Lake. Steven L. Markowski, 707 E. Pearl St., Toledo 8. Richard Ling, 1361 Woodman Dr., Dayton 32. James Schroeder*, Box 652, Springfield, Ohio. S. S. Keeney**, 1256 Donald Ave., Lakewood 7.

REGION VI

WISCONSIN-3

Arpad E. Elo, 3935 N. Fiebrantz Dr., Brookfield. Ernest Olfe, 923 N. Market St., Milwaukee 2. Kimball Nedved, 738 Blaine Ave., Racine. Fred Cramer*, 2422 E. Bradford Ave., Milwaukee 11. Marshall Rohland*, 4846 N. 24th Place, Milwaukee 9.

ILLINOIS-6.

Dr. Ralph H. Kuhns, Suite 1445A, Hilton Hotel, Chicago 5. Frank J. Skoff, 4833 N. Avers Ave., Chicago 25. Peter Wulf, 6435 N. Damen Ave., Chicago 45. Charles C. Brokaski, 3222 Sunnyside Ave., Brookfield, Ill. Larry Rodin, 2942 W. Pratt, Chicago. Erics Gutmanis, 3432 W. Le Moyne St., Chicago 51. John Nowak*, 3011 N. Linder Ave., Chicago. Eva Aronson*, 4058 Oketo Ave., Chicago 34. Lewis J. Isaacs**, 2955 W. Coyle Ave., Chicago 45.

MINNESOTA—3.

Sheldon Rein, 6901 S. Cedar Lake Rd., Minneapolis 20. Melvin Semb, Box 135, Winona. Robert Gove, Route 2, Wayzata. George S. Barnes*, 3001 Overlook Dr., Minneapolis 20.

IOWA—1.

Kenneth Grant, 1735 Seminole Ave. N.W., Cedar Rapids. NORTH DAKOTA-0.

SOUTH DAKOTA-0.

NEBRASKA-1.

Rev. Howard Ohman, 5016 Dodge, Omaha.

MONTANA-1.

Dr. Peter Lapiken, 517 S. 5th E., Missoula.

WYOMING-0.

REGION VII

MISSOURI—2.

Edward A. Dickerson, 7271 Gayola Pl., Maplewood. Gerald M. Banker, 7637 Washington St., Kansas City 14. Donald Define*, 2070 N. Waterford Dr., Florissant, Mo.

ARKANSAS—1.

F. W. Pratt, Majestic Hotel, Hot Springs.

LOUISIANA-2.

Jack W. Randolph, 124 Lake Ave., Apt. B, Metairie. A. Wyatt Jones**, P. O. Box 202, Shreveport.

KANSAS-1.

Robert Leewright, 1409 Fairmount, Wichita.

OKLAHOMA-2.

Robert Vrgin, 2716 S. Robinson, Oklahoma City 9. Charles B. Ames, 2344 Belleview Dr., Oklahoma City 12. Jerry Spann**, 3011 Paseo, Oklahoma City 19.

TEXAS-5.

Kenneth Smith, 2720 El Tivoli Dr., Dallas.
Billy Patteson, 4908 Fisk St., Houston 22.
Henry Davis, 1139 Santa Anna, San Antonio.
James Creighton, 3742 Shell Rd., Corpus Christi.
Major E. B. Edmondson, Box 501, Randolph AFB, Texas.
C. Harold Bone*, 108 W. Bayshore Dr., Baytown.
Frank Graves**, 960 E. Mulkey St., Ft. Worth, Texas.

COLORADO-2.

Dr. George Pipiringos, 1821 S. Java Way, Denver 19. E. Victor Traibush, 2041 Walnut St., Boulder, Colo. J. J. Reid*, Colorado College, Colorado Springs.

NEW MEXICO-2.

Jack Shaw, 3430 Monte Vista Blvd. N.E., Albuquerque.

REGION VIII

WASHINGTON—1. Max Mage, 2437-55th S.W., Seattle 5.

OREGON-1.

Clark Harmon, 5706 S.E. Flora Drive, Portland.

CALIFORNIA—14.

Guthrie McClain, 244 Kearny St., 4th fl., San Francisco. Spencer Van Gelder, 2735 Larkin St., San Francisco 9. Nathan Robinson, 3618 Carmona Ave., Apt. D, Los Angeles 16. A2C Charles R. Savery, Box 779, Hamilton AFB, Calif. Gunnar Rasmussen, 1015 Henry Court, Vallejo. Gene Rubin, 149 S. Alta Vista Blvd., Los Angeles 36. Randolph Eidemiller, 473-33rd St., Manhattan Beach. Lowell Tullis, 1737 Via Buena Vista, San Lorenzo. William Rebold, 1626 Sacramento St., Berkeley 2. Dr. Theodore Bullockus, 405-9th St., Santa Monica. Sven Almgren, 464 N. Ogden Dr., Los Angeles 36. John Alexander, 12223 Holland Rd., Poway. Frank Olvera, 1155 Maple St., Pittsburg, Calif. Dr. Alex Janushkowsky, 4405 Stockton Blvd., Sacramento 25. Irving Rivise*, 4050 W. Slavson Ave., Los Angeles 43. Henry Gross*, 3544 Webster St., San Francisco 23. Isaac Kashdan**, 834 Wooster St., Los Angeles 35. George Koltanowski**, 3049 Laguna St., San Francisco 23. Harry Borochow**, 6363 Wilshire Blvd., Los Angeles 48.

IDAHO-1.

Richard S. Vandenburg, 2316 Regan Ave., Boise,

NEVADA—1.

Kenneth Jones, 1664 California Ave., Reno.

UTAH-1.

Gaston Chappuis, 157 B. St., Salt Lake City 3.

ARIZONA—2.

Charles Morgan, 3232 E. Roosevelt, Apt. 128, Phoenix 8. Howard Rosenbaum, 3811 N. 50th Ave., Phoenix.

ALASKA-1.

Anthony W. Schultz, Box 5-584, Mt. View Branch, Anchorage.

HAWAII-0.

REPORT OF THE PRESIDENT

Mr. Cramer reported the great increase in leisure activities and recreation, and that the American public spent 21 billion dollars for recreation, three times as much as ten years ago, in such activities as archery, skiing, football, and golf.

"Chess is an almost perfect recreation. It doesn't depend on weather the way other sports do, and doesn't depend too much on your health. It has a strong intellectual background. What has the USCF done about it?" Mr. Cramer then sketched in what happened in previous years. In 1960, in St. Louis, USCF developed regional organization, broadened its committees and adopted new By-laws. The USCF had 4500 members with 173 players at the U.S. Open. In 1959 in Omaha, there were 135 players, and the membership had been boosted to 3800. In 1958, Rochester, Minn., hosted 138 players and the USCF had 2600 members. In 1957 at Cleveland, Jerry Spann was elected President, and we eliminated dissension and bitterness that had hurt organized chess in prior years. We also arranged for a new editor and business manager. In 1956, the U. S. Open was held in Oklahoma City, in 1955 in Long Beach, in 1954, New Orleans, and in 1953, Milwaukee with 181 players, although the USCF had a membership of 1400. In Tampa in 1952, the Harkness plan was adopted, and we began our business office.

Mr. Cramer continued: "We have made some progress in the past. We have eliminated the bitterness that divided organized chess. We improved the rating system, increased our membership, standardized rules, and improved tournament play. We developed from what was a one man organization with a mailing list into an organization with twenty-four vice-presidents, most of whom are really active in performing functions as officers and representatives, and with twenty-one committees. We are still a very young organization and have a long way to go, but have made a significant start.

"During the past year my efforts have been toward developing that organization, developing the regional headquarters and the regional vice-presidents. I wanted the regional vice-presidents to take the responsibility for the USCF throughout their regions, and we have done that with much correspondence."

Mr. Cramer then displayed his July mail, and explained that at least once a month he had made a Thermofax mailing to all vicepresidents and committee chairmen. He and a number of USCF vicepresidents had visited many chess tournaments, enabling them to talk with people in many localities, thereby creating more understanding.

Mr. Cramer lauded C. Harold Bone (Texas) and Eliot Hearst (Va.) for their efforts in raising funds for the World Student Team Tournament at Helsinki. This was an example of the regional vice-presidents' effectiveness at the regional level.

Mr. Cramer explained that our aim is to develop our organization, to expand the advantages of chess and the pleasure of the game throughout the United States and develop ourselves internationally as well. Mr. Cramer stated that each region has three vice-presidents, one of whom is designated as First vice-president. Mr. Cramer asked each First vice-president to submit a report on the progress of organized chess in their respective regions, to be followed by the committee chairmens reports.

(To be Continued)

USCF Expenses Again Outpace Income

Although USCF revenues during July, August, and September of 1961 jumped sharply, from \$13,113.52 in 1960 to \$18,334.13 for the same three months last year, a net profit of \$687.19 in the '60 quarter turned into a net loss of \$492.84 in the '61 quarter. Expenses rose faster than income.

Membership dues income rose substantially, as it has been doing for several years. Tournament entry fees rose sharply over the previous year, due partly to change in procedure in US Open bookkeeping: formerly only the net was taken into the books, but last year the gross was taken in, as were certain expenses, including substantial amounts for prizes and for transportation, which are shown much larger than before.

The cost of CHESS LIFE is more than double that of the '60 period, partly because of larger circulation, partly because the amount of copy run per month was greater, and partly because of the improved quality of paper, larger number of cuts, mailing envelopes, etc.

Expenses for catalog printing and mailing were reduced, since greater reliance was placed on the pages of CHESS LIFE to advertise books and equipment.

Many other interesting comparisons appear in the following statements, and members are urged to study them carefully for better understanding of USCF management, problems, and opportunities.

USCF COMPARATIVE OPERATING STATEMENTS

For July-August-September

Income	1960	1961
Individual Membership Dues	\$ 5,967.60	\$ 7,526.61
Affiliated Organization Dues	395.00	363.00
Chess Life Advertising	44.27	105.71
Chess Life Non-Member Subscriptions	92.75	111.50
Sales of Chess Books and Equipment	4,426.57	4,157.80
Tournament Entry Fees	1,420.28	4,888.88
Rating Fees	610.95	558.55
Donations	110.70	621.88
Total	\$13,113.52	\$18,334.13
Expenses		
Membership Promotion and Retention	\$ 581.15	\$ 698.32
Chess Life Printing and Mailing	2,186.28	5,053.81
Chess Life Editorial Fees and Ex-	ė.	⁷² = =
penses	824.93	627.43
Cost of Books and Equipment Sold	2,363.16	2,494.68
Shipping Supplies, Postage, Expenses	236.20	566.69
Catalog Printing and Mailing	550.00	
Tournament Prizes and Expenses	1,128.65	2,430.46
Rating System Clerical Expense	104.00	anti-documents.
Business Manager's Salary and Com-		
missions	1,543.86	1,986.15
Offices Salaries	1,700.52	2,229.00
Rent	330.00	480.00
Stationery, Printing, Office Supplies	100.37	161.35
General Postage	51.91	41.05
Telephone and Telegraph	94.11	218.40
Accounting and Legal	100.00	125.00
Taxes	160.25	226.21
Miscellaneous Administrative Expense	370.94	281.39
Transportation and Travel Expense		583.72
Student Team Travel		459.00
F.I.D.E. Entry Fees		132.44
Net Profit or (Loss)	687.19	(492.84
Total	\$13,113.52	\$18,334.13

GAMES FROM THE LESSING J. ROSENWALD TOURNAMENT

FOR THE U.S. CHESS CHAMPIONSHIP

New York, 1961-62

	ROUND	ONE		NS—1	TURNER-0	1. P-K4 P-Q	
E LANGE COURT		TORRESON OF	1. P-K4 2. N-KB3	P-K4	36. P-R7 P-B5 37. RxP NxR	2. N-KB3 N-Q	
BERNS	STEIN-0	WEINSTEIN-1	3. B-N5	N-QB3 P-QR3	37. RxP NxR 38. QxN Q-N3ch		P 18. PxP Q-B5
1. P-Q4	N-KB3	22. B-N2 Q-B2	4. B-R4	N-B3	39. K-R2 RxP	4. NXP P-1 5. N-QB3 Q-1	
2. N-KB3	P-KN3	23. P-N3 QR-Q1	5. 0-0	B-K2	40. RXR QXR	6. B-K3 P-Q	The state of the s
3. P-B4	B-N2 O-O	24. K-B1 P-K5 25. N-K1 B-K4	6. R-K1 7. B-N3	P-QN4	41. QXP Q-K6 42. Q-N8ch K-N2	7. B-Q3 N-	
4. N-B3 5. B-N5	P-KR3	25. N-K1 B-K4 26. K-N1 P-Q6		P-Q3 N-QR4	42. Q-N8ch K-N2 43. Q-K5ch K-N1	8. O-O B-I	
6. B-B4	P-Q3	27. Q-Q2 N-B5	9. B-B2	P-B4	44. P-Q6 Q-Q7	9. K-R1 P-0	
7. Q-B1	K-R2	28. B-B1 Q-K2	10. P-Q4	Q-B2	45. Q-K8ch K-N2	11. Q-K2 R-Q	
8. Q-B2	QN-Q2	29. QXN BXQ	11. QN-Q2	0-0	46. Q-B6 Q-B5ch		O 27. B-B1 R-B7
9. R-Q1 10. P-KR4	P-B3 N-R4	30. BxB QxP 31. N-N2 Q-R4	12. N-B1 13. P-QN3	N-B5 N-N3	47. K-N1 Q-K6ch 48. K-R1 P-B4	13. N-KN5 P-	
11. B-B1	N/2-B3	33. N/2-N4 QxRch	14. N-K3	P-N3	49. Q-Q5 Q-B8ch	14. N-R3 N-Q1	
12. P-K4	Q-B2	34. KxR PxB	15. P-KR3	B-Q2	50. K-R2 Q-B5ch	15. R-B3 No	dB 30. Resigns
13. P-K5	PXP	35. B-N2 PxN(6)	16. PXKP	PxP	51. K-N1 Q-QB8ch	KRAMER-	0 SHERWIN—1
14. NxP 15. N-N5	P-B4	36. N×KP K-N2 37. P-B4 K-B3	17. P-B4 18. B-N2	B-Q3	52. K-B2 Q-B7ch 53. K-N3 P-B5ch	1. P-Q4 N-K	
16. Q-K2	Q-N1 P-R3	38. K-R2 R-Q2	19. P-QR4	PXRP	54. K-B3 Q-B6ch	2. P-QB4 P-Q 3. N-KB3 P-	
17. N-R3	PXP	39. R-Q2 R-KNT	20. PXP	B-B3	55. KxP Q-B8ch		C3 24. NxB QxN CP 25. RxQP N-B3
18. P-KN4	NXP	40. B-R3 R/2-N2		QN-Q2	56. K-B3 Q-B6ch	5. NXP Q-	
19. NXN	P-B4	41. N-B1 R-QB2	22. N-Q5	BxN	57. K-B2 Q-B3ch 58. K-N1 Q-B5	6. P-QR3 P-Q	
20. N-R2 21. N-B2	P-K4 B-K3	42. Resigns 32. N-K3 P-KN4	23. BPxB 24. P-R5	N-R4 N/4-B3	58. K-N1 Q-B5 59. P-Q7 Q-K6ch	7. P-QN4 Q- 8. B-N2 P-QI	
211 11 02	D-110	22. 11.10	25. N-Q2	KR-N1	60. K-B1 Q-B8ch	9. P-K4 B-I	
			26. N-B4	R-N4	61. K-B2 Q-N7ch	10. P-B3 B-I	
ME	DNIS-1	SEIDMAN-0		R/1-N1	62. K-N3 Q-N1ch	11. B-K2 O	O 32. B-N4 P-KR3
1. P-K4	P-Q4	23. N-N3 P-B4	28. P-B4 29. PxP	R-KI N/2xP	63. P-K5 Q-Q1 64. K-R2 P-R4		Q3 33, Q-N3 R/5-R1
2. PXP	QXP	24. PxP B-N2	30. NXB	QXN	65. Q-Q6 K-R3	13. P-R3 N- 14. P-B4 N:	R4 34. R/6xN BxR CP 35. RxB QR-B1
3. N-QB3	Q-QR4	25. B-N5 Q-B3	31. BxR	PxB	66. P-K6 P-R5		N 36. RXR QXQ
4. P-Q4	N-KB3	26. BxBch RxB		N/3-Q2	67. P-K7 Q-R4	16. NXNP NXB	ch 37. RxRch K-R2
5. N-B3 6. B-QN5	N-B3 B-Q2	27. QR-B1 R-KB1	33. Q-K2	P-N5 NxB	68. P-Q8/Q Q-K4ch 69. QxQ Resigns	17. QXN Q-	
6. B-QN5 7. O-O	0-0-0	28. P-B6 PXP 29. N-B5 R/2-QB2	34. B×N 35. KR-QB1	R-R1	69. QxQ Resigns		K4 39. R-Q1 Q-K7 B2 40. R-R1 QxKP
8. B-K3	N-Q4	30. N-K6 QXP					B2 40. R-R1 QxKP Q3 41. Resigns
9. P-QR4	NxB	31. Q-B4 R1-B2					B1
10. PXN	P-B3	32. R(KB1)-Q1 B-B3	HEAR	ST—1/2	KRAMER-1/2	WEINCTEIN	A B BYRNE
11. N-Q2 12. N-R2	P-K3 N-K4	33. NXR RXN 34. P-N5 P-B4	1. P-K4	P-K3	24. N-Q3 R-Q1	I. P-K4 P-Q	
13. P-QN4	Q-N3	35. R-Q5 B-K4	2. P-Q4	P-Q4	25. N-QB5 B-B3	2. N-KB3 P-	
14. P-B4	P-B3	36. RxP Q-Q2	3. N-Q2	N-QB3	26. N(3)-K4 BxN		P 16. N-Q5 BxN
15. P-B5	Q-B2	37. RxRch BxR	4. KN-B3	PXP	27. NXB NXN	4. NXP N-K	
16. B-K2 17. N-QB3	N-N3 P-K4	38. Q-B6 Q-Q5ch 39. K-R1 Q-N3	5. NXP 6. N-N3	N-B3 P-QN3	28. PxN P-QB4 29. P-Q5 P-K4	5. N-QB3 P-K	
18. P-Q5	PxP	40. Q-K8ch K-N2	6. N-N3 7. B-QN5	B-Q2	30. R-KB1 R-R7	7. P-B3 N-	
19. NXP	Q-B3	41. Q-B6ch QxQ	8. 0-0	P-QR3	31. R-B2 R/1-R1	8. Q-Q2 O	O 21. R-B3 Q-N3
20. P-K4	N-B5	42. RXQ P-N5	9. B-R4	P-QN4	32. R(Q)-KB1 P-B3	9. B-QB4 P-Q	
21. NXN	P×N P-KN4	Black resigns	10. B-N3 11. N-K5	N-QR4 B-B1	33. P-KR4 R-R8 34. P-R5 R(1)-R7	10. B-N3 B-1 11. P-QR4 Q-	Q2 23. R-N3 Q-B4 B1 24. RxR RxR
22. Q-B2	F-KN4		12. R-K1	NxB	35. RXR RXRch	12. P-N4 N	NOTE OF THE PARTY
			13. RPXN	B-N2	36 K-R2 Q-K2	13. BxN B-	
D. BY	RNE-1/2	SHERWIN-1/2	14. P-QB4	B-Q3	37. Q-KR3 R-R1	BENKO-0	DEDNICTE IN A
			15. Q-K2	0-0	38. R-Q2 Q-Q3		
 N-KB3 P-QB4 	N-KB3 P-QB4	16. RPXP PXP 17. PXP NXP	16. B-N5 17. QR-Q1	B-K2 PXP	39. Q-K6ch QxQ 40. PxQ K-B1	1. P-KN3 P- 2. P-QB4 N-Q	K4 21. Q-Q2 R-K5 B3 22. P-B3 R-K2
3. P-KN3	P-KN3	18. NXN RXN	18. PxP	P-R3	41. R-Q7 R-R7	3. B-N2 B-	
4. B-N2	B-N2	19. RXR BXR	19. B-Q2	P-QR4	42. P-QN3 R-N7	4. N-QB3 P-	Q3 24. RXR QXR
5. O-O	0-0 N. B3	20. Q-N3 B-Q2	20. B-B3 21. B×B	B-N5 PxB	43. K-N3 RXQNPch 44. K-N4 R-K6		K3 25. K-N2 B-N8
6. N-B3 7. P-Q3	N-B3 P-QR3	21. R-B1 Q-N1 22. Q-N7 QxQ	22. Q-K3	Q-Q3	45. P-N3 P-N6	6. N-Q5 Q- 7. P-Q4 P	
8. N-K1	P-Q3	23. BxQ B-N5	23. P-B3	R-R4	46. R-B7ch Drawn		RP 27. P-QR3 PXP B4 28. PXP Q-K4
9. N-B2	B-Q2	24. P-B3 B-K3				9. N-K2 N-	
10. B-Q2	R-N1	25. K-B2 R-N1				10. NxB Q	
11. P-QR4	N-K1 N-B2	26. R-B7 B-Q5ch 27. B-K3 BxBch		ROUND	TWO	11. O-O O	-O 31. P-Q6 PXP
12. R-N1 13. P-QN4	PXP	28. KxB K-B1					K4 32. NxP B-K3 Q2 33. N-K4 P-N5
14. NXP	NXN	DRAW	TUDNI	ER-1/2	MEDNIS-1/2	14. B-N5 N-	
15. RxN	P-QN4				TOTAL STATE OF THE		N3 35. N-B3 Q-B4
				N-KB3	15. N-Q2 N-B5		KB 36. P-R4 Q-R6
		BRUIL	2. P-QB4 3. N-QB3	P-KN3 B-N2	16. N-B1 P-N5 17. N-K3 Q-N4		N3 37. KXP Q-N5ch KB 38. K-B2 and WHITE
R. E	SYRNE-1/2	BENKO-1/2	4. P-K4	P-Q3	18. N-N5 R-Q1	19. RXP QR-	
1. P-Q4	N-KB3	11. B-Q2 P-N3	5. B-K2	0-0	19. B-B1 P-R4		cR time limit.
2. P-QB4	P-KN3	12. Q-B1 B-Q2	6. N-B3	P-B3	20. BXN PXB	SEIDMAN-	A D DVDNE V
3. P-KN3 4. P-Q5	P-B4 P-Q3	13. P-B4 N-N5 14. N-KN5 N-B2	7. O-O 8. Q-B2	P-K4 R-K1	21. N-B5 B-K4 22. B-Q3 Q-B3		
4. P-Q5 5. B-N2	B-N2	15. P-R3 N-R3	9. R-Q1	Q-K2	23. QR-N1 K-R1		K3 8. B-R4 B-KB4 Q4 9. B-N3 O-O
6. N-QB3	P-QR3	16. P-K4 P-B4	10. P-Q5	P-B4	24. Q-Q2 R-K1		P 10. QBxB QxB
7. P-QR4	0.0	17. P-K5 PxP	11. P-QR3	N-R3	25. R-K1 P-N3	4. N-KB3 B-	Q3 11. O-O N-Q2
8. N-R3	QN-Q2	18. PXP BXKP 19. N-B3 BXN	12. B-N5 13. B-R4	P-R3 P-KN4	26. KR-Q1	5. B-KN5 N-	
9. O-O 10. P-N3	N-K4 N-K1	DRAW DRAW	14. B-N3	N-R4	DRAW	6. N-QB3 P-Q 7. B-Q3 P-	B3 DRAW B3
		KIND OF THE PARTY		0.000		- Dec 2000 2000 2000 1000 1000 1000 1000 100	07/704

		DAILLE	TUDEE				VANE V	******	**		DENIKO I	CHEDWAN A	
		ROUND	IHKEE		12		YRNE-1/2	TURNER-	45	1. P-Q4	BENKO—T N-KB3	SHERWIN—0 19. P-N5	
					1.	P-Q4	P-Q4	12. B-KB4	0-0	2. P-QB4	P-K3	20. PXP	P-QB4 PxP
Ť.	E	VANS-1	KRAMER-0		2.	P-QB4	PXP	13. KR-B1	R-B1	3. N-KB3	P-QN3	21. NXQP	NXN
1.	P-K4	P-K3	20. PXP	N-N2	3.	N-KB3	N-KB3	14. RXR	QXR	4. P-KN3	B-N2	22. BXN	BxB
2.	P-Q3	P-Q4	21. KR-B1	KR-B1	4.	P-K3	P-K3	15. P-QR4	PXP	5. B-N2	B-K2	23. QxB	BXNP
3.	N-Q2	N-KB3	22. N-R4	P-KB3	5.	O-O	P-B4	16. RXP	N-Q4	6. N-B3	N-K5	24. QXRP	B-Q3
4.	P-KN3	PXP	23. N-B5	Q-K1	6.	Q-K2	P-QR3	17. B-Q2	Q-B3 Q-N3	7. B-Q2	NxB	25. Q-N4	Q-B2
5.	PxP	P-K4	24. B-B1	B-N3	8.	B-Q3	P-QN4 PxP	18. R-R1 19. N-R5	B-R1	8. QXN	P-Q4	26. QR-B1	BxPch
6.	KN-B3	B-QB4	25. P-N4	BxN	9.	PXP	B-N2	20. P-QN3	D.K.	9. PXP	PXP	27. K-B1	B-Q3
7.	B-N2	N-B3	26. KPxB	N-Q3		QN-Q2	B-K2	DRAV	MN	10. 0-0	N-Q2	28. K-K2	B-K4
8.	0.0	B-KN5	27. R-B6	Q-B2		N-N3	QN-Q2	DIA		11. KR-Q1	0-0	29. RXP	Q-Q3
9.	P-KR3	B-R4	28. B-QN2	RXR		14-143	dis.as			12. N-K5	P-QB3	30. Q-QB4	B-B3
	Q-K2	P-QR3	29. BXR	R-RI		SHE	RWIN-1/2	WEINSTEIN-	-1/2	13. N-Q3	R-K1	31. R-B6	Q-R7
	P-B3	Q-K2	30. B-QN2	R-R7	1.	P-QB4	P-K4	22. B-K3	0.0	14. P-QN4 15. Q-N2	N-B3	32. Q-B3	RxPch
1	P-QN4	B-R2	31. RxN/Q3	PXR	2.	N-QB3	P-Q3	23. BXN	PxB	16. P-QR4	B-Q3	33. KXR	BXQ
	P-QR4	N-Q2	32. QXN	P-R3	3.	P-KN3	B-K3	24. QXP	B-N3	17. P-K3	Q-K2 QR-Q1	Black forfe	erred on
	B-R3	N-Q1	33. Q-B6	P-Q4	4.	B-N2	P-QB3	25. Q-Q2	QR-K	18. Q-N3	P-KR4	Time.	
100	N-B4	0.0	34. B-N2	P-K5	5	P-Q3	B-K2	26. R-K2	N-R4		· MAT		
	N-K3	BxN/K3	35. B-Q4	R-Q7	6.	P-K4	P-KB4	27. RxB	PxR	HE	ARST-1/2	R. BYRNE-V	2
	QxB	P-QN4	36. Q-B5	K-R2	7.	Q-R5ch	P-N3	28. QXP	Q-B6	1. P-K4	P-K3	22. N/5-N6	BxN
	P-B4	N-N3	37. P-N6	Q-N2	8.	Q-K2	N-B3	29. QXP	N-B5	2. P-Q4	P-Q4	23. NxB	R-K1
17.	BPXP	PxP	38. Q-B7	Resigns	9.	N-B3	PXP	30. PXN	QxB	3. N-Q2	N-QB3	24. NPXP	PXP
					10.	PXP	B-N5	31. N-Q5	Q-N5ch	4. KN-B3	N-B3	25. R-QN1	Q-R4
	ME	DNIS-1/2	HEARST-V	2	11.	P-KR3	BXN	32. K-B1	QXRP	5. P-K5	N-Q2	26. R-K3	PxP
1.	P-K4	P-Q4	17. B-R6	P-QB4	12.	QxB	QN-Q2	33. R-K3	RXKP	6. N-N3	B-K2	27. PXP	QXP
2.	PXP	N-KB3	18. BxB	KxB	13.	P-KR4	N-B4	34. N-B6ch	QXN	7. B-KB4	0-0	28. B-K5	R-B7
3.	P-Q4	NXP	19. N-QN5	QxQ		B-R3	Q-R4	35. QXQ	RxQ	8. P-B3 9. PXP	P-B3	29. R-QR3	QXR
4.	N-KB3	P-KN3	20. NXQ	R-K1		QR-N	Q-N5	36. RXR	K-B2	10. B-QN5	N-K2	30. QXR 31. Q-B7	Q-R3
5.	B-K2	B-N2	21. B-B3	R-Q1		0.0	QXBP	37. K-N2	R-K3	11. 0.0	N-KN3	32. R-R1	Q-Q6 P-R3
6.	0.0	010	22. RXN	RXN		R-K	Q-B2	38. R-N4	R-QB3	12. B-N3	R-B2	33. R-QB1	BxB
7.	P-B4	N-N3	23. RXP	RXNP		P-QN4	N-K3	39. K-B3	K-B3	13. BXN	BxB	34. PxB	N-B1
8.	P-QR4	P-QR4	24. N-Q6	R-N1		P-N5	N-Q5	40. R-N5		14. N-B5	P-QN3	35. N-B4	Q-N4
9.	P-R3	N-B3	25. R-K1	R-N3		Q-Q	B-Q	DRAV	VN	15. N-Q3	R-K2	36. R-B6	Q-N8ch
	P-Q5	N-N5	26. NxB	RXN	21.	PXP	PxP			16. R-K1	R-B1	37. K-R2	Q-K5
	N-B3	P-K3	27. R-K7	R-B2						17. P-KR4	B-K1	38. P-N3	Q-B6
	B-N5	Q-Q2	28. RXR	NxR			DOLLA	DFOUR		18. P-R5	N-B1	39. Q-R7	P-Q5
	PXP	QXP	29. RXP	N-K3			KOUNI	FOOK		19. N/B-K5	P-KR3	40. R-B7	QxPch
	N-N5	N-R3				THE	NED 14	BERNSTEIN-	1/2	20. P-QN4	N-R2	41. N-N2	K-R1
15.	N/5-Q4	Q-Q2	DRAW	VN			NER-1/2			21. N-KB4	P-B4	Draw	
16.	Q-Q2	NXRP			1.	P-Q4	N-KB3	14. B-N5ch	K-B1	-	VANC 1/	MEDNIC 1/	
					2.	P-QB4	P-QB3	15. PXP	NxP		VANS-1/2	MEDNIS-1/2	
		ACTEIN 1/	CELDMAN	16	3.	N-QB3	P-Q4	16. R-K1	P-B3	1. P-Q4	N-KB3	20. PXNP	NXNP
	BEKN	NSTEIN-1/2	SEIDMAN-	-1/2	4.	P-K3	P-K3	17. B-QB4	R-Q1	2. P-QB4 3. N-QB3	P-KN3	21. NXN	PxN
1.	P-K4	N-KB3	30. PXP	NXP	5.	N-B3	QN-Q2	18. BXN	BxB	3. N-QB3 4. P-K4	P-Q3	22. PXP 23. KR-KB1	R-KB1 B-K4
2.	N-QB3	P-K4	31. RxRch	BXR	3.	B-Q3	PXP	19. B-K3 20. Q-B2	P-QR4 N-K3	5. P-B3	0-0	24. K-B2	K-N2
3.	N-B3	B-N5	32. NXQP	K-B2	7.	BXBP	P-QN4 B-N2	21. KR-Q1	K-B2	6. KN-K2	QN-Q2	25. K-N3	RxR
4.	NXP	Q-K2	33. K-Q1	B-B3	8.	B-Q3	B-Q3	22. P-QN3	P-N3	7. B-N5	P-B4	26. RXR	R-QB1
5.	N-Q3	BXN	34. N-N4	B-N2	9. 10.	O-O P-K4	P-K4	23. QR-B1	Q-R3	8. Q-Q2	Q-R4	27. B-Q2	R-B2
6.	NPXB	NXP	35. B-K3	KxP		P-Q5	PXP	24. N-Q2	R-QB1	9. 0.0.0	P-QR3	28. B-R5	R-B1
7.	Q-K2	0-0	36. P-B4	P-KN4		NXNP	N-B4	25. N-B4	Drawn	10. K-N1	R-K1	29. B-Q2	R-B2
8.	B-N2	R-K1	37. P-B5	PXP		NxBch	QXN	20. 11.04		11. P-KR4	P-QN4	30. P-R3	R-B1
9.	0-0-0	Q-Q1	38. BXP	P-R4		ITALLII	441			12. N-Q5	QxQ	31. R-BT	RXR
10.	R-K1	P-Q4	39. N-Q3	K-N3		SE	IDMAN-1	D. BYRNE-0		13. BxQ	NxN	32. BxR	B-Q5
	P-B3	N-Q3	40. B-B8	B-R3	1.	P-K4	P-QB4	22. 0-0	PXP	14. BPXN	PXP	33. K-N4	B-N3
	Q-B2	RxRch	41. N-B5	B-B5	2.	N-KB3	P-Q3	23. RXP	Q-K3	15. B-R5	P-Q6	34. B-N5	K-B2
	QXR	N-Q2	42. P-R4	P-N5	3.	P-Q4	PXP	24. N-B4	Q-K5	16. N-B4	N-K4	35. K-B3	P-R4
7.1	N-B4	N-N3	43. N-N3	P-N6		NXP	N-KB3	25. B-N6	B-N5	17. BXP	B-Q2	36. K-Q3	B-QB4
	B-Q3	Q-N4	44. N-Q2	N-K4	5.	N-QB3	P-KN3	26. BxR	B-Q5ch	18. B-K2	P-B4	37. K-B3	B-N3
100000000000000000000000000000000000000	Q-K3	B-Q2	45. K-K1	B-Q4	6.	P-B3	N-B3	27. K-R2	BxR	19. P-R5	PXKP	38. Drawn	
and the second second	P-KR4	Q-R3	46. B-Q6	P-N7	7.	B-K3	B-N2	28. PXB	QxKBP			es automos	
	P-N4	N(Q3)-B5	47. K-B2	N-N5ch	8.	Q-Q2	0-0	29. R-B1	Q-N5		ROUNE	FIVE	
	P-N5 BxN	Q-Q3 R-K1	48. K-N1	NXP	9.	B-QB4	P-QR4	30. B-K7	P-KN4	Wester	CHARLEST TOPS	ULST CONTROL OF	¥.
	Q-Q4	P-QB4	49. B-B7	K-N4		P-KR4	N-K4	31. Q-Q1	QXQ	R.	BYRNE-1/2	EVANS-1	
	B-R3	PxQ	50. BXP 51. B-N6	K-R5		B-K2	P-Q4	32. RXQ	B-K4	1. P-Q4	N-KB3	25. Q-B1	B-QN2
	BxQ	NxB	52. P-R5	K-R6 N-B4		PxP NxN	NXQP QXN	33. BXP 34. BXP	P-R3 K-B2	2. P-QB4	P-KN3	26. BxB	RxB
	B-B5	PXP	53. N-N1	B-N2		P-R5	N-B5	35. R-Q7ch	K-B3	3. P-KN3 4. B-N2	B-N2 O-O	27. Q-K3	P-QN4
	PXP	P-QN3	54. B-B2	P-R4		BXN	QxB	36. B-N7ch	K-B4	5. N-QB3	P-Q3	28. PXP 29. P-QR4	PXP
	B-Q4	B-B3	55. N-B3	P-R5		PXP	BPXP	37. BxB	KxB	6. N-B3	P-QB4	30. NXP	R-N4
	P-R5	N-K4	56. P-R6	B-B3		P-QN3	Q-KB2	38. N-Q3ch	K-K5	7. 0.0	N-B3	31. N-N2	P-B5
	P-R6	P-N3	57. N-K2	K-N5		R-Q1	R-Q1	39. N-B5ch	K-B6	8. PXP	PxP	32. NXP	P-R4
	R-KT	P-B3	58. N-Q4	Draw	19.	Q-B1	B-Q2	40. NXP	Forfeit	9. B-K3	Q-R4	33. BXN	BxB
			. I			P-R4	P-K4	(Black lost	on time)	10. N-Q5	P-K3	34. P-B4	B-N2
	-	DVDNE -		2	21.	N-K2	P-K5			11. B-Q2	Q-Q1	35. QxPch	K-R2
5 <u>0.5</u> 19	D.	BYRNE-0	BENKO-	1		VD.	MED 1	WEINSTEIN		12. N-B3	Q-K2	36. R-Q7	Q-B4ch
1.	N-KB3	N-KB3	22. QR-N1	B-B6	216		MER-1	WEINSTEIN-		13. Q-B1	N-KN5	37. K-N2	RXP
2.	P-B4	P-KN3	23. P-R3	BXN	1.	P-Q4	N-KB3	22. B-Q4	RXQRP	14. P-KR3	N/5-K4	38. Q-B7	RxPch
3.	N-B3	B-N2	24. PXN	B-B6	2.	P-QB4	P-KN3	23. BXNP	B-K3	15. NXN	N×N	39. KxR	Q-N8ch
4.	P-K4	P-Q3	25. BXRP	P-N3	3.	N-QB3	B-N2	24. B-Q4	BXP B OB7	16. P-N3	R-Q1	40. K-B3	Q-B8ch
5.	P-Q4	0-0	26. R-N3	B-B3	4.	P-KN3	0-0	25. N-B3	R-QB7	17. B-R6 18. B-N5	B-R1	41. K-K3	QxRPch
6.	B-K2	P-K4	27. B-K3	B-K2	3.	B-N2 P-K4	P-Q3 P-QB4	26. K-Q1 27. N-Q2	R-R7 B-K3	19. B-K3	P-B3 R-N	42. K-B2 43. K-N2	Q-R5ch
7.	0.0	N-B3	28. KB-N5	PXP	7	PXP	PxP	28. R-K1	P-R3	20. Q-R3	P-N3		Q-N5ch QxP/5ch
8.	B-K3	R-K1	29. PXP	QR-N1	8.	QXQ	RXQ	29. R-K5	K-R2	21. QR-Q	P-QR3	45. K-K1	Q-N6ch
9.	PXP	PXP	30. B-QB4	RXR	9.	P-K5	KN-Q2	30. B-B3	P-R5	22. RXR	QxR	46. K-Q1	Q-N6ch
	QXQ B.N.5	RxQ	31. BxR	N-B3		P-B4	N-QB3	31. RxB	PXR	23. R-Q1	Q-B2	47. Drawn	4 140011
	B-N5	R-B1	32. P-N4	P-R4		B-K3	N/Q2xP	32. K-B1	P-N4	24. B-B4	P-B4	AVEN A TOP OF THE STATE OF THE	
	B-Q3	P-KR3	33. K-B1	P-R5		PXN	NXP	33. P-N4	K-N3				
	B-K3 N-Q5	R-Q1	34. KB-B4	P-R6		R-Q1	B-N5	34. K-N1	R-R6	DE C	OME A III	SCF MEMBE	D I
	P-KR3	N-K1 B-K3	35. B-B4	N-K1	14.	RxRch	RXR	35. K-N2	RXB	1			
	KR-Q1	N-N1	36. P-Q6	PXP	15.	B-KB1	N-Q6ch	36. KxR	P-R4	1	FOR		
	B-K2	N-R3	37. P-B6	R-B1	16.	BXN	RxB	37. P-R3	PxP		\$100	0.00	1
		BxN	38. B-QN5	B-B3		BXP	P-N3	38. PxP	P-R6	Sustaini	ng member	ship of \$10.0	00 per
	P.H.	DAIL	39. P-N5	B-N2	18.	B-N4	P-QR4	39. N-K4	P-K4		The state of the s		
	P-B5 PxB	N.NS		D 047					The state of the s	Venr D	ecomes -	Life Mamb	erchin
19.	PxB	N-N5 P-K5	40. R-Q2	B-N7	19.	B-R3	BxNch	40. K-N3	K-B2			Life Memb	ership
19. 20.	PxB B-QB4	P-K5		B-N7	19. 20.	B-R3 PxB	BxNch RxBP		K-B2 Resigns	after 10		Life Memb	ership
19. 20.	PxB		40. R-Q2	B-N7	19. 20.	B-R3	BxNch	40. K-N3	The second secon			Life Memb	ership

SHE	RWIN-1	SEIDMAN-)		D	BYRNE-1/2	TURNER 1	4	1150	DOT 1/	AND ARREST AND ARREST	
1. P-Q4	N-KB3	23. R-B5	B-N3	1	P-QB4	N-KB3	TURNER-			RST—1/2	D. BYRNE-	0077
2. N-KB3	P-QN3	24. BXQP	BxB	2.	N-QB3	P-K3	11. O-O 12. B-N2	P-QN3	1. P-K4 2. N-KB3	P-QB4 P-Q3	19. RxQch 20. B-N6	RxR
3. P-QB4	P-K3	25. PxPch	K-N1	3.	P-Q4	B-N5	13. R-B1	Q-K2	3. P-Q4	PXP	21. BXRP	R-Q7
4. P-KN3	B-R3	26. RxB	BxB	4.	P-K3	P-QB4	14. R-KT	B-N2	4. NXP	N-KB3	22. R-B2	R-B8ch
5. Q-R4 6. B-N2	B-K2 O-O	27. PxB 28. R-QN5	R-N1	5.	KN-K2	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	15. P-QB4	N-K4	5. N-QB3	P-KN3	23. K-R2	B-R3
7. N-B3	P-B3	29. PXR	RxR KxP	6.	P-QR3	BxNch	16. Q-K2	N-N3	6. B-K2	B-N2	24. P-KN3	B-K6
8. 0-0	P-Q4	30. K-B2	K-B3	8.	N-N3	PxBP O-O	17. PXP 18. B-B3	PxP B-B3	7. B-K3 8. O-O	N-B3	25. R-K2	B-N8ch
9. N-K5	P-QN4	31. K-B3	K-K4	9.	BXP	Q-B2	19. KR-Q1	QR-NI	9. Q-Q2	B-Q2	26. K-N2 27. R-Q2	B-Q5 BxN
10. PXNP	PXP	32. P-K4	P-KR4		B-R2	R-Q1	20. Drawn	dic it.	10. P-B4	Q-B1	28. BxB	NXP
11. NXNP 12. N-QB3	Q-K1 QxQ	33. K-K3	K-Q3						11. P-KR3	N×N	29. R-Q8ch	K-N2
13. NXQ	BXP	34. K-Q4 35. P-R3	K-K3 P-B3						12. BxN	B-B3	30. BXN	BxBch
14. R-K1	B-N4	36. P-KN4	PXP			ROUN	D SIX		13. B-B3	R-Q1	31. K-B2	P-B3
15. N-B5	N-B3	37. PxP	K-Q3			NO OIL	D JIK		14. QR-Q1 15. B-B2	P-K4 P-QN4	32. R-Q7ch 33. R-Q8ch	K-N1 K-B2
16. NXKP	B-N5	38. P-N3	K-K3		2.3	and the second second	1720-1720-1720-1720		16. P-R3	P-QR4	34. R-Q7ch	K-K3
17. N×R 18. B-K3	BXR	39. K-Q3	K-Q3	- 6		RAMER—)	BENKO-1		17. PXP	PXP	35. RxP	P-N4
19. P-QR4	B-R4 N×N	40. K-Q4 41. P-N4	K-K3 K-Q3	1.	P-Q4	N-KB3	27. K-Q3	P-QN4	18. QxRch	QXQ	36. R-R8	Draw
20. PXN	B-B5	42. P-K5ch	PxPch	2.	P-QB4	P-KN3	28. P-QR4	RxR				
21. PXN	KxN	43. K-K4	Resigns	4	N-QB3 N-B3	P-Q4 B-N2	29. RxR 30. BxR	PXP	EVA	ANS-1	BERNSTEIN-	0
22. R-QB1	B-N6			5.	PXP	NXP	31. K-B4	P-QR3	1. P-K4	P-K4	22. N-K3	P-R6
WEI	NSTEIN-1/2	BENKO-1	6	6.	Q-N3	NXN	32. B-Q2	K-B2	2. N-KB3	N-QB3	23. P-QN3	P-N5
1. P-Q4	N-KB3	30. N-R3	The same are a second	7.	PxN	P-QB4	33. B-B3	K-KI	3. B-N5	P-QR3	24. N-Q5	R-N1
2. P-QB4	P-KN3	31. PXP	B-B3 PXP	9.	P-K3	0-0	34. P-Q5	PxPch	4. B-R4	N-B3	25. P-B3	PxP
3. N-QB3	P-Q4	32. B-B3	N-K2		B-K2	N-B3 N-R4	35. KxP 36. K-B4	P-R6	5. O-O 6. BXN	B-K2 QPxB	26. NXP(3) 27. P-Q4	P-KB4 PxP
4. PXP	NXP	33. R-R6	R-QR1		Q-B2	PXP	37. K-N3	K-K3	7. P-Q3	N-Q2	28. Q-K3	RxRch
5. P-K4	N×N	34. R(1)-QR1	RxR	12.	BPXP	B-K3	38. B-Q2	K-Q4	8. QN-Q2	P-QB4	29. KxR	R-B1ch
6. PXN	B-N2	35. RXR	BXB	13.	R-Q1	Q-Q2	39. B-B3	K-K5	9. N-B4	P-KB3	30. K-N1	Q-B2
7. B-QB4 8. N-K2	O-O P-QB4	36. QxB 37. Q-Q1	N-Q4 R-QB1		N-K5	KR-B1	40. K-B4	P-N4	10. N-KR4	0-0	31. P-Q5	N-N4
9. 0-0	N-B3	38. Q-QR1	R-B3		Q-N2	Q-R5	41. P-KR3	P-KR4	11. P-KB4	PxP	32. P-R4	N-B6ch
10. B-K3	Q-B2	39. R-R5	R-B2		Q-N5 BxQ	QxQ N-B5	42. B-B6 43. PXP	P-N5 RPxP	12. BxP 13. N-B5	R-B2 N-B1	33. PxN 34. Q-N5	Q-N3ch Q-N3ch
11. R-B1	R-Q1	40. Q-R3	R-N2		BXN	BxB	44. B-N5	P-R7	14. B-K3	P-QR4	35. K-R1	PXP
12. P-KR3	P-N3	41. R-R8	P-N5		NXB	RXN	45. B-B6	B-K2	15. Q-R5	BXN	36. N-K4	P-B7
13. P-B4 14. Q-K1	P-K3	42. PXP	N-B2		B-N2	R-B7	46. B-Q4	B-R5	16. QXB	Q-Q2	37. K-N2	Q-N4
15. B-Q3	N-R4 P-B4	43. R-R7 44. R×R	N-N4 QxR		QR-NI		47. P-N3	B-K2	17. Q-B2	B-Q3	38. N-N3	Q-K1
16. P-K5	B-N2	45. Q-R5	K-K1		K-B1	P-K3 R/R1-QB1	48. K-N3	B-B4	18. BXP 19. QXB	N-K3	39. R-KB1	Q-K8
17. Q-B2	P-B5	46. B-K3	K-Q2		K-K1	B-B1	49. B-B6 50. KxP	K-B6 B-N5	20. Q-B2	P-R5	40. Q-N4 41. Q-K6ch	Q-Q7 Resigns
18. B-N1	N-B3	47. Q-R2	Q-B3		K-Q1	R(7)-B5	51. Resigns	D-143	21. QR-Q1	P-QN4	Ti. Q'ROCH	Resigns
19. K-R2	N-K2	48. Q-KB2	K-K1		K-Q2	P-B4				(5) (679 576 57		
20. R-N1 21. B-Q2	Q-B3 P-KR4	49. Q-R2 50. Q-KB2	B-B1 B-K2						MED	NIS-1/2	R. BYRNE-	1/2
22. B-B2	P-QN4	51. K-N3	Q-K5		CEI	DMAN 1	WEINGTEIN		1. P-K4	P-K3	24. Q-N3	R-Q1
23. P-QR4	P-R3	52. K-R2	N-B6			DMAN-1	WEINSTEIN-		2. P-Q4	P-Q4	25. KR-Q	RXR
24. QR-R1	N-Q4	53. Q-N3	N-K7	1.	P-K4 P-Q4	P-K3	25. PXN	N-B5	3. N-Q2	N-QB3	26. RxR	Q-K
25. Q-N3	K-B2	54. QxPch	K-Q2	3.	PXP	P-Q4 PxP	26. RXP 27. RXB	P-KB4	4. KN-B3	N-B3	27. N-KB3	R-Q
26. KR-QB1 27. B-Q1	B-R3	55. P-Q5	QxB	4.	N-KB3		28. R-B4	N-K6	5. P-K5 6. P-QN3	N-Q2	28. B-B2	RxR
28. P-R4	R-KN1 QR-N1	56. QxPch 57. Q-N8ch	K-K1 K-Q2	5.	N-B3	N-K2	29. R-Q3	N-Q4	7. B-N2	P-B3 PxP	29. N4xR 30. BxB	Q-Q2 KxB
29. N-N1	Q-Q2	58. Draw	K-02	6.	N-QN5	and the same of th	30. RxP	NxB	B. PXP	B-K2	31. Q-B2ch	K-N1
60.04				7.	NXB	QXN	31. PXN	RxP	9. B-N5	0-0	32. Q-K4	P-R3
	DNIS-0	KRAMER-1		9.	B-K2 O-O	B-N5 P-B3	32. R-B7 33. R-QB3	R-Q1 R-Q2	10. 0-0	N(2)-N1	33. K-B1	Q-Q4
1. P-K4	P-K3	29. Q-R4	R-R3		P-B3	P-KN4	34. R-B8ch	R-Q1	11. P-QR3	B-Q2	34. QXQ	NXQ
2. P-Q4 3. N-Q2	P-Q4 N-QB3	30. Q-N3	R-B2	11.	P-QN4	N-N3	35. RxRch	KxR	12. B-Q3 13. P-B4	B-K1 PxP	35. P-N3 36. K-K2	P-KN4
4. P-QB3	PXP	31. P-QR3 32. Q-B2	Q-K1 P-N4		NxP	B-Q2	36. R-B4	K-Q2	14. BxP	B-B2	37. K-Q3	N/3-K2
5. NXP	N-B3	33. Q-Q2	Q-Q1		N-B3	0-0-0	37. K-N2	K-Q3	15. P-QN4	R-K1	38. K-K4	N-B4
6. NxNch	QXN	34. R Q1	P-N5		P-QR4	QR-N1 P-KR4	38. K-N3 39. P-R4	R-R2	16. Q-N3	B-B1	39. N-K1	P-B4
7. N-B3	P-KR3	35. PXP	PXP		R-K1	P-R5	40. R-B5ch	K-Q4 KxP	17. N-K4	P-KR3	40. PxP	BXP
8. B-K3 9. Q-Q2	B-Q3	36. N-B3	R-N2		P-N5	PXP	41. K-N4	P-N3	18. QR-Q1 19. R-Q2	N-Q2 Q-B1	41. N-Q3 42. P-KN4	B-K2 N-N2
10. 0-0-0	P-K4	37. NXP 38. N-B4	Q-K1 QxPch		BPXP	N-R4	42. R-B6	K-Q4	20. Q-B2	N-N3	43. N-B4	N-K
11. P-Q5	N-K2	39. Q-Q3	QxQ		B-R3	Q-K3	43. P-KR5	P-R3	21. B-R2	B-N3	44. N-R5	P-N3
12. P-B4	P-QN3	43. RxQ	P-N6		B-N4 K-R1	Q-K6ch B-N5	44. P-R6 45. PXP	PXP	22. B-N	K-R	Drawn	
13. B-K2	P-QR4	41. M-R5	R-Q2		N-R4	Q-K5ch	46. K-N5	R-K2 K-Q5	23. N-R4	B-R2		
14. QR-N1 15. Q-Q1	B-QN5 N-B4	42. NXP 43. R-Q2	R-R4	23.	B-B3	N×N	47. K-N6	R-K8				
16. P-N4	NxB	44. R-QB2	R(2)xP R-Q8ch	24	BxQ	PxB	48. P-R7	Resigns		ROUND	SEVEN	
17. PXN	B-QB4	45. K-R2	R-KR8									
18. Q-Q2	P-B3	46. N-Q4	R(8)xP		т	URNER-0	SHERWIN-1	1		BYRNE-1	KRAMER-	
19. P-N5 20. NXNP	PXNP	47. R-B8ch	K-R2	1.	P-Q4	N-KB3	27. QXBP		1. P-Q4	P-Q4	28. R-B5	P-B3
21. PXP	B-B4	48. K-R3 49. N-N3	R-Q4	2.	P-QB4	P-KN3	28. RXQ	R-N3	2. P-QB4 3. N-KB3	PXP	29. P-B3	KR-QB1
22. B-Q3	KR-Q1	50. R-B7	P-N4 K-N3	3.	N-QB3	P-Q4	29. R-B4	RXP	3. N-KB3 4. P-K3	P-K3	30. R-KR5 31. R-KR3	P-R3 R-B5
23. BxB	QxB	51. N-B5	P-N5	4.	N-B3	B-N2	30. R-B7	N-Q4	5. BXP	P-B4	32. R-N3	R-N2
24. P-K4	Q-B1	52. R-B8	K-B4	5.	Q-N3	PXP	31. RXNP	R-R3	6. 0-0	P-QR3	33. P-K4	R-R5
25. K-N1 26. RxB	BxR R-R2	53. P-N4	P-N6	7.	P-K4	0-0 B-N5	32. P-R3 33. N-N3	K-N2 K-N3	7. Q-K2	N-B3	34. R-QB1	B-K1
27. Q-KB2	R-Q3	54. R-B8 55. R-KN8	P-B3	8.	B-K3	KN-Q2	34. K-K2	P-R4	8. N-B3	P-QN4	35. P-B4	B-B3
28. Q-N3	R-N3	Resigns	P-N7	9.	R-Q1	N-QB3	35. K-B3	P-B4	9. B-N3 10. R-Q	B-N2 Q-N3	36. R-K1 37. R-Q3	B-K1 K-K2
Tel maket media		Name of the second			Q-N3	N-N3	36. R-Q7	P-K3	11. P-QR4	P-B5	38. P-KN4	B-N4
BER	NSTEIN-0	HEARST-	1		P-Q5 B-K2	N-K4	37. N-B1	R-R5	12. PxP	PxB	39. R-Q2	R-B5
1. N-KB3	N-KB3	15. B-Q5	Q-K2		PXN	NxNch B-R4	38. N-N3 39. N-B1	P-R5 R-B5ch	13. PXN	QXBP	40. P-B5	B-Q2
2. P-QB4	P-KN3	16. PXP	N-N3		P-KB4		40. K-N2	P-R4	14. B-Q2 15. NXN	N-Q4	41. P-R3	K-B2
3. P-QN4 4. P-N5	P-QR4	17. 0-0-0	P-B5	15.	NXB	P-QB3	41. R-QR7	P-R6ch	16. R-R5	Q×N Q-Q	42. PxPch 43. P-Q5ch	KxP K-Q3
5. B-N2	B-N2 O-O	18. Q-B2	B-K3		P-B5	PXQP	42. K-N	R-N5ch	17. Q-B4	B-Q4	44. P-K5ch	PXP
6. P-N3	P-Q3	19. BXNP 20. R-R4	R-R2 RxB		P-KR4	Q-B2	43. K-R	R-N7	18. Q-R4ch	Q-Q2	45. BxPch	K-B4
7. B-N2	P-K4	21. R/1-R1	Q-N5		P-R5 R-KN1	PxBP K-R1	44. N-K3 45. PxN	NXN	19. R-R1	QxQ	46. BXP	P-KR4
8. P-B5	P-K5	22. N-Q5	QxBch		PXQP	R-KN1	46. P-K4	P-B5	20. R/5xQ	B-N2 P-ON1	47. B-B8ch	K-N4
9. N-N5 10. N-QB3	PXP	23. QXQ	BxQch	21.	P-R6	B-K4	47. RXP	P-B6	21. B-B3 22. N-Q2	R-QN1 B-B1	48. PXP	BXP
11. P-KR4	P-R3	24. KxB 25. N-B6ch	R-N2	23.	Q-Q3	P-B5	48. R-QB5	R-N8ch	23. R-B4	B-Q3	49. P-R6 50. B-N7	R-KB2 B-B4
12. KNXKP	P-B4	26. R-R8	QN-Q2		RxRch B-O4		49. K-R2	P-B7	24. NXP	B-Q2	51. P-Q6	R-B5
13. Q-N3ch	R-B2	27. N-K8	R-KN1		B-Q4 Q-K4	NxP BxB	50. R-B2	P-B8(Q)	25. N-B5	B-N4	52. R-K7	B-Q2
14. N-N5	PXN	Resigns			RXB	N-B3	51. Resigns		26. N-N7 27. NXB	K-Q2	53. RXR	RXR
34										KxN	54. R-KB2	Resigns

	BERNST	TEIN A	MEDNIS-	•		CHE	DWIN 1	HEADET I				ANG W		.,
		-0415-00			1.	P-QB4	P-KB4	HEARST—1	PXP	1.	P-K4	P-K4	SHERWIN—	K-Q2
1. P-I	and the same of th	-QB4	24. B-B2	NxB	2.	N-KB3	N-KB3	14. NXN	PXN	2.	N-KB3	N-QB3	33. R-B1	R-KB7
		-QB3	25. QXN	R-Q1	3.	P-KN3	P-Q3	15. BXQP	B-Q2	3.	B-N5	P-QR3	34. RxR	BXR
		P-Q3	26. R-K	P-N3	4.	P-Q4	P-K3	16. KR-Q1	B-K1	4.	B-R4	N-B3	35. R-R7	PXF
4. N-I		N-B3	27. P-B5	P-Q5	5.	B-N2	B-K2	17. B-B5	BxB	5.	0.0	B-K2	36. BxNch	PXE
5. B-E		P-K3	28. KBPXP	RPXP	6.	0.0	0-0	18. QxB	Q-B3	6	R-K1	P-Q3	37. PxP	P-K
6. P-E		-QR3	29. PXP	BxPch	7.	N-B3	Q-K1	19. BXP	BxB	7.	P-B3	B-N5	38. B-K3	BXE
The second second		Q-B2	30. K-R1	B-N8	8.	R-K1	N-K5	20. QXB	P-B5	8.	P-KR3	B-R4	39. KxB	PxPch
8. P-C	the state of the s	B-Q2	31. Q-N2	QxPch	9.	Q-B2	Q-N3	21. QXP	PXP	9	P-Q3	Q-Q2	40. KxP	K-B3
9. 0.0		B-K2	32. QXQ	BxQ		B-K3	NxN	22. QXP	QR-NT	10.		P-KN4	41. P-K5	
10. B-C		-QR4	33. R-K2	B-B5		QXN	N-B3	23. R-Q3	Drawn		N-B1			PXPch
11. B-F		-QN4	34. K-N2	B-B8	and only	P-B5	PXP	23. K-W3	Drawn		PXP	P-N5	42. KxP	R-Q4ch
12. PX	P	PXP	35. B-K4	K-N2	12.	1-03	FAF					BXP	43. K-K4	RxP
13. QN	I-K2	0.0	36. B-B6	P-N5							N/1-R2	P-N4	44. K-Q4	K-N3
14. P-E	33	P-B5	37. R-QB2	R-Q7ch							NxB	QXN	45. R-R8	R-QN4
15. P.C	24	P-K4	38. RXR	BXR			ROUND	EIGHT			The state of the s	Q-N3	46. K-B3	P-R4
16. N-I		BXN	39. B-Q5	P-B6		valen	The same of the sa			-		R-KN1	47. R-N8ch	K-R3
17. Px		P-Q4	40. PXP	PXP			AMER-0	SEIDMAN-1	l .			N-Q1	48. R-R8ch	K-N2
18. P-E		PXQP	41. B-N3	K-B3	1.	P-Q4	N-KB3	18. P-R6	BXN		P-R4	P-N5	49. R-R8	P-B3
19. P-F		P-Q6	42. K-B3	K-K4	2.	P-QB4	P-Q3	19. KxB	K-Q2			PxP	50. R-R4	K-N3
20. Px		PXN	43. K-K2	P-B4	3.	N-QB3	QN-Q2	20. K-B3	N/1-R2			N-K3	51. R-KN4	R-N8
21. Qx		BXP	44. P-R4	K-K5	4.	P-K4	P-K4	21. R-R4	QR-KN1			P-R4	52. R-N8	K-R2
22. B-		N-N6	45. B-R4	K-K2	5.	P-Q5	P-KN3	22. QR-R1	R-N5			N-N5	53. R-N7ch	R-N2
23. Rx					6.	KN-K2	B-N2	23. N-R5	RXR	-	and the last of th	R-Q1	54. R-N5	K-R3
LU. KX		RXR	White resig	115	7.	N-N3	P-KR4	24. NxNch	NXN	24.	NxN	PXN	55. R-N6	K-N4
					8.	P-KR4	N-R2	25. RXR	K-K2	-	Q-B5	P-N6	56. R-N5ch	K-N3
					9.	B-K2	B-B3	26. P-KN3	R-KRI	-		PxPch	57. R-KB5	R-N1
	D. BYR	NE-1/2	EVANC V	4	10.	BXP	PxB	27. P-KN4	N-R2		KxP .	RXQ	58. R-N5	R-QR
	D. DIK	NE-72	EVANS-V	2		NXP	R-KN1	28. K-K3	K-B3		R-Q1	B-R5ch	59. K-N3	R-Q
1. P-0	24 N	-KB3	24. N-R4	Q-B2		N-N3	QN-B1	29. P-B4	PxPch		K-B1	R-B3ch	60. R-R5	R-Q4
	and the same of th	-KN3	25. QR-Q1	N-B1		P-R5	B-N4	30. KxP	K-N3		K-K2	R-B7ch	Drawn	W-04-1
		B-N2	26. P-B5	Q-K2		BxB	QxB	31. P-QN4			K-Q3	RxP	Diam.	
4. P-		P-Q3	27. B-B3	B-B1		Q.Q2			P-KB3			DNIS-1	D. BYRNE-	•
5. N-I		0.0	28. K-N2	Q-KT			B-N5	32. P-B5	N-N4	1.	P-K4	P-QB4	40. RXP	
6. B-I		P-K4	29. Q-B3	PXP		QN-K2	N-B3	33. P-QR4	R-K	2.	N-KB3	P-Q3		R-R8
7. 0.0		N-B3	30. RXR		17.	QXQ	RXQ	34. Resigns		3.	P-Q4	PXP	41. K-B2	P-K5
8. B.		-KN5	31. NXP	QXR		-		mm27722 003		4	NXP	N-KB3	42. B-K3	R-R7ch
9. B-		P-B3		Q-K2			RNER-1/2	BENKO-1/2		5	N-QB3		43. K-B1	R-R8ch
10. B-		K-R1	32. P-N4 33. P-R3	P-QR4	1.	P-Q4	N-KB3	22. R-B1	B-N2	6.	B-K3	P-KN3	44. K-B2	R-R7ch
11. P-0		N-K2		PxP	2.	P-QB4	P-KN3	23. K-R1	K-R1	7	P-B3	B-N2	45. K-N1	R-R8ch
12. N-			34. PXP	B-N2	3.	N-QB3	P-Q4	24. N-N1	P-QR4	0		N-B3	46. K-R2	R-K8
		N-R3	35. Q-N3	Q-K1	4.	N-B3	B-N2	25. N-B3	P-B5		Q-Q2	0.0	47. R-N7ch	K-N1
13. N-I		BXN	36. R-Q1	P-N3	5.	Q-N3	PXP	26. PXP	N-R5	and the second second	0.0.0	B-K3	48. B-Q4	BxB
14. PX	1123	Q-B1	37. N-K6	R-Q2	6.	QXBP	0.0	27. N-Q2	N-B4			Q-R4	49. PxB	R-Q8
15. N-0		2)-N1	38. NXB	KxN	7.	P-K4	N-QB3	28. Q-KB3	P-Q6		NxB	PxN	50. R-Q7	K-B1
16. P-I		P-B3	39. R-QB1	N-R2	8.	B-K2	KN-Q2	29. KR-Q1	B-N7		B-QB4	N-Q1	51. P-B6	R-Q7
17. P-	and the second s	R-B2	40. Q-N2	Q-K3	9.	B-K3	N-N3	30. R-QN1	B-B6		N-Q5	QxQ	52. K-N1	P-K6
18. N-		Q-B2	41. P-K5	P-KB4	10.	Q-Q3	B-N5	31. P-K5	BXN		NxNch	BXN	53. K-B1	R-Q6
19. P.		NXKP	42. PXP	PXP		R-Q1	BXN	32. RxB	R-Q5		RXQ	B-K4	54. R-K7	RXQP
20. P-I		PxP	43. B-K3	N-K2		BxB	P-K4	33. Q-B6	QxQ		R-Q3	R-B1	55. RXP	K-B2
21. Bx		N3ch	44. BXNP	N-N3		P-Q5	N-Q5	34. BxQ	R/1-Q1		B-N3	P-N3	56. R-KB3	R-Q3
22K	And the second s	R-Q1	Draw		-	BXN	PxB	35. B-Q5	N-K5		B-Q2	K-R1	57. R-B4	R-R3
23. Q-0	Q2 N(3)-N1				N-K2	P-QB4	36. R/1-Q1			P-N3	R-QB2	58. K-B2	R-B3ch
						PxP e.p.			NXR	20.	P-KB4	B-N2	59. K-Q3	R-R3
						0.0		37. RXN	R/1xB	21.	R-KB3	N-B3	60. K-B4	R-N3
						P-QN3	P-QB4	38. PXR	RXQP		P-B3	N-K4	61. K-B3	R-R3
	WEINST	EIN-1	TURNER-	0		P-KN3	Q-B2	39. K-N2	R-B4	23.	R/3-B1	N-B5	62. K-N4	R-R2
1 0							B-R3	40. K-B3	R-B7		B-B1	P-QN4	63. K-N5	R-R1
1. P-0		P-Q4	17. N.Q6	P-Q6		B-N2	QR-QT	41. K-K3	R-B5			P-QR4	64. RXP	R-N1ch
	QB4	PXP	18. BxP	NxB	21.	P-B4	KR-K1	42. RXP	Drawn			K-N1	65. K-R5	RXP
		I-KB3	19. QXN	BXN								PxP	66. R-KB4	R-N1
4. P-I		P-K3	20. N-N5	P-N3	629		RST—1/2	WEINSTEIN-	1/2		P-R3	KR-B1		
5. Bx		P-B4	21. PxB	Q-R4	1.	P·K4	P-K3	13. P-QN3	K-B1			P-R5	67. P-R4	R-R1ch
6. 0.0	and the same of th	-QR3	22. Q-KR3	P-R4	2.	P-Q4	P-Q4	14. P-N3	P-QR5		B-R2		68. K-N6	R-N1ch
7. Q.		-QN4	23. N-K4	N-N1	3.	N-Q2	N-KB3	15. P-QN4	N-R2		P-B5	K-B2	69. K-B7	R-N8
8. B-I		B-N2	24. N-B6ch	K-N2	4.	P-K5	KN-Q2	16. P-R3	R-B1		NPXP	NPXP	70. P-R5	R-B8ch
	QR4	P-N5	25. P-Q7	N-B3	5.	P-KB4	P-QB4	17. P-N4	PXP			P-K4	71. K-N7	R-N8ch
10. R-0		Q-B2	26. N-K8ch	RXN	6.	P-QB3	N-QB3	18. PXP	N-N4		R/B-N1	R-KRT	72. K-R7	R-N4
11. P-		PXP	27. PxR(Q)	RXQ	7.	QN-B3	B-K2	19. R-R2	P-N3		RxR	BxR	73. P-R6	R-N8
12. QN		B-K2	28. R-Q7	B-B1	8.	B-Q3	PXP	20. R-KB2	N-B5			P-K3	74. K-R8	R-N7
13. P-I	and the second s	N-Q2	29. R-B7	N-Q5	9	PXP	N-N3	21. B-B2	N-N3		BXN	RxB	75. P-R7	R-N8
14. N-	and the same of th	-QB3	30. Q-K3		10	N-K2	B-Q2		the state of the s			PxP	76. R-K4	R-N7
		0.0	31. RxB	P-K4				22. B-Q3	N-B5		PXP	R-R5	77. R-K7ch	KxP
15. 0.1			VII. KAD	Resigns		O-O P-QR3	P-KR4	23. B-B2	N-N3	39.	R-QN6	B-N2	78. R-QN7	Resigns
15. B-1	B2	N-B4				D CODS	P-R4	Drawn			1000		10. 14-4141	1469131113

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Tidbits of MASTER PLAY

BY INTERNATIONAL GRANDMASTER WILLIAM LOMBARDY



ROBIN HOOD IN CHESS?

In Sherwood Forest it is difficult to tell the woods from the trees, and one never knows who might be skulking behind one of those mighty oaks. A wealthy nobleman, traveling the lonely forest road, might suddenly be confronted by Little John emerging from the shadows. With his mighty staff he enforces his ideal — to rob from the rich and to give to the poor.

For like purpose was the Battle of Hastings, the 1961 Christmas Tournament, fought. Against the distinguished foreign invaders the Britishers lined up their stoutest opposition. The renowned Penrose, the stubborn defenders Barden and Wade, and the little-known John Littlewood, all were lurking at their boards patiently waiting for the invaders to make the slightest mistake.

None of these staunch Englishmen fulfilled his mission more faithfully than John Littlewood. Not only did he draw with the once-world championship contender, Salo Flohr, but he carried off the shields of two Grandmasters — Gligoric and Bisguier. This must be considered a splendid feat, though his disappointing score of 4-5 did not give him a place among the leaders.

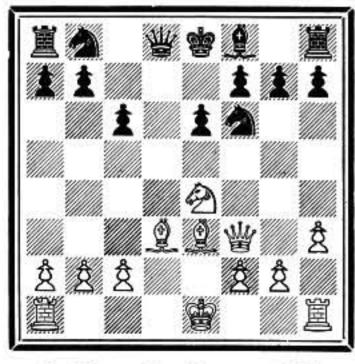
The question remains whether Littlewood was taken much too lightly, or whether he may really be a candidate for championship chess. If the players at Hastings had seen the following game, they would probably have decided on the latter. The game, played at the Clare Benedict Team Tournament, April 1961, reveals a spirited attacking style combined with a good sense of position play.

CARO-KANN

Littlewood	Bhend
(Great Britain)	(Switzerland)
1. P-K4	P-QB3
2. N-KB3	P-Q4
3. N-B3	B-N5
4. P-KR3	BxN
5. QxB	P-K3
6. P-Q4	N-B3
7. B-Q3	*******

So far quite familiar (Smyslov-Botvinnik, return match), but here white essays a much recommended but rarely tried pawn sacrifice, the merit of which cannot be denied. For the pawn white obtains the greater development, open lines, and a dangerous initiative. It is this writer's opinion that with patience black can defend the game.

7.	******	PxP
8.	NxP	QxP
9.	B-K3	Q-Q1



Position after 9., Q-Q1

Black had two other possibilities, QxP or B-N5+.

The latter is particularly dangerous as the example will demonstrate, i.e., 9. B-N5+, 10. P-B3 QxB (BxP+, 11. K-K2!), 11. NxN+ PxN, 12. QxKBP R-N1, 13. PxB and black's position is the weaker. The text may be considered the safest continuation.

10.	0-0-0	QN-Q2
11.	Q-N3	Q-R4
12.	K-N1	N-Q4

Black still has difficulty coordinating his development; however, his position is basically sound. Thus, it remains a fighting game with chances for both sides.

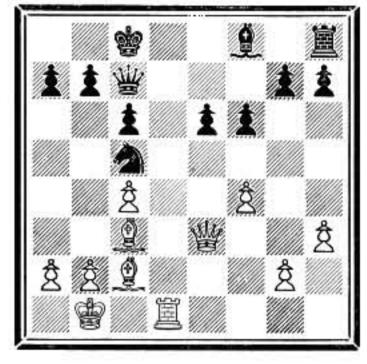
13.	B-Q2	Q-B2
14.	P-KB4	0-0-0
15.	P-B4	N(4)-B3

The alternative 15. N-N5, 16. BxN BxB, 17. QxP QxP, 18. KR-B1 Q-K4 gives black easy equality.

16.	B-B3	NxN
17.	BxN	N-B4
18.	RxR+	QxF
10	R-R2	D.R.

Suddenly it becomes clear that white has the better position. The pressure he exerts against the black king-side is more than enough compensation for the pawn minus, especially since black has already weakened his king pawn.

20.	R-Q1	Q-B2
21.	Q-K3!	¥.3.



Position after 21. Q-K3!

This move serves a double purpose, a threat against the black king pawn and queen rook pawn by enforcing P-QN4, and the attack against the king's wing by the advance P-KN4-N5.

21.	*******	P-QR4
22.	P-QR3	K-N1

A better chance for survival is offered by 22. P-R5, 23. B-N4 Q-N3, 24. BxN BxB, 25. QxP+ K-N1, 26. K-R2; and although white still has the advantage, the bishops of opposite colors offer excellent drawing chances.

23.	P-QN4	PxP
24.	PxP	N-R3
25.	P-QB5	Q-B1
26.	P-N4	

White has effectively tied down the black queen side; so he may now turn his attention to the other wing.

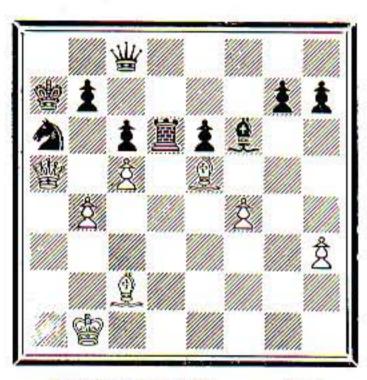
26. N-B2 27. P-KN5 B-K2

The only move. 27. N-Q4 is answered by 28. RxN! any PxR, 29 PxP PxP, 30. BxBP R-N1, 31. B-K5+!

28. PxP BxKBP 29. B-K5! R-Q1

If black did not have that extra pawn he would be able to relieve the pin which wi!l eventually result in his demise. As it is, the king pawn is weak anyway.

> 30. R-Q6 K-R2 31. Q-R3+ N-R3 32. Q-R5 RxR



Position after 32,, RxR

Here could black better hold out with 32. B-K2? An interesting line would follow, 33. P-N5! BxR, 34. Q-N6+ K-R1, 35. PxB PxP, 36. B-K4! threatening QxN to which there is no defense.

33. Q-N6+ K-R1 34. PxR B-Q1 35. Q-Q4 Q-Q2

The power of the bishop pair in its full force is demonstrated in this position. White can have his pawn back any time he so chooses, but he has better.

36. B-Q3 P-KN3 37. Q-R1 K-R2 38. B-Q4+ K-N1

If 38. B-N3 then 39. BxB+ KxB, 40. Q-Q4+ P-B4, 41. PxP+ NxP, 42. Q-N4+ etc.

> 39. Q-R4 Q-KB2 40. B-K5 K-R2 41. P-N5 PxP 42. BxQNP Q-B4+

With so little material left on the board, it is amazing that white actually has the win. Nevertheless, Little John wraps up the prize with a few swift strokes of his mighty staff.

43. K-R2 Q-B2 44. P-Q7 B-N3 45. BxN PxN 46. Q-B6 Resigns

It is easy to see how Littlewood could beat any player at any given time, since he does not appear to be in the least timid about sacrificing material early in the game.

Byrne Wins North Central Open

Robert Byrne, Indianapolis, a popular Milwaukee competitor, won the annual North Central Open over the Thanksgiving Day weekend. Four players, separated by the tie-breaking system, finished with 6-1, in the following order: Ivan Theodorovitch, Toronto; K. A. Czerniecki, Chicago; Bozidar Pehnec, Elkhart, Indiana; and Milton Otteson, St. Paul. Kimball Nedved, Racine, Wisconsin finished sixth with 5½-1½.

Larry Gilden, Takoma Park, Maryland, a member of the U.S. International Students' team finished in 7th, and Curt Brasket, St. Paul in 8th place.

A total of 116 players, a new record for the event, again reflected the growing popularity of Milwaukee's major chess events. The tournament was sponsored by the Wisconsin Chess Association who guaranteed a \$1000 prize fund. Scene of play was the Sky Room of the Plankinton House, site of the recent 162-player Western Open. Ernest Olfe was the director, assisted by Miss Pearle Mann.

Byrne finished 6½-½, drawing with Otteson in the final round, after successively winning from Anthony Kasenga, Sheboygan, Wisconsin; USCF President, Fred Cramer, Milwaukee; Richard Verber and Michael Robinson, Chicago; and Theodorovitch and Brasket in the 5th and 6th round respectively.

Verber, who also holds the Western Open junior title topped the junior players, and Mrs. Harry Hoffman, Boscobel, Wisconsin, won the women's title. W. H. Donnelly, Valparaiso, Indiana, won the Class A title, Gregory Nowak a talented fourteen-year-old find from Milwaukee won the Class B title, and George Radicin, Chicago, the Class C title.

.S. Championship—Cont'd.				BENKO-1/2 HEARST-1/2					
D 0	YRNE—1	BERNSTEIN-	0	1.	P-K4	P-QB4	54. RxPch	Bx	
				2.	N-KB3	P-QR3	55. KxB	R-B	
P-Q4 P-QB4	N-KB3 P-QB3	15. B-KB1 16. Q-K2	KR-K1 P-QR3	3.	P-KN3	P-KN3	56. K-K2	K-K	
N-KB3	P-Q4	17. P-QR3	N-B4	4. 5.	B-N2	B-N2	57. B-R4	R-B	
F-K3	P-K3	18. QR-Q1	Q-B5	6.	O-O P-B3	N-QB3 P-K4	58. B-Q1	K-Q	
B-Q3	QN-Q2	19. P-QN4	N/4-K5	7.	N-R3	KN-K2	59. B-R4	R-R	
QN-Q2	P-QN3	20. NXN	NXN	8.	N-B4	0-0	60. B-Q7 61. K-KT	R-R7c	
O-O P-QN3	B-N2	21. P-KN3	Q-R3	9.	N-Q6	Q-B2	62. B-B6ch	K-G	
B-N2	B-K2 O-O	22. B-N2 23. P-B3	P-B4 RXN		NxB	QRXN	63. B-N5ch	K-E	
P-K4	PXKP	24. RxR	N-N4		P-Q3	P-Q4	64. B-Q7	R-R	
. NXP	P-B4	25. P-KR4	N-B2		PxP R-K1	NXP	65. K-K2	R-K4c	
. N-N3	PxP	26. QXP	QXQ		Q-B2	QR-Q1 P-KR3	66. K-B1	K-G	
. NXP	Q-B2	27. RxQ	P-B5		B-Q2	K-R2	67. B-B8 68. B-Q7	R-R	
. R-KI	QR-Q1	28. R-Q7	Res.		QR-Q1	P-B4	69. B-B8	R-K	
	ROUND	NINE			P-QR3	R-Q2	70. B-Q7	K-Q	
	KOOND	INIINE			B-QB1	R/1-Q1	71. B-K6	K-K	
BER	NSTEIN-1	KRAMER-	0		N-Q2	N/3-K2	72. K-N2	R-B	
N-KB3	P-Q4	37. P-QN4	Q-R4		N-B1 B-B3	Q-Q3	73. B-Q7	R-B	
P-B4	P-K3	38. R-K	R-R5		Q-K2	B-B3 P-QN4	74. B-R4	K-G	
P-QN3	P-QB4	39. Q-N5	R-R6		P-KR4	K-N2	75. B-N3 76. K-B1	R-K	
PXP	PxP	40. N-B7	QXQ		N-Q2	N-B2	77. B-R4	R-K8c	
P-Q4	N-QB3	41. N×Q	R-QN6	25.	N-N3	N-K3	78. K-N2	R-K	
P-K3 B-K2	N-B3 PXP	42. P-K4 43. BxB	BxP RxB		Q-B2	R-KRI	79. B-Q7	R-K	
NXP	Q-N3	44. N-Q6	R-K2		B-N2	P-N4	80. K-B1	K-Q	
NXN	PXN	45. R-QB	R-N		PxP Q-K2	PXP	81. K-N2	K-K	
. 0-0	B-K2	46. R-B4	N-B		N-RT	N-Q4 K-N3	82. B-B8	K-K	
. N-B3	0-0	47. P-R4	PQR4		N-B2	R/2-R2	83. K-N1 84. B-Q7	R-B K-K	
. B-N2	R-Q	48. R-QR3	R-R2		P-QB4	N-K2	85. K-N2	K-G	
. Q-B2 . QR-B	Q-B2 B-N2	49. R(4)-R4	R-N8ch		P-QN4	N-B3	86. B-K6	K-K	
. N-R4	N-Q2	50. K-R2 51. N-N5	R-Q8 R-N2		NPxP	QxBP	87. B-Q7	R-B	
. B-Q3	P-KR3	52. RXP	N-N3		B-N2	P-KN5	88. B-R4	P-B	
. B-B5	N-B	53. P-N3	N-K2		PxP P-Q4	PXP	89. PXP	Kx	
. Q-K2	B-Q3	54. R-R2	N-B3		NXN	N/K3xP NxN	90. B-N3	R-Q	
. P-B4	Q-K2	55. R-R8ch	K-R2		BXN	PxB	91. B-R4 92. B-N5	R-Q	
. R-KB3	P-B3	56. N-B3	R-K8		Q-Q3	Q-B5	93. K-B1	R-G	
. R-QB2	R·K P·B4	57. R-QB8 58. P-R5	N-Q5		R-K2	QXQ	94. B-R6	R-B8c	
. R-R3	QR-Q	59. R-B4	P-N3 R-QB8		RxQ	R-QB2	95. K-N2	R-B	
R-B	B-B	60. RXN	RXN		R-Q1	R-Q1	96. B-Q3	R-B	
. BxB	RxB	61. R-Q6	K-N2		B-B1 R-N2	R-B6	97. K-B1	R-Q	
. R-Q	P-QB5	62. P-K5	PXKP		RXNP	P-Q6	98. B-N5 99. K-N2	K-N	
. N-B3	PXP	63. RxPch	K-R2		B-N2	P-Q7	100. B-B4	K-R R-Q	
. NXP	Q-N2	64. PXP	R-K6	48.	R-Q5	RXR	101. K-B1	K-N	
. Q-B3	Q-KB2 N-R2	65. R(2)-R6 66. K-R3	R-N7ch		BXR	B-N4	102. B-N5	R-B	
. Q-N4	R-B7	67. R-R7ch	RxP K-R		K-B1	K-B3	103. B-Q3	R-N	
. B-B3	B-B4	68. RxPch	K-N		K-K2	K-K4	104. B-K4	K-E	
. Q-B5	R-K7	69. R-QB6	R-K		B-B6 B-Q7	K-Q5	105. B-B6	Draw	
. Q-Q3	R-R7	70. P-N4	K-B	55.	D-Q/	R-R4			
. Q-B4	B-B	71. K-R4							
. R-N3	K-R	RESIG	NS		WE	NSTEIN-1/2	EVANS-	/2	
D. B	YRNE-1/2	R. BYRNE-	1/2	1.	P-Q4	N-KB3	17. RxR	N-B	
P-QB4	P-KN3	16. QxB	B-B3	2.	P-QB4	P-KN3	18. R-Q3	B-B	
N-QB3	B-N2	17. P-QN4	P-QN4	3.	N-QB3	B-N2	19. R-K3	Bx	
P-KN3	N-KB3	18. PxP e.p.		4.	P-K4	P-Q3	20. RxB	N-G	
B-N2	0.0	19. Q-K3	QXP	5.	B-K2	0-0	21. RxN	Px	
P-K4	P-QB4	Total Control of the	BXN	6.	N-B3	P-K4	22. B-QR5	N-KE	
KN-K2 0-0	N-QB3 P-Q3	21. KPxB 22. QxP	N-Q5 N-B7	7. 8.	B-N5 B-R4	P-KR3	23. B-KB3	N-Q60	
P-Q3	R-N1	23. P-B5	QXNP	9.	Q-Q2	QN-Q2 PxP	24. K-Q2	Nx P-OF	
P-KR3	P-QR3	24. RXP	PXP		NXP	NXP	25. BxP 26. R-QB1	R-QE B-K	
P-QR4	N-K1	25. R-QB6	N-Q5		BxQ	NXQ	27. BxB	NxBo	
. B-K3	N-B2	26. R-B7	P-B5		BXP	NXP	28. K-Q1	N-B7	
. P-Q4	PXP	27. R-K1	N-B4	73.	0-0-0	N/2-N3	29. K-Q2	N-K5	
. NXP	B-Q2	28. QXQ	RXQ		P-QN3	N-K4	30. K-Q1	N-B7c	
D D E	NXN	DRAV	V	15.	BXP	R-Q1	31. K-Q2	N-K5c	
. P.R5	BxB				B-B7	RXN	DRA		

	SHE	RWIN—1/2	MEDNIS-1	/2		MEI	ONIS-1	WEINSTEIL	N—0		KR	AMER-1/2	TURNER-	-1/2
1.	N-KB3	N-KB3	22. P-R5	P-QN4	1.	P-K4	P-QB4	37. R-R6	N-QB5	1.	P-Q4	N-KB3	12. B-K2	B-Q3
2.	P-Q4	P-KN3	23. QR-Q1	Q-K4	2.	N-KB3	P-Q3	38. BXN	RxB	2.	P-QB4	P-K3	13. 0-0	Q-K2
3.	B-N5	B-N2	24. KR-K1	P-B4	3.	P-Q4	PXP	39. N/4-N		3	N-QB3	B-N5	14. P-QN4	
4.	QN-Q2	P-Q4	25. P-N3	K-R1	4.	NXP	N-KB3	40. BXN	PxB	4.	N-B3	P-84	15. N-Q4	B-Q2
5.	P-K3	0.0	26. B-N2	Q-B3	5.	N-QB3	P-QR3	41. RXP	RXR	5.	B-Q2	0-0	16. NXN	BXN
6.	B-Q3	QN-Q2	27. Q-B2	R-Q2	6.	B-KN5	P-K3	42. NXR	R-N5	6.	R-B	PxP	17. R-K	KR-K
7.	P-B3	P-N3	28. R-K2	R1-Q1	7.	Q-B3	P-R3	43. K-B1	B-Q5	7.	NXP	N-B3	18. B-B	QR-Q
8.	0-0	B-N2	29. K-B1	K-N1	8.	B-R4	B-Q2	44. NxB	B-K6ch	8.	N-B3	P-Q4	19. P-N3	N-K5
9.	Q-N	P-B4	30. K-K1	K-B2	9.	0-0-0	N-B3	45. K-N1	RxN	9.	P-QR3	B-K2	20. NXN	QXN
10.		P-B5	31. K-Q2	K-N1	10.		Q-N3	46. N-Q1	B-N3	10.	P-K3	P-QR3		AW
	B-B2	R-K	32. K-QB1	R-Q3	100	N-N3	P-N4	47. R-R4	R-Q2		PXP	PXP	-	
	P-QR4	P-K4	33. K-N2	R(3)-Q2		B-N3	N-K4	48. K-BT	P-K4	100.00				
	PXP	NXKP	24. R(2)-Q2	Q-B2		P-KR4	R-KN1	49. P-B3	R-Q1					
	N×N	RXN	35. R-QB1	Q-K2		PXP	PxP	50. P-QN			BER	STEIN-0	D. BYRN	E-1
	N-B3	R-K1	36. Q-Q1	R-Q3		P-B3	Q-B2	ST. NXB	PXN	1.	N-KB3	P-QB4	21. R-B4	D.ONA
	Q-Q1	Q-B1	37. Q-R1	R(3)-Q2		Q-K3	P-N4	52. R-R1	R-Q6	2.	P-QB4	P-KN3	22. P-QR4	P-QN4
	BXN	BxB	38. P-KR4	P-KR4		Q-Q4	R-N1	53. K-B2	R-Q7ch	3.	N-B3	B-N2	23. N-B4	PXP
	N-Q4	P-QR3	39. R1-Q1	K-R2		P-R3	B-K2	54. K-N3	RxP	4.	P-KN3	N-QB3	24. Q-K1	Q-N6 R-K1
	Q-Q2	B-N2	40. K-B2	Q-K4		B-K2	B-QB1	55. R-K1	P-K7	5.	B-N2	P-K4	25. K-B1	N-K4
	The second second	Q-B2	41. N-K2			K-N1	N/3-Q2	56. K-B2	R-B7	6.	P-Q3	P-Q3	26. NXN	
21.	B-B3	QR-Q	DRA	w	21.	R-R6	B-B1	57. K-Q2	RxP	7.	R-QN1	KN-K2	27. B-B3	RXN
					22.		B-K2	58. RXP	P-B4	8.	P-QR3	P-QR4	28. BxB	QR-K1 RxKP
	CE	IDMAN-0	TURNER-1		23.		B-B1	59. PXP	K-Q3	9.	0.0	0.0	29. Q-B3	
(7)25						R-R7	R-QN2	60. K-B2	K-Q4		N-K1	B-K3	30. RXQP	PXB
1.	P-K4	P-QB3	30. R-Q	BxB		N-R2	B-K2	61. K-N3	P-K5		N-B2	P-Q4	31. K-N1	RXRP
2.	N-KB3	P-Q4	31. PxB	N-Q2	200	R-R6	B-B1	62. R-Q2			PXP	NXP		R-QB7
3.	N-QB3	PXP	32. N-B4	N-B3		R-R7	K-K2	63. R-Q8	RxP		NXN	BXN	32. QXRP 33. Q-Q5	Q-K3
4.	NXP	N-Q2	33. K-R	BXN		Q-B3	QxQ	64. P-N5	P-K6		BxB			QxQ
5.	Q-K2	P-K3	34. QxB	Q-R6		NXQ	B-N2	65. K-B4	K-B5		N-K3	QxB	34. RXQ	R-K6
6.	P-Q3	KN-B3	35. P-N4	Q-N7		N-Q4	N-B1	66. R-K8	R-B3		B-Q2	Q-K3	35. R-Q7	RxPch
7.	B-B4	N×N	36. B-B3	Q-KB7		R-R5	B-B3	67. K-Q4	R-Q3ch		P-B4	KR-Q1 PXP	36. K-R1	R/6-N7
8.	PXN	Q-R4ch	37. K-R2	Q-N3		P-R4	N/1-N3	68. K-B5	R-Q8	18.		B-Q5	37. R-K1 38. RxR	R/N7-K7
9.	P-QB3	P-K4	38. R-Q6	K-N2		PXP	PXP	69. P-N6	R-QN8		R-K4	Q-R7	39. R-QN7	RXR
10.		B-K2	39. Q-Q3	Q-B2		N/4xNP		70. P-B4	K-B6		K-N2	P-B4	40. Resign	the second secon
11.		0-0	40. P-R3	N-Q4		N-Q4	B-QN2	71. K-B6	P-K7				TV. Kesigi	•
	B-K2	B-B3	41. RXN	PXR		B-B1	R-QB1	72. P-N7	Resigns					
	0.0	R-K	42. PXP	Q-Q3								ROUND	ELEVEN	
	N-Q2	Q-B2	43. P-QB4	P-QN3		8/23 V/2							and the second	
	N-B4	N-N3	44. Q-B3	R-QB		R. E	YRNE-1	SHERWII	V0		SHE	RWIN-1	BERNSTEIL	4-0
	N-K3	B-N4	45. Q-Q3	P-B4	1.	P-Q4	N-KB3	31. RXN	R-N1					Section Section
	N-N4	B-B5	46. B-K2	P-K5	2.	P-QB4	P-B4	32. R-B6	B-Q2	1.	P-Q4	N-KB3	22. Q-Q3	P-N5
	B-R4	P-KR4	47. Q-K3 48. P-QR4	Q-K4	3.	P-Q5	P-KN3	33. RXN	BxR(3)	2.	P-QB4	P-QB3	23. PxP	PxP
	N-K3 QR-Q	P-KN3 B-R3	49. P-R5	PxP	4.	N-QB3	B-N2	34. RxR	B-K1	4.	N-KB3 N-B3	P-Q4	24. B-QB4	
	B-N3	Q-K2	50. PXP	R-B2	5.	P-K4	P-Q3	35. RxB	KxR	5.	P-K3	P-K3	25. Q-KR3	
	P-KR4	B-B5	51. K-N	K-R2	6.	N-KB3	0.0	36. B-Q	R-B1	6.	Q-B2	QN-Q2 B-N5	26. N-B3	BxP
	R-Q3	B-K3	52. K-B2	P-B5	7.	B-K2	P-K4	37. B-R40		7.	B-Q2	0-0	27. R-N	B-B6
	KR-Q	QR-Q	53. PXP	RxPch	8.	B-N5	P-KR3	38. N-N7	B-K2	8.	P-QR3	B-R4	28. BXP	PXB
	Annual Control of the	RxR	54. K-N	Q-R8ch	9.	B-R4	Q-B2	39. B-K	R-QN1	9.	B-Q3	PXP	29. N-R4 30. N-B5	N-R2
	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	Q-R6	55. K-R2	RxPch	10.	N-Q2	N-R2	40. B-B6	P-N4	10.	BXBP	Q-K2	31. NxPch	Q-N4
		Q-K2	56. K-N3	Q-K8ch	11.	P-B3	P-R3	41. K-B2	P-KR4	11.		B-B2	32. RXN	
	R-Q	Q-R6	57. Q-B2	R-N5ch		P-QR3	N-Q2	42. P-KR	3 P-N5	12.		R-Q	33. NxPch	QR-Q
	R-Q2	Q-K2	58. Resigns	K-I45CII	13.	B-B2	P-B4	43. RPXP	PXP		QR-B	P-QR4	34. RXR	Q-N3
27.	K-WZ	d.KT	Jo. Kesigiis			P-QN4	P-B5	44. PXP	R-KR1		P-K4	P-K4	35. Q-B5	The second secon
					15.	R-QN1	KN-B3	45. B-R5	R-R8		P-Q5	B-Q3	36. RXQ	QxQ K-N2
		ROUND	TEN		16.	Q-N3	P-N3	46. P-N5	R-QB8	16.		PxP	37. P-R4	N-B3
						0.0	R-B2	47. B-B7	R-B7ch	7.5	N-QR4	B-R3	38. P-B3	R-Q7
	E	VANS-1/2	BENKO-1/2			PXP	NPXP	48. K-K1	R-B8ch		N-N5	R-KB	39. P-R5	N-R2
	The Annual Annual					Q-R4	B-N2	49. K-Q2	BxP		KR-Q	B-N4	40. K-R2	K-R3
-	P-K4	P-QB3	16. P-KR4	KR-K1		R-N2	N-B1	50. NXPC			N-QB3	B-B4	41. B-N3	RESIGNS
2.	P-Q4	P-Q4	17. B-N5	B-B1		KR-NT	B-B1	51. B-K8			NxB	PXN	140	KEDIONO
3.	N-QB3	PXP	18. QR-B1	N-Q4		Q-B6	R-R2	52. B-Q8	R-KN8					
4.	NXP	B-B4	19. P-R5	PXP	23.	R-N6	R-Q2	53. BxB	RxPch					

HEARST-0

N-KB3

P-KN3

B-N2

0-0

P-Q3

P-K4

QN-Q2

P-QR4

9. P-KR3

10. P-QB3

12. P-QB4

13. P-KB4

14. K-R2

15. PXP

17. R-R2

18. P-N3

19. N-B2

20. B-K3

21. B-B2

16. N(2)-B3

11. N-K

N-KB3

P-B4

N-B3

B-N2

0-0

R-N

P-QR3

P-QN4

B-N2

P-N5

P-Q3

N-Q2

P-B4

PXP

P-K3

Q-K2

K-R

R-N

B-B3

R-N3

P·KN3

SEIDMAN-1

22. R-N

24. B-R

23. N·K3

25. B-N2

26. Q-KB

27. N-K

28. PXP

29. PXP

30. P-Q6

31. PXP

32. K-R

33. NxN

34. K-R2

35. RxB

36. QxR

37. KxR

38. NXN

39. B-N3

40. K-N

41. R-KN2

Resigns

	EV	ANS-1/2	BENKO-1/2	
1.	P-K4	P-QB3	16. P-KR4	KR-K1
2.	P-Q4	P-Q4	17. B-N5	B-B1
3.	N-QB3	PXP	18. QR-B1	N-Q4
4.	NXP	B-B4	19. P-R5	PXP
5.	N-N3	B-N3	20. NXP	P-B3
6.	N-B3	N-Q2	21. B-Q2	P-K4
7.	B-Q3	P-K3	22. PXP	NXKP
8.	0-0	KN-B3	23. N-N3	N-Q2
9.	R-K1	B-K2	24. QXR	RXQ
10.		0-0	25. RxR	K-B2
	P-N3	Q-R4	26. R-K2	NxP
	BxB	RPxB	27. N-Q4	N-Q6
	Q-K2	P-QN4	28. RXP	1,-176
	B-Q2	Q-R3	DRA	w
	P-B5	Q-N2		

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Drive, Cranford, New Jersey

•••							ROUND	ELE	VEN	
	R.	BYRNE-1	SHERWIN-	0		SHE	RWIN-1	BER	NSTEIN	_0
1.	P-Q4	N-KB3	3T. RXN	R-N1		P-Q4	N-KB3	22	0.00	
2.	P-QB4		32. R-B6	B-Q2			and the second s		Q-Q3	P-N5
3.	P-Q5	P-KN3	33. RxN	BxR(3)	2.	P-QB4	P-QB3		PxP	PxP
4.	N-QB3		34. RxR	B-K1		N-KB3	P-Q4		B-QB4	B-Q5
5.	P-K4	P-Q3	35. RxB	KxR		N-B3	P-K3		Q-KR3	P-R3
6.	N-KB3		36. B-Q	R-B1	5.	P-K3	QN-Q2		N-B3	BxP
7.	B-K2	P-K4	37. B-R4ch	K-B2		Q-B2	B-N5		R-N	B-B6
8.	B-N5	P-KR3	38. N-N7	B-K2	200	B-Q2	0-0		BXP	PXB
9.	B-R4	Q-B2	39. B-K	R-QN1		P-QR3	B-R4		N-R4	N-R2
	Total Control of the	N-R2	40. B-B6	P-N4	9.	B-Q3	PXP		N-B5	Q-N4
	N-Q2		41. K-B2	P-KR4	10.	BXBP	Q-K2	31.	NxPch	K-R
	P-B3	P-R3			11.	0.0	B-B2	32.	RXN	QR-Q
1000	P-QR3	N-Q2	42. P-KR3	P-N5	12.	B-R2	R-Q	33.	NxPch	RXN
	B-B2	P-B4	43. RPXP	PXP	13.	QR-B	P-QR4	34.	RxR	Q-N3
	P-QN4		44. PXP	R-KR1	14.	P-K4	P-K4	35.	Q-B5	QXQ
-	R-QN1	KN-B3	45. B-R5	R-R8	15.	P-Q5	B-Q3		RXQ	K-N2
	Q-N3	P-N3	46. P-N5	R-QB8		PXP	PXP		P-R4	N-B3
	0.0	R-B2	47. B-B7	R-B7ch		N-QR4	B-R3		P-B3	R-Q7
18.	PXP	NPXP	48. K-K1	R-B8ch		N-N5	R-KB		P-R5	N-R2
19.	Q-R4	B-N2	49. K-Q2	BxP		KR-Q	B-N4		K-R2	K-R3
20.	R-N2	N-B1	50. NxPch	K-N3		N-QB3	B-B4		B-N3	RESIGNS
21.	KR-NT	B-B1	51. B-K8ch	K-N2		NXB	PXN	41.	D-143	KESIGNS
22.	Q-B6	R-R2	52. B-Q8	R-KN8	21.	HAD	FAIL			
23.	R-N6	R-Q2	53. BxB	RxPch						
	QXQ	QRXQ	54. K-Q3	RxB		WEIN	ISTEIN-1/2	R.	BYRNE	-1/2
	N-N3	N-K	55. N-B5ch	K-B3		1800 3000				A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR
	N-R5	B-B3	56. P-Q6	R-N8	1.	P-Q4	N-KB3		R(2)-K2	
	R-N8	R-KN2	57. P-Q7	K-K3	2.	P-QB4	P-KN3		N-QR4	NxN
	R-R8	N-Q2	58. N-Q4ch	K-K2	3.	N-QB3	B-N2		PXN	R-K2
	N-R4	K-B2	59. N-B6ch	K-B1	4.	P-K4	P-Q3	35.	R-QN2	R-QB2
	N-N6	NXN	60. P-Q8(Q)	Resigns	5.	P-B3	P-B3	36.	K-Q2	K-B2
30.	14-140	IAXIA	00. F-Q0(Q)	Kesigns	4	B-K3	P-QR3	37	K-K	K.K2

P-QR3

P-QN4

BxB

Q-R4

PXP

B-N2

N-N3

R-KN

RPXP

QXQ

P-Q4

N-B

KXP

R-K

PXP

K-N2

K-B3

P-K3

N(1)-Q2

R-KR

K-B2

K-N2

B-B

KN-Q2

Q-KN4

QN-Q2

B-K3

Q-Q2

B-R6

9. QXB

10. P-KR4

11. KN-K2

12. 0-0-0

13. N-B4

14. P-R5

15. PXP

16. Q-R3

17. Q-R6

18. RXQ

19. P-K5

20. P-K6

22. R-K

24. PXP

25. R-R2

27. N-Q3

30. B-R3

31. R-K3

26. P-KN4

28. P-KB4 29. P-N5ch

21. PxPch

23. P-QN3

7.

R(1)-N

Q-N2

Q-R3

B-R

N-K2

P-Q4

P-K4

NxKP

P-KB5

N-B4

QxN

BxB

RxRch

RxQch

NXP

QXN

Q-Q4ch

QXNP

Q-Q6

QxBPch

37. K-K

38. K-B2

39. K-N2

40. RXR

41. N-B5

42. P-R5

43. K-N3

44. R-K

45. B-N4

46. B-K2

47. BXRP

48. NxB

49. N-B5

50. P-B5

51. NXN

52. P-R6

53. R-QR

54. P-N6

55. R-QB

56. P-N7

57. PXP

58. K-B4

60. KXP

61. R-KR

59. R-Nch

K-K2

K-Q3

BXR

B-B

R-R5

R-R2

R-R4

R-R2

BxB

R-K2

N-Q2

NPxP

R-QR2

RXN

P-K4

K-K3

RXP

K-B2

KxP

K-N3

K-B2

P-B4

R-QB2

R-QN2

DRAWN

Cont'd. on page 41

THEORY AND PRACTICE

IN THE OPENINGS

by International Master Raymond Weinstein



THEORETICAL CONTRIBUTIONS OF THE XIVth OLYMPIADE (Part II)

VI. SICILIAN DEFENSE

The Scheveningen Variation of the Sicilian Defense is characterized by Black's pawns at Q3 and K3. After several years of neglect, the world's leading masters are again adopting it. Mercuri-Petrosian is an excellent example of the difficulties to be mastered by both sides.

1. P-K4, P-QB4; 2. N-KB3, P-K3; 3. P-Q4, PxP; 4. NxP, N-KB3; 5. N-QB3, P-Q3; 6. B-K2, P-QR3; 7. P-QR4.

White chooses a conventional system of development.



Position after 6,, P-QR3

7., B-K2; 8. O-O, Q-B2; 9. K-R1. Waste of time, 9. B-K3 or 9. P-B4 is preferable.

9., P-QN3; 10. P-B4, B-N2; 11. B-B3, O-O? A surprising mistake for Petrosian. Correct is 11., QN-Q2.

12. P-B5?

Returning the compliment. 12. P-K5! was indicated and strong. 12., PxP; 13. PxP, KN-Q2; 14. BxB, QxB; 15. B-B4, N-QB3?; 16. Q-B3! or 15., B-N5; 16. Q-N4! Also possible is 12. P-K5!, PxP; 13. PxP, N-Q4; 14. BxN, PxB; 15. B-B4 or 15. N-B5, QxP; 16. R-K1, QxN(4); 17. RxB with more than enough compensation for the pawn sacrifice.

The text move clarifies the center pawn position, but not

to White's advantage.

12., P-K4; 13. KN-K2, QN-Q2; 14. P-KN4, N-B4; 15. N-N3, P-R3; 16. B-K3, KR-Q1; 17. Q-Q2, N-R2 with equality.

A more aggressive system against the Scheveningen is based upon an early P-KN4 for White. After 1. P-K4, P-QB4; N-KB3, P-K3;
 P-Q4, PxP;
 NxP, N-KB3;
 N-QB3, P-Q3, Keres-Bilek went 6. B-K3, P-QR3; 7. P-B4, Q-B2; 8. P-KN4, P-Q4!? 9. P-K5, KN-Q2; 10. P-QR3!

Protecting the K4 square by preventing, B-N5.

10., P-KN4?; 11. P-B5!, NxP; 12. Q-K2, QN-B3; 13. O-O-O, B-K2; 14. B-N2, B-Q2; 15. BxQP!! with a winning attack.

Keres-Clarke went 6. P-KN4, P-KR3; 7. B-K3, N-B3; 8. P-KR3, P-Q4!? 9. P-K5, KN-Q2; 10. P-QR3!

Q-B3, P-R3; 13. B-K2, Q-R4 ch; 14. B-Q2, Q-R5; 15. N-N3, Q-K5; 16. O-O-O, O-O-O; 17. B-K3.

Black's structural defect, the isolated Q-Pawn, still remains. Fischer-Najdorf: 6. P-KN4, P-QR3; 7. P-N5, KN-Q2; 8. B-K3, P-N4; 9. P-QR3, B-N2; 10. Q-Q2, B-K2; 11. P-KR4, N-B4; 12. P-B3, Q-B2; 13. O-O-O, QN-Q2; 14. BxP.

Bronstein made a similarly successful Bishop sacrifice against Najdorf in the USSR-Argentine match of 1954. Since it is inconceivable that a master of Najdorf's strength overlooked the possibility of White's sacrifice, he must still be convinced that the offer is unsound.

.....14., PxB; 15. KNxNP, Q-B3; 16. NxP ch, BxN; 17. QxB. White stands better.

A third system of development for White, popularized by Spassky, was used successfully by Tal against Najdorf. 6. B-K3, P-QR3; 7. P-B4, P-QN4; 8. Q-B3, B-N2; 9. B-Q3, QN-Q2; 10. O-O, B-K2; 11. P-QR3, O-O; 12. Q-R3, Q-B2; (12., N-B4?; 13. P-K5!); 13. QR-K1, N-B4; 14. B-B2, P-Q4? (14., P-KN3 is better); 15. PxP, NxB; 16. PxN, BxP; (If 16., NxP, then 17. NxKP!); 17. NxB, PxN; 18. N-B5, B-B4; 19. P-Q4, B-R2; 20. B-R4, N-K5; 21. RxN!, PxR; 22. B-B6! and White won.

White loses an important tempo in Durao-Tal, permitting Black to equalize. 6. B-K3, P-QR3; 7. P-B4, Q-B2; 8, B-Q3, QN-Q2; 9. O-O, B-K2; 10. K-R1?, P-QN4; 11. P-QR3, B-N2; 12. Q-B3, N-B4; 13. QR-K1, O-O; 14. P-B5.

14. Q-R3 would now be met by 14., QR-K1! (Capturing White's K-Pawn loses to an eventual NxKP! by White); 15. B-B2, P-K4!; 16. PxP, PxP; 17. N-B5, B-Q1. The text move allows Black to react strongly in the center.

14., P-K4; 15. KN-K2, QR-Q1; 16. N-N3, NxB; 17. PxN, P-Q4.

After the moves 1. P-K4, P-QB4; 2. N-KB3, N-QB3; 3. P-Q4, PxP; 4. NxP, all the opening primers state that Black must play 4., N-KB3 in order to force White to block his Q-Bishop Pawn by 5. N-QB3. If not prevented, White will play P-QB4 and achieve the Maroczy Bind. In recent years, however, several systems in the Sicilian Defense have been evolved which permit the Maroczy Bind, and then proceed to work against it. One of them, the Accelerated Fianchetto, begins after 1. P-K4, P-QB4; 2. N-KB3, N-QB3; 3. P-Q4, PxP; 4. NxP, P-KN3.



Position after 4., P-KN3

White has many tries here. If 5. NxN, NPxN; 6. Q-Q4, then 6., N-B3; 7. P-K5, N-N1; 8. P-K6, N-B3; 9. PxBP ch, KxP with equality. Also 6., P-B3; 7. N-B3, B-KN2; 8. B-QB4, N-R3; 9. P-KR4, Q-N3 is good enough for Black.

Simagin says Black gets good counterplay after 5. N-QB3, B-N2; 6. B-K3, N-B3; 7. B-K2, O-O; 8. O-O, P-Q4! but that White can transpose into the normal line with 8. N-N3.

Aronin-Geller, 18th USSR Championship, went 5. N-QB3, B-N2; 6. B-K3, N-B3; 7. NxN, NPxN; 8. P-K5, N-N1; 9. P-B4, P-B3 and now instead of 10. PxP? Boleslavsky recommends 10. P-K6! with chances for an attack.

Tal-Ghitescu, Leipzig 1960, is interesting because White is using a variation he had previously tried as Black. 5. P-QB4, N-B3; 6. N-QB3, NxN; 7. QxN, P-Q3; 8. B-K3, B-N2; 9. B-K2, O-O; 10. Q-Q2, N-N5; 11. B-Q4, P-K4?

Cardoso-Tal, Portoroz 1958, went 11., B-R3; 12. Q-Q1, N-K4; 13. BxN, PxB; 14. QxQ, RxQ; 15. O-O, B-Q2; 16. QR-Q1, B-B3 with equal chances. Even better for Black is 11., B-R3; 12. Q-Q1, P-K4! and now:

- a) 13. BxN, PxB; 14. N-Q5 (14. BxB?, PxN! and, PxNP); 14., Q-R5! or 14., BxB; 15. QxB, P-B4; 16. PxP (16. Q-R3, K-N2!; 17. O-O, PxP; 18. QR-K1; 19. Q-N4, Q-B1; 20. RxP, QxQ; 21. RxQ, R-K7); 16., Q-R4 ch; 17. P-N4, QR-K1 ch; 18. K-B1, Q-R6 with a strong attack.
- b) 13. BxRP, Q-R5!; 14. B-N6, NxRP; 15. B-B3, R-R3; 16. B-B7, NxB ch; 17. QxN, Q-Q2 with equal chances.

Ghitescu's move is definitely inferior for Black. 12. B-K3, NxB; 13. QxN, P-B4; 14. R-Q1, B-B3; 15. O-O, P-N3; 16. B-B3, P-B5; 17. Q-Q3.

* * *

1. P-K4, P-QB4; 2. N-KB3, N-QB3; 3. P-Q4, PxP; 4. NxP, P-K3 is another system which delays the development of Black's King's Knight. Promising for White at this point is 5. N-N5, P-Q3; 6. B-KB4, P-K4; 7. B-K3, but both of Korchnoi's opponents chose the quiter, developing move 5. N-QB3, bringing about more usual variations of the Sicilian Defense.

Oliveira-Korchnoi: 5. N-QB3, Q-B2; 6. B-K2, P-QR3; 7. O-O, N-B3; 8. B-K3, B-N5; 9. NxN, NPxN; 10. B-B3, R-QN1; 11. P-KR3 (useless) 11., O-O with equal chances.

Barden-Korchnoi: 5. N-QB3, Q-B2; 6. P-KN3, P-QR3; 7. B-N2, N-B3; 8. O-O, B-K2; 9. N-N3.

Preparing for P-B4.

9., O-O; 10. P-B4, P-Q4!?

10., P-Q3 would lead to more usual variations of the Scheveningen Defense. The next move brings about a French Defense-type position with which Korchnoi is very familiar. If 11. PxP Black can regain his pawn with 11., R-Q1; 12. P-QR3, B-B1!

11. P-K5, KN-Q2; 12. N-K2, P-QN4; 13. N(2)-Q4, P-N5; 14. NxN, QxN; 15. N-Q4, Q-N3; 16. B-K3, P-QR4; 17. Q-Q2, B-B4; 18. QR-K1, P-R5; 19. P-N4, B-N2; 20. K-R1, KR-K1; 21. B-N1, QR-B1 with equality.

The Najdorf Variation of the Sicilian still remains the most popular answer to 1. P-K4. During the Olympiade, it was a favorite weapon of grandmasters and masters alike. After 1. P-K4, P-QB4; 2. N-KB3, P-Q3; 3. P-Q4, PxP; 4. NxP, N-KB3; 5. N-QB3, P-QR3, White can choose a positional or an attacking system, as he likes.



Position after 5. P-QR3

Aguirre-Lembardy is a good example of the danger in playing passively when choosing a positional system. 6. P-QR4, P-K4; 7. N-N3, B-K2; 8. B-K2, B-K3; 9. B-B3.

Much too passive. Better is 9. P-B4.

9., O-O; 10. B-K3, QN-Q2; 11. O-O, N-N3.

Another defect of White's ninth move is that important squares on the Q-side are now open to Black's pieces.

12. BxN, QxB; 13. P-R5, Q-B2; 14. Q-Q2, QR-B1; 15. KR-K1, P-KR3; 16. B-Q1?, Q-B3; 17. P-B3, KR-Q1.

Black's advantage is obvious.

Padevsky-Lombardy shows a more skillful handling of the White pieces, but Black still gets an equal game. 6. B-K2, P-K4; 7. N-N3, B-K2; 8. B-K3, O-O; 9. O-O, B-K3; 10. N-Q5, BxN; 11. PxB, P-QR4; 12. P-QB4, N-R3; 13. P-B4, P-R5; 14. N-Q2, PxP; 15. RxP, N-Q2; 16. R-B2, QN-B4.

Smyslov, the virtuoso of this variation maintains an edge against Schweber in the following manner: 6. B-K2, P-K4; 7. N-N3, B-K2; 8. O-O, O-O; 9. B-K3, B-K3; 10. P-B4, PxP; 11. BxBP, N-B3; 12. K-R1, P-QN4; 13. N-Q4, NxN; 24. QxN, R-B1; 15. P-QR4.

In contrast to the positional B-K2, White may proceed aggressively with 6. P-KB4. Penrose-Fischer shows how promising this line is for White. 6. P-KB4, P-K4; 7. N-B3, QN-Q2; 8. P-QR4, P-QN3; 9. B-B4, Q-B2; 10. Q-K2, B-K2; 11. O-O, B-N2; 12. PxP, PxP; 13. B-KN5, P-R3; 14. B-R4, B-N5.

Better is 14., 0-0, although 15. QR-Q1 still gives White a fine game.

15. BxN, NxB; 16. N-KR4, R-QB1.

Castling is impossible because of 17. RxN.

17. B-N5 ch!, N-Q2; 18. BxN ch, QxB; 19. QR-Q1 with a winning attack.

Interesting for Black is a system involving the fianchetto of both bishops. Hort-Weinstein went 6. P-KB4, P-K4; 7. N-B3, Q-B2; 8. B-Q3, P-QN4; 9. P-QR3, QN-Q2; 10. O-O, B-N2; 11. K-R1, P-KN3; 12. Q-K1, B-N2; 13. Q-R4, O-O; 14. PxP, PxP; 15. B-R6, N-R4; 16. BxB, KxB; 17. N-N5, QR-K1!

Also possible is 17., QN-B3 to meet the threat of 18. RxP ch! but the text move is more aggressive.

18. NxRP!?, R-KR1!; 19. N-N5, N-B5 and the open rook file is worth the pawn.

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. P-K4	P-QB4	19. Q	-B3	F	P-B4	2.	P-QB4	P-K3	-	23. NXC	3	R-B
N-KB3	N-QB3	20. P	200		PxP	3.	N-QB3	B-N5		24. N-N	14	N-KB
P-Q4	PXP	21. Q	A 1.1 - A		-N3	4.	P-QR3	BxNch	2	25. N-R	2	R-B
NxP N-QB3	N-KB3 P-Q3	22. B 23. K			R-B1 B-R5	5.	PXB	0-0	1	26. R-K	2	KR-B
B-KN5	P-K3	24. B			PxB	6.	P-B3	P-Q4	2	27. B-N	2	N-B
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3. N-N3	N-K5	36. R	EXP	RESIG	GNS		QxB	K-R1		37. K-B		N-K5
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. QXP	Q-B2	37. F			BXP	5.	P-Q3	P-KN3		17. BP		P-
. Q-K1	0.0	38. F			BxB	6.	P-K4	B-N2	3	18. PXF		R
6. B-B3	KR-K1	39. N			PXR	7.	KN-K2	B-K3	2	19. P-B	3	P-K
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D. R-K2	Q-N3		xPch		KXN			N-K2		22. N-K		R(5)
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REG Mass Conn R. I Maine Vt Vt	Q-N3 USCF ME June 1958 SION I—N 81	Dec. 1959 EW E 145 108 17 10 9 3 292 EAS 495 237 732 VID-A	SHIP Dec. 1960 NGL/ 154 108 28 13 12 2 317 STERI 561 244 805	Aug. 1961 AND 190 112 20 16 18 3 359 N 654 282 936 NTIC	1961 207 119 31 20 19 3 399 710 296 	III. Wis. Minr Iowa Neb. S. D Mon Wyo Texa Colo La. Mo. N. I	P-Q4 REGIO	N VI—NO14267396733333	254 53 442 -SOU 254 53 46 64 32	244 114 106 40 61 8 6 18 5 602 7THW 241 61 62 93 49	TRAI 277 142 115 49 48 10 8 11 4 652 EST 216 107 91 98 61	343 167 115 48 44 11 8 6 4 746 246 119 103 93 56
REG Mass Conn R. I Maine N. H Vt	Q-N3 USCF ME June 1958 SION I—N 81	Dec. 1959 EW E 145 108 17 10 9 3 292 EAS 495 237 732 VID-A 227	SHIP Dec. 1960 NGL 154 108 28 13 12 2 317 STERI 561 244 805 TLAN 243	Aug. 1961 AND 190 112 20 16 18 3 3 359 N 654 282 936 NTIC 356	1961 207 119 31 20 19 3 399 710 296 	III. Wis. Minr Iowa Neb. S. D N. D Mon Wyo Texa Colo La. Mo. N. Mo. Okla	P-Q4 REGIO	N VI—NO14267396733333	7 162 100 94 33 35 2 7 6 3 442 -SOU 254 53 46 64 32 46	244 114 106 40 61 8 6 18 5 602 7THW 241 61 62 93 49 41	TRAI 277 142 115 49 48 10 8 11 4 662 EST 216 107 91 98 61 52	343 167 115 48 44 11 8 6 4 119 103 93 56 52
REG Mass Conn R. I Maine N. H Vt	Q-N3 USCF ME June 1958 SION I—N 81	Dec. 1959 EW E 145 108 17 10 9 3 	SHIP Dec. 1960 NGL/ 154 108 28 13 12 2 317 STERI 561 244 805 TLAN 243 113	Aug. 1961 AND 190 112 20 16 18 3 359 N 654 282 936 NTIC 356 135	1961 207 119 31 20 19 3 399 710 296 1015 376 152	III. Wis. Minr Iowa Neb. S. D Mon Wyo Texa Colo La. Mo. N.	P-Q4 REGIO	N VI—NO14267396733333	7 162 100 94 33 35 2 7 6 3 442 -SOU 254 53 46 64 32 46 35	244 114 106 40 61 8 6 18 5 602 1THW 241 61 62 93 49 41 41	TRAI 277 142 115 49 48 10 8 11 4 652 EST 216 107 91 98 61 52 35	343 167 115 48 44 11 8 6 4 746 119 103 93 56 52 44
REG Mass Ronn R. I Maine N. H Vt N. J Va Va	Q-N3 USCF ME June 1958 ION I—N 81	Dec. 1959 EW E 145 108 17 10 9 3 292 EAS 495 237 732 VID-A 227 67 71	SHIP Dec. 1960 NGL/ 154 108 28 13 12 2 317 STERI 561 244 805 TLAN 243 113 103	Aug. 1961 AND 190 112 20 16 18 3 359 N 654 282 936 VTIC 356 135 109	1961 207 119 31 20 19 3 399 710 296 1015 376 152 116	III. Wis. Minr Iowa Neb. S. D Mon Wyo Texa Colo La. Mo. N.	P-Q4 REGIO	N VI—NO14267396733333	7 162 100 94 33 35 2 7 6 3 442 -SOU 254 53 46 64 32 46	244 114 106 40 61 8 6 18 5 602 7THW 241 61 62 93 49 41	TRAI 277 142 115 49 48 10 8 11 4 662 EST 216 107 91 98 61 52	343 167 115 48 44 11 8 6 4 746 119 103 93 56 52 44
REG Mass Conn R. I Maine N. H Vt Vt N. J Va Va	Q-N3 USCF ME June 1958 SION I—N 81	Dec. 1959 EW E 145 108 17 10 9 3 	SHIP Dec. 1960 NGL/ 154 108 28 13 12 2 317 STERI 561 244 805 TLAN 243 113 103 59	Aug. 1961 AND 190 112 20 16 18 3 359 N 654 282 936 NTIC 356 135 109 73	1961 207 119 31 20 19 3 399 710 296 1015 376 152 116 80	III. Wis. Minr Iowa Neb. S. D Mon Wyo Texa Colo La. Mo. N.	P-Q4 REGIO	N VI—NO14267396733333	7 162 100 94 33 35 2 7 6 3 442 -SOU 254 53 46 64 32 46 35 20	244 114 106 40 61 8 6 18 5 602 1THW 241 61 62 93 49 41 41 24	TRAI 277 142 115 49 48 10 8 11 4 652 EST 216 107 91 98 61 52 35 20	343 167 115 48 44 11 8 6 4 119 103 93 56 52 44 22
REG Mass Conn R. I Maine N. H Vt Vt N. J Md Ua	Q-N3 USCF ME June 1958 SION I—N 81	Dec. 1959 EW E 145 108 17 10 9 3 292 EAS 495 237 732 VID-A 227 67 71 47 28	SHIP Dec. 1960 NGL/ 154 108 28 13 12 2 317 STERI 561 244 805 TLAN 243 113 103	Aug. 1961 AND 190 112 20 16 18 3 359 N 654 282 936 NTIC 356 135 109 73 32	1961 207 119 31 20 19 3 399 710 296 	III. Wis. Minr Iowa Neb. S. D Mon Wyo Texa Colo La. Mo. N.	REGIO	N VI—NO142673967333331343710401	7 6 3 35 46 64 32 46 35 20 550	244 114 106 40 61 8 6 18 5 602 1THW 241 61 62 93 49 41 41 24	TRAI 277 142 115 49 48 10 8 11 4 652 EST 216 107 91 98 61 52 35 20 680	343 167 115 48 44 11 8 6 4 119 103 93 56 52 44 22
REG Mass Conn R. I Maine N. H Vt Vt Vt D.C W. Va	Q-N3 USCF ME June 1958 SION I—N 81	Dec. 1959 EW E 145 108 17 10 9 3 	SHIP Dec. 1960 NGL/ 154 108 28 13 12 2 317 STERI 561 244 805 TLAN 243 113 103 59	Aug. 1961 AND 190 112 20 16 18 3 359 N 654 282 936 NTIC 356 135 109 73	1961 207 119 31 20 19 3 399 710 296 1015 376 152 116 80	Ill. Wis. Minr Iowa Neb. S. D Mon Wyo Texa Colo La. Mo. N. Mo. Okla Kans Ark.	REGIO	N VI—NO	7 6 3 3 3 5 2 7 6 3 4 6 4 6 4 3 2 4 6 3 5 2 0 5 5 0 H P	244 114 106 40 61 8 6 18 5 602 THW 241 61 62 93 49 41 41 24 ACIF	TRAI 277 142 115 49 48 10 8 11 4 652 EST 216 107 91 98 61 52 35 20 680	343 167 115 48 44 11 8 6 4 746 119 103 93 56 52 44 22 735
REG Mass Conn R. I Maine N. H Vt Vt N. J Md Ua	Q-N3 USCF ME June 1958 SION I—N 81	Dec. 1959 EW E 145 108 17 10 9 3 292 EAS 495 237 732 VID-A 227 67 71 47 28 6	SHIP Dec. 1960 NGL 154 108 28 13 12 2 317 STERI 561 244 805 TLAN 243 113 103 59 35 6	Aug. 1961 AND 190 112 20 16 18 3 359 N 654 282 936 NTIC 356 135 109 73 32 7	1961 207 119 31 20 19 3 399 710 296 	Ill. Wis. Minr Iowa Neb. S. D Mon Wyo Texa Colo La. Mo. N. Mon Colo La. Mo. N. Mon Colo La. Mo. N. Mo. Mo. Mo. Mo. Mo. Mo. Mo. Mo. Mo. Mo	P-Q4 REGIO	N VI—NO	762 100 94 33 35 27 63 442 -SOU 254 53 46 32 46 35 20 550	244 114 106 40 61 8 6 18 5 602 1THW 241 61 62 93 49 41 41 24 612 ACIF	TRAI 277 142 115 49 48 10 8 11 4 652 EST 216 107 91 98 61 52 35 20 680 IC	343 167 115 48 44 11 8 6 4 119 103 93 56 52 44 22 735
REG Mass. Conn. R. I. Maine N. H. Vt. N. J. REG Penn. Md. Va. Un. Va. Va. Un. Va. Va. Un. Va. Va. Va. Va. Va. Va. Va. Va. Va. Va	Q-N3 USCF ME June 1958 SION I—N 81	Dec. 1959 EW E 145 108 17 10 9 3 292 EAS 495 237 732 VID-A 227 67 71 47 28 6	SHIP Dec. 1960 NGL 154 108 28 13 12 2 317 STERI 561 244 805 TLAN 243 113 103 59 35 6	Aug. 1961 190 190 16 18 3 359 N 654 282 936 NTIC 356 135 109 73 32 7	1961 207 119 31 20 19 3 399 710 296 	Ill. Wis. Minr Iowa Neb. S. D Mon Wyo Texa Colo La. Mo. N. Mo. N. Mo. N. Mo. Ark. Calif. Ariz.	P-Q4 REGIO	N VI—NO142673967333331343710 GION VI25817	7 6 3 3 3 5 2 7 6 3 442 53 46 64 35 20 550 11—P 531 36	244 114 106 40 61 8 6 18 5 602 THW 241 61 62 93 49 41 41 24 612 ACIF	770 142 115 49 48 10 8 11 4 662 EST 216 107 98 61 52 35 20 680 IC 716 72	343 167 115 48 44 11 746 119 103 93 56 52 44 22 735
REG Mass Ronn R. I Maine N. H Vt REG Penn Md Va D.C W. Va REG	Q-N3 USCF ME June 1958 SION I—N 81	Dec. 1959 EW E 145 108 17 10 9 3 292 EAS 495 237 732 VID-A 227 67 71 47 28 6 446 –SOU	SHIP Dec. 1960 NGL/ 154 108 28 13 12 2 317 STERI 561 244 805 TLAN 243 113 103 59 35 6 559 THER	Aug. 1961 AND 190 16 18 3 359 N 654 282 936 NTIC 356 135 109 73 32 7	1961 207 119 31 20 19 3 399 710 296 	Ill. Wis. Minr Iowa Neb. S. D Mon Wyo Texa Colo La. Mo. N. Mo. N. Mo. N. Mo. Ark. Calif Ariz Was. Ore.	P-Q4 REGIO	N VI—NO142673963333	762 100 94 33 35 27 63 442 -SOU 254 53 46 32 46 35 20 550	244 114 106 40 61 8 6 18 5 602 1THW 241 61 62 93 49 41 41 24 612 ACIF	TRAI 277 142 115 49 48 10 8 11 4 662 EST 216 107 91 98 61 52 35 20 680 IC 716 72 43	746 115 48 44 11 103 103 103 56 52 44 22 735
REG Mass Ronn Naine N. H Vt N. J Reg Penn Md D.C W. Va Del	Q-N3 USCF ME June 1958 SION I—N 81	Dec. 1959 EW E 145 108 17 10 9 3 292 EAS 495 237 732 VID-A 227 67 71 47 28 6 	SHIP Dec. 1960 NGL 154 108 28 13 12 2 317 STERI 561 244 805 TLAN 243 113 103 59 35 6 559 THER 107	Aug. 1961 AND 190 16 18 3 359 N 654 282 936 NTIC 356 135 109 73 32 7 712	1961 207 119 31 20 19 3 399 710 296 1015 376 152 116 80 38 9 771 122	Ill. Wis. Minr Iowa Neb. S. D Mon Wyo Texa Colo La. Mo. N. Mo. N. Mo. N. Mo. Ark. Calif Ariz Was. Ore.	P-Q4 REGIO	N VI—NO142673963333	762 100 94 33 35 27 63 442 -SOU 254 53 46 35 20 550 11—P 531 36 38	244 114 106 40 61 8 6 18 5 602 THW 241 61 62 93 49 41 41 24 610 34 35	770 142 115 49 48 10 8 11 4 662 EST 216 107 98 61 52 35 20 680 IC 716 72	746 115 48 44 11 103 103 103 56 52 44 22 735 765 113 47 38
REG Mass Raine N. H Vt N. J Mal. REG Penn Md D.C W. Va Del Reg Fla Reg Fla Reg	Q-N3 USCF ME June 1958 SION I—N 81	Dec. 1959 EW E 145 108 17 10 9 3 292 EAS 495 237 732 VID-A 227 67 71 47 28 6 446 	SHIP Dec. 1960 NGL/154 108 28 13 12 2 317 STERI 244 805 TLAN 243 113 103 59 35 6 559 THER 107 53	Aug. 1961 AND 190 16 18 3 359 N 654 282 936 NTIC 356 135 109 73 32 7 712 8N 129 48	1961 207 119 31 20 19 3 399 710 296 1015 376 152 116 80 38 9 771 122 63	Ill. Wis. Minr Iowa Neb. S. D Mon Wyo Texa Colo La. Mo. N. Mo. N. Mo. N. Mo. N. Mo. N. Mo. Ark. Calif. Ariz. Was. Ore.	P-Q4 REGIO	N VI—NO1426739633333110371037103710	76 162 100 94 33 35 27 63 442 254 53 46 35 20 550 11—P 531 36 38 28	244 114 106 40 61 8 6 18 5 602 17HW 241 61 62 93 49 41 41 24 612 ACIF 610 34 35 25	TRAI 277 142 115 49 48 10 8 11 4 652 EST 216 107 91 98 61 52 35 20 680 IC 716 72 43 34	746 115 48 44 11 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 113 47 22 735
REG Mass Ronn R. I Maine N. H Vt N. J Penn Md Va D.C W. Va Del Reg Fla	Q-N3 USCF ME June 1958 SION I—N 81	Dec. 1959 EW E 145 108 17 10 9 3 292 EAS 495 237 732 VID-A 227 67 71 47 28 6 446 	SHIP Dec. 1960 NGL/154 108 28 13 12 2 317 STERI 561 244 805 TLAN 243 103 59 35 6 559 THER 107 53 40	Aug. 1961 AND 190 112 20 16 18 3 359 N 654 282 936 VTIC 356 135 109 73 32 7 712 N 129 48 53	1961 207 119 31 20 19 3 399 710 296 1015 376 152 116 80 38 9 771 122 63 61	Ill. Wis. Minr Iowa Neb. S. D Mon Wyo Texa Colo La. Mo. N.	P-Q4 REGIO	N VI—NO14267396733331101031343710	7 6 3 35 2 7 6 3 442 46 35 20 550 11—P 531 36 38 28 11	244 114 106 40 61 8 6 18 5 602 THW 241 612 93 49 41 41 24 610 610 34 35 25 27	TRAI 277 142 115 49 48 10 8 11 4 652 EST 216 107 91 98 61 52 35 20 680 IC 716 72 43 34 32	746 115 48 44 11 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103
2. QR-K1 3. P-B4 REG Mass Conn R. I Maine N. H Vt Vt REG Penn Reg Penn	Q-N3 USCF ME June 1958 SION I—N 81	Dec. 1959 EW E 145 108 17 10 9 3 292 EAS 495 237 732 VID-A 227 67 71 47 28 6 	SHIP Dec. 1960 NGL/154 108 28 13 12 2 317 STERI 561 244 805 TLAN 243 103 59 35 6 559 THER 107 53 40 51	Aug. 1961 AND 190 16 18 3 359 N 654 282 936 NTIC 356 135 109 73 32 7 712 NN 129 48 53 59	1961 207 119 31 20 19 3 399 710 296 1015 376 152 116 80 38 9 771 122 63 61 54	Ill. Wis. Minr Iowa Neb. S. D Mon Wyo Texa Colo La. Mo. N. M Okla Kans Ark. Calif Ariz Was. Ore. Nev. Utah	REGIO	N VI—NO14267396733331101031343710	763 3335 2763 342 35 442 -SOU 254 53 46 35 20 -550 -550 -550 -550 -550 -550 -550	244 114 106 40 61 8 6 18 5 602 17 61 62 93 49 41 41 24 610 34 35 25 27 23	777 142 115 49 48 10 8 11 4 652 EST 216 107 91 98 61 52 35 20 680 IC 716 72 43 34 32 27	746 115 48 44 11 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103
REG Mass Conn R. I Maine N. H Vt N. J Vt Penn Md Va Del Va Tenn	Q-N3 USCF ME June 1958 SION I—N 81	Dec. 1959 EW E 145 108 17 10 9 3 292 EAS 495 237 732 VID-A 227 67 71 47 28 6 	SHIP Dec. 1960 NGL/154 108 28 13 12 2 317 STERI 561 244 805 TLAN 243 103 59 35 6 559 THER 107 53 40 51 35	Aug. 1961 AND 190 16 18 3 359 N 654 282 936 NTIC 356 135 109 73 32 7 712 NN 129 48 53 59 50	1961 207 119 31 20 19 3 399 710 296 1015 376 152 116 80 38 9 771 122 63 61 54 51	Ill. Wis. Minr Iowa Neb. S. D. Mon Wyo Texa Colo La. Mo. N. Mon Kans Ark. Calif Ariz Was. Ore. Nev. Utah Alas	REGIO	N VI—NO142673963333	763 352 763 352 763 442 254 534 6435 20 550 11—P 550 11—P 531 3638 2811 19	244 114 106 40 61 8 6 18 5 602 17HW 241 612 93 49 41 41 24 610 34 35 25 27 23 18	777 142 115 49 48 10 8 11 4 652 EST 216 107 91 98 61 52 35 20 680 IC 716 72 43 34 32 27 35	746 115 48 44 115 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103
REG Mass Conn R. I Maine N. H Vt N. J Vt Va Del Va V	Q-N3 USCF ME June 1958 SION I—N 81	Dec. 1959 EW E 145 108 17 10 9 3 292 EAS 495 237 732 VID-A 227 67 71 47 28 6 	SHIP Dec. 1960 NGL 154 108 28 13 12 2 317 STERI 244 805 TLAN 243 113 103 59 35 6 559 THE F 107 53 40 51 35 28	Aug. 1961 AND 190 16 18 3 359 N 654 282 936 VTIC 356 135 109 73 32 7 712 8N 129 48 53 59 50 34	1961 207 119 31 20 19 3 399 710 296 1015 376 152 116 80 38 9 771 122 63 61 54 51 26	Ill. Wis. Minr Iowa Neb. S. D Mon Wyo Texa Colo La. Mo. N.	REGIO	N VI—NO142673963333	763 352 763 352 763 442 254 534 6435 20 550 11—P 550 11—P 531 3638 2811 19	244 114 106 40 61 8 6 18 5 602 7 7 612 62 93 49 41 41 24 610 34 35 25 27 23 18 14	777 142 115 49 48 10 8 11 4 652 EST 216 107 91 98 61 52 35 20 680 IC 716 72 43 34 32 27 35	746 115 48 44 11 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103
REG Mass. Conn. R. I. Maine N. H. Vt. N. J. REG Penn. Md. Va. D.C. W. Va. Del. Reg Fla. N. C. Ala. Tenn. Miss. S. C. Ga.	Q-N3 USCF ME June 1958 SION I—N 81	Dec. 1959 EW E 145 108 17 10 9 3 292 EAS 495 237 732 VID-A 227 67 71 47 28 6 	SHIP Dec. 1960 NGL/154 108 28 13 12 2 317 STERI 561 244 805 TLAN 243 103 59 35 6 559 THER 107 53 40 51 35 28 23	Aug. 1961 AND 190 16 18 3 359 N 654 282 936 NTIC 356 135 109 73 32 7 712 NN 129 48 53 59 50 34 25	1961 207 119 31 20 19 3 399 710 296 1015 376 152 116 80 38 9 771 122 63 61 54 51 26 25	Ill. Wis. Minr Iowa Neb. S. D Mon Wyo Texa Colo La. Mo. N.	REGIO	N VI—NO142673963333	763 352 763 352 763 442 254 534 6435 20 550 11—P 550 11—P 531 3638 2811 19	244 114 106 40 61 8 6 18 5 602 7 7 612 62 93 49 41 41 24 610 34 35 25 27 23 18 14	777 142 115 49 48 10 8 11 4 652 EST 216 107 91 98 61 52 35 20 680 IC 716 72 43 34 32 27 35	746 115 48 44 11 746 119 103 93 56 119 103 93 56 113 47 38 33 31 27 25
REG Mass Conn R. I Maine N. H Vt N. J Va Del Va Tenn Miss S. C	Q-N3 USCF ME June 1958 SION I—N 81	Dec. 1959 EW E 145 108 17 10 9 3 292 EAS 495 237 732 VID-A 227 67 71 47 28 6 	SHIP Dec. 1960 NGL 154 108 28 13 12 2 317 STERI 244 805 TLAN 243 113 103 59 35 6 559 THE F 107 53 40 51 35 28	Aug. 1961 AND 190 16 18 3 359 N 654 282 936 VTIC 356 135 109 73 32 7 712 8N 129 48 53 59 50 34	1961 207 119 31 20 19 3 399 710 296 1015 376 152 116 80 38 9 771 122 63 61 54 51 26	Ill. Wis. Minr Iowa Neb. S. D Mon Wyo Texa Colo La. Mo. N.	REGIO	N VI—NO142673963333	763 3335 2763 342 35 442 35 46 46 35 46 35 20 550 11—P 531 36 38 28 11 19 6 12 2	244 114 106 40 61 8 6 18 5 602 741 612 62 93 49 41 41 24 610 34 35 25 27 23 18 14 2 788	777 142 115 49 48 10 8 11 4 652 EST 216 107 91 98 61 52 35 20 680 IC 716 72 43 34 32 27 35 24	748 115 148 148 148 118 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103
REG Mass Conn R. I Maine N. H Vt N. J Vt Va D.C W. Va Del Tenn Ala Tenn Miss S. C Ga	Q-N3 USCF ME June 1958 SION I—N 81	Dec. 1959 EW E 145 108 17 10 9 3 292 495 237 732 VID-A 227 67 71 47 28 6 495 27 495 495 27 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49	SHIP Dec. 1960 NGL 154 108 28 13 12 2 317 STERI 244 805 TLAN 243 113 103 59 35 6 559 THE F 107 53 40 51 35 28 23 25	Aug. 1961 AND 190 16 18 3 359 N 654 282 936 VTIC 356 135 109 73 32 7 712 N 129 48 53 59 50 34 25 13	1961 207 119 31 20 19 3 399 710 296 1015 376 152 116 80 38 9 771 122 63 61 54 51 26 25 17	III. Wis. Minr Iowa Neb. S. D Mon Wyo Texa Colo La. Mo. N. Mon Wyo Calif Ariz Was. Ore. Nev. Utah Alas Idah Haw	REGIO	N VI—NO	763 3335 2763 342 35 442 35 46 46 35 46 35 20 550 11—P 531 36 38 28 11 19 6 12 2	244 114 106 40 61 8 6 18 5 602 741 612 62 93 49 41 41 24 610 34 35 25 27 23 18 14 2 788	777 142 115 49 48 10 8 11 4 652 EST 216 107 91 98 61 52 35 20 680 IC 716 72 43 34 32 27 35 24	746 115 48 44 11 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103
REG Mass. Conn. R. I. Maine N. H. Vt. N. J. REG Penn. Md. Va. D.C. W. Va. Del. Reg Fla. N. C. Ala. Tenn. Miss. S. C. Ga.	Q-N3 USCF ME June 1958 SION I—N 81	Dec. 1959 EW E 145 108 17 10 9 3 292 495 237 732 VID-A 227 67 71 47 28 6 495 27 495 495 27 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49	SHIP Dec. 1960 NGL/154 108 28 13 12 2 317 STERI 561 244 805 TLAN 243 103 59 35 6 559 THER 107 53 40 51 35 28 23	Aug. 1961 AND 190 16 18 3 359 N 654 282 936 VTIC 356 135 109 73 32 7 712 N 129 48 53 59 50 34 25 13	1961 207 119 31 20 19 3 399 710 296 1015 376 152 116 80 38 9 771 122 63 61 54 51 26 25	III. Wis. Minr Iowa Neb. S. D Mon Wyo Texa Colo La. Mo. N. Mon Wyo Calif Ariz Was. Ore. Nev. Utah Alas Idah Haw	P-Q4 REGIO	N VI—NO1426739333334313437313710371037	763 352 763 352 763 352 763 442 254 534 6435 20 550 11—P 531 3638 2811 19612 2	244 114 106 40 61 8 6 18 5 602 749 41 41 24 610 34 35 27 23 18 14 2 788 788	TRAI 277 142 115 49 48 10 8 11 4 652 EST 216 107 91 98 61 52 35 20 680 IC 716 72 43 34 32 27 35 24 988	746 115 48 44 115 48 44 116 103 103 56 52 44 22 733 763 113 47 38 33 33 31 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25
REG Mass R. J Maine N. H N. H N. J Wa Va Va Del Tenn Miss S. C Ga Ky	Q-N3 USCF ME June 1958 SION I—N 81	Dec. 1959 EW E 145 108 17 10 9 3 292 EAS 495 237 732 VID-A 227 67 71 47 28 6 	SHIP Dec. 1960 NGL 154 108 28 13 12 2 317 STERI 561 244 805 TLAN 243 103 59 35 6 559 THE 107 53 40 51 35 28 23 25 362	Aug. 1961 190 190 16 18 3 359 N 654 282 936 VTIC 356 135 109 73 32 7 712 N 129 48 53 59 50 34 25 13	1961 207 119 31 20 19 3 399 710 296 1015 376 152 116 80 38 9 771 122 63 61 54 51 26 25 17	III. Wis. Minr Iowa Neb. S. D. Mon Wyo Texa Colo La. Mo. Mo. Mo. Mo. Mo. Mo. Mo. Mo. Mo. Mo	P-Q4 REGIO	N VI—NO	7 6 3 3 3 5 2 7 6 3 46 64 32 46 35 20 550 11—P 531 36 38 28 11 19 6 12 2 683 683 683 683 683 683 683 683 683 683	244 114 106 40 61 8 6 18 5 602 749 41 41 24 610 34 35 27 23 18 14 2 788 788	TRAI 277 142 115 49 48 10 8 11 4 662 EST 216 107 91 98 61 52 35 20 680 C 716 72 43 34 32 27 35 25 4 988	746 115 48 44 115 48 44 115 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103
REG Mass Conn R. I Maine N. H Vt Vt REG Penn N. Y N. J REG Penn N. Y REG Penn REG REG REG REG REG REG REG REG REG RE	Q-N3 USCF ME June 1958 SION I—N 81	Dec. 1959 EW E 145 108 17 10 9 3 292 EAS 495 237 732 VID-A 227 67 71 47 28 6 	SHIP Dec. 1960 NGL 154 108 28 13 12 2 317 STERI 561 244 805 TLAN 243 103 59 35 6 559 THE 107 53 40 51 35 28 23 25 362	Aug. 1961 190 190 16 18 3 359 N 654 282 936 VTIC 356 135 109 73 32 7 712 N 129 48 53 59 50 34 25 13	1961 207 119 31 20 19 3 399 710 296 1015 376 152 116 80 38 9 771 122 63 61 54 51 26 25 17	III. Wis. Minr Iowa Neb. S. D. Mon Wyo Texa Colo La. Mo. Mo. Mo. Mo. Mo. Mo. Mo. Mo. Mo. Mo	P-Q4 REGIO	N VI—NO	763 335 2763 342 35 442 35 46 46 35 46 35 20 550 11—P 531 36 38 31 19 61 2 2 38 34	244 114 106 40 61 8 6 18 5 602 761 61 62 93 49 41 41 24 610 34 35 25 27 23 18 14 2 788 788 788	TRAI 277 142 115 49 48 10 8 11 4 662 EST 216 107 91 98 61 52 35 20 680 IC 716 72 43 34 32 27 35 25 4 988	746 115 48 44 115 48 44 115 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103
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U.S. Championship—Cont'd.

Chess Life.....

In the United States

Veteran USCF Expert Harlow B. Daly won the 1962 Portland (Maine) Championship, ending the five-year reign of Stanley Elowitch. Daly scored 5½ points in the six-round Swiss, winning five and drawing with the defending champion. Dr. Vaughn Sturtevant finished second in the 12-man field with 5 points, followed by John Morrill with 4, and Elowitch and Randy Johnson with 3½ each.

Still in Maine: The Portland Chess Club defeated the Waterville C. C. 6-1, avenging losses in the two previous meetings. Dr. Vaughn Sturtevant of Waterville defeated Harlow Daly on Board One, but Portland crashed through on the other boards, victories being scored by Stan Elowitch, Larry Eldridge, Stuart Laughlin, John Morrill, Jeff Doucette and Dr. Edward Blumberg.

Shelby Lyman turned in a record performance in sweeping the Marshall Chess Club preliminaries with an 8-0 score, finishing a big two and a half points ahead of Walter Harris, Alexis Popov, Abe Zimmerman, and John Westbrock — all with 5½. In outdistancing the 29-player field, Lyman, New England co-champion, picked up approximately 90 (!) rating points and easily regained his master title.

In Cincinnati, Bert Edwards won the championship of the Parkway Chess Club by finishing with $5\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$ in a field of fourteen players. Second was Thomas Lajcik, $4\frac{1}{2}$ - $1\frac{1}{2}$, while Rea Hayes, with 4-2, beat out William Duhlmeier for third by half a Median point. Bill Wright took the junior title with $3\frac{1}{2}$ - $2\frac{1}{2}$.

Still in Cincinnati: The Queen City Open, sponsored by the Parkway Chess Club, was won by Allen Reinhard with 5½-1½. John Petrison took second and Rea Hayes was third, both with 4-2. Thirteen players (they don't seem to be superstitious in Ohio!) took part in the six-round Swiss.

The Connecticut Chess Light, published by the Connecticut State Chess Association, calls attention to sad news in its December number:

"It is with extreme regret that we notify chess players of Connecticut of the untimely death of Edmund E. Hand of 334 Second Avenue, West Haven, a member of the New Haven Chess Club. Until the last he was not only active as a player but also as the very capable Membership Secretary of this Association. During the years when our organization was known as "The Connecticut Chess League," he held every office including that of President and . . . (in 1952) he

won the individual State Championship from a strong field."

Frank Skoff, President of the Gompers Park Chess Club (Chicago), reports that Arthur Glassman took first place in Section A of the Group II Club Tournament with an 8-1 score. Dr. M. Pimsler took second (7½), while William Wagenhals was a close third (7).

Paul Ewing was first in the B section of the same tournament with 7-2, nosing out Gerald Johnson, who had the same score, on S-B points. Winton Fulk came in third (6½) beating Fred Bender on S-B.

The finals will group the players according to their results in both sections, thus creating subdivisions of 6, 7, and 6 players respectively. The winner of the top division will be Group II Champion. (Ed. note: Sounds kind of complicated, but it might be fun!)

Kazys Merkis, of South Boston, Mass., reports that the "nicest Christmas greeting I received was from H. Norell, Sodertalje, Sweden, who told me the final scores on board 3 of the Correspondence Chess World Team Championship IV, semi-finals." A glance at the list tells why; the results on third board were:

Kazys Merkis, USA	41/2-11/2
I. Maricic, Yugoslavia	31/2-21/2
H. Fabricius, Germany	3-3
P. Cherta, Spain	3-3
F. Schulz, Canada	21/2-31/2
Marcussi, Argentina	21/2-31/2
Laughton, Australia	2-4

The U.S. team didn't make it into the finals, however; only Germany and Spain qualified. It is interesting to note that Merkis defeated both Fabricius and Pedro Cherta of the qualifying teams.

The USCF Rating Tournament (N.Y.) for January was won by Richard Egan of Jackson Heights, with a score of 51/2-1/2. August Otten was a clear second with 5-1 and William Fredericks of Hollis, N.Y., was third on tie-break points with 41/2. Also at 41/2 were (in order of their finish) Richard Glickman and Jack Pinneo, both of New York, and Theodore Loos of Jamaica. Jack Feldman of the Bronx took the A prize; Stuart Keshner of East Paterson, N.J., was top B; Douglas Boehme of New York top C, and Martin Bienenstock of Brooklyn won the unrated prize with a score of 3-3. Thirtyfour players competed in the monthly event at the Hotel Albert, just a block away from the USCF business office.

"En Passant," the Pittsburgh Chess

Club's neatly multigraphed bulletin congratulates Bob Bornholtz in its December number on becoming Pittsburgh's first USCF master. It announces also that the Pittsburgh Industrial League got off to a good start with 14 teams competing.

Dick Verber, 17-year-old high school senior, has won all four of the rating tournaments conducted by the Chicago Chess Club, with a total score of 16 wins, 7 draws, 0 losses. The last of these tournaments, the Windy City Open, saw Dick finish ahead of a field of twenty-two. The tournament was directed by USCF Master Dan Fischheimer.

Lucille Kellner of Detroit gave a simultaneous exhibition against 15 members of the Down River Chess Club, Wyandotte, Mich. Her results: 9 wins, 5 losses, 1 draw.

George Smith of Houston won the Texas Candidates' Tournament at Dallas, Texas, by finishing one median point ahead of Bob Brieger; both players scoring 4-1 in a field of 14. Mark Preisman was a clear third with 3½; Eric Bone was fourth and Bob Potter fifth. The five will compete with defending champion Ken Smith in the finals this month.

The Camden City Chess Club Championship (New Jersey) was won by Anthony C. Drago with 4½ points out of 5. Second was Robert A. Lincoln, third Willard Shindle. Stanley Kaimowitz directed.

Joe Rosenstein of Ithaca won the Hornell Open at Hornell, N.Y., beating out Dr. Erich Marchand on median points. Both had scores of 3½-½. Frederic K. Harris directed the event, which was sponsored by the Southern Tier Chess Association.

Out in Omaha, Nebraska, David Ackerman, reigning Omaha City Champion, won the 14th Annual A.C.R. Swenson Memorial Tournament in December with a score of 4½-½. Second was Pat Furlong with 3½, ahead of R. Watson and Bill Smith, 3-2. This is Ackerman's fourth victory in this event: he took it also in 1954, 1955, and 1960.

Frank Rose, Fort Lauderdale chess columnist, won himself another title by taking the South Florida Chess Championship, played at Homestead, Florida. He scored 4-1, losing a game to Adele Goddard. Larry Gray, also 4-1, was second on tie-breaking points, and Bob Eastwood, who directed the event, finished third with 3½-1½. Mrs. Goddard (who also held Bob to a draw) finished in fourth place with 3-2.

A. Buschke

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TOURNAMENT LIFE

February 23-25 THIRD ANNUAL EL PASO OPEN

Sponsored by Chess Club of El Paso, to be held at Hilton Hotel, Pioneer Plaza, El Paso, Texas. Six round Swiss. Entry fee \$6.00 (\$4.00 Jr.) plus USCF membership. \$100 first place, \$50 second, \$25. third, plus trophies. Other prizes for best A, B, C, Unrated, etc. Tournament Director: George Koltanowski. Entries and inquiries to Park Bishop, P. O. Box 1461, El Paso, Texas.

March 3-4 SAN JACINTO OPEN

Sponsored by Houston Chess Club, to be held at the club, 1913 W. McKinney, Houston 19, Texas. Five round Swiss. Entry fee \$5.00 plus USCF membership and \$2.00 for membership in Texas Chess Ass'n. Prizes: Trophies plus percentage of entry fees. Entries and inquiries to Rhodes Cook, 1913 W. McKinney, Houston, 19.

March 4 and April 29 CONNECTICUT STATE CHAMPIONSHIP

Sponsored by the Connecticut State Chess Association, to be held at Hotel Bond, 338 Asylum St., Hartford, Conn. Seven round Swiss, restricted to students at Connecticut schools, members of Connecticut chess clubs and Connecticut residents. \$4.00 entry fee plus USCF membership. \$30 guaranteed first prize; others. Director: William H. C. Newberry. Send entries and inquiries to William H. C. Newberry, 233 Elm St., West Haven 16, Conn.

March 10-11 OHIO AMATEUR CHAMPIONSHIP

Sponsored by Ohio Chess Association, to be held at Central YMCA, 40 W. Long St., Columbus, Ohio. Five rounds, open to all USCF players rated below 2000 and new USCF players without ratings. Membership in Ohio Chess Association is not required. \$3. entry fee. Prizes: trophy and books. Title of Ohio Amateur Champion to highest scoring Ohioan. Entries and inquiries to James Schroeder, Box 652, Springfield, Ohio.

March 10-11 CAPITAL CITY OPEN

To be held in conjunction with above. Five rounds, open to all USCF members upon payment of \$4.00 entry fee. Membership in Ohio Chess Association is not required. Prizes: trophy, cash, books. Entries and inquiries to James Schroeder at above address.

April 7-8 MIDWEST STUDENT TEAM CHAMPIONSHIP

Sponsored by State University of Iowa Chess Club, to be held at Iowa Memorial Union, U. of Iowa, Iowa City. Five round Swiss conducted on four boards for each team. First place to team with largest number of team match points. Tournament restrictions: All college teams with minimum of four players and maximum of two alternates. All must be registered at colleges they represent and must be, or become, USCF members. Prizes: Permanent trophy to winning team, and all members of team will receive a medal. Trophies also awarded to highest scorer on each board. Advance inquiries and entries to: Craig Ellyson, State University of Iowa Chess Club, Iowa Memorial Union, Iowa City.

The Pittsburgh Chess Club's junior championship was won by Jerry Bergman with 3½-½. Ralph Betza and Carl Stark, with 3-1, finished second and third respectively.

The Las Vegas City-Wide Tournament, sponsored by the Las Vegas Chess Club, was won by Maurice Gedance with a score of 5½-½. Second was Jordan Brown with 4½. Paul Savers took third and Herman Estrada and Dr. Nicholas Lorusso were fourth and fifth.

Henry Gross, with 9½ points out of 10, powered his way to the championship of the Golden Gate Chess Club. Second was Alan W. Bourke, 8½; while Jules Kalisch out-medianed Curtis Wilson for third. Twenty-four players took

CHIESS MIE

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part — six of them with expert's ratings. Spencer Van Gelder won a trophy for having the highest score of any player rated below 1900: he finished with 51/2 points.

The Oklahoma City Chess Club eked cut a 3-2 victory over a team from the University of Oklahoma in a match played on December 17th. Keith Carson, Jack Long, and Raymond Kelly turned in the wins for O.C.

The Fourth Annual Thanksgiving 30-30 Tournament of the Cedar Valley (Iowa) Chess Club was copped by Richard Nassif of Waterloo with a clean 6-0. Dr. Max Fogel of Iowa City took second with a score of 5-1.

Congratulations to the City Terrace Chess Club, 3875 City Terrace Drive, Los Angeles, and to editor Gordon Barrett for their fine club newsletter "Terrachess." The special Christmas number, with its review of 1961, was outstanding.

AROUND THE WORLD

The Maroczy Memorial Tournament, played in Budapest from October 17 to November 5, 1961, was won by Soviet Grandmaster Victor Korchnoi with a score of 11½ out of 15. Dr. M. Filip of Czechoslovakia tied for second and third with Russia's David Bronstein. U.S. Grandmaster Bisguier dis-

appointed with a mere (for him) six points. Hungary's Dely did remarkably well, finishing in a tie for 4-7, and handing Korchnoi his only defeat of the tournament.

Klaus Darga won the championship of West Germany by taking first place in the Bad Pyrmont tournament in October. He went through the event without losing a game, to finish ahead of Grandmaster Wolfgang Unzicker and fourteen others.

In a letter from Yugoslavia, Mr. Josip Prokop takes CHESS LIFE to task for the story in its October issue (p. 284) "Hungarian Field Day." It was, as Mr. Prokop points out, a YUGOSLAV Field Day, since the winner of the New Jersey Open, Dr. S. Nedeljkovic, is a noted Yugoslav master and not, as CHESS LIFE termed him, a native of Budapest. Needless to say, many of our readers brought this unfortunate error to our attention as soon as the issue appeared: among them, International Grandmaster Pal Benko — who was a native of Budapest. (Before we receive indignant letters from France, we'll revise that to read: "International Grandmaster Pal Benko, born in Amiens, who moved to Budapest at the age of four." Life, especially CHESS LIFE, gets pretty complicated at times!)